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EAST, WEST

NORTH and SOUTH

-AT-

U. P. Depot, Columbus.

HENRY GASS. UNDERTAKER!



.23?AD DILLATAN ANA 2007305

FRESH NEWS OF THE DAY

Information Gleaned From Ab Quarters of the Universe.

CAUSED A SENSATION.

A PRETTY CIRL MARRIES

NEGRO. he forms To Love Him Well Encur

An Epoch-Making Event-The News HAVERHILL, Mass., April 10.-Evan-

the Mission tabernacle, has created a

great sensation here by bringing home a

handsome young white woman as his wife. They were married in New York by the Rev. Mr. Berwell. She was Miss Abbott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abbott, of Putman, Conn., and is evidently in love with her husband. She presided at the organ at the meeting last evening and the large audience saw before them a slight built and handsome woman, 25 years old. She had a pretty face, sparkling eyes and an abundance of light curly hair. She wore a becoming tailor-made black gown and a sealskin sacque. On her head was a bewitching specimen of the milliner's art. She played with much expression and sang sweetly several solos. After the service she met her husband's par-ishoners and greeted them kindly. Mr. Roberts is a tall, handsome colored man, who claims to be part Spanish and part negro. He came to this city several months ago, and at first was an active worker in the Grace Methodist church. He preached the holiness doctrine, and so strongly did he advocate it that the society decided that it would not be pollcy to let him continue. He afterwards opened a tabernacle on Pleasant street, and there preached the holiness doc-

AN EPOCH-MAKING EVENT.

trine to large congregations.

to Se Diplomaed To-Night. New York, April 10.—There will be what the Germans would call an epochmaking event at the music hall, at Seventh avenue and Seventy-first street, this evening. Thirteen women, who who have been studying law as a regular class attached to the university of the city of New York, will hold graduating exercises, and will receive certificates from Vice Chancellor McCracken, of the iniversity. This means that for the first time a class of women has studied law in a university. When last summer the Woman's League Educational society was organized and tried to get some college or university in this city to take up a woman's law class, it had a hard time. The colleges and univerities looked coldly upon such an innovation. But at last Dr. McCracken was interested in the scheme, and the University of New York took the responsibility of the class, and announced it a regular part of the university. The course which these women have taken has covered the entire elementary ground work. of law, and has also gone into many of the higher branches. Late Thursday afternoon the examinations were held. The examining committee was Noah

Davis, Vice-Chancellor McCracken and Mr. Rudolph Dulon. The class was questioned with great closeness, the exmination being as rigid as that through which the ordinary candidate for admission to the bar is put. When it was fin-ished, and the twelve who had presented themselves were passed, ex-Judge Davis made a long speech. Among other

things he said: I have examined many young men for ad-mission to the bar, and I must say that i have never seen anyting like the intelli-gence and knowledge of the law which this

A FAMILY DISPUTE.

The Twin Dakotas in the Courts on a Tech-ni- al Point. BISMARCK, N. D., April 10 .- A case that will be of interest to the people of North Dakota will come up in the dis-trict court here on Saturday. Several hail insurance companies were organized under territorial laws, but they all went out of business except the ones located in South Dakota. It was a question last year whether they still had a right to do business in the state under the old law, but as the transfer of all affairs of both the new states from territoria! govern-ment to that of statehood gave a good reason to allow these com-panies to take a year to clean up their business of the past, and then reincorporate under the state law

the insurance commissioner felt justified n allowing them to continue the year out. The companies still doing business are the Dakota Hail and the Alliance Hail, both located in South Dakota. The insurance commissioner of North Dakota issued a license this year to the Dakota Hail, but under the decision of the attorney-general he revoked it, and now this company asks for a mandamus to compel the commissioner to reissue the license and thereby permit it to con-tinue business. The decision in this case will be an important one, for if the company should gain it any mutual hail insurance company, whether incorporated in this state or not, can come into the state and do business.

BALES IS LYNCHED.

