

# The Columbus Journal.

VOLUME XXI.—NUMBER 1.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1890.

WHOLE NUMBER 1044.

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## First National Bank

COLUMBUS, NEB.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business September 3, 1889.

|                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Assets              | Liabilities         |
| Loans and Discounts | Capital and Surplus |
| Real Estate         | Deposits            |
| Other Assets        | Other Liabilities   |

**Business Cards.**

**J. N. MILLAN,**  
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Office over Columbus State Bank, Columbus, Nebraska.

**SULLIVAN & REEDER,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.  
Office over First National Bank, Columbus, Nebraska.

**R. L. HONSTER,**  
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Particulars regarding surveying done on any part of Columbus, Neb., or call at my office in Court House.

**L. J. CRAMER,**  
CO. SUPPLY PUBLIC SCHOOLS.  
I will be in my office in the Court House, the third Saturday of each month for the examination of school accounts and for the transaction of other school business.

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## THE CUNNING BRITISH.

### TRYING TO INFLUENCE AMERICAN LEGISLATION BY BUSINESS.

What the Spring Round-Up of Montana Cattle is Expected to Show—News of Interest from Both the Old and New World.

The cunning British. During the session of Montana Saturday, Jesse Collins, the liberal unionist, asked whether the government would take any steps to encourage British manufacturers to send exhibits to the world's fair at Chicago if the McKinley tariff bill, now before the American congress, becomes a law, in view of the fact that the bill practically prohibits the importation of British goods into the United States. Ferguson, parliamentary secretary for foreign affairs, said that official participation in the fair could only be determined after the consideration of the advantages which would accrue to British interests. When the invitation to take part in the exhibition was received from the American government it is probable, he said, that the manufacturers of Great Britain would to a great extent be deterred from sending exhibits to the fair, if the McKinley tariff bill were to pass.

### What the Spring Round-Up is Expected to Show.

As the time for the annual spring "round-up" is drawing near, the Montana News Bureau presents, after careful investigation, the following facts and figures on the marketable cattle in this state. This year's shipment will reach nearly 100,000 head, for all markets, which is an increase over last year of at least 30,000 head. The demand for beef is firm and steady, but stock growers are going to hold firm as to prices. The average price paid last year was \$3.35, but there is little prospect that any cattle will be shipped for a less advance than the per hundred and the figure may reach \$1. Cattle are now in fair condition. Hain has fallen in northern Montana and started the grass on the ranges, so that by June 1 all traces of the severe winter will have passed away. Figuring on the basis of an average spring had opened, the average will come to 10 per cent, which is not much above the usual percentage of losses. The "round-up" will start later this year than usual, probably May 25, and in some localities in the northern part of the state not until June 1.

### Want to Breed Their Royal Husbands.

Advices from Illinois indicate that a new attempt is on foot from some mysterious source to revive an old charge of manslaughter against Jennie C. Clark, now Lady Cook, of England. The indictment was returned six years ago at Ottawa, Ill., charging the lady with causing the death of Rebecca Hows by the improper use of drugs in attempting cure of her cancer. The indictment was stricken from the docket a year later, but "with leave" to reindict the same. It is upon this latter indictment that the enemies of the famous sisters, born Clark, are now said to be basing their attempt to revive the indictment. The case was tried in 1882, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal. The case was tried in 1882, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal. The case was tried in 1882, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal.

### Attorney's Confession of a Preacher.

Rev. Henry Berger, of Charleston, Ind., has thrown up his membership in the church and conference, and is said to have made a confession of gross immoralities involving one or more of his women parishioners.

### Fighting the Standard.

The Standard Oil company's war on independent companies resulted in another advance in the buying price of Ohio oil of 23 cents, making the value of Ohio crude according to the Standard company's figures 37 cents a barrel. Following the Standard's advance outside companies instructed their agents to offer 40 cents. The price of crude petroleum has been forced from 15 cents a barrel to 40 cents within sixty days.

### A Chicagoan's Gift.

Henry H. Porter, a resident millionaire of Chicago, a native of Mehan, Mo., has given \$100,000 and a lot for a free library building in Mehan, to be called the Porter Memorial Library.

### National Board of Underwriters.

The national board of fire underwriters has entered its twenty-first annual session with sixty-eight fire insurance companies throughout the country represented.

### Wire Connection With Nicaragua.

Wire communication has been established between Nicaragua by means of an extension of the canal company's lines to connect with the Nicaraguan government lines.

### Egypt Assents.

The government has been notified by the Egyptian foreign secretary that Egypt assents to the French conditions for the conversion of the Egyptian loan. It is hoped the powers will concur.

