Columbus Journal.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications, to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the writer. We reserve the right to reject any manuscript and cannot agree to return the same.—We desire a correspondent in every school-district in Platte county, one of good judgment, and reliable in every way.—Write plainly, each item separately. Give us facts.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1891.

ENGLAND is having the hardest winter since 1813.

THEY shut off the steam from Gov. Thayer's headquarters.

A LARGE crop of ice, eight to ten inches in thickness, has been gathered at Staunton, Va.

THE theater at Winchester, Ky., was burned Monday night, the McGibeny family losing all their effects.

SENATOR PADDOCK has expressed himself as anxious to have congress direct its chief attention to the financial question.

HIGH medical authorities have recently decided that a large percentage of cases of insanity are caused by neuralgia of the head and face.

EX-ADJUTANT GENERAL COLE is locked inside his office, and refuses to surrender the roster of the state militia to Adjutant General Vifquain.

THE house committee on invalid pensions Tuesday agreed to report favorably a bill granting a pension of $100 a month to Franz Sigel, late major general of volunteers.

TUESDAY near Danville, Ind., Mrs. John Stinson saturated her clothing with coal oil, and applied a match. She will die. Her husband was badly burned in trying to save her.

COIN our own silver free—all right. But buy outside silver if you must, at lowest market price, and let the government reap the advantage of coining it, now about 20c on the dollar.

TWO FREIGHT trains on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad collided at Berne, Kan., Tuesday. An engineer was killed, and a fireman and two conductors were badly hurt.

DURING the heavy snow storm Friday night, James Hughes of Sidney wandered aimlessly, while intoxicated, into a snow-bank to sleep. Saturday morning he was found frozen to death.

A museum well on the farm of J. H. Ault, Seward county, eight miles northeast of Friend, is attracting considerable attention. It is said that the stream is constant, and as large as a man's body.

THE Lincoln Herald is responsible for a sentiment that will strike a popular chord wherever heard: "It is one of two things—railroad ownership of government, or government ownership of railroads."

SENATOR PAT. FORD's maiden speech seems destined to be carried down to future times. When in the late melee at Lincoln, a man asked for recognition as a prohibitionist, Pat. said, "give the lone fisherman a chance, be dad."

IF there is anything at all to be deduced from the signs of the times it is that the people are tired of political bosses—they wish their own affairs to be managed in their own interests,—which is likewise good statesmanship.

IF it be right that the majority should rule, and we have always been taught that it is, it cannot be wrong for the senate to adopt a rule to enable the majority to prevent debate going on indefinitely upon any measure objected to by the minority.

ANOTHER Indian Messiah went west yesterday, along with Buffalo Bill, General Colby and the other notables. His name is St. Clair, and he expresses a determination to make a trip to the bad lands if he can get through the lines. —[Norfolk News, Jan. 7th.

A BOARDING house at Rizard Creek Junction, Pa., caught fire from an overheated stove Tuesday morning, and Michael Coyle, a boarder, was burned to death. Frank Eichnor was fatally burned at St. Louis by the explosion of a lamp which he was carrying in the St. Louis Toy Company's building.

A FARMERS' convention at Fairbury, Ill., has organized a new agricultural society to promote the financial, moral, social, educational and other interests of the farmers. It is intended to make the organization a power in politics. The organizers are somewhat dissatisfied with the farmers alliance, so it is stated.

REPRESENTATIVES of over a hundred families living in the Cloyne district have earnestly begged the authorities for assistance. For some time past they had been living entirely upon turnips, they said. This, says a dispatch from Cork, shows the state of destitution into which the poor people of some portions of Ireland, are plunged.

HOMER T. HOGSETT, formerly of Nebraska, is now a member of one of the principal legal firms of Columbus, O., and is gaining quite a local reputation there. A Hillsboro correspondent, speaking of his defence in a certain case, says that he "has a great future before him, and will be found pretty near the top before he is many years older."

THE metropolitan press is unnecessarily working itself into a fever on the danger of a war with England over the Behring sea dispute. Keep cool, brethren, that matter is in the hands of a man who has never yet betrayed a trust given him by the American people, and if it shall terminate in war the people will know that no other honorable method of settlement was left.

