

Entered at the Post-office, Columbus, Neb., as second-class mail matter.

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 22, 1894. M. K. TURNER & CO., Columbus, Neb.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1894.

STRELE MACKAY, author and dramatist, died Sunday at Timpan, while en route to San Diego, California.

A GOVERNMENT by the courts is what a portion of the people are getting tired of, and the leaven is very rapidly affecting the whole lump.

CONGRESSMAN BRAYN was not on hand the other day when Tom Reed was having his fun with the boys. Bryan used to say that he would teach Reed a trick or two that would "settle his hash."

Most people who know anything about it agree that there never was such a volume of idle money in this country as is now accumulated in the banks, especially of the east. This money simply cannot long remain idle, and must seek investment in safe lines.

In the case Mrs. Anna Fieder against the city of Hastings, heard on Dec. 18th, Judge Beall sustained the demurrer of the defendant and the case was thrown out of court. The plaintiff sued the city for damages in the sum of \$10,000, for permitting a house of ill-fame to be conducted on property adjoining hers.

The interstate irrigation association hold a convention in Omaha March 21 and 22. This meeting should be attended by all who feel an interest in the subject. Undoubtedly Nebraska land owners are becoming alive to the importance of irrigation, and the next few years will see thousands upon thousands of acres of rich Nebraska soil placed under the influence of water raised from her streams.

GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN Sovereign made a speech Sunday at Des Moines to a Knights of Labor band telling them that he was going to Winona, Minn., to speak on Monday; to St. Paul and Minneapolis to talk to the Northern Pacific employes and assure them that he would certainly violate the injunction of Judge Jenkins, as it is an outrage on all workmen. His speech caused a sensation in the meeting, but was received with great applause.

END OF THE CURRENT FUND SUIT.

Supreme Court decides School Funds Not Subject to the Deposition Law.

County boards and other officials have been waiting for some time for the opinion of the supreme court as to what the phrase "current funds" means. Tuesday of last week, Justice Norval handed down the opinion in the Crete bank suit to test the applicability of the state depository law to the permanent school fund, the object being to determine what are current funds. Following is the syllabus:

The State ex rel, the First National bank of Crete against J. S. Bartley, state treasurer. Opinion filed February 20, 1894, by Mr. Chief Justice Norval. 1. In construing a statute effect must be given, if possible, to every word, clause and sentence therein. In other words, a statute should be so construed as to make all its parts harmonize with each other and consistent with its general scope and object.

2. The term "several current funds," as employed in section 1 of the act of the legislature of 1891, entitled "an act to provide for the depositing of state and county funds in banks," construed to mean all the moneys belonging to the state in the possession of the controller of the state treasurer.

3. The subject matter of said act, and the obvious scope and purpose of its many provisions leave no doubt that the legislature intended the statute should apply alike to each of the different funds of the state treasury. 4. Where money is deposited in a bank on an open account, subject to check of the depositor, and not received as a special deposit, the bank agreeing to pay interest on the money, the transaction, although called a deposit, is in substance and legal effect a loan. State vs. Keim, 8 Nebraska, 63, followed.

5. Under section 3, article viii of the state constitution, moneys belonging to the several permanent educational funds of the state cannot be "invested or loaned except on United States or state securities, or registered bonds." 6. The depositing in banks of public funds under the provisions of the depository law constitutes a loan and investment of the moneys of the state.

7. Held, that the said law, in so far as it requires the depositing of the moneys belonging to the permanent educational funds of the state in banks, contravenes section 3, article viii of the constitution, and said law is inoperative as to said funds.

Improved Stock Breeders' Association—A Three Days' Congress in Columbus. He has always been accounted a public benefactor who has been successful in making two blades of grass grow where only one grew before, and the truth of the old saying has gone without question, the assumption being that what is desirable is wanted in larger quantities.

men, who in their different specialties and caught the spirit of the occasion, which no report can adequately give.

After the address of welcome by Mayor Schupbach, and the feeling response by President Filley, the association immediately proceeded to take up the subjects as marked out in the program.

C. H. Searle of Edgar, Nebraska, set forth what he regarded as the peculiar excellencies of The Duroc Jersey—The Coming Hog, and J. V. Wolfe, of the Poland China. Mr. Searle detailed his experience with four different breeds, and gave the decided preference to the Duroc as being strong in constitution, producing large litters, less subject to disease than the others and maturing at an early age, he having a number which in 10 months and 17 days weighed 240 lbs. each.

