Columbus Journal.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1890.

A. & N. TIME TABLE.

		Pass.	Freight.
Leaves	Columbus	8:35 a. m.	7:04p. m.
"	Bellwood	8:56 "	4:05 "
"	David City	9:18 "	4:50 p. m.
"	Seward	10:22 "	8:15 "
Arrives at	Lincoln	11:25 p. m.	11:45 "

The passenger leaves Lincoln at 4:20 p. m., and arrives at Columbus 7:04 p. m; the freight leaves Lincoln at 7:15 a. m., and arrives at Columbus at 3:15 p. m.

UNION PACIFIC TIME-TABLE.

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.	
Atlantic Ex.	9:00 a. m	G. I. Local	7:00 a. m
Col's Local	7:00 a. m	Pacific Ex.	11:20 p. m
G. I. Local	4:40 a. m	Denver Ex.	2:05 p. m
Fast Mail	2:05 p. m	Limited	5:25 p. m
Chicago Ex.	1:00 p. m	Local Ex.	8.15 p. m
Limited	6:05 p. m	Fast Mail	9:20 p. m

LINCOLN, COLUMBUS AND SIOUX CITY.

Passenger arrives from Sioux City		1:00 p. m
" " " " "		11:15 p. m
" leaves Columbus for Linc'n		1:25 p. m
" " " "		10:10 a. m
" arrives from Lincoln		5:30 p. m
" " " "		11:15 p. m
" leaves for Sioux City		6:10 p. m
" "		9:10 a. m
Mixed leaves for Sioux City		5:30 a. m
Mixed arrives		11:00 p. m

FOR ALBION AND CEDAR RAPIDS.

Passenger leaves	2:15 p. m.
Mixed leaves	6:25 a. m.
Passenger arrives	12:45 p. m.
Mixed arrives	8:30 p. m.

Society Notices.

☞All notices under this heading will be charged at the rate of $2 a year.

LEBANON LODGE No. 58, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings 2d Wednesday in each month. All brethren invited to attend.
C. H. SHELDON, W. M.
M. H. WHITE, Sec'y. 26july

REORGANIZED CHURCH OF LATTER-DAY Saints hold regular services every Sunday at 2 p. m., prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at their chapel, corner of North street and Pacific Avenue. All are cordially invited.
13jul89 Elder H. J. HUDSON, President.

—Register.

—Rain Saturday.

—Don't neglect to register.

—Register that you may vote.

—Velvet ribbons at a bargain at J. C. Fillman. 25-1

—A pension has been granted to Wm. S. Motter, Genoa.

—This is the last issue, with us, of the delinquent tax list.

—Old newspapers by the hundred, 25 cents at the JOURNAL office.

—Wagon loads of apples in town last week selling at $1 a bushel.

—All the big little towns in Nebraska are calling for sugar factories.

—Dr. T. R. Clark, successor to Dr. Schug, Olive st. In office at nights.

—G. G. Bowman has purchased a residence in Kuntz's addition to Omaha.

—*Books, Toys*, Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines. E. D. Fitzpatrick, 13th st.

—A great number of stoves were put in good repair and cleaned up last week.

—Every girl wants a Nelly Bly cap, and the place to get them is at J. C. Fillman's.

—The Earnest Workers of the M. E. church meet this (Wednesday) evening at Rev. Worley's.

—We take the lead in stylish hats and bonnets and prices lower than the lowest, J. C. Fillman's.

—There must have been considerable snow in the mountains last week, for the "feel of the air" here.

—Rudolph Kummer had a stroke of paralysis of the left side Saturday morning while at breakfast.

—John H. Powers, independent candidate for governor, is to speak in this city next Tuesday, Oct. 21.

—Jenni Bros. have the Holstein at the head of their herd, while Daniel Jenni has the Jersey at the head of his.

—Lost, a Sterling anthem book, belonging to a member of the Methodist choir. Please leave at this office. 25-2

—The celebrated Quick-Meal, and Monarch gasoline stoves, the best in the market. For sale by A. Boettcher. 4tf

—Snyder, one of the men under trial and who turned state's evidence, has a young wife who is dying with consumption.

