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TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications, to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the writer. We reserve the right to reject any manuscript, and cannot agree to return the same.—We desire a correspondent in every school-district of Platte county, one of good judgment, and reliable in every way.—Write plainly, each item separately. Give us facts.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1889.

SENATOR MAHER is chairman of the committee on immigration.

SENATOR HISCOCK of New York, was on a visit to Gen. Harrison last week.

IT was reported at Suakim, on the 30th ult., that the rebel tribes at Haudaub contemplate surrendering to the British.

COL. DENT, a brother-in-law of Gen. Grant, died January 1 at his home in Carthage, Mo., aged seventy-three years.

THE county superintendents didn't hold the proposed convention at Lincoln.

THERE is considerable conflict over the appointment of warden to the penitentiary.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has withdrawn the name of Leon O. Bailey to be United States district attorney for Indiana.

IT was reported from London last week that Emin Pasha had escaped to the shores of Victoria Nyanza and is now waiting for Stanley.

SENATE file 2 by Howe is an act to prevent the importation of armed men or associations of men into this state for the purpose of police duty.

HON. JOHN A. DEMPSTER is the author of the first bill introduced in the house. It provides for the submission of a prohibitory constitutional amendment.

THE joint committee on union of the northern and southern Presbyterian churches adjourned from New York on the 1st, to meet at Atlanta, Ga., April 24.

REPRESENTATIVE BEARDSLEY is after the scalp of the Live Stock Commission. He may get so far as to raise the hair, but will hardly succeed in using the knife.

CHARLES SWIFT and Joseph Reislock, pupils of the institute for the deaf and dumb, at Columbus, O., were drowned on the 1st by breaking through the ice on a pond.

AN estimate from Helena, Mont., Jan. 4, fixes the output of the gold, silver, lead and copper mines of Montana for the last year at between $35,000,000 and $40,000,000.

MANY persons have been killed up to the 3d inst., and a large number of buildings destroyed by an earthquake in Russian Turkistand, extending from Kojend to Kastakos.

MISS MARY B. SHERMAN of Wakeman, a student of Oberlin college, Ohio, committed suicide on the 2d, by shooting herself with a revolver. Over-study is assigned as the cause.

REMARKS are heard on every side in regard to the beautiful weather we are enjoying this winter, and the old inhabitants say it beats any winter weather they have seen for years in Nebraska.

THE number of Harrison voters in 1840 who recently supported Gen. Harrison, the names of whom have been carefully preserved in Iowa, number 3,000. A similar list of veterans in Ohio reaches 6,831.

THE other afternoon at Pittsburg, Pa., John Cochran, a small boy, went into a sewer with a lighted match to hunt for a natural gas leak. He found it, and an explosion followed, which fatally burned him.

THE Indianapolis correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer on the morning of Jan. 4, says the name of Thurston, of Nebraska, is considered among the cabinet possibilities and some think he is a certainty.

IT is stated that George W. Williams, the colored historian who wrote the annals of his race, is engaged on a biography of Toussaint L'Ouverture, of whom Wendell Phillips said he was greater than Washington.

A VOTE has been taken by a Deadwood, Dakota, paper on the question of single or double statehood, and it is shown that a little more than five-sixths of those answering are in favor of admission as two states.

THE President and Mrs. Cleveland gave a brilliant New Year's reception at the Executive Mansion, which was attended by a large number of prominent personages, lasting for several hours and ended very pleasantly.

THOMAS VIKES, assistant timekeeper of the Adams & Westlake manufacturing company, at Chicago, has disappeared, taking with him the week's salary of 700 men and boys. The amount of money carried off is about $10,000.

THE Castle Chiefs ten-stamp quartz mill, situated on Little Rapid creek, twenty-six miles from Deadwood, Dak., was burned on the morning of the 2d. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The loss is estimated at $8,000.

AMOS J. STILLWELL, a wealthy merchant of Hannibal, Mo., was found murdered the other night by a burglar while sleeping at home. The weapon was an axe, which, with Stillwell's pocket book and $35, was found in an alley in the rear of the house.

JOHN HEATON, M. P., has accepted an invitation to visit the United States early this year. While here he expects to appear before congress in advocacy of ocean penny postage, and much of his visit will be given to the furthering of cheap postage.