KENTON, O., April 10 .- A mob of about 100 men hung Wm. Bales this morning.
The men assembled at about 1 o'clock this morning at the side door of the county jail, battered it in and about seventy-five men entered. The jailer was overpowered and Bates was taken cross the road, a rope was put around his neck and thrown over a tree and Bales was pulled from his feet and left hanging. He begged pitcously, but the men were resolute. The mob was or-derly and did no further damage. Bales and two accomplices, on the night of March 31, murdered Edward Harper, a policeman who was attempting to arrest Bales. His accomplices, Lake and Noel, were not molested. Bales was not

red strong mentally. CHICAGO, April 10.—The creditors of the Kean bank will probably be paid a 20 per cent. dividend May 15 next, so Attorney Baldwin announced in the \$4.3004.95; mixed. \$4.7565.00; heavy, \$4.90 county court yesterday, at the same time filing a notice to all claimints to bring their claims to an issue before the first of the month. Several alleged claims were dismissed for want of prosecution.

Gen. (ervoley Bes Bed Kno GALVESTON, Tex., April 10.—Gen. Greeley, chief of the United States signal service, was in this city last night. He is on a brief tour of inspection of sig-He is on a brief tour of inspection of sig-nal stations. Gen. Greeley says that he is not a candidate for reappointment, and will not make application to the presi-dent for the office in June, when the service is transferred to the agricultural

Anna Left for Gooken. New Youx, April 10.—Anna Dickin-son left this city this forences for Goshon, N. Y., where she will undergo

ENLARGED THE PARK NO SETTLEMENT REACHED.

PITTSBURG, April 10.—The inter-state to an inharmonious end suddenly last evening. After a fierce battle of words and opinions further talk was declared profitless and adjournment made sine die. This action means practically that the inter-state agreement has been abolished and the amicable and harmonious relations that have existed between the broken off and may not be resumed. It also means that 85,000 mine workers in the Ohio and Pennsylvania regions will quit work the 1st of May, affecting 500, 000 persons directly and hundreds of thousands indirectly. As the mine of the general government a large section of the general government of the Yellowstone National park. There thousands indirectly. As the mine workers of the country will also demand gelist C. F. Roberts, colored preacher at

> Labor, are back of the men and their money will be at their disposal. W. P. Rend, of Chicago, was the only one of the operators tavoring the eight-hour day. The others said in substance that they could not stand it; that the cost of production would be increased by it, etc. After the adjournment of the conference the miners held a meeting and decided to demand an advance on May I equivalent to 10 cents per ton on the basis of the eight-hour day, failing in which a strike will follow.

after May I now seems almost impossi-

ble. The two great organizations, the

Knights of Labor and the Federation of

TWO TOWNS WERE IN IT.

rious Riot.

five men were fighting with stones, clubs, wrenches and everything that could be found. The police came to the rescue of the firemen and reinforcements arrived from Edwardsville. Business men along Main street then came to the assistance of the policemen and firemen. After an hour's fight Edwardsville was put to rout, no less than twenty men having been badly injured on each side. Broken heads, noses and limbs kept the and it is thought two or three will die.

ONLY THE ENGLISH.

New York, April 10.—To-day the New York World published a cablegram from Rio Janeiro to the effect that the reciprocity treaty is not likely to be ratified. that Brazil's mercantile community strongly opposes the scheme, and that the treaty will be rejected. This cable-gram in no way reflects the sentiments of Brazilian merchants. Mr. Charles R.

Flint, of Flint & Co., said to-day: There is no organized opposition to the reciprocity treaty. On the contrary, there is a strong feeling in favor of it. The owners of the flour mills in Rio de Janeiro—the mills are owned principally by the English—are opposed to the free admission of flour. In no other quarter are objections made. Now that the conditions are under-tood the treaty is looked upon favorably and hopefully. The merchants of Brazil want it, and recognize the fact that it will quadruple the South American trade.

A Poculiar Case of Mistaken Identity. St. Joseph, Mo., April 10.—Yester-day Mrs. Fannie Kendall caused the arrest of F. M. Atkinson, claiming that he was her husband, who had deserted her in November last, and that the name Atkinson was assumed. Atkinson, when arrested, was living with his wife, whom he married three years ago. Mrs. Ken-dal, however, positively identified him as her husband, but said that her husband wore no beard at the time he left her. To-day the officers caused the man' beard to be removed, whereupon Mrs. Kendall discovered that she had been mistaken. Atkinson was released from jail, and Mrs. Kendall was taken with a fit of hysteria, which threatens serious

Pallures in Ten Years. WASHINGTON, April 10.—The census office has issued a bulletin giving the number of failures and the extent of the liabilities arising therefrom in the United States and in the New England states for the ten years ended in 1889. The total of failures in the United States is 28,843, with a total of liabilities of \$1,-337,165,225. The New England failures in the same period were 10,899, and liabilities \$182,458,925.