Mr. Wolfe had a very decided preference for the Poland China, and instanced recent sales where this breed had brought exceptionally high prices. We raise fine hogs for the money it brings to us—for the profit there is in it, and he claimed that no breed equalled the Poland China.

The address of welcome was given by these gentlemen and by Messrs. Tallcot, Swartley and Mayes. S. M. Barker was not prepared with a paper on The Sheep Industry, but his remarks were listened to with marked attention. He gave a graphic picture of the depression in the business just now, when wool has brought as low as 3 cents a pound, and 80,000 head more are being slaughtered at Chicago, and when the threatened legislation of the Wilson bill is striking a severe blow to the industry than, in his opinion, free trade itself would inflict.

He made the statement that we consume about 630,000,000 lbs. of wool a year, and raise about 330 to 345,000,000. He was of opinion that the lowest point had been reached in the sheep industry. He thought there could be but one opinion as to the effect of the Wilson bill, that it would lower the price of wool. The trouble is that South America and Australia can, with their cheaper wages, raise wool cheaper than we can, and if our market is free to the importation of their product, it will lessen the wages of our herders, shearers, &c. just the difference, and this is why so many people are going out of the business at this time.

He punctured the common idea that wool was raw material, showing that as one of the products of the farm it most naturally represented the cost of labor. There is no suit of clothes in Nebraska containing wool whose value by weight on the market is worth \$3; the other \$22 to \$27 going to make the value of the suit, is represented by the labor bestowed upon it, after the farmer has disposed of it.

The fact is that there is no such thing as raw material in the sense that there is no cost of labor attached to it. Mr. Barker could not see the propriety in placing wool on the free list, allowing foreign manufactured goods to sweep away our home market for home-grown wool, and destroying our manufacturing interests, and then have the foreign dealers turn to us and say: "Well, we've shut up your factories, we have destroyed your wool-raising industry; you have to have our goods, and you must not pay us the prices we are not only able to demand but to command!" Mr. Barker disclaimed any intention of touching upon politics, but said that it was a question of economics, a matter of dollars and cents to those who were in the business, and we are all in our different lines for the money there is in it for us.

The paper of Prof. Ingersoll of the agricultural department of the state university, on Some Theories of Heredity, was listened to with close attention, and started trains of thought that will, no doubt, prove of great practical value to the members of the association. The law of uniformity, popularly stated in the saying that like produces like, is a well-recognized law of reproduction, made all the more plain in another well-known maxim of heredity, viz: that a man is the son of all his ancestors; it often happening that a child resembles his grand parent in form and characteristics more than his parent; disease often escapes the first generation and appears as a taint in the second generation of progeny, and so on. Characteristics are not altogether due to heredity; individuals of a species can and do acquire traits and transmit them, and it is by this process repeated and the judicious application of this principle that the improved live-stock breeder is enabled to succeed in his chosen profession. The things to be avoided are bad habits, disease, weak points; the things to be gained, health, good habits and strong points. The rank and file of farmers can certainly use good graded stock, re-inforcing their herds with strong sires. Only a few can produce those, and their success lies in three lines converging in close attention to little things: first, good judgment in selection; second, good feeding; third, good care and environment.

R. M. Allen of Ames read a well-prepared paper on growing and feeding beets. He is manager of the greatest cattle-feeding plant in the world, and certainly had his subject well in hand. He announced the problem of the farmer to be the greatest problem from the land with the least outlay, and believed in special lines of farming, such as each one's capacity and circumstances would indicate to him. He thought good beet land in the Platte valley is destined in a few years to be worth \$100 to \$150 an acre. Nebraska is the second best state in the union for this industry, California's dry season being better than ours. Good farm lands in California are bringing high prices; good potatoe land in Colorado is scarce, and there is no reason why lands in Nebraska, especially adapted to beet culture, should not bring extra high prices.

Fred. Jewell of Platte county was called out to tell what he knew about beet culture, which he did to the edification of all present. [We must here close with our notes for this week, and do the best we can with them in our next issue.—Ed. JOURNAL.]

Rheumatism Cured in a Day. "Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cured in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by Heintz, druggist, Columbus, Neb. 157

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT FILLEY.

Read Before The Nebraska Improved Stock Breeders Association at Columbus, Neb., February 20, 1894.

Members of the Nebraska Improved Stock Breeders Association:—Again it becomes my duty as president of this association by your kindness to deliver what it has pleased our worthy secretary to call "an address." With all deference to his judgment, the term is a misnomer. My "address," as you will find, will be but the homely talk of a homely man, whose only merit as president of this association is his sincere interest in the industries you represent.