—Wm. Dietrich has put an iron floor to the front of his business house, which adds both to the appearance and value of the place.

—Offer my property in the western part of the city for sale cheap for cash. Could give possession immediately. Mary A. Hill. 25 2t

—For Harrison wagons and Courtland spring wagons and buggies, call on J. A. Gutzmer, opposite Dowty's drug store. He is sure to satisfy you in prices and quality. tf

—Tuesday afternoon C. H. Davis, while at work, let his ax slip, and striking his right foot, it cut a gash three inches long. Dr. Stillman dressed the wound.

—The ladies of the Baptist aid society solicit plain sewing, mending and knitting. Work may be left with Mrs. M. Wright, or if notified by mail she will call for it. 3

—The republican senatorial convention for this district is in session as we go to press (Tuesday afternoon). It is supposed that O. Nelson will receive the nomination.

—A. Haight has purchased the lot just east of F. C. Green's residence, of the last named gentleman, and will begin the erection of a fine new dwelling house immediately.

—Walter Graves, a brakeman on the U. P., had the fingers of his left hand pinched last Tuesday night, while switching in the yard here. Dr. Martyn dressed the wound.

—The city council transacted no business Saturday evening for want of a quorum, Garlow and Pollock being out of town, and Gondring detained at home by sickness in his family.

—The case of Daniel Casey held for the murder of Mrs. Rearden, was on trial last week at David City before Judge A. M. Post. Judge Evans and Matt. Miller are his attorneys.

—Nancy Nicholas, who was brought here from Norfolk several weeks ago and taken to the Sisters' hospital to be treated for consumption, died Wednesday night last and was buried Thursday.

—Pensions have recently been granted Daniel Malloy of Platte Center and Daniel D. Bramer of David City.

—Gates Bros. of Richland started for Holt county last week with the remainder of their cattle and horses. They put up a large quantity of hay there, and now they will have an opportunity to feed it out.

—At one time last week it was reported that there was no coal in town, and dealers who had sent orders three weeks ago, were not able to get any of the precious, "black diamonds." Later there was a supply received.

—On the 20th of last month at Ft. Dodge, Iowa, Clint G. Ford, a player well known to Columbus theater-goers, was killed by his star, Bertha Diggle. She quarreled with Ford and stabbed him, of which wound he died in a few days.

—Hon. Thos. Wolfe returned last week from Europe whither he went in June and he has been traveling ever since. He made England, Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland and returned feeling well paid for his trip.—[David City Tribune.

—L. E. Sievers, who has opened here the past season as a contractor and builder, has come up missing, and it is supposed that he will remain so, to the loss of several creditors, including ourselves. He has been loosing money on about every job he undertook.

—John P. St. John, the celebrated prohibition orator of Kansas, spoke in the opera house Monday evening, for two hours to a large and very attentive audience. He dealt largely in statistics, and claims that prohibition in Kansas is better than any form of license law.

—At the late session of the M. E. conference, a conference Post of the G. A. R. was organized, twenty-five of the hundred ministers being old soldiers, and joining the Post. Rev. Pillsbury of Grand Island was elected Post Commander and Rev. Worley of this city Vice Commander.

—Joe Keuhnel, the crazy Polander who is confined in the county jail, took one of his mean spells Sunday and in the absence of the sheriff and his deputy turned on the water from one of the pipes and flooded the jail. Sheriff Caldwell hand-cuffed him, and Monday morning he was very quiet.

—We are in receipt of a letter from Frank E. Woodford, whose post-office is Bennett, Pa. He thinks seriously of settling down as a railroader the remainder of his days. He says wages are a little higher in that country than here, as is also the living. He sends his regards to all his old friends and would like to hear from them any time.

—Pearl Hart returned last Tuesday, and expects to go into business in this city and make it his future home. In August, 1889, he married a very estimable lady named Eliza Pettis, so that he is doubly welcomed to the city. We know Mr. Hart, and whatever business he concludes to enter, you will find him capable, thorough and honest in it.

—We are in receipt of a letter from our old-time, Ohio friend, R. W. Wilkin, familiarly known all over that country as the "bee-man." He is now at Ventura, Cal., and is in the honey-producing business.—He says that, at Los Angeles, he occasionally sees James George, another Ohio boy who has sought the favoring climate of the land of sunshine.

