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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1895.

Republican City Ticket.

For Mayor, W. A. McALLISTER.

For Treasurer, O. C. SHANNON.

For Clerk, A. G. ARNOLD.

For Engineer, J. H. GALLEY.

For Councilmen, Second Ward, W. W. WHEAT.

Third Ward, M. WHITMOYER.

Members of School Board, JOHN WIGGINS.

E. POHL.

CARL KRAMER.

JUDGE WILSON took charge of the soldiers' home at Grand Island March 15th.

As honest and a perfect man commands all light, all influence, all fate.

He who wishes to secure the good of others has already secured his own.

BEATRICE policemen gathered in some business men among those found indulging in gambling.

The republican candidate for mayor of Lincoln was nominated on the 12th ballot.

A PITTSBURGH convention last week formed a new political party on two planks: the abolition of the drink traffic and the free coinage of silver.

PAPILLIUS police raided gambling headquarters one night last week, and secured the gambling appliances of five men, who were playing poker.

The Holmes county, Ohio, infantry near Millersburg burnt Sunday, ranging a loss of \$25,000.

The senate, in committee of the whole, adopted an anti punishment bill by a vote of 17 to 14, and also killed a bill repealing the valuated policy law.

It is now estimated that the loss in December last in Florida, by cold weather, will amount to \$7,000,000.

TAYLOR, the defaulting treasurer of South Dakota, was arrested at Vera Cruz, Mexico, just as he was about to land on a passenger boat from Havana.

The 3-year-old son of James Smith, a farmer living near Campbell, while playing pulled an iron beam plow into himself, breaking his neck and killing him instantly.

WORTH, the man dressmaker of Paris, died last week. The most costly costume he made was for a Peruvian lady, at a cost of \$24,000.

It is said that two of the most important witnesses for the state in the trial of the alleged murderers of Barrett Scott have disappeared, leaving no trace whatever.

SECRETARY GRESHAM will have the support of all good American citizens in his remarks to Spain concerning the firing upon one of our mail and passenger steamships.

In a recent trip home lately the American mail steamship Alliance was off the coast of Cuba March 8, when she was fired at by a Spanish gunboat and chased twenty-five miles.

FOUR men were buried under the ruins of the Commercial Trading company's warehouse at Laramie, Wyo., Wednesday, which was destroyed by fire, loss \$150,000.

At Toledo, Ohio, Tuesday last week, the high school building took fire, supposed to be among the chemicals in the laboratory, at 1 o'clock in the morning, destroying the entire building, valued at \$150,000.

Two newspaper plants at Cleveland, Ohio, were destroyed by fire Sunday evening, the World, and the Kellogg Co., the former losing \$60,000, less insurance \$40,000; the latter \$41,000 less \$21,000.

At North Loup the surveying of the lateral for the distribution of irrigation water is being carried on by the company's engineer, and it is intended to raise a large amount of land in shape for raising crops.

HELEN CUMMINGS, known throughout the Catholic world as Sister de Chantal, for over thirty years mother superior of the Visitation convent in Washington, died there Sunday. She was in her 84th year and took the white veil at the age of 19.

At Baltimore, Maryland, the Methodist had a little exciting time over the use of individual cups at the communion service, but it passed off without serious disagreement. The conference rejected a proposition to admit women to the general conference, 115 to 65.

MOUNT ORIZABA, situated about midway between the city of Mexico and Vera Cruz, rises nearly 19,000 feet above the level of the sea. The mountain had been covered with snow and ice accumulating for ages, and in some places hundreds of feet thick.

Calling Names.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—Every once in a while the red blood in me boils up at some outrage or other perpetrated by a newspaper man upon a common citizen who undertakes to do his duty as an official.

My friend, R. E. Lisco, supervisor representing Columbus township, is a conscientious man, a taxpayer of this county, and a man respected by all who know him, and yet he has for some untold reason called down upon his head the fiery wrath of the Telegram editor.

I insist, Mr. Editor, on your reproducing in THE JOURNAL, this choice bit of literature, because many of Mr. Lisco's friends will not see it in the Telegram.

Supervisor Lisco must have touched Editor Parks in a very tender spot, indeed, to call forth such a choice bit of billingsgate.

