Columbus Journal.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications, to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the writer. We reserve the right to reject any manuscript, and cannot agree to return the same.—We desire a correspondent in every school-district of Platte county, one of good judgment, and reliable in every way.—Write plainly, each item separately. Give us facts.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1892.

THE engineers have begun work on the power canal from Fremont to Omaha.

THE state board of health have, in two years, issued certificates to 1,442 physicians, 50 of whom are ladies.

G. M. LAMBERTSON of this state has been nominated and confirmed as assistant secretary of the treasury.

A MONTANA man offers, for 90 cents apiece, to make for the government better silver dollars than are now issued.

THERE is a probability that the republicans may organize the next U. S. senate. More astonishing things have happened.

PERHAPS William E. Gladstone of England will be the orator at the formal opening of the World's Columbian exposition, May 1.

HENRY T. OXNARD of Grand Island has received a U. S. treasury check for $30,000 on account of bounty for beet sugar manufactured in Nebraska.

AN exchange says: Nebraska has the largest creamery in the world, located at Fremont; and the largest ice house in the world, located at Ashland.

THOSE who buy paper will be glad to learn that a new company has been started at Omaha with a capital sufficient to do a "live-and-let-live" business.

TUESDAY last, from morning to noon, Kansas had the heaviest snowfall of the season—eight inches to a foot. The snow was very heavy and in many places bore down telegraph and telephone wires.

A FRIGHTFUL accident occurred on the Great Northern railroad near Minneapolis, Minn., Sunday, in which eight men were killed and five seriously injured. A fire added to the horror of the scene.

THE World's fair buildings and grounds are now in the possession of the United States government, and "Old Glory" floats from the Administration building, Director-General Davis having moved in.

THE very serious illness of James G. Blaine was announced Sunday. He has rallied somewhat since that, but according to the most reliable accounts his death may be expected almost any day.

THE affront given Speaker Crisp by the mugwump democrats of New York will probably make him speaker of the next house. This kind of small firearms is more dangerous at the breach than at the muzzle.

REPUBLICANS, if they were actuated merely by party interests, would prefer to have the three branches of the government in full control of the democracy, but they will not assist them to elect any senators, all the same.

ENGINEER P. M. BYRNES was looking out of his cab window at Buttes, Wyoming, as the fast mail rushed by, and the catcher, or stationary crane, struck him on the right side of the head, nearly tearing off the entire scalp.

AT a meeting of the State Grange at Kearney last week, the free coinage of silver, the non-ownership of land by aliens, and the reduction of freight rates were the approved sentiments. The membership of the state is put down at 5,000.

FRANK BRUCE, one of the most notorious crooks and safe blowers in the country, was arrested last week in Milwaukee, as the man wanted for the robbery and attempted murder of Pollock on the train near California Junction, Iowa, several weeks ago.

SPAR CITY, the new mining camp near Creed, Colorado, promises to be of much more consequence than its neighbor. The claims already located, 150, run from $100 to $1,500 a ton. The railroad is completed to within sixteen miles. The best prospecting is still in a southwest direction.

THE elements at work in both houses at Washington are not the most harmonious in the world. The Cleveland and the Hill democrats are sure to develop the animosity that they have been endeavoring to conceal for party purposes, and when they get at it in real earnest, the sound and the fury of the combat will reach even unto Nebraska.

A SERIOUS accident befell Al. Hoig, a farmer near Table Rock, his arm being caught in a corn sheller and badly mangled. His physician decided that the operation of skin grafting would be necessary, and Mrs. Hoig was taken as one of the subjects, twenty pieces being taken from her arm and grafted into Mr. Hoig's arm. The operation was a success.

IT is the duty of property owners to list their property, and of the assessors to place a value on it, and the law requires that this shall be its actual value, and yet assessors meet every year in the several counties of the state, to settle upon a basis, aimed to be one-fifth of the actual value. The law ought to be changed or means devised for its enforcement.