The Value of Ostri-hes. ANAHRIM, Cal., April 10.-One hundred and sixty-two ostriches at the Caliat private sale this afternoon for \$6,000. The birds were assessed at \$11,000, and are claimed to be worth \$30,000. The buyers are a local company of capitalists and speculators.

To Cover the Nother Limb, St. PAUL, April 10.—The McHale bill. which prohibits the wearing of tights on the stage in this state and compelling the use of at least a short skirt, has passed the senate.

THE MARKETS.

Sioux City Live Stock. Union Stock Yards, Stock City. April 10.—Hogs—Estimated receipts, 1,000. Yesterday's prices were good again to-day, the only difference being that the hogs were of a little better quality. Buyers were more willing to pay right up close than they were yesterday, and the eight loads of fresh stuff was in second hands by ncon. A few weak efforts at builling the market were attempted by holders in the afternoon, but the buyers were firm in their determination not to deviate from yesterday's figures, and the market closed steady on medium, heavy Cattle-Estimated receipts, 300. The scarcity of desirable stuff made the market dult to-day. The pens were lare of any-thing in the stock cattle line, and but little butcher stuff arrived. There was a heavy demand for slaughter cows, and in each sale of the better grade the market showed an advance of a dime. The stock cattle trade

Cattle—Estimated receipts, 1,000. Official yesterday, 1,047. Shipments, 540. Best cattle steady to strong: others steady.

amounted to but a circumstance, as there wasn't half a car load in the entire yards.

Quality common.

New York Produce. New York, April 10.—Wheat—Weak;
May, \$1.13\(\partial 1.14\)\(; July, \$1.09\(\partial 0.10\)\(\cap 0.10\)\(\ca

Curcaso. April 16.—Cattle receipts, 6,000.

Market higher: steers, good to extra. \$5.00

Market higher: steers, good to extra. \$5.00

Market higher: steers, good to extra. \$5.00

Market closed lower: rough and common. \$4.50\$ i.70: pickers, \$6.100\$ i.50: prickers, \$6.100\$ i.50: prickers, \$6.100\$ i.50: prickers, \$6.100\$ i.70: pickers, \$6.100\$ i.50: prickers, \$6.100\$ i.70: pickers, \$6.100\$ iii. pickers, \$6

PRES. HARRISON ADDS TERRI-TORY TO YELLOWSTONE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.-Pres

deat Harrison has done something by executive proclamation that was made March 3 a long bill repealing the timber-cutting act and Sec. 24 authorized the president to set aside in states or terri-tories having public land bearing timber tracts of lands as reserved, and within an eight-hour day, continuation of work the reserved limits no settlers are to be allowed to come to build or to cut timber. The friends of the extension of the Yellowstone park, having read this bill and finding that it offered a way to preserve the valuable forest at the head-waters of the Wind river and the Snake river beyond the present east and south boundaries of the park in Wyoming, concluded to direct the attention of the authorities to the power offered to them. Prof. Arnold Hague, of the geological survey, laid the matter before Secretary Noble, with maps and other information, and Mr. Noble readily agreed to his suggestion that the president be asked to proclaim the desired extension. This the president has done. This proclamation adds to the east side of the park a strip WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 10.—A serious riot occurred at Kingston, across the river, yesterday afternoon. The local fire brigade was extinguishing a fire when Mitchell Duffey, of Edwardsville, forced his way inside the lines. The firemen turned the hose on him. where firemen turned the hose on him, where- the powers of Capt. Anderson, who has upon a number of Edwardsville men command of the military police in the took a hand, and in a short time twenty-.ion, the forest will be protected from the woodchopper as well as the hunter, and if the water supply is maintained by protecting the forests the great rivers rising in the reserved section will be kept in almost their present condition and remain conservers of the water started in the mountains.