—John Wise and wife returned Monday from a trip to Kansas City, where they visited their son, Samuel. At the soldiers' reunion at Topeka, Mr. Wise met a great many of his old army comrades of the 103d Illinois, among them his major and captain, whom he had not seen since the war. There, also, he saw President Harrison, who, John says, is a fine looking, able man.

—C. W. Scharff, general manager of the Grand Island Sugar Palace Exposition, was in the city Thursday and gave us a pleasant call. The capacity of the factory is 350 barrels a day, the run now actually made is 200 barrels. He tells us they will shut down inside of 90 days. The acreage under contract was 2,600. Mr. S. had with him a sample of the sugar, which was certainly very fine.

THE JOURNAL last week mentioned that invitations were out to the wedding of H. D. Shaff and Miss Anna Naylor. The mistake was one of those blunders that sometimes will happen. The invitations were to the marriage of the gentleman named with some Pennsylvania lady, and not to Miss Naylor. THE JOURNAL begs foregiveness for giving circulation to what we, at the time, regarded as true.

—Chief Taylor went to North Bend Friday last and arrested George Kernoble, who was charged with stealing a saddle from an emigrant here, the article being worth $50. He was arraigned before Judge Brindley, and said that he bought the saddle from a man near Schuyler, and there not being evidence enough against the man to convict him, he was turned loose, but the rightful owner got the saddle.

—H. J. Hudson, representative of Wildey Lodge, I. O. O. F., went to Beatrice Monday to be in readiness for the Grand Lodge of the state, which convened yesterday and which will be in session to Friday. It is thought that among other things of interest to be discussed will be whether men of 18 shall be eligible to membership in the order. The Grand Lodge may make a suggestion on the subject to the Sovereign Lodge.

—About twenty of the young people gathered at the home of Mrs. A. McPherson for the celebration of the evening of the twenty-first birthday of Miss Anna. Games of cards and others were indulged in, and after an enjoyable three hours had sped away and a neat lunch devoured, the company adjourned, all wishing Miss McPherson many tokens of joy. Miss Anna was the recipient of several useful and pretty presents. —[Clarks Chronicle.

—John Schmoker of Duncan was in the city Saturday with the first load of sugar beets we have seen ready for the market. On about a quarter of an acre he raised about two tons. He is of the opinion that they will not be profitable for farmers to raise unless they can get about $5 a ton for them. To raise them in large quantities some better way must be found than planting and cultivating by hand; the digging, cleaning and topping is no small job either.

PERSONAL.

Gus Becher was at Schuyler Monday.

R. H. Henry went to Omaha yesterday.

David Thomas was in town yesterday on business.

H. C. Markel and family will move to Omaha Thursday.

George Scheidel of Platte Center was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Swaim have returned to the city, we hear to stay.

Wm Bloedorn of Platte Center was a Columbus visitor Friday.

Mrs. Hagaman of Concordia, Kan., is visiting F. C. Green's family.

S. C. Gray has returned home, and is afflicted with an ulcerated tooth.

Several members of G. G. Bowman's family are afflicted with tonsilitis.

Henry Hewitt of Rising was in the city Monday and Tuesday, on business.

Congressman Dorsey passed through the city Wednesday on his way to Grand Island.

L. S. McCoy, editor of the Silver Creek Oriole, made this office a pleasant call Monday.

Adolph Sauer left Monday for Ogden. His many friends here wish him success at his new home.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Davis attended the funeral of their uncle Henry Davis at Schuyler Monday.

W. J. Newman, George Scott and H. M. Winslow went yesterday to the republican senatorial convention at Schuyler.

M. T. Kinney, a former resident here, was in the city Monday. He is now traveling for the National Tobacco Works of Louisville, Ky., making his headquarters in Omaha.

H. M. Winslow returned home Sunday from the north. He goes to Massachusetts, where his wife and daughter went some time ago, his son-in-law, C. J. Garlow starting Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Wilch of Schuyler were in the city Saturday, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mathews, the latter of whom is their daughter. He tells us that the man whom constable Straba shot twice while attempting to arrest him, has fled the country.