A SCOTCH engineer is said to have solved the problem of making a mill run with the water that has passed. It is reported by a Glasgow paper that a resident engineer has devised an arrangement by which all the steam used by an engine is returned to the boiler. As a result it is said that as much energy can be gotten out of one ton of coal as is now secured by the consumption of seven tons.

THE Republicans in the Nebraska legislature will not have performed one of the principal duties for which they were elected if they fail to legislate upon railroad rates. Republican inactivity in this direction has almost proved the defeat of the party in two state elections, and the voice of the people is undeniably in favor of equitable legislation upon freight rates at an early date.—[Kearney Era.

THE next legislature should pass a law to tax the inheritants of the wealthy. Nebraska is now becoming wealthy in an individual sense, and all who die worth $5,000 or over should be taxed 1 per cent of that amount for the good of the county or city in which he lived. A law drawn up to conform to the New York law would be safe. New York city will receive about $1,000,000 from the death of Jay Gould.—[Niobrara Pioneer.

Reciprocity is Not Free Trade.

A correspondent propounds this query:

To decide a wager, will you please inform us whether or not reciprocity is a feature of free trade?

Reciprocity is a distinct and absolute limitation of the principle of free trade. The articles made the basis of reciprocity agreements between the United States and other countries are these, and these only: *Sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides.* Every one of these articles is on the free list of the McKinley bill, it being sound protective doctrine that when any article can not be produced at home, or not in nearly sufficient quantity for the demand of the country consuming it, it should be admitted without duty, because such duty would not be protective of a home industry, and therefore, from a protectionist's standpoint, it is a needless and oppressive duty.

Having made this explanation of the principle governing protective duties, we call attention to these extracts from the tariff law now in operation:

Sec. 2. On and after the 6th day of October, 1890, unless otherwise specially provided for in this act, the following articles, when imported, shall be exempt from duty.

* * * * * * *

543—Coffee.

* * * * * * *

605—Hides, raw or uncured, whether dry, salted or pickled.

* * * * * * *

726—Sugar, all under sixteen Dutch standard in color; all tank bottoms, all sugar drainings, syrups of cane juice, melada, concentrated molasses, and molasses.

* * * * * * *

732—Tea and tea plants.

Now, if this were all that were said of these articles there would be free trade in them; any country could send them into the United States free of duty, no matter how strongly that country might discriminate against goods that the United States exports.

But observe these words in the preamble of section 2: "*Unless otherwise specially provided for in this act.*" This clause prepares the way for the protective feature of the reciprocity conditions of the McKinley bill, which read thus:

Sec. 3. * * * Whenever, and so often as the President shall be satisfied that the government of any country producing and exporting *sugars, molasses, coffee, tea, and hides, raw and uncured, or any of these articles,* imposes duties or other exactions upon the agricultural or other products of the United States which, in view of the free introduction of such *sugar, molasses coffee, tea, and hides* into the United States, he may deem unequal and unreasonable, *he shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to suspend by proclamation the provisions of the act relating to the free introduction of such sugars,* etc.

Thus the McKinley bill announces two propositions: First, that as we do not produce any coffee or tea in the United States, and not sufficient molasses, sugar, and hides to satisfy our demand, therefore it is wise to admit these articles duty free. And, second, that inasmuch as we ought to sell a part of the surplus of our agricultural or manufactured products to the countries from which we buy our sugars, hides, tea, coffee and molasses, therefore the President shall have power to suspend the operation of free trade in these things with such countries as discriminate against our exports, and to impose certain duties, defined in section 3, as 3 cents per pound sugars, 10 cents on coffees, and from 1⅓ to 2 cents on sugars, and 4 cents per gallon on molasses imported from such countries. This clearly is a limitation of free trade in these articles.

