Columbus Journal.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications, to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the writer. We reserve the right to reject any manuscript and cannot agree to return the same. We desire a correspondent in every school-district in Platte county, one of good judgment, and reliable in every way.—Write plainly, each item separately. Give us facts.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1890.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
L. D. RICHARDS.

For Lieutenant-Governor,
T. J. MAJORS.

For Secretary of State,
J. C. ALLEN.

For State Auditor,
THOMAS H. BENTON.

For State Treasurer,
JAMES E. HILL.

For Attorney-General,
GEORGE H. HASTINGS.

For Commissioner of Public Lands,
A. R. HUMPHREY.

For State Sup't Public Instruction,
A. K. GOUDY.

Legislative Ticket.

For Representative 25th District,
HENRY STEVENS.

Republican County Ticket.

For County Attorney,
I. L. ALBERT.

For Representative 24th District,
WILLIAM SCHELP.

Coming Events.

Nance county fair, Fullerton, September 23—26.

Butler county fair, David City, September 23—26.

Prohibition congressional convention, Columbus, September 10th.

Sioux City Corn Palace, Sept. 25-Oct. 11.

Madison county fair, Madison, September 17—19.

Boone county fair, Albion, September 17—19.

Republican congressional convention, Columbus, September 17, 3 p. m.

Third annual fair of the North Nebraska Fair and Driving Park Association, Norfolk, September 23-26.

Merrick county fair at Central City, September 17-20.

HON. G. W. E. DORSEY has arrived at home.

A MODERN Woodman Accident association has been started at York.

IT is supposed that Speaker Reed will be elected to congress by 1000 to 1,500 majority.

THE first car load of dried prunes sent from California left Santa Rosa last week for Chicago.

J. C. WATSON has been nominated for representative, by the republicans of Cass and Otoe counties.

EX-GOV. EDWARD F. NOYES dropped dead of apoplexy, at the court house Cincinnati, Sept. 4, 11 a. m.

THE live-stock commission firm of Dykes & Co., Kansas City has failed,—liabilities, $10,000, amount of assets not known.

SAN FRANCISCO celebrated the fortieth anniversary of the admission into the Union of the state of California last Sunday.

MISS A. and Miss L. Thornton, sisters, of Butte City, Mont., have each a million dollars and are attending college in Philadelphia.

DR. P. SCHWENK of Norfolk has been nominated by the republicans as senator for the 11th district composed of Wayne, Pierce, Stanton and Madison counties.

MACCOLL does wisely in keeping out of the race for congress. He took his chance for the governorship, and it is judicious in him to let that suffice for the present.

FOUR doctors of Omaha were tried on a charge of illegally practicing medicine at that place Monday and were fined $50 and costs. Several other cases will probably follow.

JOHN JOHNSON, while cleaning a well twelve miles west of Madison, was overcome by foul air and fell to the bottom of the well, one hundred feet, and was instantly killed.

THE Chinook, Mont., artesian well is down 805 feet in a shale formation. There is a continuous flow of gas from the well and considerable crude petroleum is brought up, which burns freely when a match is applied..

THE applicants for state teacher's certificate at the recent session of the board at Fremont, were examined in twenty-five branches as required by law. There were thirteen applicants and they varied in age from 20 to 45 years.

THE Carson (Nev.) Appeal says that from the fact that the sage hens are six weeks behind in their hatching and numerous other signs, the Indians predict a short, mild winter, and will not begin stealing wood until November.

THE Santee Agency, Knox county, now has an artesian well, at a depth of 645 feet, which has a magnificent flow of water. THE JOURNAL believes that Nebraska can have many more such, and they would be a great thing for the state.

MARTIN BROWER, of Fullerton, was tendered the nomination for governor at the late state prohibition convention but declined the honor for the reason that he had already been nominated for county attorney of Nance.—[Fullerton Post.