A. Anderson and W. B. Backus returned Friday night from their trip to Wyoming, Mr. Backus bringing with him eight Indians for the school at Genoa. Mr. A. reports a very enjoyable trip, but at the first shot of his gun, it kicked so hard that it skinned his nose and made his shoulder so sore that it feels heavy yet.

—E. W. Sims and son Walter of Madison were in the city Tuesday evening on their way home from New York city, where they had been for three weeks past for the purpose of placing the boy under treatment for hydrophobia. In a talk with Mr. Sims he told us that his son was herding, Aug. 10th, when their dog (one that they had raised, and that had never shown any signs of madness), ran a calf against a barbed-wire fence and was biting it; he went to it, and in striking it to make it let go the calf, the dog turned and bit the boy in the arm. He then ran away and they never heard anything of him afterwards. Five head of cattle were bit, two of which died of hydrophobia and three were shot, to put them out of their misery. The sight of the animals in torments and the fact that the son had also been bitten, nearly distracted the father, and he took his boy to the Pasteur Institute at New York city. The physician in charge told him that the lad would be slightly sick the ninth day; and that was all the indisposition he had while under treatment, which consisted only of injections into each side, 67 in number, and at a depth of ¾ of an inch. After three weeks he was pronounced all right. Mr. Sims gives a very interesting description of the institute and of the work of the physicians, all Frenchmen. They have there, all the time, under treatment for hydrophobia, from twelve to twenty-five patients. The cost to Mr. Sims was $200. The boy is a bright-looking lad of thirteen years, and has every appearance of being in sound health.

—From a communication in the Clarks Chronicle, from J. C. Martin (who with W. B. Backus and A. Anderson have been hunting in Wyoming) we quote: "There is no place so much like h—l as Wyoming." "Superintendent Backus shot the first deer, which turned out to be a tame one, blind, crippled, and tied to a tree. However, it made good eating. The first trout was captured by Mr. Anderson, who secured it from an Indian in exchange for a square meal and smoke." "Backus lost his corns and several years accumulation of dirt in the springs" (hot springs near the Shoshone agency.) "The Indians name persons from some peculiar feature or characteristic. They called Anderson 'Scarred Nose,' as he had some sticking plaster on his nose from a wound received when shooting a cobble stone for a rabbit. They called Backus 'Big Eye,' and your correspondent had a more expressive than elegant cognomen, founded on the appearance of his trousers, which had been fractured in an encounter with a saddle on a bucking broncho. Backus had no difficulty in winning a wager that he could eat more trout than Anderson could catch. Our party saw two grizzly bears before they saw us, so all escaped without harm. The bears were going west, so we went east, as we had not lost any bears. As the laws of Wyoming prohibit the taking of any game out of the state, we can only tell of the large quantity killed. Many amusing incidents happened on the trip, but would probably be interesting only to the participants."

—J. B. Tschudy, P. Laughlin and A. M. Jennings have each received by express, free of charge to them, a handsome book of 844 pages entitled "Minnesota in the Civil and Indian Wars, 1861-'65," prepared and published under the supervision of the board of commissioners appointed by the act of legislature of April 16, 1889. The whole number of names of soldiers printed in the volume is 26,717. It was Minnesota that furnished the first three-years regiment that reached the seat of war. It was a Minnesota regiment that sustained the greatest loss in the greatest battle of the war—the 1st Minnesota at Gettysburg. Of the 262 men who made the charge 215 lay upon the field. The book is a very interesting one, and a credit to the great state which gives it to her soldiers.

HELD UP A BOX CAR.

Five Men Arrested for Breaking Open and Stealing Merchandise from a Car on the U. P. Track Last Winter.

A JOURNAL reporter interviewed Frank Snyder, one of the five implicated in the stealing, and gleaned the following from him:

He says the theft was committed a little while after Christmas last winter, and on the night of the robbery Gray told them that he had not purchased any coal since he had lived here, went on to tell them his mode of getting it; that when the trains stopped at the B. & M. crossing he would get on a car that was loaded with coal and by time the train got to the depot here, he would have enough thrown off to last him several days; so when the train whistled they went to the packing house, and Ott Butterfield said to Snyder "Here is a car loaded with groceries." Snyder says Butterfield opened the car door and went in and that he, Snyder, threw the first box out, and Butterfield threw the rest, four boxes in all, and four packages. The boxes contained shoes and the packages, smoking tobacco. He said that Gray, Shilling and Barr carried the boxes and tobacco over to Gray's house and secreted them in between the walls of the house.

