

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY M. K. TURNER & CO., Columbus, Neb.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, by mail, postage paid, \$2.00; three months, \$1.00; six months, \$1.50. Single copies, 10 cents.

TO SUBSCRIBERS: When subscribers change their place of residence they should send to the publisher, in addition to the new address, their old address, and the date to which their subscription is paid or reported for.

TO ADVERTISERS: All communications to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the advertiser, and must contain the name of the advertiser, and must be accompanied by the full name of the advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1909. REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor, L. D. RICHARDS. For Lieutenant Governor, T. J. MAJORIS. For Secretary of State, J. C. ALLEN.

For Commissioner of Public Lands, A. R. HUMPHREY. For State Sup't Public Instruction, A. K. GOUDY.

For County Attorney, L. L. ALBERT. For Representative 24th District, WILLIAM SCHLEPP.

Republican Platform. The republicans of Nebraska reiterate and reaffirm the fundamental principles of the republican party as enunciated by successive national republican conventions from 1856 to 1888.

They heartily endorse the wise and conservative administration of President Harrison. We also fully approve every wise action of his government.

We most heartily endorse the action of the republican congress in passing the disability pension bill and a republican president who approved the same.

We hold an honest, popular ballot and equal representation of all the people to be the foundation of our republican government and demand effective legislation to secure the integrity and purity of the ballot.

We favor such revision of the election laws of the state as will guarantee to every voter the greatest possible security in the casting of his ballot and secure the punishment of any who attempt the corruption or intimidation of voters.

We demand the establishment of the system of postal telegraphy, and request our members in congress to vote and work for government ownership or control of the telegraph.

We demand the establishment of the system of postal telegraphy, and request our members in congress to vote and work for government ownership or control of the telegraph.

Murder Near Blair. Friday morning Charles Pratt shot and killed N. B. Town near Blair, this state, then shot Mr. Town's daughter, Hattie, whose wounds will probably prove fatal.

Republican Representative. The republicans of the Twenty-fifth representative district, comprising the counties of Platte and Nance, are called to meet in convention at Genoa, Neb., on Saturday, Aug. 21, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Prohibition state convention, Lincoln, August 20th, 2 p. m. B. county fair, Fullerton, September 23-25.

Ninth national encampment Sons of Veterans, St. Joseph, Mo., August 25-30. National Farmers Congress, Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 26-29.

Democratic Congressional Convention. Wednesday afternoon last, about two hundred delegates from the democracy of the Big Territory convened at the opera house in this city to nominate a standard bearer in this district.

The only exciting episode of the gathering was during the discussion of the advisability of endorsing the alliance communitarian of O. M. Ken.

The vote settled it: Ken was not endorsed, and the democracy lost a seeming possibility of a chance to help select a partnership congressman for the Third district.

Mr. Paddock bill to prevent the adulteration and misbranding of food and drugs is being discussed on the side now in Washington. Compared with the Conger land bill, Mr. Paddock's scheme is much more in line with the demands of the people.

Mr. Carson of Kearney owns a farm six miles from that place. A junk dealer or went into the lot the other day, where Carson had a header and a binder.

Mr. Carson of Kearney owns a farm six miles from that place. A junk dealer or went into the lot the other day, where Carson had a header and a binder.

Mr. Carson of Kearney owns a farm six miles from that place. A junk dealer or went into the lot the other day, where Carson had a header and a binder.

Mr. Carson of Kearney owns a farm six miles from that place. A junk dealer or went into the lot the other day, where Carson had a header and a binder.

T. V. POWDERLY, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor is booked for three speeches in Nebraska, some time in October, in the interest of the farmers' alliance ticket—last not yet agreed on.

The Kearney Enterprise entered into an agreement for a consideration, with the prohibitionists, to advocate the amendment, and now says they didn't come to time with their part of the contract.

A LIGHT snow in Denver Monday night. The democratic campaign was opened Saturday night last at Papillon, by James Boyd and W. J. Bryan.

Connection Between Cattle and Hogs. A short corn year in Illinois, Missouri and Kansas will raise the price of hogs next winter. Bacon will be bacon in the spring.

It is well known that the boom of 1882 began in the fall of the dry summer of 1881, which cut short the corn crops of the great hog raising states.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Under the existing law a tariff is imposed on the principal farm products, as follows: Wheat, 20 cents per bushel; corn, oats, barley and rye, 10 cents; potatoes, 15 cents; live stock (other than breeding), twenty cent on value.

Half of Washington, officially speaking, has gone to Boston to take part in the annual convention of the G. A. R. The president and Secretaries, Blaine, Tink and Noble are there.

Since Mr. Carlisle went into the senate the democrats of the house have recognized leader, and the small fry members of that party, such as Rogers of Arkansas, and Enloe of Tennessee, are given all the opportunity they want.

When hogs went up, beets went up. When hogs declined beets declined. The theory as contended for by the bureau was that, after the price of bacon reached a certain point consumers turned to beef as the cheaper meat.

At the last cabinet meeting reciprocity was discussed and endorsed. Mr. Wannaker surprised his colleagues by his familiarity with the subject; he believes it would be a great blessing to the people of this country.

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren church, Bly Mount, Kas., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parsonage thought I could live only a few weeks."

PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS a joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at the twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 14, A. D. 1890, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows: "Section 1. That at the general election to be held on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of the state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors shall be prohibited."

Section 2. If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors of the state, the said amendments shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of the next general election to be held on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1890, and the provisions of the act shall apply to the said amendments from and after that date.

Section 3. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 5. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 6. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 7. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 8. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 9. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 10. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 11. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 12. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 13. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 14. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 15. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 16. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 17. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 18. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.

Section 19. The judges of the supreme court shall be held to the duty of holding a public hearing on the said amendments, and of publishing the same for the consideration of the electors of the state, and of receiving the votes of the electors of the state on the said amendments, and of certifying to the secretary of state the results of the election, and of publishing the same for the information of the electors of the state.