THE colored men of Omaha propose to ask of the republican party the nomination of E. R. Overall for state senator. This is one year in which the republican party must recognize the colored vote.—[World-Herald.

Speaker Reed in Boston.

Speaker Reed addressed a large audience Wednesday night at Faneuil hall. In the course of his speech he said, in part:

"It is amazing to notice the history of the house of representatives and congress to see how in detail is carried out this principle—that when things are to be done the republican party does them. The great struggle which has been made by the democratic house of representatives has been not to be economical in the expenditures of the government, but to cut down the sum total of the appropriations. They have been striving in every way to pile up a surplus, not merely by taxation, but by parsimony in the expenditure of money. So long as they could point to the clogging of business which results from the storing of money in the treasury they seemed happy, but now they are busily engaged in showing that the surplus has disappeared. They are unable to be contented, either with a surplus or without one. There is no doubt but what the expenditures of the government are about to approach the receipts, but any man would make a mistake if he believed it was in any way the result of extravagance or carelessness with public money. There has been an advertisement broadcast of this surplus and every human need and want has been put together to try to get money out of the treasury for other than public purposes, but not one of these schemes has been successful. All expenditures have been legitimate, just and proper. We shall expend nearly our income. We shall also reduce taxation to the extent of $50,000,000 in addition thereto. One great element of expenditure is pension legislation, which is not understood in New England, and the character of it is not fully appreciated. With us the soldier is comparatively content with what he has received and with what is promised him in the near future. But in the west there exists a different feeling. The stories about a vast surplus have set men wild with the idea of a service pension, which would bring emolument to every man in the service. We have had to meet not merely the contention of those who are parsimonious and not willing to do what was fair to the soldier, but those who wished to do such things as with the present revenues of the government are impossible without bankruptcy and ruin. The republican party grapples with the question and solves it with that measure of justice which is satisfactory to the whole people of the country. So have we met all such questions."

Tobacco Raising in Nebraska.

Since coming to Nebraska we have always had a notion that the culture of tobacco would prove a very profitable venture for those who owned Nebraska soil, and understood the culture of "the weed." Nebraska "homestead" tobacco has been a product of the soil for years, and the nostrils of a good many people can testify as to its strength and pungency. We don't know of any test, on a large scale, but Nebraska land owners will keep track of the subject, as hundreds of thousands of dollars may thus be added to the farmers' bank accounts. The following is from the Schuyler Sun of the 4th:

Mr. John Garnas, the gentleman who has charge of the tobacco being raised on Messrs. Wells & Nieman's farm, called on the Sun office Tuesday and gave the reporter some very interesting facts in regard to the tobacco that he has raised here this year and the industry in general. He has the crop raised for Wells & Nieman all cut and shedded and says that the qualityand quantityis fully equal to that raised in the tobacco district of Wisconsin. It is the variety known as the Havana Leaf and is a healthy, rich looking plant. Mr. Garnas has been at the business of tobacco culture for ten years and knows just what can be done at the business, rightly conducted, and he tells us that the soil here is well adapted to the plant and he anticipates big results for those who raise it here. In the tobacco districts of other states he says the land is worth from $30 to $50 more an acre than where other crops are grown and there is no reason why the same change should not take place here. They will also experiment with other kinds next year and very likely put a large acreage in of the Havana Leaf. The leaf can be shipped to tobacco factories at other places or made up here. We shall certainly all watch the outcome of the venture—it can hardly be called a venture now—and anticipate splendid results and increased valuation in the price of lands here if many go to raising the leaf.

Not in the Race.

A special dispatch from Fremont to the Enterprise has the following:

It is stated that the friends of Richards, in order to beat Dorsey, will support MacColl as a dark horse candidate.

Mr. MacColl is not a candidate. The friends of Mr. Richards feel very kindly toward him, no doubt. His hearty loyalty to the ticket, from the moment of its nomination, could not fail to command admiration. Had he desired to run for congress he could have beaten all other candidates out of sight, but that has never been his ambition.