Let us see how reciprocity has worked. Long before the McKinley bill, indeed under the tariff of 1842, and all that have succeeded it coffee and tea have been free of duty except during the period of the war. That is to say, we have had free trade in these articles. But notwithstanding that the United States regularly bought three-fourths of the whole coffee crop of Brazil, letting it in free of duty, Brazil bought very little flour, cotton goods, lard, meats, and other farm products from us, and very much from England, which bought less than one-fourth of its coffee crop. Brazil laid heavy duties on all that the United States exported to it. But when the reciprocity clause came into effect, Brazil at once consented to let nearly all our farm products come in free, and reduced its duties on many manufactured goods, because it knew that if it did not do so our President would impose duties on its coffees, while permitting those of other countries to come in free. In like manner Germany, from which we purchase millions of dollars' worth of beet sugar, at once removed its embargo on American pork when it became evident that the President would enforce duties on German sugar in retaliation for its prohibition of American pork.

So that instead of reciprocal trade being free trade, it is purchased trade, trade for which Germany, Brazil, Cuba, and other countries give something to the United States in return for the privileges of entering their goods in the American market.—[Inter Ocean.

THE manufacture of binding twine can be carried on successfully in Nebraska without the advantages offered by the binding twine trust. The factory at Fremont will be started again in a few days and will produce about 4,000 pounds of twine daily until next fall. The hemp used by this concern is grown in the vicinity and is a profitable crop to the farmer. The steadily increasing acreage of small grain in this state is affording an enlarged market for the product of the factory and the industry promises to become one of considerable magnitude and importance. Thus year by year Nebraska goes forward in the direction of producing within her own borders the articles of common use which would otherwise have to be imported. There is yet a large field for enterprise in the way of manufacturing, however, and the sooner it is occupied the better for the interests of the state. —[Omaha Bee.

PUBLIC prayer addressed to God and aimed at the congregation neither gains his ear nor persuades them. It not only falls short of being pious, it is not manly. At a recent convention, when a brother who rose, after an address by another brother, attempted to demolish its arguments in a form of prayer, he left the impression on some of the hearers that he was afraid to stand up manfully and reply to what had been said. Once when a young minister, who was displeased with the conduct of some of his people, had expressed in public prayer his opinion of their actions, a good sister said to him: "When you want to scold us, do so, but don't spoil our devotions by praying at us." He has since said that that was some of the most valuable advice he ever received.—[David City Tribune.

THERE are four leading candidates for the speakership of the house. Mr. Oakley of Lancaster, Mr. Jensen of Fillmore, Mr. Keckley of York and Mr. Crane of Douglas. Mr. Jensen was in town yesterday, and frankly stated that he was out for the position. He said that he had assurances of support from every direction, but added that it was a free for all, and that of course he was not saying who was going to be elected. He spoke pleasantly of his competitors, and expressed a wish that whoever takes the chair, the session may be devoted strictly to business and the sensible administration of the affairs of the state.—[Lincoln Journal.

CAPT. CULVER of Milford, speaking the other day at a G. A. R. meeting at Central City, called attention to the books which profess to give the history of the Rebellion, and spoke especially of Barnes's Brief History of the United States, which, he said, was full of errors, made intentionally so as not to interfere with the sale of their history south of the Mason and Dixon line. We have called the attention of JOURNAL readers to this matter before, but a little more on such an important subject is not out of the way.

MRS. BESANT's lectures at Omaha Sunday and Monday evenings on Theosophy proved of interest to a number of listeners. She adopted St. Paul's division of "body, soul and spirit" in describing the component parts of man, the function of the soul being to build up the body to be a fit temple for the spirit, the divine in man. Our social system should be so changed as to embody the ideas of justice and brotherly love.

MARTIN BURKE DEAD.

Another Cronin Murderer Dies in the Penitentiary.

Martin J. Burke, one of the men sent to Joliet prison for complicity in the famous murder of Dr. Patrick Cronin of Chicago, died at the penitentiary in this city last night of quick consumption. His death was not unexpected, as he had been sinking rapidly for some time.

When Burke first entered the penitentiary in January, 1890, he was placed in the cooper shop. He remained there until last summer, when he contracted a severe cold which steadily grew worse and necessitated his change to lighter work. After a short period in the shoe shop he went

MARTIN BURKE.

to the "idle room" for three weeks, and afterwards was removed to the hospital, quick consumption having developed.