THE Bald Knobbers' gang of condemned desperadoes escaped from jail at Ozard, Mo., by some unknown person or persons from the out side cutting through the brick wall of the jail, entering through the corridor and cells and releasing the prisoners. A singular fact happened with Dave Walker, leader of the Bald Knobbers, and his son, also under sentence to hang, refused to leave the prison, together with Caleb Rucker.

WE all know that Rev. J. G. Tate is a shrewd stump speaker. He seems equally at home in some other matters. In his first invocation as chaplain of the senate he seemed to have stretched his hope (which is said to be a mixture of desire and belief) to the utmost limit when he asked that the work of the senate in making laws should *approximate* the Divine will.

IT was stated last week in an exchange that Mrs. Custer, widow of the general, had returned from Europe. She spent the summer in England and in Germany, and has come back to go to work at once on a book for boys about army life in the west. "Tenting on the Plains" was favorably received in England and is about to be translated into German.

A LINCOLN correspondent remarks that the voice of Senator Connor of Buffalo will be heard frequently during the session and in no uncertain tone either. Mr. Connor is a very able man and, we believe, thoroughly devoted to the best interests of the people. He had the honor of introducing senate file No. 1, a bill for making a legal verdict in the district court by a vote of nine out of twelve of the jurymen.

EXTREME cold prevailed at St. Petersburg on the 3d and in the Ekaterinburg district of southern Russia. It is estimated that 175 persons have been frozen to death. The Black, Caspian and Azov seas are frozen over. Railroad disasters on account of cold and snow are reported at Bakn and other places through the Caucasus.

THE North Platte Telegraph of Jan. 2, was a splendid edition, and reflected credit upon its publishers. It contained a write-up of the town and county, besides cuts of the prominent buildings of the town, including Buffalo Bill's residence and ranch. It probably cost $500 and shows the appreciation of North Platte business men.

A TERRIBLE fire occurred at St. Louis, Mo., about 2 o'clock on the morning of the 1st, in Richardson's wholesale drug store building, burning to the ground. The building was erected several years ago at a cost of $150,000 and the stock of goods on hand was valued at $675,000. Andrew Geraghty, night watchman in the building, it is believed perished in the flames.

THE annual meeting of the Nebraska Press Association will be held Thursday evening, January 17th, (Franklin's birthday) at the Capital Hotel, Lincoln. A splendid program has been prepared, the legislature will be in session, and every newspaper man who attends will be interested.

NEITHER party in reference to the application for an injunction to restrain the mayor and police from interfering with the Arbeiter Bond's meetings, at Chicago, succeeded, but both parties filed application on the 2d and the case goes over for further hearing.

THE train on the Trans-Caucassian railroad became blocked in the snow on the 3d inst., at Sabuntschi, near Tiflis. Fourteen passengers perished and twenty were injured. A relief party became lost in the snow and were frozen to death.

The Worth of their Money.

Senator Ransom has introduced a bill in the legislature compelling insurance companies in cases of total loss to pay the entire amount of the insurance called for in the policy without rebate. The measure will commend itself on the ground of simple justice, and will be approved by many citizens of the state who, after a long struggle to force insurance companies to comply with their policy contract, have been compelled to accept an adjustment which failed to cover the loss against which they had paid for protection.—[Omaha Bee.

Finest Train to Washington.

The finest train to the national capital is the Vestibule Limited leaving Chicago via Baltimore & Ohio R. R. at 7.05 p. m. daily, arriving at Washington the next evening at 9.35, and Baltimore at 10.45. Every car in the train is vestibuled, including baggage cars, day coaches and Pullman sleepers. All the cars are heated by steam drawn from the locomotive. Porters are in attendance in the day coaches, as well as in the sleepers, to wait upon passengers. No extra fare is charged for passage on this train. Tickets via B. & O. are for sale everywhere throughout the west.

For the JOURNAL.

To the Farmers.

The following will show what I have received from the Columbus Creamery from the cream of fourteen cows for the year 1888, which amounts to $378.69, which the creamery books will prove. A great many people think it does not pay to sell cream but I know otherwise. My cream has brought me more than my corn, wheat and oats would bring at the present prices today. Who can say it does not pay to sell cream? Of course I take good care of my cows. I sow corn for the fall months and feed it green. I give them one feed of hay and one feed of millet in winter, also six quarts apiece of bran, shorts and meal, mixed, three in the morning and three in the evening. If more farmers would take hold of the cream business and stick to it, we could make it a grand success. The more patrons the creamery has the better prices they can pay. Success to the Columbus Creamery. D. L. BRUEN.