A Few Loss Chinese in California. Superintendent Porter has made pub-Broken heads, noses and limbs kept the doctors of both towns busy for hours, of the state of California. The object of this special count is to separate the Chinese and Indians from the rest of the population, as required by the laws of that state, for purposes of state apportionment. The following table shows the population of the entire state by

> Colored...... red...... 11.437 Japanese .....

This shows that the Chinese pop-ulation has decreased but little in conse-quence of the prohibitory laws of con-gress passed several years ago. Stil they have dropped down some.

Workings of the Lettery Law. WASHINGTON, April 7 .- "The lottery law," said Judge Tyner, of the postoffice department, "is now working smoothly. There is a slight falling off in the letters of inquiry concerning the law, and I take it the people have come to understand it thoroughly. There are more or less prosecutions arising under the law all the time. In a number of cases the parties charged with violation of the law are allowed to plead guilty and I suppose the courts impose nominal sen-tences. There is a certain class of peo-ple who violate the law without any inthat class of people are not pushed. I have no knowledge of the extent the lottery people have been hurt, but I should say the lottery business has fallen off one-half. The lottery company uses the express companies to a large extent that I was a large extent to a large extent the lottery to be a citizen of our beloved commonwealth, and that I may, with my fellow citizens in private life, continue to strive for the maintenance of those principles of liberty. express companies to a large extent, but I suppose a great many letters are transnitted through the mails without being

"Are not the express companies liable under the law for handling lottery busi-

"That's the question, I suppose it will be raised sooner or later, but the depart-ment will be in no hurry about it. There are three or four express compasies that a case might be made against under the section of carrying mail, but it will be only a question si

THEY SUICIDED.

Without Apparent Cause. SANTA FE, N. M., April 7.-The de SANTA FE, N. M., April 7.—The details of the Sunday tragedy at White Oaks, New Mexico, only reached here to-day, the affair being a double suicide in which two handsome young women, formerly of Liberty, were the acters. Some two years ago Miss Portia Hill came from Liberty to serve as governess to the fortile of Mrs. Fills. in the family of Mrs. Ells. At the end of a year she married Mr. Howard Doyle, of a year she married Mr. Howard Doyle, a brother of Mrs. Ells, and a prominent ranchman. On their bridal tour they met an old friend of the bride, Miss Jessie Ridgely, who replaced Mrs. Doyle as governess in the Ells home. Last Sunday Mrs. Doyle came on to visit Miss Ridgely and the two were seen in a long convention of the state of the sta in a long conversation at various times of the day and seemed to be avoiding the other members of the family. In the afternoon they went for a walk, and in were discovered an hour later. Over each heart there was a bullet hole. They were clasped in each other's arms, and between them was a revolver. No reason is known for the deed.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

PLATTSVILLE, Col., April 7 .- A sad accident occurred here last night, re-sulting in the death of Myrtle and Lotsulting in the death of Myrtle and Lot-tie Lumry, aged 6 and 4 years, respect-ively. Both children were starting a fire in the kitchen stove, and were using coal oil. The oil exploded, setting fire to both. They were so badly burned that death resulted in a short time. The baby, 10 months old, was rescued by Myrtle, who snatched it from the floor while she herself was burning, and placed it between the feather bed and straw tick, smothering the flames and saving the life of the infant.

Getting Ugly at Ashland ASHLAND, Wis., April 7.—A riot broke

BARNUM IS DEAD.

Old Showman's Vitality Literall

Kan Down-A Brief Blography. BRIDGEFORT, Conn., April 8.—The great showman, P. T. Barnum, died at 6:22 o'clock last evening in the presence of his grief-stricken family. During the period of Barnum's invalidism and con-finement to the house, which began twenty-one weeks ago last Friday, there have been frequent fluctuations in his condition, from each of which he rallied, although in each instance with slightly owered vitality. The change for the worse, which occurred last night, how-ever, was so pronounced that it con-vinced the physicians that the patient had not many m're hours to live. When the end finally came it was peaceful and to all appearances painless. The physicians say Barnum had no organic disease whatever, the enfeebled heart action, which had been apparent for the past three months, being due to a gradual failure of his general vital powers, re-sulting from old age. In a general way Barnum prescribed the directions for his funeral. He wished it to be of a private character and unostentations.