Frank Snyder and his wife moved to Fullerton, where Mrs. Snyder's mother lives, and everything went on smoothly until Mrs. Snyder told her mother about the robbery here, and in some way Sheriff Mawhinney got some clue of it and about six weeks ago he went to Snyder and got a full confession out of him, he telling the sheriff where the shoes were located in Gray's house, and the men who were implicated with him in the robbery.

Sheriff Mawhinney wrote to Sheriff Caldwell with regard to it and the latter and Deputy Campbell went to Gray's house, arrested him, searched the house and found the shoes that were hidden between the walls. Deputy Campbell then went out to Grand Prairie township and arrested Wm. Schilling and brought him to this city, and the authorities at Creighton were notified to arrest George Barr and Ott Butterfield, which they did, and Sheriff Caldwell deputized W. H. Randall to go after them and he returned with his prisoners Monday noon.

Sunday morning Sheriff Caldwell and Charles Wake went to Gray's house and made another search but did not find anything until they went into the cellar, and the sheriff took the handle of a shovel and commenced rapping on some boards under the stairway and something fell onto a piece of tin that was used as a cover to an earthen jar. They took the boards off and in these jars they found thirty more pairs of shoes.

As we go to press, the hearing of the men is being had before Judge Hensley.

Frank Snyder, Ott Butterfield and George Barr gave bonds for their appearance at district court. Wm. Schilling and Lee Gray had not yet given bond and were in charge of the sheriff.

Luther Benson.

This noted lecturer talked to a good audience at the M. E. church Thursday evening. He is the author of the book called "Fifteen Years in Hell," and if there is a hell upon earth, he certainly sounded its depths when he suffered the pangs of delirium tremens as he describes them. He is nervous, irritable and very intent upon fixing his thought upon the minds of his hearers; has a vivid imagination and is a good word-painter. Though speaking very rapidly, nearly two hundred words a minute, he speaks distinctly. To those who have never been familiar with the sufferings of the victim of delirium tremens (and scarcely one in a thousand has), his lecture was a revelation. In this brief mention, we can only give a suggestion of what he said.

There are no arguments in favor of the liquor traffic. The best way to lecture on temperance is to answer the objections made to it. The moderate drinker nearly always quotes Paul's admonition to Timothy to take a little wine for his stomach's sake, but he never told him to go and get Peter, James and John to go with him to a saloon and fill up well stomachs on wine mixed with poison. Be temperate in all good things. As a drunkard he had tried to taper off but he found the taper end got about as wide as the whole northern end of Indiana. Moderate drinkers made drunkards, but drunkards don't make moderate drinkers. The only proper way to do is to cure the drunkard before he gets the disease. He purposed to make his boys superstitions against the use of liquor. A reformed drunkard, mortally sick, was prescribed liquor, but he refused to take it, saying "I wouldn't live a life that liquor would save." In the last hundred years in America ten million graves have been dug for the victims of liquor. His description of the craving for liquor was a lurid picture. Water satisfies thirst, bread satisfies hunger, but liquor satisfies neither, but creates a craving that is more and more impossible of satisfying. "Wine is a mocker." With reference to drink there are two roads open to the young men of this country, one of which leads to starry heights, the other to the dark dungeons of despair and remorse. Take temptation away from the boys. He dwelt on first impressions, and claimed that those of the young from the age of one hour to that of ten years were the very strongest, and were remembered the longest. He knew that he inherited the appetite for liquor, and gave some of the reasons why he knew it, and it seemed to him that the craving was two thousand years old in his veins. You think you don't inherit anything, but the fact is you inherit everything—the appetite for drink has the same relation to liquor as powder has to fire—kept separate, all peace, but bring them close enough together, and you have an explosion.