JOHN SHEEDY, a wealthy citizen of Lincoln, was called to his door Sunday evening about 8 o'clock, whereupon some one struck him with a steel rod covered with leather—a penitentiary cane. Sheedy fired five shots at the man, who dropped the cane and fled. Sheedy was shot at about five weeks ago, and stabbed about five years ago. Mr. Sheedy has died of his injuries.

A DISPATCH from Berlin under date of January 6, says: "A snowstorm phenomenal in its severity prevails throughout North Germany. Reports from various sections are to the effect that the railroads are blocked on all the northern lines, and that in many instances the trains are embedded in the snow, causing considerable suffering to those who have been forced to travel during the storm."

THAYER held on because he said he had taken the oath to uphold the constitution and the laws, until his successor was elected and qualified, and therefore could not consent to yield the office to an alien, who was ineligible to occupy it. Powers, it is said, took the oath of office, to be ready for any emergency, and Boyd is recognized by the other state officers elect, as governor, *de facto*, at least, if not *de jure*.

MANY years practice has given C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of patents, at Washington, D. C., unsurpassed success in obtaining patents for all classes of inventions. They make a specialty of rejected cases, and have secured allowance of many patents that had been previously rejected. Their advertisement in another column, will be of interest to inventors, patentees, manufacturers, and all who have to do with patents.

THE recommendations of Governor Campbell, of Ohio, include a federal plan of government for cities, based upon state organization, with the privilege of changing every twenty years, and that an amendment to the constitution permitting this form of government be submitted to the people; also a primary election law, and a depository system for city and county funds, so that money will not accumulate in the treasury.

Tariff Pictures.

The McKinley bill was signed on the 1st of October, 1890, the first day of the last quarter of the year. Sheffield, England's great cutlery manufacturing center, had exported £74,000

[redacted]

worth of cutlery during the third quarter of the year. The McKinley bill knocked Sheffield's cutlery exports in the last quarter of the year to £28,000,

[redacted]

thus transfering $224,954 worth of trade to this country.—[New York Press.

IF anybody thinks or affects to think that the farmers of Nebraska are anarchists, they are very much mistaken. It is plainly evident that they have not as yet developed an experienced leader, and they have made some mistakes, in policy, that don't look well, but they can be depended on for substantial justice. I Boyd and the others shall be found entitled to office, we believe the farmer legislature will gracefully yield, but it is evident that they don't take kindly to the notion of declaring persons elected that they don't believe have been.

GOOD MONEY, and plenty of it, with which to transact the business of the country, is the theory for our law-makers to act upon, whenever the financial question comes up before them. All the dollars issued should have an equal ability to discharge debt, and be receivable by government as well as by citizens. The measure of values must not be like the scales of the rascally dealer that were readily adjusted to weigh "heavy" when he was selling, and "light" when he was purchasing. All that the American citizen asks is a fair field and an equal chance.

THOSE who were so certain only two months ago that the protection given to tin plate by the McKinley bill would never be of any practical benefit to the United States, and that no tin plate would ever be manufactured in this country had a big dish of crow for their New Year's dinner, for only a few days before that time, the first shipment of American tin plate was put upon the market by the Pittsburg mills, and before the next New Year rolls around, it is believed, that the mills now in process of erection at Brooklyn, St. Louis, Baltimore and other places will supply every sheet of tin plate used in this country, and that a new and great industry, hitherto monopolized by Europe, will have been established in America, and profitable employment given to thousands of men who would otherwise be without it.

Tariff Class.

We are glad to see our tariff class taking such an interest in the subject. Gentlemen, you will please keep your places while we present the following

TARIFF PICTURES.

New York Press: This is why protection brought down the price of steel rails from $67.50

[redacted]

in 1880 to $25.00

[redacted]

in 1889; namely, because it increased the production from 741,475 tons

[redacted]

in the fiscal year 1879-80 to 2,036,564 tons

[redacted]

in the fiscal year 1889-90. If increased production caused lower prices there, isn't the McKinley bill likely to bring lower prices of everything eventually?

Will You Join the Colony

Now organizing to locate in Maryland, between the cities of Baltimore and Washington. Here are fine farming lands now in price; adapted to every branch of agriculture; an abundance of pure, soft water; delightful and healthful climate; near to the best markets of the world; unsurpassed railroad facilities, with low freight and passenger rates, with quick time; educational advantages second to none; churches representing almost all denominations; refined and cultured society, etc. Only a few more wanted to complete the colony, and if you want to join in one of the best opportunities of a life-time, now is the time. Farmers, business men, mechanics, and laborers, there is a chance for all. 100 per cent profit easily assured in three years. Full information free of charge, furnished by M. V. Richards, land and immigration agent, B. & O. R. R., Baltimore, Md. 39-2t

Let It be Made Quickly.