One year ago I congratulated you upon the status of the improved stock industry of the state, and predicted for you still brighter future prospects. I can but feel that congratulations are in order at this time. For while the great wave of financial distress of the past year has affected almost every industry in the land, if any have been exempt from its effects, the improved stock interests seem to be one. Prices have been maintained in a manner that is surprising. While the price of corn and other agricultural staples have steadily declined by reason of the financial depression, improved stock has at least nearly held its own. Indeed, it is an open question whether a crisis of the character of the one just passed through is not a benefit to the interests represented here. Take for instance the horse industry: while the common horses have become practically worthless during the past year, the demand for good roadsters and draft horses has been brisk, and prices fall up to the times. This has been demonstrated in almost every precinct of the state, and the result among those farmers capable of reasoning from cause to effect cannot be denied. It takes time to convince the masses of farmers that the best is the cheapest in the stock interests as well as in other things, but the idea is constantly gaining ground.

In connection with this subject and as part proof of my statement regarding the horse industry, while the common horses have become practically worthless during the past year, the demand for good roadsters and draft horses has been brisk, and prices fall up to the times. This has been demonstrated in almost every precinct of the state, and the result among those farmers capable of reasoning from cause to effect cannot be denied. It takes time to convince the masses of farmers that the best is the cheapest in the stock interests as well as in other things, but the idea is constantly gaining ground.

Real Estate Transfers. Becher, Jaggi & Co., real estate agents, report the following real estate transfers filed in the office of the county clerk for the week ending Feb. 24, 1894: P. P. Johnson to J. C. Wilson, city lots 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

men, who in the years past have been gradually raising the standard of our domestic animals, and thus improving the condition of our farms. Those who till the soil are the bone and sinew of a nation and any work that betters their condition is a work deserving all honor. That you should advance your own material interests in this work is natural and no one can for an instant begrudge you your well deserved prosperity. In conclusion then let me say again that I am proud to be associated with such a band of earnest men; proud of your achievements in your chosen work, and proud of the state which you have so materially aided in coming to the front.

Nebraska Improved Stock Breeders Association, go on in your good work, undaunted by difficulties, undimmed by trials or disappointments, and your reward will surely come if it be not already here.

District 44 and Vicinity. There is a probability of a live Sunday school being organized at the school house this spring. So be it.

A. W. Clark shelled corn Tuesday, and Mrs. Herring and sons shelled Tuesday and Wednesday. The corn all went by way of Columbus.

The residence of John Rickett in Colfax county burned to the ground Friday morning of last week, with nearly all its contents, including a valuable organ. We learn that there was \$700 insurance on the property. The cause of the fire said to be matches and matches. Little Maggie, the 13-year-old daughter of M. Shedy, while at school last Wednesday, and during the noon hour, when playing upon the ice on the school ground fell in such a manner that the back of her head struck the ice so heavy that she was rendered unconscious for a long time; she was carried home, a distance of half a mile, and received proper and careful attention, but was unable to utter a word for several hours.

We have it, you want it, and ten cents in coin with a JOURNAL coupon, will procure it. See advertisement.

Program for March 6th, 1894. Meet with Miss Spencer. Roman History from page 290 through chapter, conducted by Mrs. Brindley. Roman and Medieval Art, part II, chap. 1, by Miss Clara Martin. Piano solo, Mrs. McAllister. In the Chautauquan, The Russian Periodical, by Mr. McAllister. Questions of the Times, by Clarence Sheldon. Music by Circle.

Y. M. C. A. Topics. For the first quarter, 1894, to be ably talked upon at the meetings for men, Sundays at 3 p. m. Mar. 4. "What Shall I Do With Jesus?" A. D. Weir. Mar. 11. "What is Your Inheritance?" W. H. Nestlein. Mar. 18. "Work and Wages for Everyone." Frank Matthews. Mar. 25. "How May I Know I Am Saved?" Rev. O. A. Elliott. You are invited and will be gladly welcomed. Good music. Good talks. Good fellowship. Good friends.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul is the only line running solid vestibuled, electric lighted and steam heated trains between the Missouri river and Chicago, consisting of new palace sleeping cars, elegant free reclining chair cars, luxurious coaches and the finest dining cars in the world. The berth reading lamp in its palace sleeping cars is patented and cannot be used by any other railway company. It is the greatest improvement of the age. Try it in the vestibule. Clean connection in union depot at Omaha with all trains to and from the west. For further particulars apply to your ticket agent, or R. A. Sear, Gen'l Agt., Traveling Frt. and Pass. Agt., 114 and 1160 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb.

