

Columbus Journal.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET. For President, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

For Vice President, WHITELEW REID, of New York. For Congressmen Third District, GEORGE D. MEJILEJOHN, of Nance County.

State. For Governor, LORENZO CROUNSE, of Washington. For Lieutenant Governor, TOM MAJORIS, of Nemaha.

For Secretary of State, JOHN C. ALLEN, of Red Willow. For Auditor, EUGENE MOORE, of Madison.

For Treasurer, J. S. BARTLEY, of Holt. For Attorney General, GEORGE H. HASTINGS, of Saline.

For Com' Public Land and Buildings, A. R. HUMPHREY, of Nemaha. For Sup' of Public Instruction, A. K. GOUDY, of Webster.

For County Attorney, HENRY T. SPOERRY, of Nemaha. "If a nation was made of adamant, free trade would grind it to powder." —Napoleon.

Protection makes factories, and factories make cheapness.—Tom Reed. "Ireland today enjoys almost absolute English free-trade. Do you also have a democratic free-trader going to Ireland looking for a job?" —J. F. Scalan.

and we believe it is today and has been for many years the most vital issue in national politics, because, as Gen. Field very properly says, and as every thinking man well knows, "our boasted liberties will soon be valueless unless we secure this protection."

The richest of the rich have no more right to vote than the poorest of the poor. Our Washington correspondent writes concerning the political outlook from that standpoint: "The politicians on all sides have about settled down to the opinion that, as in '84 and '88, the presidential fight is to be settled in New York."

It is no longer considered one of the possibilities that the election of president will be thrown into the house. Every-body here recognizes that it is now a straight fight between the republican and democratic parties and the well-known policies which they respectively represent. That the sweeping off of side issues will be beneficial to the republicans cannot for a moment be doubted by any unprejudiced student of the political situation.

The State-organ of the Democracy makes no secret of its Practical Alliance between the Democrats and the Independents. The World-Herald is striking the keynote of the campaign in this state from the democratic standpoint, in this sentiment: "The next senator from Nebraska must be either a democrat with sufficient independent sentiment to secure the majority of the next legislature, or else the present candidate."

The republican party is opposed to wreckers of business and government; it will have no perns and order. It has to fight to obtain them; it will not rest contented until it is sure that we have a government whose rightful authority is respected at home as well as abroad; respected by the very richest of the rich, as well as by the poorest of the poor.

The following premiums were allowed by the Columbus Driving Park and Fair association at the Nebraska State Fair: 1st, Best stallion over 4 years, \$250; 2d, Thomas, stallion over 4 under 4 years, \$100.

1st, Best cow, 3 yrs and over, \$200; 2d, H. H. Henry, 3 yrs and over, \$100. 1st, Best bull, 3 yrs and over, \$200; 2d, Geo. Willard, sucking calf, \$100.

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CLASS V. LOT 1-GRAIN. J. W. Wardman, best 1/2 bu yellow corn, \$1.00; H. H. Henry, best 1/2 bu yellow corn, \$1.00.

CLASS VI. LOT 11-VEGETABLES. M. A. Caldwell, best washing machine, \$1.00; E. S. Schwartz, best display table, \$1.00.

CLASS VII. LOT 1-LITTER AND FEED. W. F. Hadd, best 5 lbs butter, \$1.00; Mrs. H. H. Henry, best 5 lbs butter, \$1.00.

CLASS VIII. LOT 1-CANINE FRUIT. Mrs. F. H. Fisher, best sample raspberry jelly, \$1.00; Mrs. H. H. Henry, best sample raspberry jelly, \$1.00.

CLASS IX. LOT 1-CANINE FRUIT. Mrs. F. H. Fisher, best sample raspberry jelly, \$1.00; Mrs. H. H. Henry, best sample raspberry jelly, \$1.00.

CLASS X. LOT 1-DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE. Mrs. W. H. Alvin, best piece of fabric, \$1.00; Mrs. P. Cunningham, best piece of fabric, \$1.00.

CLASS XI. LOT 1-ARTS. Mrs. W. H. Alvin, best piece of fabric, \$1.00; Mrs. P. Cunningham, best piece of fabric, \$1.00.