Our mugwumpian and democratic friends who desire that the bloody shirt shall be forever buried are requested to read these extracts from the Appeal-Avalanche, of Memphis, Tenn.:

"The response of the South to the clothure resolution should be an appeal to arms. There is a limit to the patience of freemen. That limit is reached when political injustice trenches upon the sanctity of the home, makes mockery of loyalty to country, challenges the patriotic aspirations of people, scorns the truth and proclaims an end of liberty.

Force should meet force. Toleration begets confidence in the mind of the tyrant. To yield an inch is to give an ell. This is history. The hand of the despot is only stayed when his subjects rise in the might of mass. Necessity knows no law. Self-preservation justifies any remedy."

Double leaded in the original, they have a sort of "before-the-war" sound, a sound as of the old times in which Jefferson Davis and Yancey and Toombs and others were engaged in the business of firing the Southern heart. The Appeal-Avalanche is not for burying the bloody shirt until the old slave-holders' regime is re-established.

The violent harangue of the Southern newspapers is worthy of consideration. Let us ask: What is the immediate cause of it? It answers for itself: "The clothure resolution."

But what is the clothure resolution?

Simply a resolution of the senate to do that which is done by nearly every legislative body in the world: namely, to prevent the obstructive tactics of a minority by enforcement of "the previous question" whenever it is plain to the majority that the question at issue has been fully debated, and that all further pretenses of debate are for obstruction only.

What is the question at issue in regard to which the obstructive policy of the democratic minority has become so offensive as to wear out the patience of that singularly peaceful body, the republican majority in the senate?

The national election law, commonly called the force bill.

Why is it necessary to pass a national election law?

Because in nearly every state lately in rebellion the negro vote is suppressed by force or fraud.

How does it come to pass that the negro has a vote?

By the solemn act of the nation, speaking through the legislatures of all the states and afterwards through both houses of congress.

Did the legislatures of the states lately in rebellion confirm the constitutional amendment by which the negro was endowed with a right to vote?

They did.

Under what circumstances did they do so?

Under these: They had attempted to secede from the union of states; they had made war in pursuance of this attempt. They had been conquered by force of arms. They had made "unconditional surrender." Surrendering unconditionally, they were placed for a while under military rule, but were graciously restored to membership in the union by their conquerers upon ratification of certain amendments to the constitution, of which amendments one was the clause giving the negro the right to vote.

So that the Appeal-Avalanche contemplates a new act of secession, a new act of rebellion. Let its readers try it. —[Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Indians.

On the 7th, Gen. Schofield sent the following telegram from Washington to Gen. Miles: "You are hereby authorized under the existing orders of the president to assign Captain Ewers of the Fifth infantry, Captain Lee of the Ninth infantry, Captain Earnest of the Eighth infantry, and Captain Pierce of the First infantry, to take charge of the Indians of the several Sioux and Cheyenne agencies to exercise over them such military supervision and control as in your judgment is necessary without interfering unnecessarily with the administration of the Indian bureau under the regulations and instructions received by them from the interior department."

People of Hay Springs are excited over the disappearance of Captain Klinsmith. He left Hay Springs to join his company on the Beaver, and has not since been heard from. Hay Springs is the most exposed of any of the towns, and there are only 500 soldiers to guard a strip of 30 miles, within which distance there are 2,000 hostile Indians.

A telegram from W. F. Cody, dated Pine Ridge, S. D., Jan. 10th, says: "Governor John M. Thayer: Kicking Bear and Short Bull with hostiles are on the way to the agency. They are expected to surrender tomorrow. General Miles was pleased with the promptness of the Nebraska troops and says they have done much to quiet the fears of the settlers."

A train out of Rushville Friday night carried thirty mothers with babes in their arms, besides other children. Deserted ranches are pillaged by bad characters, who are plentiful, and those who have left their ranches will find little at home when they return.