"The people of Platte county made a great mistake when they elected Rhoderick Yellowplush Lisco supervisor. He is too great a man for the modest place. He is a born law maker. You can see him written in every lineament of his more or less handsome mug. Have you triggered it? Lisco should be in the legislature. There he would be at home and would shine like a mackerel in the noonday sun. We hereby nominate Rhoderick Yellowplush Lisco to represent Platte county in both houses of the legislature in 1896. Do we hear a second?"

Now let us hear all about it from the supervisor. Some of us who have served the public during our day are anxious to know the particulars, and why the Telegram don't give us more light.

FOREIGNERS are not readily deceived about the tariff. They know when it is coming their way. The Canadian Trade Review says:

"We seem to be getting back our egg market across the border. Last week ten carloads were shipped from Montreal to New York, and realized a net profit to the shipper of three cents above what he could get at home. The demand there is still far from being exhausted, and further supplies from Canadian points will probably find a rising market. This reminds us of old times. Before the passage of the McKinley act our exports across the border ran into quite large figures, amounting in 1889 to 1,011,017 dozen, of the value of \$2,156,725. The 5-cent duty of that tariff cut down these exports to the value of \$254,253 in the year ended June 30, 1893. The present duty is three cents a dozen, a rate which should not make it impossible to do an egg trade of the former magnitude with our neighbors."

MISS FLORENCE BETENBERG, a stenographer at Swift's packing house, is recovering from an experience which she does not care to repeat. Her ailment was pronounced a case of genuine "black leg."

It came first with a fearful burning sensation under the knee, on two, distinct, black spots the size of pennies. The two spots merged in one and a hollow scooped right out of the flesh, which began to fill with gangrene. The disease in cattle is not unlike Texas fever, but as there is no disease among the cattle at the packing houses at South Omaha the cause of Miss Betenberg's trouble is a mystery.

ABOUT 3,000 pounds of nitro glycerine exploded at the Hancock Chemical works near Dollar Bay Michigan Friday. It being noon, only one man was killed, Dominick Christian. Not even a particle of his remains could be found. In the wreckage, however, were large quantities of dynamite, and in a magazine adjacent was stored 65,000 pounds of dynamite, but it was not disturbed, although windows were broken at Calumet, ten miles north.

A BATTLE was fought in a church in Omaha Tuesday last week, the account of which occupied over two columns of space in the dailies. We reproduce the head lines as follows: "Battle after mass. Riot in church. St. Paul's Polish Catholic church yesterday morning. Priest fired bullets from the altar. Defending himself against a mob that sought to drive him out. Wounds two of his assailants. No one thought to be fatally hurt."

TUESDAY morning of last week five negro workmen were shot down as they attempted to escape from a company of striking workmen at New Orleans. The whites claimed that the colored men, who were green a shade of the work under an agreement, made secret cuts and violated the agreement in order to obtain more work and gradually crowd the white men off.

SECRETARY GRESHAM has called upon Spain for a diatribe of the Alliance affair and insists "that immediate and positive orders be given to Spanish naval commanders not to interfere with legitimate commerce passing through that channel, and prohibiting all acts wantonly impeding life and property lawfully under the flag of the United States."

HEAVY rains and strong winds in Alabama did considerable damage last week. A cyclone struck Fronts and wrecked one dwelling house and tore the roof off another, injuring six members of the family. A water spout burst on the Coosa river unloading a dwelling and drowning three inmates. Hundreds of cattle were drowned, and scores of barns wrecked.

THE total appropriations as passed through the committee of the whole house are as follows: General appropriation, \$1,935,054.21; salaries, \$391,880; total increase over 1893, \$239,874.21. This does not include the university appropriations from its own funds, which are \$247,145.

TWELVE of the 109 prisoners in Libby prison who escaped therefrom through the celebrated tunnel on the night of February 9, 1864, assembled at the old prison, now removed to Chicago, on the thirty-first anniversary of that event. Twelve out of 109! Verily the honored veterans are passing away.

EX-SENATOR MANDERSON talks about the income tax being a hardship upon the officers of the army during the war of the rebellion. Has anybody ever heard of any tax anywhere that is not a hardship upon the people who really bear its burdens?—Omaha Bee.

HITESPANO county, Colorado, is the seat of war between coal miners. Seven Italians met their death within a week. The U. S. state department has called upon the governor of Colorado for full particulars as to the killing.