Phineas Taylor Barnum was born in Bethel, Conn., July 5, 1810. His father was an inn keeper and country merchant who died in 1825, leaving no property, and from the age of 13 to 18 the son was in business in various places, part of the time in Brooklyn and New York city. His early business ventures were unsuccessful. After his marriage in 1829 he established a weekly paper called the Herald of Freedom, and for the free expression of his opinions he was imprisoned sixty days for libel. In 1834 he removed to New York, and on a visit to Philadelphia saw on exhibition a slave woman advertised as the nurse of George nington, 161 years old. Her owner exhibited an ancient-looking, time-colored bill of sale dated 1727. Mr. Barnum bought her for \$1,000, advertised her extensively, and his receipts soon reached \$1,500 a week. Within a year the woman, Joyce Heth, died. Having thus acquired a taste for the show through the south with small shows, mostly unsuccessful. In 1841, although without a dollar of his own, named it Barnum's museum, and by adding novel curiosities and advertising freely. he was able to pay for it the first year, and in 1848 he added to it two other extensive collections, besides several minor ones. In 1842 he first heard of Charles S. Stratton, of

Bridgeport, Conn., then less than two feet high and weighing only sixteen pounds, who soon became known to the world as Gen. Tom. Thumb. In 1849 he engaged Jenny Lind to sing in America and made great profit on her engagement. In 1855 he re-tired to an oriental villa in Bridgeport and devoted himself to building up the city by the expenditure of large sums of money. In charge of his old New York museum. July 13, 1865, it was burned. Another which he built was also burned. In 1871 he established his great traveling museum and rich. Mr. Barnum was four times a mem-ber of the Connecticut legislature, and

EDMUNDS STEPS DOWN.

mayor of Bridgeport.

WASHINGTON, April 8 .- Senator Geo. F. Edmunds, of Vermont, who has been in the senate of the United States since April, 1866, and nearly, if not quite all, of that time has been one of the repub lican leaders, has resigned, to take effect the 1st of November next. In his letter to the governor he says: In thus terminating my official relation

in thus terminating my omeiai relations with the state. I beg to express to her steadfast, intelligent and patriotic citizens my profound gratitude for the long and unwavering confidence and support they have given me, covering a period of a quarter of a century, in my efforts to promote and defend, so far as I have been able, their honor

to strive for the maintenance of those prin-ciples of liberty, equality and justice in the government which have, without a shadow of turning, animated them from the foun The senator also sent a letter of notification to Vice-President Morton. It Surprised the Vermonters-A Suc St. Albans, Vt., April 8.—The resig-

nation of Senator Edmunds was unexpected in Vermont and was a surprise to his constituents. The appointment of his successor devolves on Gov. Page, as the legislature is not in session. The candidates are Secretary of War Proctor, Congressman Powers and ex-Gov. Smith. His Views on the Alliance in Politics. Senator Edmunds, discussing the present political situation, is quoted as say-

I think it is in one sense of extraordinary importance, as applied to one aspect of affairs—namely: the Farmers' alliance subject. It is in its present form a new exnatural one. Some people are trying to persaude the farmers of the country, who always have been and always will be the most useful and important fraction of the most useful and important fraction of the community, that laws have been made which would or should furnish them a more rapid and steady prosperity. In both those cases, I think, they are in a large degree mistaken, and in due time they will dis-

I don't think there is any danger to the I don't think there is any danger to the democratic party, for in the next presidential election, if the Farmers' alliance should carry many states without having a majority of the whole electoral college, the simple result would be that there would be no election by the people, and the present house of representatives, having a large democratic majority of states as well as members, would elect the democratic candidate in a constitutional and regular way. didate in a constitutional and regular way, although he may have carried the smallest number of states. As to the danger of the epublican party, it is that the Farmers republican party, it is that the Farmers alliance may carry in the next presidential election some states that would otherwise vote for the republican candidate, and thus give the election to the democratic candidate by the house of representatives. I don't think silver will be an issue between the republican and democratic parties in the next election, for I think that the democratic party will hardly wish to make smocratic party will hardly wish to make the silver question an issue to the extent of running any considerable risk of separating gold and silver as the coin money of the country, and certainly the great body of the republican party will not.