General Miles is credited as saying that the trouble will be settled in a very few days, either by a full surrender of the hostiles or the bloodiest battle of Indian history, with the chances in favor of a peaceful settlement.

The following incident presents a picture of current events at the seat of war, and comes from Gordon: "Mart Darrah, wife and children have arrived from near the reservation, where they had been holding down a claim. When they struck here they had not even enough to feed them over night. A young man named Wilson from Company H happened along and recognized them as people from near his home. He asked them where they were going and what they were going to do. Darrah said if they could only get to his wife's folks they would be all right for the winter. Wilson inquired the amount it would take, which was $35. Wilson then gave them the money and they left for Tekamah last night. It was worth more than that to see the smile on that mother's face and those of the children dance with joy and three rousing cheers were given Wilson."

Milford has raised and equipped a troop of cavalry, Captain J. H. Culver.

Kearney talks of raising an artillery company.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE teachers of the state at their late convention, formulated some views that are worthy of consideration, among them, these: that the legislature should make such appropriations for the support of state normal schools as will provide a better equipment of the various departments; urging teachers of the state to join in the work of the state reading circle; opposing the state publication of text books; commending district ownership of text books; favoring extension of uniformity in text books in the state; favoring the classification and graduation of the county district schools. There is no subject of legislation that is more interesting to the general public than that of their free school system, and if there is any valuable suggestion that can be put into practical operation, the people will hail it with gladness. There is not so great a public demand as there ought to be for a more thorough, practical education, an industrial course, along with the sciences. These are of course more practical in the larger towns and cities, where they have taken quite a hold upon the public regard, and demonstrated their own utility. Besides making pupils more apt in the arts of civilization, it tends to develop tendencies, likes and dislikes as to life-occupations, and in these ways would be worth all it would cost.

Washington Letter.

[From our regular correspondent.]

The reduction of the public debt in December was slightly in excess of $11,000,000 which means just that much money put into active circulation in addition to the ordinary expenditures of the government.

The idea of fractional paper currency has again been brought to the front by Representative Kelly, of Kansas, who has introduced a bill in the house directing the secretary of the treasury to print $50,000,000 of it in bills of 5, 10, 25 and 50 cents, the same to be legal tender for all debts for any sum not exceeding ten dollars.

Associate Justice Brown, the new member of the United States supreme court took his seat today in the presence of a distinguished audience, comprising most of the legal talent of the house and senate, besides a large number of the country's most eminent lawyers. He presented a most striking appearance with his strong cleanly shaved face and well-shaped head which made him look to be every inch a judge and the peer of his colleagues who form what has been called the "greatest judicial body in the world."

The friends of the shipping bill will endeavor to keep that measure before the house this week until it is disposed of, but it is not certain that they can succeed as Mr. Cannon and a strong following will insist upon disposing of some of the appropriation bills. The house may find its business blocked at any time owing to its not having a quorum of republicans present, although the republican leaders are confident that they can get a quorum of republicans here at any time that it becomes necessary.

The democrats are trying to bluff the republicans by claiming that they have no objections to an extra session of congress, when the truth is that it is the one outcome of the present session that they fear most, and this fear will probably prove a powerful factor in restraining the natural obstructive tendencies of that party.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors.

TUESDAY, January 6th, 1891.

Board met at 2 o'clock p. m. pursuant to adjournment. Hon. Wm. O. Pugsley, chairman, G. W. Phillips, clerk. Members all present but Sup'r Welch.

By consent, reading of minutes of October meeting deferred.

The following official bonds presented, examined and approved:

I. L. Albert, county attorney.
John G. Becher, deputy county clerk.

A. Ogan,	assessor Creston	township.
H. C. Beus,	" Columbus	"
S. Heibel,	" Bismark	"
Frank Kiernan,	" Woodville	"
Peter Zumbrunn,	" Grand Prairie	"
J. G. Kummer,	" Loup	"
John Bender,	" Humphrey	"
Ed Higgins,	" Lost Creek	"
Joseph Olbrich,	" Butler	"
D. D. Roberts,	" Shell Creek	"
Ed Luescher,	" Sherman	"
R. Olmer,	" Granville	"
John Frischauf,	" St. Bernard	"
Evan Evans,	" Monroe	"
A. J. Johnston,	" Walker	"
Joseph Rivet,	" Joliet	"
Charles Wake,	" City of Columbus.	
H. G. Luescher,	clerk Sherman	township.
Joseph Braun,	" Humphrey	"
D. A. Becher,	" Grand Prairie	"
Albert Hurner,	" Loup	"
John P. Johnson,	" Walker	"
John Schmocker,	" Butler	"
W. H. Godkin,	" Burrows	"
J. R. Keith,	" Woodville	"
John C. Swartsley,	" Bismark	"
C. J. Carrig,	" Shell Creek	"
D. D. Lynch,	" Lost Creek	"
A. C. Anderson,	" Creston	"
W. A. DeMoney,	" Joliet	"
Ole W. Ohlson, treas'r	Walker	
Nels Anderson,	" Woodville	
Math Diederich,	" St. Bernard,	
Thos. Pritchard,	" Joliet	
Peter Larson,	" Monroe	
Henry Bruenig,	" Granville	
J. F. Schure,	" Burrows	
A. L. Dack,	" Lost Creek	
John Eisenmann,	" Loup	
John Ernst,	" Butler	
G. H. Brockhaus,	" Humphrey	
T. Mohlmann,	" Grand Prairie	
Theodore Wenek	" Sherman	
John Ahrens,	" Bismark	
Jacob Louis,	" Columbus	

O. W. Ohlson,	treas. & ex-off.	Walker	Tp.
Nels Anderson,	" "	Woodville	"
Math Diederich,	" "	St. Bernard	"
Thos. Pritchard,	" "	Joliet	"
Peter Larson,	" "	Monroe	"
Henry Bruenig,	" "	Granville	"
A. L. Dack,	" "	Lost Creek	"
John Eisenmann,	" "	Loup	"
John Ernst,	" "	Butler	"
G. H. Brockhaus,	" "	Humphrey	"
T. Mohlman,	" "	Grand Prairie	"
Jacob Louis,	" "	Columbus	"
Theo. Wenek,	" "	Sherman	"
John Ahrens,	" "	Bismark	"
H. R. Wenrick,	constable	Walker	"
A. D. Burk,	"	Woodville	"
Daniel Mock,	"	Joliet	"
Geo. Fairchild,	" city of	Columbus.	
Chas. Samp,	road overseer	St. Bernard	"
Wm. Mueting,	"	"	"
Soren Anderson,	"	Creston	"
Andrew Peterson,	"	Joliet	"

Application of John C. Dawson for correction of personal property assessment in Columbus tp. for year 1890, read and on motion referred to committee on claims.

The committee on fee books presented the following:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Platte county, Nebraska,

Gentlemen:—Your committee on fee books would respectfully report that they have thoroughly examined, footed and checked up the fee book of G. W. Phillips, county clerk, for the quarter ending, Dec. 31st, 1890, and reviewed the totals, footings and statements for the entire year and find the same correct, and herewith present a statement of same in the following:

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts 1st quarter		$1071.50
" " 2d "		923.70
" " 3d "		652.90
" " 4th "		1014.20
By paid salary deputy and assistants		$2100.00
By salary of clerk		1500.00
To balance,		62.30
	$3662.30	$3662.30
To balance due county		62.30

Respectfully submitted.

HENRY RICKERT, JAMES BURROWS, } Committee.

Dated, Jan. 8, 1891.

On motion the report was accepted and approved and ordered placed on file.

STATEMENT

of fees received by Gus. G. Becher, treasurer of Platte county, Nebraska, for the year 1890.

For what received.	Amount.
68 tax receipts sent out of state	$ 68.00
Tax certificates and statement of taxes	9.00
Evidence recorded for 11 tax deeds	16.50
20 tax certificates for sheriff's sales	40.00
Tax sale certificates and commission on same	312.48
Redemption certificates	11.75
Commission on $25000.00 Platte county bridge bonds less exchange paid	27.90
Fees on county tax collections	1778.89
Fees on state tax collections and school land	747.78
Fees on city of Columbus tax collections	194.42
	$ 3346.72
Less county treasurer's salary $2000.00 deputy and clerk's salary $1022.00	3024.00
Surplus for year 1890	$ 322.72

COLUMBUS, NEB., Dec. 31, 1890.

I hereby certify the above statement to be true and correct.

GUS. G. BECHER, County Treasurer.

COLUMBUS, NEB., Jan. 3, 1891.