ENGLISH SPRAIN Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Gallop Splints, Ringbone, Bone Spavin, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Corns, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful medicine ever known. Sold by C. B. Stillman, druggist, 265no17r

ST. PATRICK'S PILLS are carefully prepared from the best material and according to the most approved formula, and are the most perfect cathartic and liver pill that can be produced. Sold by Wm. C. E. Pollock & Co., Dr. Heintz, druggist.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Business Notices. Advertisements under this head five cents a line each insertion.

W. M. SCHILLER makes boots and shoes in the best style and uses only the very best material that can be procured in the market. 52-1/2

COLUMBUS MARKETS. Wheat, 40. Oats, 25. Corn, 20. Pork, 10. Butter, 10. Eggs, 10. Flour, 10. Live stock, 10. Fat cows, 10. Fat hogs, 10. Fat steers, 10. Feeders, 10.

WANTED!

TO BUY—1000 BUSHELS—EACH OF—Hungarian and Millet Seed. Herman Oehlrich & Bro., 2126m

AN ORDINANCE. Authorizing the election of the city of Columbus to issue water bonds to the amount of \$2,500 for the erection, reconstruction and maintenance of a system of water works in said city.

And if a majority of all ballots of local voters cast at said election containing the above proposition and questions in the form of the official ballot to be prepared by the city clerk of said city of Columbus, for said election, shall have a cross X opposite the word yes, then said proposition shall be declared adopted, otherwise it shall be rejected. All ballots having a cross X opposite the word no, shall be counted against said proposition. Sec. 2. The mayor and council of the city of Columbus, in the state of Nebraska, do hereby issue and certify to the principal of said bonds to the amount of \$2,500, to be paid in semi-annual payments of \$1,250 each, on the first day of May, 1894, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually, on the first day of May, 1895, and on the first day of May, 1896, and on the first day of May, 1897, and on the first day of May, 1898, and on the first day of May, 1899, and on the first day of May, 1900, and on the first day of May, 1901, and on the first day of May, 1902, and on the first day of May, 1903, and on the first day of May, 1904, and on the first day of May, 1905, and on the first day of May, 1906, and on the first day of May, 1907, and on the first day of May, 1908, and on the first day of May, 1909, and on the first day of May, 1910, and on the first day of May, 1911, and on the first day of May, 1912, and on the first day of May, 1913, and on the first day of May, 1914, and on the first day of May, 1915, and on the first day of May, 1916, and on the first day of May, 1917, and on the first day of May, 1918, and on the first day of May, 1919, and on the first day of May, 1920, and on the first day of May, 1921, and on the first day of May, 1922, and on the first day of May, 1923, and on the first day of May, 1924, and on the first day of May, 1925, and on the first day of May, 1926, and on the first day of May, 1927, and on the first day of May, 1928, and on the first day of May, 1929, and on the first day of May, 1930, and on the first day of May, 1931, and on the first day of May, 1932, and on the first day of May, 1933, and on the first day of May, 1934, and on the first day of May, 1935, and on the first day of May, 1936, and on the first day of May, 1937, and on the first day of May, 1938, and on the first day of May, 1939, and on the first day of May, 1940, and on the first day of May, 1941, and on the first day of May, 1942, and on the first day of May, 1943, and on the first day of May, 1944, and on the first day of May, 1945, and on the first day of May, 1946, and on the first day of May, 1947, and on the first day of May, 1948, and on the first day of May, 1949, and on the first day of May, 1950, and on the first day of May, 1951, and on the first day of May, 1952, and on the first day of May, 1953, and on the first day of May, 1954, and on the first day of May, 1955, and on the first day of May, 1956, and on the first day of May, 1957, and on the first day of May, 1958, and on the first day of May, 1959, and on the first day of May, 1960, and on the first day of May, 1961, and on the first day of May, 1962, and on the first day of May, 1963, and on the first day of May, 1964, and on the first day of May, 1965, and on the first day of May, 1966, and on the first day of May, 1967, and on the first day of May, 1968, and on the first day of May, 1969, and on the first day of May, 1970, and on the first day of May, 1971, and on the first day of May, 1972, and on the first day of May, 1973, and on the first day of May, 1974, and on the first day of May, 1975, and on the first day of May, 1976, and on