[Mr. Bruen tells us that besides selling the cream as above he believes the residue of milk was sufficient to keep 14 shoats.—ED. JOURNAL.]

What Mr. Paddock Thinks of It.

"During the presidential canvass," said Senator Paddock, "it was universally alleged by democratic members that after the election the subject of the tariff would be dropped by the republican senate. On the other hand, the republican speakers everywhere assured the country that the work of tariff reform should be speedily done, so far as the senate was concerned, after congress met in December. The republican senators have striven from the first to keep the pledge, but the democratic senators have shown an intention to prevent the passage of the bill. The best evidence of the perfect good faith of the republican senators, their unanimous determination to sit night and day till Christmas without a holiday recess until the bill could be perfected and passed, and the policy of the democrats was clearly shown by their opposition to the plan. But they have come to their senses at last and we shall pass the bill.

"The bill does not suit me in many respects," continued the senator. "I would like to have sawed white pine lumber on the free list, for example, but I don't think this can be accomplished at the present session. I feel quite certain, however, that we can reduce the duty from $2 to $1 a thousand."

"Are you a tariff reformer?"

"Yes and no. I am for the protection principles, but I want all duties reduced to the minimum consistent with that idea."—[Washington special to Chicago News.

Perseverance.

A correspondent writing to Western Resources evidently believes in perseverance. He says: "A man who engages to raise potatoes for a livelihood for ten years to come, and bends his energies to get out of the work all the money there is in it, and never falters because of a poor crop one year, and bad prices next can make a fortune. I have seen it accomplished. The man planted 20 acres to potatoes every year. He watched the markets closely; learned of the best times in which to sell; went from home to find a market if the home price was not to his liking; studied the probable crop for the forthcoming year, and at last was able to tell pretty nearly what his crop would bring twelve months in advance; made four or five grades from the same digging, etc.

Any one line of business well persued may be made profitable. Whatever you do, put time, study, patience, forethought, plain, unembroidered common sense to bear upon it and you shall succeed. Ten years more or less is not a long time.

One reason why those who launch out to become financiers never earn the title, is because they do not remain with it long enough. And they don't remain with it long enough because they have no money in it to speak of. They are afraid to put it in. They have an idea that chickens ought to make money for one without planting any; one should reap without sowing. Now, see here: I have seen a farmer buy a $250 harvester, and his entire crop of small grain consisted of 9 acres of wheat and 4 acres of oats. He seldom if ever harvested more. Here was a nice investment—paying investment indeed. He was willing to put any amount of money into the business that he could have attended to with a cradle and rake. He never would succeed as a cattle financier, or any specialist. He lacked sense and always lacked cents."

For the JOURNAL.

True Worth.

"This truth is everywhere confessed,
Slow rises worth, by poverty oppressed."

Yes, for it is the way of the world, that the possession of wealth, or the appearance of it, enters far more largely into the estimate of a man, than worth. But bear in mind, that those who are truly good and great, will value you according to your nobility of character, and that can be developed in a hovel as well as in a palace. By far, the majority of the great men of this country were brought up in cottages or cabins, and cut their way through difficulties innumerable; and the same can truthfully be said of many of the wisest and best men of other countries. Jeremy Taylor was a barber's son; Robert Burns was a plowman of Ayreshire, and he became the greatest of Scotch poets; Benjamin Franklin was a journeyman printer in his early days, and he became one of the most celebrated philosophers and statesmen. Virgil was the son of a baker, and he became the most celebrated of Latin poets; Demosthenes was a poor, stuttering boy, the son of a butler, and he became the most famous orator of ancient times. Daniel Webster said "we should make it a principle to extend the hand of fellowship to every man who discharges faithfully his duties, without stopping to ascertain whether he swings a hammer or draws a thread." Look the world bravely in the face, strive to do right, be fearless and courageous in the denunciation of wrong, quick to extend a helping hand, to encourage others to a fresh effort in the path of duty, and you will do much good in the world and be *rich* in the truest sense of the word.