We hereby certify that we have examined the above statement with the books in the county treasury and find that said statement is true and correct.

HENRY RICKERT, JAMES BURROWS, } Committee.

On motion the report was accepted and approved.

We your committee have examined the sheriff's fees for the year 1890 and found them as follows, as shown by his fee book:

Total amount earned	$ 1884.52
Amount collected	1032.72
Amount not collected	851.80

Respectfully submitted.

HENRY RICKERT, JAMES BURROWS, } Committee.

On motion report adopted and approved.

Upon request of 22 petitioners, residents of Bismark tp., the said tp. was, upon motion redivided into two road districts as follows: The east ½ of said tp. to constitute one road district to be known as District No. 47, and the west ½ to constitute one road district and to be known as District No. 48.

A communication from C. C. Carrig and R. W. Gentleman asked to have their names as sureties taken from the bond of R. F. Doody supr. of Lost Creek tp.

On motion the communication was referred to Supr. Doody.

The official bonds of J. B. Delsman, treasurer of city of Columbus and ex-officio collector of taxes, and Pat. Dugan road overseer, of Joliet tp. were refered back for additional security.

The county surveyor filed his report and plat of survey of,

Hollingshead	Road	in Monroe	Twp.
Hugh Hill	"	" "	"
Cook	"	" "	"
Albert Ros	"	" Walker	"
Wilson	"	" Lost Creek	"
Ole Johnson	"	" St. Bernard	"
Pickett	"	" Columbus	"
Blodgett	"	" Butler	"

and on motion same were approved by the board.

In the matter of "Prock" road further action was deferred until next Tuesday.

Petition of Johan Bauman and others for public road in Loup tp. was on motion laid over until next meeting.

Petition of Samuel Connelly and W. M. Robertson for a consent road was on motion granted and surveyor instructed ordered to survey and plat same and perpetuate government section corners.

Petition for public road from section 22, 17, 1w, to Loup Fork river was granted and clerk instructed to publish notice of same according to law.

Petition of A. G. Johnson and others for a public road granted, and clerk to publish notice of same according to law, but no action taken upon petition for vacation.

In the matter of school section road and vacation for part of "Dunworth" and "Stanton county road" the locations and vacations were upon motion granted and county surveyor instructed to file plat and perpetuate government section corners.

In matter of location of "High Hill road" and vacation of part of Monroe and Cherry Creek road" on motion location and vacations were granted as called for.

In the matter of the "Ashe road" the report of appraisers was approved and road declared duly located and county surveyor to survey and plat same and perpetuate government section corners and file report with county clerk.

In the matter of the "Bluff road" same action was taken.

Upon motion board now adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

WEDNESDAY a. m., Jan. 7, 1891.

Board met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock a.m. Hon. Wm. O. Pugsley, chairman, G. W. Phillips, clerk. Roll called and all members present but Sup'r Welch.

The committee on settlement with county treasurer presented their report which was accepted and ordered placed on file.

The following official bonds were now presented, examined and approved:

J. F. Schure, additional bonds as treasurer and collector Burrows Tp.

Geo Thomazin,	assessor Burrows	Tp.
John W Fuchs,	J. P. "	"
P J Long,	" "	"
J C Wilson,	" Woodville	"
Conrad Fuchs,	" Humphrey	"
John Wurdeman,	" Bismark	"
Wm F Dodds,	" Columbus	"
F W Edwards,	" Walker	"
Andrew Brugger,	" Sherman	"
H T Spoerry,	" city of Columbus.	
D L Bruen,	road overseer	Grand Prairie "
John Lucic,	"	Lost Creek "
Wm Schseide[illegible]t'l	"	Burrows "
Peter Ripp,	"	" "
E W Jones,	"	Sherman "
George Besse,	"	" "
Andrew Hamlitg,	"	" "
John H Asche,	"	Shell Creek "
Denis Sullivan,	"	" "
Geo W Brown,	"	St. Bernard "
James Ducey,	"	" "
Joseph Janssen,	"	Walker "
Lars Jacobson,	"	" "
H C Knudsen,	"	" "
Aug Nelson,	"	Grand Prairie "
John Zumbrunn,	"	" "
Vincent Weiss,	"	Humphrey "
Aug Bentel,	"	Joliet "
Robert Lewis,	"	" "
J E Fisher,	"	Bismark "
Jacob Schrank,	"	" "
Wm Schreiber,	"	Granville "
S T Palmer,	"	" "
Bernard Wilde,	"	" "
Arnold Danven,	"	" "
Matthias Gilsdorf,	"	Butler "
Levi Ebey,	"	" "
J Q Blodgett,	"	Woodville "
W L Hopkins,	"	" "
John Abrahamson,	"	" "
Jacob Crackenbuss,	"	" "
Roy Clark,	"	Loup "
Christ Boss,	"	" "
Jacob Eisenmann,	"	Columbus "
E P Westcott	"	" "
R Y Lisco,	"	" "
Adam Brady,	"	Monroe "
John Bevan,	"	" "
Samuel Anderson,	"	" "
H M Sutton,	"	" "
O L Crawford,	"	" "