ATTEMPTED CONCEALMENT.

Lower Wages the True Cause of the Labor Trouble at Homestead.

A dispatch from Homestead, Pa., in reference to the labor troubles there in consequence of the reduced scale of wages, stated that "the trouble at the Homestead steel works of the Carnegie company was caused more particularly on account of a number of Hungarians having been assigned to that department than it was by the reduced wage scale."

This is an attempt to conceal the true condition of affairs at Homestead. The fact is that the workmen could not, or would not, after trial, continue to work for the reduced wages which have gone into effect since the passage of the Gorman bill. As an evidence of this we give the following context of the dispatch: "Superintendent Schwab met the strikers, and after guaranteeing certain wages for the rest of the week, whether or not the mill was worked to its capacity, they returned to work."

There has been a very decided effort made to suppress the great dissatisfaction existing chiefly in the iron industry, among workmen who have been brought face to face with the new conditions incident to pauper labor wage scales. If the facts connected with this condition can be concealed or confined within groups, one after another, until the spirit born of openland American conditions under a truly protective tariff system is crushed, the triumph of the conspiracy against the labor of this country, begun when the Democratic party went into power, will be complete.

Men will come to accept whatever may be given them in the present as a matter of course. The only safeguard in resisting lawfully every encroachment upon the laborer's right is in making known every attempt toward reductions of wages. Reductions so far have been very serious, but the facts have been and will continue to be ventilated so that the laborer everywhere may understand what is going on and what his own limited circle. The wider the discussion the more permanent will protection be hereafter.

FARMER Miller, residing near Daykin, was attacked by two unknown men in his home and knocked senseless. The strangers then ransacked the house and secured about \$20 in cash, leaving Miller in an unconscious condition. The injured man did not recover his senses until the next day, when he managed to crawl to a neighbor's house and give the alarm. The men have not yet been captured.

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The next year proceed the same way or as you think best, but take the strip between the rows so that in two years your land will be nearly all subsoiled and if any rain the water will always draw to the place last loosened up, consequently it goes to the roots of the corn.

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On the margin of THE JOURNAL, or on the wrapper, following your name you will find the date to which your subscription is paid or accounted for. If the date is past, you are respectfully requested to renew your subscription. See rates elsewhere.

We Sweep the World. It is an old saying that "a new broom sweeps clean" but when we say "we sweep the world" we mean that among all the railroads of the world none stand higher in the estimation of the public, in all special points, than the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. It is the only line west of Chicago which runs electric-lighted, steam-heated and ventilated trains between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and between Chicago and Omaha. Try it. F. A. Nang, Gen'l. Agent, 1504 Farmers St., Omaha.

W. S. HOWELL, Trav. Passenger and Freight Agt.

NEBRASKA.

Grandma Gardner of David City, aged 90 years, fell on the church steps the other day and broke her wrist, besides cutting a severe gash in her head. She will recover, in spite of her age.

August Lundholm, the Saunders county farmer who shot himself because there had been no rain, is now on the road to recovery. The damp weather of the past few days has given him a desire for life.

Strike Feather, a Ponca Indian, was burned to death in his tepee in the Niobrara valley the other night. It is supposed that the wind blew the flames of his fire against the side of the tepee and caused the conflagration.

The 3-year-old son of P. Donnelly, living near Col. and drank a bottle of carbolic acid and drank a portion of the poison. Antidotes were promptly applied and the little one's life was saved, though he was badly burned.

The people of Broken Bow are very indignant because the postoffice department has changed the name of their office to "Broken-bow." They are about to send a poem to Postmaster General Wilson, accompanied by a petition, in the hope that he will change the name back to its old form.

Farmer Skydam, an 80-year-old resident of Jefferson county, fell and broke his ankle. Instead of lying down and dying, the old man set the bones himself and later went to a surgeon for examination. The doctor examined the fracture and said it was set all right and there was nothing to be done.

Lambert Neumann, a Cheyenne county young man, started out to give his best girl a ride, but before he reached her home the horse ran away. Neumann was thrown from the buggy and fell in the wheel, his leg being broken just below the hip. When found he was supposed to be dead, but later he recovered consciousness and the doctors believe he will pull through all right.

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