The prison officials say that never to their knowledge since his imprisonment has Burke spoken one word in regard to the Cronin case. He has been uniformly friendly with all the attendants and talked freely on all points except that one. When an attempt would be made to open up that subject he would resolutely decline to talk. He has had but few visitors. His attorney, Forrest, has been down several times, and his brother-in-law, Conway of Chicago, has visited him regularly. Mr. Conway was notified of the death and came down on the late train.

STATE NEWS.

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

—Children playing with matches around the barn of John Mason, near Utica, caused the destruction of the barn, graneries, corn cribs, hay and straw. The amount of the loss to Mr. Mason is considerable, as all his oats, wheat, corn and hay were destroyed. All his stock was rescued.

—John Fitzgerald, a youdg farmer living nine miles west of Valentine, while going home allowed his team to run into a wire fence, throwing him from the wagon and breaking his neck. The accident occurred during the night. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

—The funeral of John Thomas was held at Osceola last week. Mr. Thomas was an old settler of Polk county and about seventy years old. He was out riding and the horse, in turning a sharp corner, upset the buggy, throwing Mr. Thomas to the ground, striking on his head and injuring him internally.

—George Harrell, a book-keeper for the commission house of Parkhouse & Hopper, at South Omaha, was killed by the cars at the unloading chutes of the Union stock yards last week. The wheels passed over the abdomen, crushing the body, and almost cutting him into two pieces. Just how Young Harrell got under the wheels is a mystery. No one noticed him go under and there was no knowledge of the terrible accident until the body was found across the rail.

—The beet sugar season in Nebraska is now practically ended, says the Omaha Bee, and it appears that the Grand Island factory has done a large business. It has used 12,000 tons of beets and produced 2,110,100 pounds of sugar. Such figures as these show that the sugar industry is one of great importance to the state. Its rapid growth affords ground for the belief that it is destined to become one of the largest industries in the state.

—Chancellor J. A. Canfield of the Nebraska University has invited Mrs. Ella W. Peattie to read a paper before the literary societies of the university on December 2, on the subject "Women as Journalists." That is one of a series of special topics which will be treated during the winter by eminent professional men and women of the state, each in his or her own line, being a living example of the success that rewards ability and industry.

—Ex-Republican Sheriff Warden was in town today, says an Oak dispatch, to complete arrangements with S. A. Weaver, democratic candidate for representative of this county at the last election, to pay a bet. Warden bet Weaver that McKeigham would not have 2,000 majority in the Fifth district, and the wager was a walk from Nelson to Oak, a distance of 12½ miles. The ex-sheriff will make the walk on Christmas day at 10 a. m. and will be escorted by the Oak cornet band. Mr. Warden will be tendered a reception in the evening on his arrival at Oak.

—A receiver has been appointed by the supreme court for the State Bank of Johnson. The application made by the Attorney general is based on the report of the examiner, which shows that the bank is insolvent. Proceedings have been commenced in the courts by individual creditors, and the bank building and office fixtures have been attached. The examiner reports that he believes that of the bills payable 50 per cent of the amount is worthless. The liabilities include: Capital stock, $6,500; amount due First National bank of Lincoln, $530.06; collections, $1,260.27; notes and bills rediscounted, $5,750; deposits, $7,088.85.

—Mert Weaver, an electric lineman, barely escaped a horrible death at South Omaha. He was making a circuit connection on an arc light when the accident occurred. When he left the electric light power house he told the man in charge of the switch not to turn on the current until he returned. Arriving at the feed master's office, Weaver took hold of the top of the arc light with one hand and the electric light wire with the other. In an instant he was knocked down, the current having passed through his arms. His feet were on a board counter, and the shock was materially broken. Had he been standing on the ground the electric folks say he would have been killed instantly.

THE section from one of the big California redwood trees, which the government will exhibit in its building at the World's Fair, has arrived at the grounds, being transported thither on eleven freight cars. It is twenty-three feet in diameter, and thirty feet long. It will be hollowed out, placed on end, divided into two stories and lighted. It will form a rustic house large enough for a family to live in.