"Think not the man whose mansions hold
The worldling's pomp and miner's gold,
Obtains a richer purse,
Than he, who, in his cot of rest,
Finds heavenly Peace a willing guest,
And bears the promise in his breast
Of treasures in the skies."

Washington Letter.

[From our regular correspondent.]

Senator Allison went over to New York one evening last week and returned the next day, but short as his visit was it was long enough to be made the basis for any number of cabinet stories all more or less affecting Messrs. Miller, and Platt. When these stories were repeated to Mr. Allison he smiled in an amused way, but said nothing. One thing may be set down as certain, all the rumors of Senator Allison's entering any combination antagonistic to Mr. Blaine are the merest nonsense. Mr. Blaine has no better friend in this country than Senator Allison, and no cabinet complications that can possibly happen are likely to estrange these two men.

Cleveland in a letter of regret sent to the Tariff Reform League of Boston, gets after the faint hearted freetraders of his party in congress with a sharp stick. The effect of this letter is already observable among the democratic members of the house now in this city. Just before the recess, many of them were talking seriously of passing a bill repealing the tobacco tax and the United States license for retail liquor dealers. Now these same men are saying that any reduction made in the revenue of the government, must come from import duties, and that under no circumstances will they vote for any measure reducing the internal revenue taxes. They also say that a determined fight is to be made on the republican tariff bill when it reaches the house. All of which shows that although Cleveland was defeated for the presidency, he still has the power to force his views upon the members of his party against their own convictions. Well, it will be all right anyway, of course nobody expected the democratic house to pass any sensible tariff measure. It will remain for the republican house to pass a tariff bill which will relieve the treasury of the surplus and at the same time be just and equitable to the business interests of the country.

Mr. Cleveland pardoned a counterfeiter, a bank wrecker, a moonshiner and a polygamist out of prison last week.

Senator Stanford's fancy stock raising is not altogether for amusement, as he has just sold a weanling colt by Electioneer, from the famous mare Beautiful Belle, for $12,500. Four of this mare's colts have sold for $92,000.

Apropos of the criticism heard in some quarters about the enormous expense of the inauguration and its attendant ceremonies, including the ball, it seems proper to say that not one cent of this money is paid by the government. It is paid by the people that attend the ball, tickets to which cost $5 each. In order to facilitate matters in making the arrangements it has always been customary to ask for private contributions to what is known as the guarantee fund. This time the contributions already made to this fund amount to more than $50,000. These contributions were at the last inauguration all returned to the donors and the committee still had on hand a surplus which was donated to charity. Before criticising the expenses of the inauguration, fault finders should remember that in this case the old Scotch adage "he that dances must pay the piper" is strictly adhered to.

The contested election cases of Smalls vs. Elliott and Sullivan vs. Felton are expected to come up in the house this week. The contestants are both republicans, one of them a colored man, and there is no probability that either of them will be allowed to obtain the seats to which they were undoubtedly elected. The democrats of the house are not in a humor to do the decent thing.

A new statue has been added to the interesting collection in statuary hall at the capitol. It is that of Gen. Lewis Cass, and was presented by the state of Michigan.

Senator Cullom says it is probable that some important amendments will be offered to the inter-state commerce law, shortly. Mr. Cullom does not agree with those who think the law a failure, but he admits that some important changes are necessary before the law can fully accomplish the purposes for which it was framed.

The speakership canvass has been actively going on during the holiday recess, and three new candidates—Messrs. Lodge, Bayne and Farquhar—have been entered by their friends for the race. None of the candidates are seemingly making much headway, the members don't like to commit themselves quite so early in the game, as it would effectually shut them out of some advantages which may be gained by making combinations later, and of course every member wants to gain something either in the way of patronage or a coveted place on a good committee, hence they are very wary.

Mr. Blaine and his family are expected in Washington next month. They will remain for the season.

RECOLLECTIONS OF AN OLD SETTLER.

BY INGOMAR.