NAMED IN HIS WILL.

Bogus Baron. DETROIT, Mich., April 8 .- The baron ferman Huer, who recently disappeared operated here quite recently. He posed Essess Farmers Lifting Their Merigages. His method was quite novel. One day he sent for Judge Dewey and reout at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in quested him to draw up a will, the line at the land office. The officials as he was about to submit to an opera-

**NEW NEBRASKA LAWS** 

BILLS THAT RAN THE LEGISLA-TION GAUNTLET,

and Became Laws by Receiving Executive Approval—They Comprise Twinty-Five Mouse Rolls and Nine Seaste Files me of the Bills That Palled. The following bills passed both houses of the legislature and have been signed by Governor Boyd:

No. 75, appropriating \$75,000 for the payment of officers and members of the legisla-No. 79, appropriating \$100,000 for the relief of the drouth sufferers. No. 217 by Kruse, for the payment of the

ncidental expenses of the legislature. No. 233 by Dobson, establishing a girl's in-instrial school for juvenile delinquents at bounty on beet sugar.
No. 141 by Porter, promoting independence of voters at elections (the Australian ballot law).

ballot law).

No. 81 by Howe, issuing bonds for the purpose of aiding the drouth sufferers.

No. 16 by McKesson, appropriating matriculation and diploma fees to the support of the library of the university.

No. 17 by McKesson, assenting to congressional grants of land sales for the support of the agricultural college of the university. 271, by Fee, organizing Boyd

No. 52, by Gerdes, authorizing the organieation of mutual insurance companies. No. 284, by Oakley, authorizing counties to issue warrants on the general fund, in excess of the amount authorized by law, and not to exceed 10 per cent. of the grand

assessment.

No. 206, by Roban, providing for the Nebraska exhibit at Chicago and appropriating \$50,000 therefor.

No. 83, by Gillilan, apportioning the state into judicial districts.

No. 260, by Stebbins, enabling non-residents whose parents or guardians pay not less than \$30 annually of school to year.

less than \$30 annually of school taxes to at-tend the university.

No. 115, by Brennan, protecting labor or-ganizations in their trade marks and labels. No. 68, appropriating \$3,200 for the relief of Mariette Norin.

of Mariette Norin.

No. 298, by Faxon, appropriating \$2,000 for the relief of Levana Turner.

No. 125, by Taylor, appropriating \$3,500 for the relief of George W. Davis.

No. 103, by Moan, compelling railroads to name their stations the same as the village or city in which they are located.

No. 403, by Stebbins, authorizing the state treasurer to pay warrants from any funda in his possession when the fund upon which the warrant is drawn has been exhausted.

No. 22, by Soderman, requiring county clerks to enter all fees in the fee book.

No. 58, amending the constitution to allo the governor to appoint the members of th state railway commission.

No. 517, by Nicols, appropriating \$25,000

state railway commission.

No. 517, by Nicols, appropriating \$25,000

No. 517, by Nicols, appropriating \$25,000

the legislature.

No. 134, by Oakley, prohibiting the harboring of girls under 18 years and boys under 21 years of age in houses of ill-fame. No. 106, by Moore, conveying to John Dee certain lands in Lancaster county on pay-ment therefor. No. 210, by Randall, authorizing county

poards to use the surplus general fund to surchase food and seed for drouth stricken No. 20, by Dysart, to enable associations to incorporate for the purpose of acquiring and holding title to real estate.

No. 43, by Keiper, providing that the insane shall be supported at the expense of No. 116 by Brown, establishin a state

board of health.

No. 17 by Randall, enabling the lessees of educational lands to apply to their county cammissioners and supervisors to have their holdings appraised for sale.

No. 12 by Beck, allowing commissioners to levy a tax not exceeding 1 mill on the \$1 of the assessed valuation of the county for

the purpose of digging ditches.