NEAR Summit, Mississippi, last Tuesday morning, a cyclone carried destruction and death in its course. The house of Rev. Young, a Baptist preacher, was demolished, and the family rescued from the ruins, were all found injured. Four persons were killed and six wounded. The path of the twister was 300 yards wide, and the force of the wind was so great as to carry everything near it. Large pine trees were uprooted and snapped in pieces like pipe stems.

WHILE M. Sherman, a grocer of Grand Island, was sitting in his private office Monday night of last week, at about 11 o'clock, a man with a large handkerchief over his face opened the door, and at the same time leveling a six-shooter at Sherman's head, fired, but missed his mark a few inches. Sherman picked up a chair and started for his would-be murderer, but the door was closed in his face and the man escaped.

THE Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry is the only line running solid vestibuled, electric lighted and steam heated trains between the Missouri river and Chicago, consisting of new palace sleeping cars, elegant free reclining chair cars, luxurious coaches and the finest dining cars in the world. The berth reading lamp in its palace sleeping cars is patented and cannot be used by any other railway company. It is the great improvement of the age. Try it and be convinced. Close connection in union depot at Omaha with all trains to and from the west. For further particulars apply to your ticket agent, or

F. A. NASH, Gen'l Agt.
W. S. HOWELL,
Traveling Fr't. and Pass. Agt.,
20jantf 1501 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb.

—"I have just recovered from a second attack of the grip this year," says Mr. James O. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days, against ten days for the first attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" 50 cent bottles for sale by C. E. Pollock & Co. and Dr. Heintz, Druggists. tf

—We want every mother to know that croup can be prevented. True croup never appears without a warning. The first symptom is hoarseness; then the child appears to have taken a cold or a cold may have accompanied the hoarseness from the start. After that a peculiar rough cough is developed, which is followed by the croup. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse; a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will prevent the attack. Even after a rough cough has appeared the disease may be prevented by using this remedy as directed. It has never been known to fail. 25 cent, 50 cent and $1 bottles for sale by C. E. Pollock & Co. and Dr. Heintz, druggists. tf

—The handsomest lady in Columbus remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merits, any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50c and $1. 34-y

—The population of Columbus is about 3,500, and we would say at least one-half are troubled with some affection of the throat and lungs, as those complaints are, according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all our readers not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. Trial size free. Large bottles, 50c and $1. Sold by all druggists. 34-y

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ENGLISH Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stifles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by C. B. Stillman, druggist. 26novlyr

—**Rheumatism Cured in a Day.** "Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by A. Heintz, druggist, Columbus, Neb. 14-y

—If you are troubled with rheumatism or a lame back, bind on over the seat of pain a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm. You will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. 50 cent bottles for sale by C. E. Pollock & Co. and Dr. Heintz, druggists. tf

ST. PATRICK'S PILLS are carefully prepared from the best material and according to the most approved formula, and are the most perfect cathartic and liver pill that can be produced. We sell them. C. E. Pollock & Co. and Dr. Heintz, druggists.

LEGAL NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

The Board of Supervisors, this day in regular session, declared opened the following section lines as a public road viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of Section 28, Town 17, Range 3 West, and running thence east one-half (½) mile, on section line, and terminating at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter (¼), of the said Section 28, and known and designated as the "Sibbernsen Road."

Now all objections thereto or claims for damages caused thereby must be filed in the office of the County Clerk of Platte County, Nebraska, on or before noon, February 7th, A. D., 1893, or the said road may be duly located without further reference thereto.

Dated November 25th, 1892.

G. W. PHILLIPS,
7-Dec-4t County Clerk.

Legal Notice.

To all whom it may concern:

The special commissioner appointed to view and report upon a proposed public road, commencing at the South East corner of the S. W. ¼ of S. W. ¼ of Section 2, Town 17, Range 2 west, and running thence due south about 60 rods to the South East corner of the N. W. ¼ of N. W. ¼ of Section 11, and running thence due east about three-fourths (¾) of a mile, and terminating at a public road running north and south between Sections 11 and 12, Town 17, Range 2 west: (the said proposed road to be known as the "Oconee Road,") has reported favorably thereupon.