In the matter of the "Huss Road" the report of the appraisers was adopted and approved, the road declared duly located and surveyor was instructed to perpetuate government section corners and file report with county clerk.

In the matter of the Blodgett road, Mr. Ernst appeared before the board, asking their decision as to the ownership of certain trees on the direct line of said road. On motion the matter was refered to the township board of Butler for settlement.

On motion the clerk was instructed to confer with the proper authorities of Polk county in regard to the settlement for cash advanced and accounts charged this county in the Matilda Henning insane case.

All bills now refered to the respective committees.

On motion the board now adjourned until 1.30 p. m.

WEDNESDAY, P. M., January 7, 1891.

Board convened at 1.30 p. m. pursuant to adjournment, Hon. W. O. Pugsley, chairman, and G. W. Phillips, clerk. All members present but Supervisor Welch.

Report of expert examination of county clerk's office from 1880 to 1889, inclusive, was presented and read, and on motion the whole matter laid over until the next meeting of the board.

The following bills were allowed on the county general fund levy of 1890, and the clerk instructed to issue warrants for same:

J N Nelson, wit. insanity Mrs Kundson	$ 8 80
Math Diederich, col del personal tax	6 00
Gus G Becher, treas., cash adv for county	303 35
G W Phillips, clerk, " "	27 95
G B Speice, clerk district court, commissioner insanity, etc	57 45
B J Whalen, meals for jurors	12 60
G B Speice, clerk district court, cost State vs Schilling	27 30
G W Phillips, county clerk salary quarter ending December 31 1890	100 00
M Whitmoyer, defence William Schilling in the district court	25 00
John N Gondring, county attorney, salary for balance 1890	200 00
G W Phillips, for preparing supervisors proceedings for publication for the year 1890	45 00
G B Speice, clerk of the district court and commissioner of insanity, etc	24 00
G W Phillips, issuing certificates of election, etc	29 50
D Schupbach, canvassing election ret	4 00
G B Speice, clerk district court, costs and fees March term d c	45 80
J G Reeder, commissioner insanity	31 00
C B Stillman, " "	50 00
C D Evans, county physician for 1890	75 00
G B Speice, clerk district court, fees Dec term district court, 1890	87 05
C D Murphy, expert on county records	250 00
J W Lynch, " "	250 00
H J Hudson, canvassing election returns	4 00
I Silberman, interperter insanity of F Hansen	2 60
C F Curtiss, witness insanity E Kormer	4 00
Mrs Margret Hamer, care Chas Hamer	29 00
Dr J Chas Willy, witness H Schnatschneider	2 00
Henry Lusche, same	2 50
Mrs Erb, same	2 60

Also bills for bailiffs, jurors and witnesses for the December term of the district court.

F K Maher, care slaughtered horses	10 00
G B Speice, clerk district court fee bill of State vs Truman	22 65

Last two bills laid over until the next meeting of the board.

Bill of Fred Curtiss for board of "Teenie" and T B Westron as witness and mileage were on motion rejected.

Bill of O W Ohlson, $12, was refered to Walker township, and bill of C F Pollock & Co, $8 25, was refered to City of Columbus for payment.

Upon motion the board now adjourned until 9 a m tomorrow.

THURSDAY, A. M., January 8, 1891.

Board met pursuant to adjournment at 9 a. m., Hon. W O Pugsley, chairman, presiding and G W Phillips clerk. Members all present but Supervisors Welch and Dineen.

Bond of J B Delsman, treasurer and ex-officio collector of taxes for city of Columbus was approved.