### Frightened to Death.

Two girls named McDonald were playing on the approach to a railroad bridge across the river at Portland, Ore., when they saw a train coming, and becoming frightened jumped into the river and were drowned.

### A Sanguinary Encounter.

An encounter between police and a body of disorderly strikers took place at Lille. Two of the strikers were wounded and even arrested.

## CORN IN NEBRASKA.

### AMOUNT OF THE CROP YET IN THE HANDS OF THE PRODUCER.

Reports from Along the Lines of Railway—Carlton's Omaha-Famous Ballad Illustrated in Omaha—Other State News.

J. P. Yates, of Ceresco, Saunders county, on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, says: "I think about one-third of last year's crop of corn in Saunders county is yet in the hands of the producer and is for sale. The range of the price this year has been from 15 to 21 cents, about the same as last year's average. We have had plenty of cars for shipping grain."

Thomas Stretch, of Ceresco, says: "Two-thirds of the corn crop raised in Saunders county has been marketed, and of the balance about two-thirds will be for sale. The range of prices this year has been from 15 to 21 cents, about the same as last year's average. We have had plenty of cars for shipping grain."

G. W. Mitchell, of Henderson, York county, on the Fremont, Elkhorn & York Valley road, says: "Two-thirds of the corn crop raised in York county has been marketed, and of the balance about one-fourth will be for sale this year. The range of prices last year was from 15 to 21 cents, about the same as last year's average. We have had plenty of cars for shipping grain."

J. M. Strahorn, of Malvern, Mills county, Ia., on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and the Wabash railroads, says: "The corn crop raised in Mills county last year has been marketed, and about one-half of the balance will be required for local consumption. I think that the corn crop this year has been better than last year. The range of prices last year was from 15 to 21 cents, about the same as last year's average. We have had plenty of cars for shipping grain."

Ed. Campbell, of Shelton, Buffalo county, on the Union Pacific, says: "Fully forty-fifths of last year's corn crop raised in Buffalo county has been marketed, and nearly all of the balance will be required for home consumption. The range in prices of corn this year has been from 12 to 22 cents, with an average at 15 cents."

### SEPARATED IN OLD AGE.

An Omaha Couple Decide to Tread Diverging Paths.

One of the most striking illustrations of the old proverb, "Bury me with my father," was seen in Omaha. The details are far more sensational than the story told in Carlton's beautiful lines, and involve one of the oldest settlers of this state, a farmer and his wife living in Douglas county.

Great care has been taken to guard the matter from the public, principally for the sake of the children of the aged couple. The parties in question are none other than John Weiss and wife, who for eighteen years past have lived on their 40-acre farm less than six miles west of Omaha.

On last Thursday afternoon Mrs. Weiss appeared before Judge Anderson in Omaha and privately swore out a complaint that will prove a startling revelation to the hundreds of friends of the old couple. Mrs. Weiss stated that her husband had for some time past been acting very queer towards her. She said that he had beaten and choked her, and had threatened to murder her.

When Mrs. Weiss proceeded to have divorce papers drawn up, which she had entered the office and proposed that she separate without going into a court and getting a divorce. He offered her an annuity of \$100 a month for the rest of her life, valued at more than \$200,000, the farm of 40 acres being also valued at \$300 an acre.

Mrs. Weiss accepted the proposition. The papers were drawn up and she had a meeting or conference with the representatives of the various railroad companies in Nebraska, the purpose of determining the valuation that should be placed on the farm. The valuation placed on the same was \$200,000, and she said she would not be going to the property of any other man, but she said she would be going to the property of the people as assessed in advance of the fact that she had done so.

When the people can be heard before Madison county will see how.

### New Barb Wire Factory.

Len Hoffman, of the firm of Hoffman Bros., of Fremont, has invented a new barb wire and a patent was issued in December last. A factory has been started there and last week the first wire was put on the market.

T. C. Callahan, a local dealer, says that it readily sells at one-half cent a pound in advance of any other wire manufactured. The larbe on the wire all himself by running against it. New machinery has been ordered for the factory, and a stock company formed, and the people of Fremont expect to have it develop into a large industry.

### Shipping in Texas Cattle.

Several telegrams have been received by Gov. Thayer calling his attention to the alleged shipment of Texas cattle unlawfully into Thurston and Butte counties. As soon as the governor was satisfied that such was the case he immediately telegraphed to the sheriffs of those counties to promptly check the introduction of such stock cattle inside their boundaries until such time as the chief executive can fully investigate the charges. Gov. Thayer proposes to give the case his immediate attention.