When he couldn't get liquor he would drink vinegar, camphor, sulphuric acid. He had lain down at the gates of hell, when every hair of his head seemed a blaze of fire, and every blaze a hissing snake, when the tops of his boots were dog heads, and the boots filled with writhing, twisting, hissing snakes—the head a whispering gallery for ten thousand demons. He quit drinking, had not drank now for years, but every three months I got drunk without liquor, and the description of it was terrible. If you are hungry for bread, starving, and some one covers a loaf with arsenic, with rat's bane, with Paris green, you will clutch the loaf and eat it, anyhow. So with liquor only a thousand times worse. This craving has no regard for the dearest ties on earth, wife, children, father, mother; it handcuffs the bible, and festoons the cross with chains. His father told him once, after a fifteen days and nights struggle with snakes that crawled in his bed, "I have given you up; you are breaking my heart." Then he plead for charity, that good men and women would never fail to lend a helping hand, to say a kind word to the unfortunate, the erring, the despondent, the wayward; these have a wonderful lifting power. There are human beings everywhere who are starving for sympathy. "Are you God's wife," said a little starving child to a lady who befriended her, gave her a good meal and sent some eatables to her mother. No wonder! She had heard somewhere that God is good. You can't do anything in your own strength. He had learned that lesson and believed just as much in spiritual birth as he did in the physical. He believed that Christ had saved him and that he would keep him. He knew the time and place of his spiritual birth, had felt the power of God's love, and the wonderful strength of his salvation, and knew that without His help he could do nothing. Whenever nothing can create something, the theory of infidelity might begin to have a foothold with thinking people.

A choir, composed of Misses Mary and Martha Turner and Alice Matthews, J. N. Heater and J. A. Shuck furnished excellent music, the anthem, "Praise ye the Lord," being unusually well rendered; the duett in the anthem is a fine piece of composition and was very fitly interpreted by Miss Matthews and Miss Mary Turner.

At the opera house Friday evening Mr. Benson directed his attention to answering objections to prohibition. That the law would be violated; true he said; if there was no violation there would be need of the law. That prohibition is a failure; if that is true, why should the other side keep up such a roar about it? He then gave, in detail, his observations in Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas and Texas, and proclaimed it a glorious success in lessening crimes, expenses of public prosecutions, etc. In Rockwall county, Texas, where drunkenness and fights had been prevalent, and where the courts couldn't keep up with the criminal business through liquor, fights, murders, etc., the jail is now actually used as a corn crib. On the saying, "you let liquor alone, and it will let you alone," the speaker gave instance after instance from current events, where men frenzied by drink, had destroyed property and the lives of wives and children, and all these horrors were attributed to drink and nothing else. We must change our method. Now we license a man to sell intoxicating liquor, and when a poor wretch fills up with the poison and the liquor in him commits a crime we lock the man up. If you must manufacture the stuff, gather it all together, the barrels and cases and bottles and lock them up, and save the men that they may lead decent, sober, useful lives.

Rasmussen's.

This first-class establishment have have just finished placing on their shelves four lines of table ware, the very choicest that the market affords.

Glassware also and holiday goods, the best assortment in the city.

A line of splendid hanging lamps will be on exhibition for the first time Thursday.

A cool scuttle and a prize shovel will be given away with every can of Great American baking powder sold at 50 cents, a baking powder guaranteed to be as good as anybody's. This offer for a limited time only.

Everybody is invited to come and see us. 1

—Immediately upon his release at Omaha J. J. Truman was arrested by Sheriff Caldwell of this city to answer the charge of forging the names of his father and brother to a note signed by himself and negotiated last year with the First National bank of this city. Mr. Truman's father has already helped him, financially, to the full extent of his ability. The hearing will be had in a few days.

—John Gisin has succeeded Samuel Glass in the furniture business at the corner of M and Eleventh streets. Mr. Gisin is an excellent workman in his line and at his establishment you can always find a full assortment of what is to be had in a first-class furniture store. Be sure to give him a call when in need of furniture of any sort. New store, new goods. 24 3

—Messrs. Hartz and Baker will open out tomorrow, Thursday, a feed and barn in store one door west of Hentz's drug store. They are honest, thorough, capable gentlemen, and will no doubt do a good business.

MARRIED.