Jack MacColl has but one desire to graitfy in politics this year. That is to see L. D. Richards elected governor by an elegant majority. He is more anxious for that result than he ever was about his own nomination.

But he isn't a horse in the present race, dark or otherwise.—[Kearney Enterprise.

JOHN L. BUTLER of Harrisburg, Pa., has introduced into politics a new word; although a democrat himself, he doesn't like Pattison, the democratic candidate for governor of the Keystone state, and calls him a ji-boose, which he defines as "a professed democrat who is better and purer than his party, in his own estimation, and is loaded with a set of prize-package principles which can never be put into practice."

THE following from the Schuyler Quill is supposed to refer to the democratic candidate for senator of this district: "It is not proper for one alliance man to run against another. The alliance ticket was nominated, now let the members stand by it. If the order has a lot of chronic office seekers in it, whose ambition for cheap notoriety overcomes their brains, let them get out and pull in with their old parties."

P. MULLEN, one of the solid farmers of Warnerville township, threshed out his wheat the other day, and it yielded 33½ bushels to the acre, good plump grain at that. Who can beat it? While Mr. Mullen has been lucky with his crops this year, he has been unfortunate in another respect, having lost a valuable mare last week, which impaled itself on a stick which was stuck slanting into the ground.—[Norfolk Herald.

THE Wheeler Bros. killed 152 prairie chickens yesterday, and our poultry buyer, J. D. White, paid them $30.70 for the lot. A good day's work for two men....James McMahon, of Emerick, has recently received $1,295 back pension, and will receive $8.00 per month in the future. This is a deserving tribute to an old soldier, but it ought to have been granted years ago.—[Madison Chronicle.

A War Picture.

The Junction City (Kas.) Republican of a recent date speaks of the change of the county name from Davis to Geary, and of the fact that some citizens had been dissatisfied therewith. Seeing something of the matter, a Nebraska veteran comes to the front with the following letter which explains itself, and at the same time furnishes a picture which will be of interest to some of the "boys." By the way, A. Smith of this county was at this same battle and knows of the facts:

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 8.

COMMANDER G. A. R. POST—Dear Sir and Comrade:—I see by the American Tribune that your county is about to adopt the picture of Gen. Geary kissing the lips of his dead boy on the battle field of Wauhatchie as your county seal. The emotions I experienced when I read it I cannot explain. I was a witness to that incident, and can testify to the truth of it. Three of our cannoneers were wounded, and Ed. Geary was filling the post of a common cannoneer when he was shot. He fell at my feet, and after a moment he rallied, and raising himself on his elbow, cried: "For God's sake, boys, keep up the fire." They were the last words he ever spoke. His father was informed of his death, and in a few minutes I saw him riding up to our gun with but one staff officer. As he approached I pointed to where Ed. laid. He dismounted, dropped on his knees, kissed him, mounted again and rode off. The battle of Wauhatchie was fought at midnight, and only lasted about one and a half hours, but during that time our losses in men were greater than any one battle we were ever engaged in. I will close by saying that if there are any members of your post that belonged to the White Star division of the 20th corps, just give them a shake for me.

JOHN E. RIDOE,
Knap's Battery Pa. Vet. Vol.

I. L. Albert.

The republican and people's independent candidate for county attorney was born in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, Dec. 28, 1856.

His father being engaged in the lumber business, this was also the occupation of young Albert until he was nineteen years old, at which time he came west, attending the Western college at Toledo, Ia., of which his uncle, E. B. Kephart, was president, and of which he is a graduate.

Under the direction of Hon. F. C. Hormel, a prominent attorney of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, he studied law, and was admitted to practice in Plymouth county. He practiced in Iowa courts till 1886, when he came to Albion, Neb., where he had an extensive practice until last fall, when health failed him, and he spent the winter months on the Pacific coast. Early last spring he returned to Nebraska, and with J. D. Stires, esq., opened a law office in this city.