CLASS XII. LOT 1-SHEEP. Wm. Meys, pen of ewe, \$2.00; Wm. Meys, pen of ewe, \$2.00.

CLASS XIII. LOT 1-CHILDREN UNDER 13 YEARS. Florence Whitmore, best specimen writing, \$1.00; Mattie Post, best spec. patch work, \$1.00.

WAIL OF JOHN BULL.

AMERICAN PROTECTION DRIVING HIM OUT OF BUSINESS. The Recent Speech of Lord Salisbury Throws Light on Democratic Darkening—Blaine's Reciprocity the Thing—The Party of Progress Victorious.

Senator Mills and those other free trade democrats whose ideas of reciprocity is to throw open the markets of the United States to the manufactured products of Great Britain, and who believe that the revenue system of that country ought to be adopted here, should read and meditate on the following address of Lord Salisbury, a meeting of English workmen which were printed recently.

Despite the prophecies of the free trade advocates foreign nations are adopting protection. They are trying to get us to give up our tariff, and this of things appears to grow worse. We live in an age of war tariffs. Another important point is that while nations are negotiating to obtain each other's commodities, they are anxious on the favor of Great Britain, because Great Britain has stripped herself of the armor and weapons with which the battle is to be fought.

The Democratic free-traders are anxious that this country should strip itself of the armor and weapons with which the battles of commerce are to be fought. They propose that it should let in free the manufactures of France and Germany, for instance, without exacting concessions from those countries for American products, and leave the entire matter to the selfishness of those foreign nations.

The policy of the United States in protecting its industries is so intensely distasteful to England, which has found so profitable a market in this country, and the Englishmen would like to hit back if they could. But what can they do about it? Lord Salisbury looks on the position of the United States as invulnerable. He says: "We complain most of the United States, and it so happens that the United States maintains and furnishes us with articles which are essential to our manufactures. We cannot exclude either without serious injury to ourselves. I am not prepared in order to punish other countries to inflict dangerous wounds on ourselves. We must confine ourselves to those matters wherein we feel that our duties are not whether importation continues or diminishes."

England must have the provisions and breadstuffs of the United States to feed her people and enable them to devote themselves to manufacturing. She must have cotton, wool, and mutton cloth. During the last fiscal year she took four hundred and fifty million dollars worth of American products. Cotton, meats and cereals amounted to over three hundred and fifteen millions. No other country could furnish what England needed, and it was necessary to purchase from the United States. England cannot retaliate. She has stripped herself of her armor and weapons. She is trying to carry on a commerce war on Quakerish principles, and finds that other nations will not follow her example. She has nothing left to trade with and is just where Messrs. Mills and Cleveland with the United States to be. If England had could say to the United States: "If you will lower the duties on our iron and steel products and textiles we will let in your provisions and breadstuffs free, removing the onerous duties we now impose upon them which keep them out," the farmers of this country would demand a reduction of duties on foreign manufactured goods. But this is not in the power of England to make such an offer. She can make faces, and mumble threats, like Gaius Pope and Pagan, but it is impotent to do any thing. The United States will clinch on her and will continue to have it unless free-trade democrats get control of the government and pass a law to emancipate England by doing away with the protection of American industries.

Since Lord Salisbury sees that his countrymen can do nothing to injure the United States, he proposes that they vent their wrath on some smaller fellow, who cannot defend himself as well as the lion. He says: "I am bound to tell you that I think the free traders have gone too far. They must put duties on the silks, laces, gloves, and wines of France and Germany and other high tariff countries of Europe, and thus place themselves in a position where they will be able to reciprocate with those countries by making mutual concessions. Probably this is the best that can be done, for England cannot afford to levy duties on food or raw materials."

Lord Salisbury's address is one of the highest compliments Mr. Blaine ever received. The great English party leader, Mr. Blaine's antagonist in the Berlin sea controversy, has taken the commercial policy which the latter devised and pressed on the American Congress, and has commended it to the attention of Englishmen. That policy of reciprocity or retaliation which the Committee on Ways and Means snuffed out, and which the Democrats affected to denounce, meets with the approval of this far-famed Prime Minister. Will the Democrats please take notice? FIGURING ON THE RESULT.