The Western Union Telegraph line was built in 1860, the late Edward Creighton superintending the work. The first operator stationed here was P. W. Johnson, a young man about twenty-two years of age. We never knew what the first two letters of his name stood for, as when questioned he always replied "Pleasant Weather," and as a matter of fact it was always pleasant weather when he was around, he remained here until 1862 when he was relieved under the following circumstances: Joe. E. Johnson had been a resident of Council Bluffs and publisher of the Council Bluffs Bugle, a paper democratic in politics and Mormon in religion, from an early day, and about 1860, he found it advisable to leave to avoid indictments based upon the adaptability he had shown in carrying out Brigham Young's teachings in relation to his domestic affairs, and located at Wood River at the crossing of the military road, where he published a paper called the "Huntsman Echo," which was intensely copperhead in politics. He, in 1862, had an arrangement with the telegraph company that he should be furnished with dispatches, to be sent from Columbus which was carried out for some time. At last Johnson published an unusually bitter article against the government, and P. W. Johnson became so indignant that he notified him that the contract was terminated and the company would furnish him no more dispatches. This action was not approved by the superintendent and P. W. was transferred to the Julesburg of these days. Shortly afterward Joe. E. Johnson made his valedictory bow to the public and predicted that the war then raging between the north and south would continue until it became a "Killkenny cat" affair, that all the Indians in North America would take a part in it before it was finished, and finally the handful of people left would call on Brigham Young to take charge of affairs, and save them from total annihilation, and that while the crack of the rifle and the dashing of swords would be heard all over the land, in the mountains around Salt Lake only would there be peace and security. He also stated that he knew this because he heard the late Joseph Smith during his lifetime predict that it would happen. Shortly after this utterance he harnessed his mules, yoked his oxen, loaded up his printing press, goods, and wives and started for Salt Lake, where in due time he arrived in good order, and has not vexed the soil of Nebraska since.

Shortly after assuming control of the office at Julesburg P. W. Johnson returned to his old home in Iowa, after a little lady who had previously consented to fight the battles of life on his side, and on his way back remained a day or two with his old Columbus friends, after which they started for the place which was to be their future residence, no doubt with great anticipations of future happiness, alas! not to be realized, as soon after he was stricken with typhoid fever, and in a few days the devoted wife was prostrated with the same disease, and although the company the best possible, (sending a physician and nurse from Fort Kearney) for their relief, disease did its work, and when the body of the husband was carried to the grave, the wife was mercifully unconscious of her loss, and in a few days was laid beside him, and they now rest in that desolate country probably in unmarked graves.

NEBRASKA NOTES.

The Nebraska Bee-Keepers' Association will meet in Lincoln Jan. 9, 10 and 11.

It was reported on the 3d that the State National bank attached the property of the Loup City Roller Mill company. It is claimed that the Mill company has ample means to meet all her liabilities and the citizens cannot see the propriety of issuing an attachment on the Roller Mill property.

A disastrous fire occurred at Madison, Monday morning, destroying the livery barn of Geo. Losey, containing thirty-six valuble horses and all of his buggies; the agricultural implement house of H. H. Fuller and most of its contents, and the residence of Chas. Gross. Loss about $6,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

On the 1st at Falls City, the preliminary examination of Frank Clark took place, on a charge of shooting and killing Dr. Hanlon. Clark was held for his appearance in the sum of $6,000 bail. While Clark was absent from the state his wife procured a divorce and went over into Kansas and there married this man Hanlon. After Clark returned home he met the man and shot him.

Walking is healthful for man or woman. It exercises nearly all the muscles of the body, and produces a free circulation of the blood, and good digestion—all so necessary to a sound condition. If American women of all classes would walk only as much as English ladies do, it would promote the health and vigor of the present generation of women, and next generation of both sexes would be far stronger and more healthy.—[Ulysses Dispatch.

Men who advertise constantly in their home paper want your patronage, and don't want you at any time to forget it. They want you to know that they are still in busines at their old stand, and keep a standing invitation before you to inspect their goods. The merchants who keep standing advertisements all the year round don't play catch penny dodges to get your money, but they wish to conduct a fair and legitimate business every week in the year.—[Pen and Plow.

The citizens and sheriff on the 6th indulged in a county seat fight between Hornerville and McCook. The sheriff and a posse of seventy-five men made a descent on Hornerville during the absence of the county officials at McCook, disarmed the citizens who were guarding the court house with Winchester rifles, and brought back a portion of the county records to Elwood. This action divides the records and as a matter of course widens the branch between the citizens about the location of the county seat.