By his acquaintances here Mr. Albert is regarded as a young man of exceptionally good ability, a bright lawyer, and one who will be a credit to himself and an honor to the political parties which have selected him as their candidate for the important office of county attorney.

The Pierce Tragedy.

From a citizen of Pierce who was in the city today, The News learned further particulars of the shooting of the Auten boy near that place Sunday night. It seems that young Auten and another lad about the same age (17 years) had been routed by Pointer from his melon patch, and while the latter was captured the Auten boy jumped on his horse and started to escape. He went but a short distance, however, and then turned back to see what had become of his companion, who says that as Auten rode up Pointer said he would "fix him," and loaded his shotgun and went out to meet him. Leveling the gun at the lad, Pointer fired both barrels into his body, being so close to him that every shot in both loads, some 200 in all, the doctors say, took effect. The boy was taken home, and though every effort was made to save his life, he died this morning.

Pointer was arrested at the time for shooting with intent to kill, and was placed under $500 bonds to appear. After the death of young Auten this morning he was rearrested and will now have to answer a more serious charge.—[Norfolk News Sept. 3.

THE Irishman for ready wit, always, and a way out of trouble. "Pap" Thomas was a stern disciplinarian, and once upon a time, after many complaints had been lodged with him against his boys for foraging, he issued very strict orders, menacing with death any who should transgress. The brigade in question wore for its badge an acorn, in silver or gold, and the men were very fond of it as a sign. The old general didn't succeed in finding any proofs until one day he came full upon an Irishman, who had killed a hog and was skinning the animal with his sword-bayonet. "Ah," cried the general, "you rascal! at last I have caught one of you in the act. There is no mistake about it this time, and I will make an example of you, sir." "Bedad, gineral, honey!" said the man, straightening himself up and coming to the salute, it's not shootin' me that you ought to be at, but rewardin' me." "What do you mean, sir?" exclaimed Gen. Thomas. "Why, your honor," the soldier replied, "this bad baste here had just been disicratin' the regimental badge, and so I was forced to dispatch him. It's atin' the acorns I found him at." The general laughed and the soldier was not shot.

A Revolver's Victim.

What proved to be very near a tragedy from the careless handling of a revolver occurred at the farm of C. F. Haase north of this city this morning. Wm., the young son of Mr. Haase, and a farm hand were at work in a field together when the latter pulled out a revolver and was showing it to him. While the "showing" process was going on the weapon was accidentally discharged, the bullet striking young Haase in the right side, passing either through or around the body and lodging just beneath the skin near the backbone. Though the wound is a painful one, the doctor does not think it dangerous and the young man will doubtless speedily recover.—[Norfolk News.

THE Newport, Ky., branch of the Addyston Pipe and Steel Works will this week begin turning out the largest pipe ever attempted in this country, being five feet in diameter—almost double the largest size heretofore made. Each pipe will be twelve feet four inches long. The thickness will be one and one-eighth inches. The weight of each section will be six tons. The ladle used in making the cast will hold nine tons of molten metal. The pipe goes to Milwaukee to be used in obtaining a water supply from the lake. Eight hundred lengths are to be made, or 4,800 tons.

A NUMBER of the Jefferson county farmers have maufactured horse power machines with which to cut their corn. It is a wonderful piece of labor saving machinery and does good work. Two men and a boy can cut and shock from eight to ten acres of corn a day, its swath being two rows. G. Ducket has a machine which cuts four rows and he alleges that he can cut and shock in good shape from fifteen to twenty acres of corn in a day. This machine is a simple one, being made in the shape of sled, narrow enough to pass between two rows of corn. Knives are attached on either side, back of which are substantial platforms for the men to stand on who take care of the corn. Thus says an exchange. This is the same machine in use in this section of the state, and manufactured by a Kansas City house.