## NEBRASKA NEWS NOTATIONS.

### Nebraska Notations.

The grade of the Kearney & Black Hills railway west of Buffalo county will be completed by May 10.

Dr. J. P. Porter, of Kearney, fractured his leg the other day in attempting to get off a Union Pacific train.

Geo. Ringold, a farmer living ten miles west of Beatrice, was struck and instantly killed by lightning Wednesday while in an open field.

Maxwell, in Lincoln county, asked the county commissioners to submit a proposition to vote bonds in the sum of \$15,000 for a bridge across the Platte.

Bob Coddino, son of A. B. Coddino, of York, says on the 14th of May on the Union Pacific for Liverpool, thence to Siberia, where he will take up his life's work as a missionary.

MEMBERS OF THE BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB at North Platte fell called upon to deny various reports circulated by malicious persons, especially the report that Rogers are to establish the club at North Platte.

The 2-year-old child of Willard Ray of Timbercreek, nine miles west of Cedar Rapids, was terribly bitten in the face by a mad dog last Tuesday. The child was taken to Lincoln to be operated on, and the dog was shot and killed after biting a couple of other dogs and some cattle.

At York last week the salvationalists gave an entertainment, the principal feature being a genuine wedding. The people of the city were all invited to witness the performance by paying the small sum of 25 cents, with the privilege of having their money refunded providing the performance was not up to the standard.

The little 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Malone was burned to death Monday, says the Mail and Express. She was left alone in the house with her infant sister and 2-year-old brother for a short time while her parents went into the garden, a short distance from the house, to pick up the chickens. The child was playing with a small tin of kerosene, which she had tipped over, and the fire had spread to her dress. The child was taken to the hospital, but she died before she could be removed.

Ed. Campbell, of Shelton, Buffalo county, on the Union Pacific, says: "Fully forty-fifths of last year's corn crop raised in Buffalo county has been marketed, and nearly all of the balance will be required for home consumption. The range in prices of corn this year has been from 12 to 22 cents, with an average at 15 cents."

The Lexington Gazette tells that a little boy, 20 years, 10-1/2 parts year, Hammond has adopted a brood of seventeen motherless chickens, and is so attentive to her feathered proteges as to make it extremely dangerous for strangers to approach. The chickens have a peculiar confidence in their canine mother, and nestle in her long hair, rest upon her head and otherwise make themselves at home. The dog had to understand the desire of her brood to scratch in the ground, but she got used to it.

A SALLY COUNTY FIGHT GROWER says the prospects for fruit were never better than this year. After some opposition the amendment was agreed to and the bill as amended was passed. The senate bill granting a pension to the widow of Brig. Gen. Ayres was passed. The house then went into committee on the bill for the relief of the Indian.

On the 9th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed. The senate bill for the relief of the Indian was passed by a vote of 22 to 21.

On the 10th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 11th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 12th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 13th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 14th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 15th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 16th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 17th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 18th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 19th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

On the 20th of May the senate passed the bill for the relief of the Indian. The bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 21. Senator Payne voted with the republicans, and Senators Allison, Ingalls and Plumb with the democrats. The bill then passed, and the military academy bill was taken up and passed.

## THE ACTS OF CONGRESS.

### SUCCESSIVE SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S LEGISLATIVE WORK.

Bills and Resolutions Introduced and Topics Discussed by the National Body of Law Makers.

In the senate on the 5th the formal announcement of Senator Beck's death was made by Senator Blackburn. Resolutions were adopted for the appointment of a committee to superintend the funeral in the senate chamber, and the senate adjourned.

In the house on the 5th a number of bills were passed and the conference report on the Oklahoma bill was agreed to. The senate bill was then made and the house adjourned.

The senate was not in session on the 6th in consequence of the funeral services over the remains of the late Senator Beck.

The house on the 6th, after the reading of the journal, took a recess until 12:45. At that hour adjournment was taken, and the members to attend the Beck funeral.

In the senate on the 7th a number of bills were reported from committees and the senate adjourned. The house on the 7th, after the reading of the journal, took a recess until 12:45. At that hour adjournment was taken, and the members to attend the Beck funeral.

In the house on the 7th the entire session was devoted to the consideration of McKinley tariff bill. The senate on the 8th the house bill providing for the classification of worsteds was taken up and debated at some length. It was passed without amendment by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 8th, after the reading of the journal, the house went into committee on the whole on the tariff bill, which consumed the entire time of the day and evening sessions.

In the senate on the 9th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

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In the senate on the 10th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

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In the senate on the 11th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 11th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the senate on the 12th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 12th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the senate on the 13th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 13th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the senate on the 14th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 14th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the senate on the 15th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 15th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the senate on the 16th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

In the house on the 16th the annual appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered by Senator Sherman increasing the number of pension agents (salary \$4,000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to by a vote of 22 to 21.

## WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

### Excessively High Temperature Reported Throughout the Entire Northeastern Section.

The report issued by the agricultural department for the week ending May 3 is as follows:

Temperature—The week ending May 3 has been slightly cooler than usual in New England and in New York, the lake region and the Gulf states, while the temperature was slightly in excess in the south Atlantic states, Tennessee, the Ohio valley, northern Virginia, southern Pennsylvania, Maryland and the extreme southern portion of New York. The week has been warm in the northwest, while from Dakota westward to the Pacific coast unusual and high temperatures prevailed, the daily average temperature for the week ranging from 5 to 15 degrees above the normal. The thermal conditions for the season from January 1 to May 3, remain substantially as reported for the previous week, except that the area of seasonal excess has advanced northward over portions of Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska, and the large deficiency reported in the Northern Rocky Mountain regions has been greatly reduced by the high temperature that prevailed during the past week in that section. Over the Southern and middle Atlantic states, the lower lake region and the Ohio valley, the average daily temperature from January 1 to May 3 has been about 4 degrees above the normal for the season.

Precipitation—During the week more than the usual amount of rain occurred in New England, the lower lake region, the middle states north of Virginia, in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, and in portions of Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas and eastern Kansas. Well distributed showers occurred generally throughout the southern states east of the Mississippi and in the upper lake region. Light showers occurred in Nebraska, the northern Iowa, northern Minnesota and central California, while no rain was reported from northern Iowa, Dakota and the north Pacific coast. The rainfall was generally heavy in the states north of the Ohio river and in portions of New England and the middle Atlantic states, Mississippi and northern Texas.

The rainfall for the season continues in excess generally over the Ohio and Central Mississippi valleys, the regions north of the Texas coast and westward to western Nebraska and Colorado. Over the states of the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys the reasonable rainfall generally exceeds 75 per cent of the normal, while over the greater portions of the northern Iowa, northern Minnesota, Dakota and western Wisconsin there has been less than half the usual amount of rain. This condition obtains in the south Atlantic states and along the east Gulf coast.

General Remarks—Reports from the northwest indicate that the weather during the past week in that section has been unfavorable on account of absence of rain. The warm dry weather has, however, favored crops which have been planted in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee and Arkansas crops were much improved by favorable weather, and corn planting is rapidly progressing. Wheat was improved in Michigan, although light rains retarded growth, and light frosts occurred on the 30th, which caused slight damage.

The weather was unfavorable in Texas, and on low lands some replanting will be required or sowing may occur in Louisiana except in flooded districts. In the south Atlantic states cotton and corn are reported in good condition, but more rain is needed. In New England and the Middle Atlantic states crops were improved, and in these sections great progress was made in plowing and planting. Oats are reported for fruit. Pennsylvania, wheat and grass are reported as promising. Fruit prospects are better in the northern portion of this year. About an average good crop is anticipated, while apricots and cherries are more promising. Reports from California indicate that the weather conditions have not been favorable for the grain crops owing to the excessive rains in many localities.

### PROHIBITION MUST GO.

Congressman Struble Believes This Law Is Bound to Fall in Iowa—The Pythonic Reason Will Probably Be Built in Due Season.

Congressman Struble here today expressed the belief that his bill making it unlawful to export liquor into prohibition states would not pass, and that the prohibitionists could not retain the Iowa law unless future efforts to enforce it were more vigorous than the past.

The Prohibition temple committee met today to formulate a plan to bring the Iowa law to a vote in August. Des Moines submitted plans for a \$100,000 temple, and will undoubtedly get it.

### INDIVIDUAL BOOK-KEEPER.

And He Managed the Bank's Affairs on the Individual Profit Plan.

A defalcation in the City National bank of Albany is being attributed to nearly \$30,000 has been traced to George Whitney, the individual bookkeeper, who managed it through the overdraft system in collusion with a prominent Albany firm. An effort will be made among the defaulter's friends to settle the affair. He had been in the bank for years and occupied a high social position. Stock speculation is the cause.

### THE MARKETS.

Stocks—City Live Stock. Hogs—Estimated receipts, 1,500; official yesterday, 1,741. Market opened about steady but soon declined. The bulk of the pigs sold for \$4.00, and heavy \$3.75. Market closed at \$4.00. Cattle—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00. Sheep—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00.

Grain—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00. Flour—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00.

Wool—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00. Lard—Estimated receipts, 1,000; official yesterday, 1,100. Market opened at \$1.00, and closed at \$1.00.