BURROWS—HALE—Oct. 12th, at the residence of E. T. James, esq., (brother of the bride) in Burrows township, by Rev. A. Henrich, James Burrows, esq., and Mrs. Jennie Hale.

DIED.

BAUER—Thursday, Oct. 9th, of paralysis, Tobias C. Bauer, aged 61 years.

Some months ago Mr. Bauer was stricken with paralysis of the right side, and though he rallied from it somewhat, and was able to be about and do light work, the stroke seemed to permanently affect him, and he never entirely recovered from it. His death-stroke came while he was doing chores at his barn.

Mr. Bauer was born in Germany in 1829, came to this country when a boy of 11 years and lived at Columbus, O., then in Kansas. In the summer of '79 he removed to this city, and has since resided here. He leaves a wife and two children—Emma, wife of F. H. Rusche of this city, and Miss Louise Bauer.

He was an excellent citizen, a loving, considerate husband, and a fond father. The home circle is broken, and the loss of the family is irreparable. Only He, in whose hand is the destiny of all, can give consolation in such affliction.

The funeral services were held at the family residence Sunday afternoon at 2, Rev. H. Miessler officiating, and a very large concourse of neighbors and friends followed the remains to the cemetery.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Taken up on my premises, one mile east of Columbus,

ONE EIGHT RED COW,

white star in face, small white spot on spine, white hind legs. She is one or six years old, has horns, and is in thin condition.

10sep5 H. M. MOREY.

Business Notices.

Advertisements under this head five cents a line each insertion.

WM. SCHULTZ makes boots and shoes in the best styles, and uses only the very best stock that can be procured in the market. 52-tf

WANTED TO EXCHANGE. I have 20 head of young horses and mares, good for light and heavy work, which I wish to exchange for good young stock cattle.
1ocf3 JOSEPH BECHER.

LOST—Saturday last, between Columbus and Shell Creek, a large leather pocket-book, containing money and valuable papers. A suitable reward will be given for the return of purse and contents. Leave at JOURNAL office. 25-2t-p

PUBLIC SALE. On account of sickness and poor health, I will offer my entire personal property for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction, at my residence one-half mile west of Richland, Colfax county, Nebraska, on

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 22, 1890,

at 10 o'clock a. m., consisting of the following: 148 head of steers, from 1 to 3 years old, 42 head being corn-fed seven weeks; 2 cows; 16 head of horses and colts as follows: 1 span of gray geldings, 7 and 8 years old, weight 2400; 1 span of bay geldings, 4 and 7 years old, weight 2300; 1 bay gelding, 3 years old, weight 1300; 1 brown gelding, 4 years old, weight 1050; 1 span of mares, with foal, 4 and 6 years old, weight 2300; 1 bay mare, with foal, 10 years old, weight 1250; 1 span of geldings, 7 and 11 years old, weight 2000; 2 saddle ponies, 4 and 5 years old; 2 suckling colts; 1 Cleveland-Bay stallion, 6 years old, weight 1300; 300 head of hogs, 65 brood sows, 4 registered Poland-China; 5 thoroughbred sheats, balance grade sheats; 5 set good team harness; 2 saddles; 3 lumber wagons; 1 buggy, and machinery of all kinds generally used on a farm; 4 stands of bees; 1 feed cooker; 100 tons of hay and large quantity of straw, corn fodder, etc.; 80 acres good corn in field; 15 tons of shorts, and other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Farm for sale or rent. Free lunch on the ground.☜

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of $10 or under, cash; over that amount, a credit of fourteen months' will be given on good bankable paper, at 10 per cent interest, 5 per cent off for cash.

O. PETERSON.
COL. JOHN HUBER, Auctioneer. 25-2t-pd

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 13th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows, towit:

Section 1: That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state, and the legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision. And there shall also at said election be separately submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of the state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 2: At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendments to the constitution, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," or "Against the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

There shall also be written or printed on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendment to the constitution, the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law," or "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 3: If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors voting at the said election, then it shall constitute section twenty-seven [27] of article one [1] of the constitution of this state.

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one [1] article fifteen [15] of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "an act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand, and cause to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln this 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the 24th year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL.] Secretary of State. 26jul3n