LAST Friday morning while all the farmers were busily engaged putting up hay a fire was discovered by Charles Jenkins in the barn of Wm. Maurer, living near Kalamazoo and soon the neighbors were coming from all directions to help extinguish the flames, but all efforts proved of no avail, for the flames by this time were leaping high into the air and nothing could be saved but a harvester. The balance of the contents, consisting of two horses, two sets of new harness and all small farming utensils and other property in the barn, together with the barn soon went to ashes, which was a total loss there being no insurance on the property. Mr. Maurer having the true western grit was soon on the road to Madison to get lumber to build a new barn.—[Madison Reporter.

ABOUT forty people left Albion, St. Edward and Cedar Rapids by a special car on the Union Pacific Tuesday night of last week for the John Brown colony at Madria, Cal. The representative of the colony, B. K. Smith, a former resident of Boone county, has been working in the county for about a month and the crowd who left is the result of his labors. The colony is a co-operative scheme and the business to be engaged in is the raisin grape culture.

A FARMER living near Honeyre Falls, N. Y., committed suicide last Sunday in a horrible manner. Bennett cut his bowels open and pulled them out and stamped them on the ground, and afterward cut his throat. Being in the best of financial circumstances and having happy relations with his family, his act is thought to have been the result of temporary insanity.

THE other day the large barn on W. A. Frybarger's farm, in Moscow township, Muscatine county, Ia., was destroyed by fire. A small boy chased a rat into a hole under the building, and, being unable to get the rodent out, stuffed the hole full of straw and applied a match with the above result. The rat probably escaped.

THREE months ago G. C. Stevens was a poor drummer. He had accumulated $409, which he was pursuaded to invest in Florida phosphate lands. The other day he sold a fraction of his purchase for $50,000, at which rate the balance of his holdings is worth $700,000. He gave out a contract for a marble palace in the fashionable part of the city.

C. H. CHASE returned yesterday from his trip to Maine well pleased with his visit. He reports gold being discovered and now mined up on Swift river and that he mined some and found it the best of quality. Well, the Nebraska soil when properly cared for will produce more gold than the Maine dirt, even up on Swift river.—[Schuyler Quill.

FROM the Fullerton Journal it would seem that some alliance people are complaining that the republicans have nominated their candidate, Henry Stevens, for representative. It is a great mistake for alliance men to think that the republican party don't know a good thing when they see it. They are not, however, without discrimination.

OXFORD, a town of 1,500 sixteen miles west of Iowa City, was almost entirely destroyed by fire Tuesday night of last week. It was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, as the fire bell rope was cut and the fire apparatus crippled. Little is left of the place except the residences on the outskirts, and the loss is estimated at $100,000.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

WHEN John Sherwin viewed the thirty odd democratic editors at the meeting of the state central committee and heard Hildebrand intimating that they must have boodle, John girded up his loins and rejoiced that he was not nominated for governor.—[Bee.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF VEASEY of the G. A. R. arrived in Fremont Saturday, on his way home from the reunion at Grand Island, and was accorded a grand reception by the citizens of Fremont. He complimented Nebraska for its wonderful growth and prosperity.

THE alliance people think that the democracy are not playing them fair in nominating John C. Van Housen for state senator; they say it was done because Van Housen is president of the Smith Center alliance, and lives in the same precinct with O. Nelson, the alliance candidate.

THE state convention of the Womans' Christian Temperance Union of Nebraska will be held at Seward, September 23, 24, 25 and 26. Arrangements will be made for the entertainment of the three hundred and fifty delegates. Miss Frances E. Willard will be present. Mrs. H. A. Beam is chairman of the entertainment committee.

REV. L. G. POWERS of Minneapolis, Minn., has filed with the state insurance commissioner an application asking him to wind up the affairs of the Knights of Aurora, a benevolent secret organization. The general charges against the affairs of the order include obtaining money under false pretenses, embezzlement, perjury and forgery.