No. 217, providing for the government, regulation and winding up of building as-No. 23 by Moore, limiting county treasurer fees as follows: For amounts collected under \$3,000. 10 per cent.; between \$2,000 and 25,000, 2 per cent., with mileage at 10 cents per mile in going to and returning from the seat of government to settle with

the state treasurer. Sile That Palled. The most noted measure that came before the legislature during its session, and the one which consumed the most time of any one bill before either house. was the Newberry maximum rate bill, which, after passing both houses, was vetoed by Gov. Boyd, passed over his veto in the house, but failed to receive a

ufficient vote in the senate to become The legislature also adjourned without agreeing upon the congressional apportionment bill.

LEFT WORK UNDONE.

LINCOLN, April 6.—Governor Boyd has stated that he would probably call an extra session of the legislature within the next thirty days to pass a representative and senatorial appropriation bill.

The Oison measure on this subject, which passed the house, was unsatisfactory to the senators of all parties, and was accordingly killed on the last day. In the proposed session there will be half a dozen bills on the subject.
Among these will be one by Senator Stevens, who groups thirty-six counties

| Toreclosing mortgages to the amount of \$2,600,000 on the property of the St. Louis Ore and Steel company. These are 6 per cent. bonds, \$1,000,000 on the Pilot Knob mine, \$1,000,000 in the Vuln the western and northwestern part of the state into one congressional district.
The congressman from that district is
to be a man who must make a specialty
of irrigation and the need of it in that

section of the country.
Senator Collins will also introduce a bill which will so divide the state as to give each district an average population of 173,000. He claims that the counties are contiguous as required by law, and that the railroads run through the middle of each district.

Some people here doubt the legality of the call for a special session on the ground that the constitution requires at its zenith, it yielded 200,000 tons. In the appointment to be made at the first regular session of the legislature after enumeration. The best informed peo-ple, however, hold that the courts would sustain a special session, especially as the legislature made an attempt to comply with the law before adjournment.

State Brevities ELIZABETH CASPER, of York, has been

allowed \$550 for caring for her father and mother for a period of twenty-six years. She sued for \$2,264. THE 8-year-old son of Samuel Polowsky, of Lincoln, attempted to from Detroit, has evidently been resur-rected in the person of Baron Kirk Beckley, at Springfield, O. Baron Huer wheel breaking one.

out at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the line at the land office. The officials ent for Mayor Milmarth, who got up out of a sick bed and made a speech. He said as they had gone in line under an injunction served upon him he would not interfere. The crowd is very ugly and blood thirsty. Threats are heard on overy hand.

A Buther Freely Mill.

Scorgary Falls, Wash., April 7.—
George Webber, of St. Paul, and Young Dempary, of California, light weights.

George Webber, of St. Paul, and Young Dempary. If then came to sign the will the bare the time came to sign the most proved money from all those named in lettle club here, last sight, for a purse of growth most freely man.

The Bow York sena o has passed a light of the base has been in both his hands having been been and not compared to the seventeenth rough Dempany threw up the fight, the base in both his hands having been been and the content of the seventeenth rough Dempany threw up the fight, the base heads to be a subject of the content of th year ending April 1 there were released in the office of the register of deeds of

DUNN'S REPORT.

It Is Not Very Favorable for the Past NEW YORK, April 4 .- R. G. Dunn & Co's, weekly review of trade says: The actuale ondition of business not improve, the anticipations warranted. The interests of property in many forms are for the time affected and meanwhile the usual demand for money in April has made the markets

closer, though relaxation is expected. Nearly all the interior money markets are quiet and comparatively easy. Omaha and Cincinnati note a little closeness and there is a good demand at Chicago and Cleveland. The collections are quite generally slow and unsatisfactory, improvement being noted hardly anywhere, but the state of the roads is usually recognized as a prominent The failures for the first quarter of

1891 have been 3,548, against 3,223 last year, and the liabilities have been \$42,-167,631, against \$37,852,968 last year in the United States, but more than the entire increase both in number and liabilities appears in the southern states alone. The eastern and middle states report fewer failures and smaller liabilities than last year, but the western states report nearly as much increase. In Canada the number has been 575, against 635 last year, but the liabilities were \$6,068,234, against \$5,529,349 last year.

Trade at Boston has been quiet. The novement of men's woolens is unsatisfactory. Philadelphia notes slow collections in most lines. Pittsburg notes no important change, and Cleveland only fair trade, with Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and Kansas City in the same condition. At Peoria the local trade is below last year's and collections are very dull, but makers and Jobbers of implements note excellent prospects with sales exceeding last year's and fair prospects.