Now all objections to the location of the said proposed road, or claims for damages caused thereby, must be filed in the County Clerk's office, at Columbus, Nebraska, on or before noon January 24th, A. D. 1893, or the said location may be made without further reference thereto.

Dated this 23d day of November, 1892.

G. W. PHILLIPS,
County Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

The Board of Supervisors, of Platte County, Nebraska, in regular session this day, declared as opened the following section lines, for public road, viz:

Commencing at the N. E. corner of the N. W. ¼ of Section 4, Town 19, Range 2, West, and running thence west on Section line one-half (½) mile, and terminating at the N. W. corner of said N. W. ¼ of Section 4, Town 19, Range 2, West, and known and designated as the "Air Line Road."

Now all objections thereto, or claims for damages caused thereby must be filed in the County Clerk's office, at Columbus, Nebraska, on or before noon, February 7th, A. D., 1893, or the location may be made without further reference thereto.

Dated this 25th day of November, 1892.

G. W. PHILLIPS,
7-Dec-4t County Clerk.

TRUNKS and VALISES!

JUST RECEIVED!

An immense line of them, and guarantee to save you 20 per cent.

OVERCOATS!

In abundant Styles and Varieties. Men's Overcoats, $3.50. Boys' Overcoats, $2.50.

German Beaver Overcoats, in brown and black, $10.00—everybody asks $12.00 for them.

Men's all-wool Kerseys, in brown, $12.00, worth $15.00.

: WE ALSO CARRY A FULL LINE OF :

MEN'S and BOYS' SUITS!

Our WINTER CAPS cannot be surpassed in Styles and Prices.

UNDERWEAR!

: *ALL SIZES. ALL PRICES.* :

DON'T FORGET

THE ONLY ONE PRICE STORE IN PLATTE COUNTY.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

MAURICE A. MAYER,

THE GLOBE CLOTHIER,

Thirteenth St., Columbus, Nebr.

Holiday Announcement

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Cash - Bargain - Store!

Our Store is loaded with Bargains that you can't afford to pass. REAL, TRUE BARGAINS.

Hundreds of pairs of Sample Gloves—good warm ones, at less than wholesale price.

Good Jersey Shirts for men, 25c. Best Calicoes 6c.

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BLANKETS and STOCKINGS

at about half the usual price. Good Cotton Flannel 5c.

All Best Dress Buttons, 5c doz. Pins and Needles, 1c paper.

A big line of Clothing bought at a forced sale. We sell at less than usual cost.

OUR GROCERIES

are nice and fresh—the best at lowest prices. Best Coffee, 20c pkg. Best Rice, 6c. Smoking Tobacco, 15c lb. bag. Sugar at Omaha prices. Everything by the dozen or quantity at Omaha wholesale cost.

TOYS and HOLIDAY GOODS. We have the biggest lot outside of Omaha, from the penny whistle to Fine Albums. Silk Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Dolls, etc., etc., and at reasonable prices. No fancy-store prices with us. ☞Bring your Produce.☜

ORGANS, PIANOS, SEWING MACHINES for Cash or payments, at Chicago prices.

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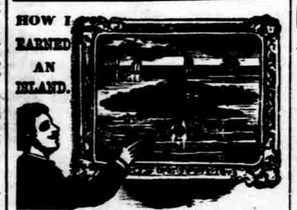

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True & Co., I Shall we instruct and start you, reader? If we do, and if you work industriously, you will in due time be able to buy an island and build a hotel, if you wish to. Money can be earned at our new line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This entirely new land brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment—we teach you FREE. This is an age of marvelous things, and here is another great, useful, wealth-giving wonder. Great gains will reward every industrious worker. Wherever you are, and whatever you are doing, you want to know about this wonderful work at our expense. Delay means much money lost to you. No space to explain here. If you will write to us, we will make all plain to you FREE. Address,

TRUE & Co., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

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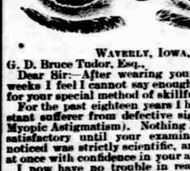

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