OCCASIONALLY there are proofs that corporate bodies are animated by a human soul: The York manufacturing company of Saco has made provisions for Fannie Hutchins, now 65 years old, and who has been in their employ a little more than forty years, by securing her admission to the Wardell Old Ladies' Home, the entrance fee to which is $100.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Washington Letter.

[From our regular correspondent.]

The president has been giving a great deal of attention to the condition of the congressional calendar, and he has become convinced that it will be impossible to dispose of the measures of national importance, not to mention those important to particular sections of the country in the time between the first Monday in December and the 4th of March, 1891. At the same time, it is believed that he would prefer that congress should adopt the resolution offered by Senator Edmunds providing for a recess from September 19 to November 10, instead of his having to call an extra session.

Senator Edmunds says he offered the resolution without conferring with his party colleagues, and because he thinks the additional time will thereby be gained is absolutely necessary to dispose of the immense mass of business—all more or less important—with which the calendar of the senate is loaded down. Mr. Edmunds thinks, as does every one else at all familiar with the subject, that unless those three weeks before the regular meeting in December are utilized in this manner many important measures cannot be acted upon.

Another thing which will probably have a restraining effect upon the filli-bustering proclivities of the democrats is that among the measures which the Edmunds resolution or a similar one will give an opportunity of becoming laws, which otherwise they cannot possibly have, are a number that the labor organizations and the farmers' alliance are numerously clamoring for; and for the democrats to antagonize those organizations so openly—they are always ready to do so secretly—would mean that the republicans would certainly elect two-thirds, if no more, of the next house of representatives.

It begins to look now as though the reciprocity amendment of the tariff bill would provide for including other countries than those of South and Central America. Senator Aldrich, who, in the absence of Senator Morrill, is in charge of the tariff bill, has introduced an amendment to include coffee, tea and hides in the amendment giving the president authority to place a duty on such articles coming from countries which refuse to reciprocate by allowing our goods free entry. Of course the question remains as yet an open one, and will so continue until the voting upon the amendments shall begin.

The house has passed the bill amending the eight hour law, which was asked for by the labor organizations.

Secretary Windom has issued a call for an additional $20,000,000 of 4½ per cent bonds upon the same terms offered in the call of August 21—par and accrued interest to September 1881, when they mature.

Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson retired from official life Saturday afternoon. He will now give his whole time until after election to the congressional campaign committee.

Palestine.

Mrs. J. M. Anderson returned from Polk county on Tuesday evening, where she has been to attend the funeral of her mother. Her father accompanied her home.

Mr. Diefenbach of Silver Creek has been in the neighborhood delivering pictures and visiting friends, last Thursday and Friday.

I. L. Albert, candidate for county attorney, is expected to address the open alliance meeting at Palestine school house next Friday evening, Sept. 12.

Miss Helen Rolf started Friday morning to Oneida, Ill., to attend school.

The rain last Tuesday evening prevented the meeting for the cemetery. It is now appointed for next Tuesday evening, Sept. 9.

Mr. Rolfe has bought the Gilbert place, consideration $2,100.

The Loup and Elkhorn association of the Baptist church will meet at the Baptist church commencing, Sept. 18, Thursday evening, at 7:30. All invited.

DAN.

~~TAKE the U. P. to Denver and all Colorado resorts.~~

Merit Wins.

We disire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell so well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. David Dowty's drug store.

WEEPING WATER, Neb., has a sewing machine factory.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon.

Trial bottle free at David Dowty's drug store.

~~WHEN you travel, go via the Union Pacific lines and you'll not regret it.~~

Baby cried,
Mother sighed,
Doctor prescribed: Castoria!

HARRISON C. MAGOON of Hay Springs was granted a pension Sept. 4th.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by David Dowty. 3

Real Estate Deals.

For the week ending Sept. 6, 1890. All deeds warranty unless otherwise shown.