Chicago observes an increase over last year in the receipts of grain and cheese and 50 per cent in wool; no change in cured meats and hides, and decrease in flour, lard, butter, and 50 per cent in dressed beef. Merchandise moved more slowly than a few weeks ago on account

Memphis finds trade not yet near the normal, but at Atlanta it is improving and at New Orleans, where sugar is active at lower prices, rye scarce and cot-ton quiet. Bad weather affects the trade at Montgomery, and at Jacksonville there are fears of a disastrous spring and summer trade.

Iron does not mend at all, for in the confidence that strikes will soon end BRICK MAKERS! consumers are waiting. The lowest prices on record are made by some works slowly, while wrought pipe is terribly demoralized. Pig iron is duller than for years and buyers generally hold off as to rails, disliking to help the combination.

N. K. TURBER & CO.,
Proprietors and Publish Coal is flat, the official price being about 15 cents above last year, but with some cutting. A better tone is seen in copper, and speculation has advanced tin and lead a shade.

The woolen manufacturer is doing fairly, but reports from the west are that growers look for higher prices on the new clip of wool, which the present market for goods does not warrant. The boot and shoe trade is dull. The rubber speculators have put new para at 90 cents, and the syndicate claims to

hold 2,500 tons, the world's consumption being called 1,500 tons monthly. Speculation in breadstuffs does not abate and with sales of 33,000,000 bushels here wheat is 134 cents higher than a week ago. Corn is a shade lower and oats unchanged, but pork is 50 cents per barrel higher and lard ¼ cent per Cotton has not changed, and trading is

light. Coffee is an eighth stronger, and oil three-eighths, with small sales. The average of all prices is a shade lower than a week ago. Eastbound shipments from Chicago for three weeks show a decrease, compared with last year, of 19 per cent., and the Atlantic export of wheat, flour and corn are much smaller, but the domestic trade of the country, represented by bank exchanges, continues close to that of last year, because of the

farm products. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 243, as compared with a total of 256 last week. For the corresponding week last year the figures

large advance in the prices of important

The Weekly Bank Statement NEW YORK, April 4.-The weekly bank statement shows a reserve decrease of \$2,052,000. The banks now hold \$6,-

110,000 in excess of legal requirements. THE MINES EXHAUSTED.

Out-To Be Foreclosed. St. Louis, Mo., April 4.- The Farmers' Loan and Trust company, of New York, is about to protect bondholders by foreclosing mortgages to the amount of can Iron works and \$600,000 in the coal mines at Grand Tour and Carbondale, Ill. Interest on these has been defaulted since July, 1890, when E. A. Hitchcock was appointed receiver. The failure was directly due to the exhausting of the ore body, the diamond drill after penetrating to a depth of 500 feet failing to reveal any iron ores that could be profitably worked. Pilot Knob and Iron Mountain are two of the most famous mines in the world, and the supply of fron was cace supposed to be inexhaustible. The Pilot Knob mine first began yielding in 1846, and in 1884, 1886 the vein gave out.

Irish-Americans Against Parnell. Sr. Louis, April 4.-Dr. Thomas O'Reilly, of this city, a member of the executive council of the Irish National league, has received a letter from Mr. Fitzgerald, president of the league, an-nouncing that he has called a meeting of the executive council to be held in Cincinnati April 9 to discuss the question and take action in regard to Indorsing Parnell. Dr. O'Reilly has written a letter to Fitzgerald in which he takes a decided stand in opposition to Parnell, and says that Fitzgerald will meet with opposition in the council, as most of its members are adverse to Parnell, and he advises all the friends of Ireland not to contribute a dollar to the Parnellites, as WELLINGTON, Kan., April 6.—An ac- it will be used only to continue the dis curate computation by a leading abstract graceful scenes now being enacted in firm of this city shows that during the Ireland by that faction.

COLUMBUS, MES.

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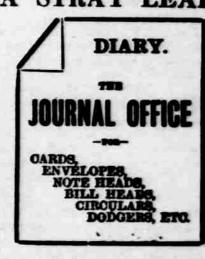
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