The Very Best in the Market.

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The following named States are surely Republican: New York, 38; New Jersey, 14; Indiana, 14; Michigan, 14; Ohio, 14; Missouri, 14; West Virginia, 6.

The following named States are certainly Democratic: Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 8; Delaware, 3; Florida, 3; Georgia, 13; Kentucky, 12; Louisiana, 12; Maryland, 13; Mississippi, 17; Missouri, 17; North Carolina, 11; South Carolina, 11; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 15; Virginia, 12.

The total number of electoral votes to be cast for President is 44. The number necessary to a choice is 232. Of this number the Republicans certainly have 30; the Democrats 153. Of the ninety uncertain votes the Republicans only require 22. The Democrats require 68.

This year Michigan will choose electors on the congressional ticket. As seven of the districts are surely Republican, that raises the number of Republican electors to 208. To beat this the Democrats would have to carry New York (20), New Jersey (10), and Indiana (15), which would bring the number up to 214 or within 9 of the number necessary to a choice.

West Virginia (6) and Montana (3) or Connecticut (6) to the most approved electors of the party a victory. The Democrats would seem to have a hopeless case. On the other hand the Republicans will concentrate their efforts and super-organization in all the uncertain States. If they carry New York they have the Presidency even with the votes of Iowa or Wisconsin to spare. If they carry Indiana, New Jersey, and Connecticut, or West Virginia or Montana, they can win without New York.

TALMAGE was visited by a gang of professional burglars last week, judging from their work. The Talmage elevator was blown away by a giant powder and the combination torn out. Some papers of value were taken but they were found again close by. About \$5 in pennies were taken from the pocket of the pastor's son, as he sat in the city's saloon. This is the second robbery in a very short time, and the citizens are thoroughly aroused.

ENGLISH SPAIN Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and bubbles from corners, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Sitters, Buns, Bunions, Sprains, Sores and Swollen Throats. Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful medicine ever known. Sold by C. B. Stillman, druggist.

St. PATRICK'S PILLS are carefully prepared from the best material and contain the most powerful cathartic and are the most perfect cathartic ever livill pill that can be produced. We sell them. C. E. Pollock & Co. and Dr. Heintz, druggists.

C. E. Harrington & Co., HARD AND SOFT COAL. THE VERY BEST IN THE MARKET.

GRIFFEN & GRAY. Are the new dealers in BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps, Gents' - Furnishing - Goods.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE. A good shoe is one that will give you the most wear for the least money. Buy a W. L. Douglas shoe.

GREISEN BROS. & CO. Are now moving their old building to temporary quarters in the street west of the erection of their new building, 24x100 ft., two stories high and of brick, on the site of the old one. Until the

LEGAL NOTICE. The board of supervisors in regular session September 22, A. D. 1892, declared the following section line opened as a public road, viz: Commencing at the southeast corner of section 2, town 19, range 2 west, and running thence due east on section lines four and one-half (4 1/2) miles, and then connecting with the Looking Glass and Missouri Rivers, thence eastward the line of said east connecting road one-half (1/2) mile to the southeast corner of section 11, town 19, range 2 west, and thence east on section line two, town 19, range 2 west, and thence east on the southeast corner of section 12, town 19, range 2 west, and designated as the "Glass Road."

LEGAL NOTICE. The board of supervisors in regular session September 20, A. D. 1892, declared the following section line opened as a public road, viz: Commencing at the northeast corner of section 2, town 19, range 2 west, and running thence south on section line three (3) miles, and terminating at the northeast corner of section 10, town 19, range 2 west, and designated as the "Glass Road."

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GRIFFEN & GRAY. BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps, Gents' - Furnishing - Goods.

READY FOR BUSINESS. With full confidence of being able to suit every purchaser, a very cordial invitation is extended to the public to give us a call.

THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS IS THE GRAY: Block: Thirtieth: Street.

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Patents. Single-Comb, Barred Plymouth: Rock. Single-Comb, White Leghorn. PLYMOUTH PATENTED. Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. JAPANESE PILE CURE. FREE TRIAL PACKAGE PROF. HARRIS' PASTILLES FOR THE CURE OF WEAK MEN.