Wm. Schilz and wife to city of Columbus n 80 ft out lot 29.....$ 150
J. C. Caldwell, sheriff, to W. A. McAllister nw¼, nw¼, sec 20 and sw ¼ of sw¼ sec 17 all in 16-2w.....201
E. A. Stockslager and wife to Antone Zirbes q.c. lots 7 and 8 buock 8 Lockner's ad to Humphrey.....800
V. H. Weaver to Bridget Clark, spec warranty, e½ nw¼ sec 12 and se¼ se¼ sec 1 all in 19-3w.....1
Matilda Tibbets and hus to M. W. Corwin lot 2 block 189 city.....500
U. P. Cy. Co to F. H. Wolf w½ se¼ 29-19-2w.....320
E. A. Sage and wife to M. O. Sage sw¼ nw¼ 33-20-1e.....500
U. P. Ry. Co. to Henry Tonyon s½ sw¼ 15-20-2w.....400
U. P. Ry. Co. to Philip Bender se¼ ne¼ 25-20-1w.....200
H. W. Perry to A. R. Birtch bond for deed nw¼ sw¼ se¼ 13-17-1w.....900
T. C. Cantwell and wife to L. Gerrard q.c. s½ nw¼ 10-16-2w.....1
Anna M. Salmon to M. M. Westcott lot 2 blk 21 Stevens ad.....300
U. P. Ry. Co. to W. G. Williams sw¼ 9-19-2w.....800
L. Gerrard and wife to Annie Byrne q.c. s½ nw¼ 10-16-2w.....1
A. J. Campbell et al to J. H. Kersenbrock et al part sw¼ 24-20-2w.....700
Annie Byrne and hus to Bartomew Tworek s½ nw¼ 10-16-2w.....1000
Stevenson Burke and wife to Clara B. Bowlot 6 blk 163 and lot 6 blk 187 Columbus.....40
Clara B. Bowman and hus to Lina Schonlan lot 6 blk 163.....30
C. B. & Q. Ry. Co. to Jefferson Henry n½ nw¼ 21-20-1w.....280
U. P. Ry. Co. to G. C. Barnum se¼ 35-17-2w.....560
Charles Swain and wife to Henry Rieder lots 7 and 8 blk 42 Columbus.....700
F. M. Lorenan and hus to Thos. Preston se¼ 25-17-1e.....1600
G. P. Moore and wife to G. C. Barnum lot 1 blk 16 Highland Park.....20
State of Nebraska to John Riley e½ nw¼ and ne¼ sw¼ 16-18-2w.....840
H. E. Truman to Wm. Webster 37 acres in nw¼ 5-17-3w.....460
E. H. Kinsley and wife to G. W. Phillips lots 5 and 6 blk 7 Gerrard ad.....1
State of Nebraska to John Schilz sw¼ sw¼ 36-18-2w.....280
State of Nebraska to Geo. Scheidel nw¼ nw¼ 36.18-2w.....280

Duncan.

The leaves are falling.

The swallows are flying homeward.

The sparrow is said to be seen in this neighborhood this summer the first time.

Haying is about all done now and the crop is short; the people are cutting cornfodder to supply the want.

Threshing is now in order; at the place of Mr. Wuetherick the out put was twenty-nine bushels of oats, and thirty bushels of wheat to the acre. Oats is about half a crop while wheat is a good average in this neighborhood.

Our townsman, M. Borowiak is enlarging his dwelling house and making general improvements on his property. Nick Blaser is doing the work. S.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 13th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows, towit:

Section 1: That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state, and the legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision." And there shall also at said election be separately submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of the state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 2: At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendments to the constitution, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," or "Against the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

There shall also be written or printed on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendment to the constitution, the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law," or "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Sec. 3: If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors voting at the said election, then it shall constitute section twenty-seven [27] of article one [1] of the constitution of this state.