Bills of M J Hogan, George Murie, Louis Bradford and Hugh Hughes were on motion laid over until next meeting of board.

Bill of Columbus Lumber company, acct Bismark township, on motion referred back to them.

Bill of Columbus Lumber company and others vs Lost Creek township were on motion referred to that township for settlement.

In the claim of J C Dawson for rebate of personal taxes assessed in Columbus township for year 1889, ordered same to be cancelled by county treasurer, on Mr Dawson presenting to him Iowa recipt showing payment of taxes there on the property thus assessed.

Bill of Baker & Wells, $5, for livery, was on motion referred to C C Carrig for payment.

Bill of E. Pohl, guardian of M. S. Weiss, deceased, was on motion laid over until the next meeting of this board.

The following bills were now allowed on the county general fund levy for the year 1890, and the clerk instructed to issue warrants for the same:

S L McCoy, meals for jurors			3 25
Henry Gass, mds per sheriff			7 05
Ernst & Schwarz, mds for county			13 85
Aug Becherer, same			9 80
J P Megeath, same			5 40
L J Cramer, co supt salary and postage			300 79
Gus G Becher, ac't U S Internal Rev tax			7 45
*J P Rasmussen, store for election, etc	claim $	55 allowed	55
*St Mary's hospital, care paupers	claim	25 00 "	26 00
*Same	"	49 25 "	47 25
*Same	"	50 00 "	38 00

*Balance of above bills were on motion refered to the city of Columbus for payment.

State Journal Co, mds for county	claim	17 60 allowed	14 65
Same		39 50 "	37 05
Same		25 50 "	27 80
Gibson, M & R, same		50 00 "	25 00
Same		27 50 "	18 60
Same		18 60 "	14 50
Same		21 10 "	14 40
Same		16 50 "	14 00
Same		23 50 "	22 80
Same		40 00 "	20 00
Same		16 50 "	6 00
Same		24 60 "	17 60
Same		28 00 "	14 10
Same			3 25
Same			1 50
D F Davis, pub del tax list			149 47
C H Davis, mdse for county			7 50
H J Johnson, serv as sup't			12 00
A W Clark, same			21 80
Henry Rickert, same			17 00
Theo Odenthal, same			10 80
O S Moran, same			11 00
W J McAllister, same			21 00
Nels Olson, same			13 00
W Irwin, same			12 00
J E Vincent, same			9 80
C H Campbell, same			12 00
P F Boody, same			10 50
F Reding, same			11 60
Jos Ollis, same			12 60
Jamel Burrows, same			19 40
Ed Kruscher, same			10 00
D F Campbell, same			11 20
W O Pelesley, same			24 80
Wochenblatt, pub del tax list			82 29
G G Becher, ac't Wochenblatt for pers tax			4 65
G G Becher, treas, ac't M K Turner & Co, del per tax			305 26
Gibson, Miller & Richarson, mds for co			2 80
Same			14 00
Same			12 50

Bill of Gibson, Miller & Richardson for poll books, $12, and St Mary's hospital for care Mary Mitera, $2, were on motion rejected.

Bill of Gibson, Miller & Richardson, $34 50, and D F Davis, $19 81, were on motion laid over until the next meeting of the board.

The following bills were allowed on the county road fund levy and the clerk instructed to issue warrants for the same:

	Act following twp.	Am't
Joseph Ottis	St Bernard	$ 6 00
G G Becher act W Jackson	Creston	4 50
Same ac't Jas Russell	Columbus	2 30
Ole Johnson	Walker	2 00
Ben Winkler	St Bernard	3 00
G G Becher, ac't B Winkler	St Bernard	3 00
Nye, Schneider Co	Joliet	30 30
R L Rossite	Columbus	11 70
Fred Seger	St Bernard	6 00
Columbus Lumber Co	Bismark	59 45
Peter Ripp	Burrows	195 00
J A Turner	Columbus	2 00
A M Jennings	Columbus	4 00
E L Roesler	Columbus	5 00
G G Becher, ac't C Hoxeny	Creston	16 00
F F Clark	Creston	16 00
J and H Elmers	Granville	7 58
J and H Elmers	Burrows	7 58
A M Jennings	Monroe	2 00
G G Becher, ac't A Westcott	Creston	4 00

(Continued Next Week.)

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