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one [1] article fifteen [15] of the constitution and the provisions of the act entitled "an act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state." Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand, and cause to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln this 29th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the 24th year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL.] Secretary of State. 30jul3m

Dr. A. J. Sanders,

—SPECIALIST IN—

CHRONIC DISEASES.

—GRADUATE OF—

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REFERENCES:

J. D. MOORE, Pres. of Bank of Commerce.
B. C. HOWARD, Manager of U. P. Shops.
W. H. PLATT, Mayor of Grand Island.
CHAS. RIEF, Representative.
S. N. WOLBACH, State Senator.
GEO. H. CALDWELL, County Judge.

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~~AS A COOKING APPARATUS~~

~~IS WITHOUT A PEER!~~

Examine the Ranges carefully when our gentlemanly and responsible agents call on you, as they will in a few days. Our Ranges are made from the BEST materials and the most skilled workmen in the world.

~~These Ranges are Sold only From our Wagons.~~

Below please find a few among the many recommendations from persons who are now using our Ranges:

OKAY, Neb., August 26, 1890.

To whom it may concern:

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify we have been using a Home Comfort Cooking Range for the past few weeks, purchased from the traveling salesman for the W. I. R. Co of St. Louis, Mo. We will say to our friends and neighbors, the range is a perfect baker, consumes less fuel than any stove or range we have ever used, plenty of hot water all the time, and for convenience we think it cannot be excelled by any stove or range we have ever seen.
MRS. H. M. THURSTON.

GENOA, Neb., September 1, 1890.

On the 19th day of August, 1890, I purchased of Mr. Frank Connelly, traveling salesman for Wrought Iron Range Co., one of the Home Comfort Ranges, and find it to be all it is claimed to be. It gives perfect satisfaction in every respect.
HENRY STEVENS.

CLARKS, Neb.

I bought of the Wrought Iron Range Co. of St. Louis, a Home Comfort Range and I find it all it is recommended. It does the work as a cooker complete and saves one-half the fuel. Will recommend it to my neighbors as a good baker and heater.
[Signed.] A. J. ROBISON,
H. ROBISON.

GENOA, Neb., August 18, 1890.

To whom this may concern:

This is to certify that I bought of Mr. Frank Connelly, salesman for the Wrought Iron Range Co. of St. Louis, Mo., one of the Home Comfort Ranges, and can cheerfully say that it gives entire satisfaction.
Yours respectfully, JOHN H. LAWRENCE.

YORK, Neb., July 30, 1890.

To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that we have been using one of the Home Comfort Ranges for the past three years and can cheerfully recommend it to any one as being a first-class range in every respect. The same grates that were in our range when we bought it are in it yet and are good. We have been in the hotel business for 26 years and have used many different stoves and we consider the Home Comfort the best we ever tried.
Yours respectfully, A. BLODGETT.

MONTICELLO, Jefferson County, Fla., February 20, 1890.

Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.—Gentlemen: In the year 1884 we purchased one of your Home Comfort ranges. Three months ago our house was set on fire by one of our children, and being built of rich pine it burned to the ground, completely covering our range. When the fire had died down we got our range out of the debris. We took the warped pieces and laid them on a log and straightened them with an ax. We put them in their respective places, set the range up on two logs in the yard and cooked on it for three months in the rain, sunshine and all kinds of weather and there is not a crack about it. We are using the range yet. Any one doubting this statement can get my sworn statement by making the request in their own handwriting.
Respectfully, MARTHA HARRIS.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 30th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to Section Thirteen (13) of Article Six (6) of the constitution of said state; that said section as amended shall read as follows, to wit:

SECTION 1. That section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 13. The judges of the supreme court shall each receive a salary of thirty-five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum and the judges of the district court shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum, and the salary of each shall be payable quarterly.

SEC. 2. Each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution, relating to the salary of judges of the supreme and district court."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice, in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled, "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln, this 29th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY,
[SEAL.]