The weather in this vicinity has simply been splendid. It appears this year to be ahead of even Nebraska weather in this region. Some farmers begin to think what their lands will do for their fertilizing snows and rains to put them in condition to cultivate crops in the spring. Farmers in Nebraska have been in the habit of relying strongly upon the laws of nature to fix up this department. They find it pleasant anyhow to cultivate and indulge in a strong faith in this direction. Last year against unfavorable circumstances this faith bore them up against a late and wet spring, to sow, plant and cultivate their crops and they had the pleasure, generally, of realizing very fair crops. Cling to the laws and their Author.

The Omaha dailies of the 5th contained accounts of a terribly destructive fire at the farm of John Craig, six miles northeast of Schuyler on the night of the 3d. He had one of the largest and best barns in all the state, and at midnight he was awakened by the hired girl and found his large barn in flames. Forty-three horses, seventy head of cattle and twenty hogs perished. There was also destroyed $1,000 worth of farm machinery, 300 bushels of oats, a large quantity of hay and some fine blooded Durhams. Among the horses destroyed was a stallion that cost $3,000, and seven Kentucky thoroughbreds, several of which cost $1,000 each. The barn cost $6,000 a few years ago. The total loss will reach $20,000. There was no insurance. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. The hired man is suspected, as he has disappeared; he had some trouble with Craig's brother.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors.

WEDNESDAY p. m., January 2d, 1889.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. R. H. Henry, chairman, presiding, John Stauffer, clerk. All present but Blecher, Fields, Olson and Swartsley.

Minutes of previous meetings from Oct. 2d, '88, were read and approved.

On motion, all bids for building Platte river bridge were referred to the supervisors of city of Columbus and Columbus twp.

On motion, the communication from Hon. Joseph Scott, commissioner of public lands and buildings, on the re-appraisement of school lands in Platte county, was laid over until the regular annual meeting.

The committee on settlement with the county treasurer presented their report, which was accepted and ordered spread upon the record.

The application and bond of M. B. Rofter of Oconee for druggist permit, and of Henry Neeve of Cornlea for liquor license, were referred to committee on judiciary.

On motion, board adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow a. m.

THURSDAY a. m., January 3d.

Board met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock a. m. with Sup'r Kramer chairman pro tem, John Stauffer, clerk. All present but Blecher, Fields, Henry, Olson and Swartsley.

On motion, Henry Neeve of Cornlea was granted liquor license as prayed for. The bond of M. B. Rofter of Oconee for druggist permit was declared insufficient and the same was referred back for correction.

The board now proceeded to select sixty names from which the panel of jurors for the January, 1889, term of district court are to be drawn.

On motion, board adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m.

THURSDAY p. m., January 3d.

Board met at 2 o'clock p. m. pursuant to adjournment, Hon. R. H. Henry chairman, John Stauffer, clerk.

Roll called and members all present but Blecher, Fields, Olson and Swartsley.

The different committees now proceeded with the examination of bills that had been referred to them.

On motion, the board adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FRIDAY a. m., January 4.

Board met at 9 o'clock a. m. with Hon. R. H. Henry chairman, presiding, John Stauffer, clerk. Members all present but Sup'rs Blecher, Fields and Olson.

The county clerk presented his fee book for examination.

Motion by Sup'r Kramer that all fee books be referred to a committee of Sup'rs Hopkins, Henry and Irwin for examination and report. Carried.

The following communication was received and read:

COLUMBUS, Neb., Jan. 4th, 1889.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors—

GENTLEMEN: I hereby certify that there is collected in excess of the 5 per cent for the county general fund of 1884 tax $2,208, and of 1885 tax $1,593.

GEO. G. BECHER,
Co. Treasurer.

Motion by Sup'r Irwin that the county treasurer furnish amounts of all delinquent personal taxes against persons whose bills are allowed this session to the county clerk before same are entered of record and that warrants be drawn to the treasurer for such amounts. Carried.

The following bills were allowed on the surplus over 85 per cent of levy collected, as reported by the county treasurer, and the clerk instructed to issue warrants for same on amount thus reported for the year 1885:

D. F. Davis, legal printing, etc	$ 97 00
" pub. sup'r proceedings, etc	18 00
" pub. tax sale notices	140 28
Platte Center Argus, note heads for sheriff	7 00
Platte Center Argus, pub. sup'r proceedings	13 00
Gus G. Becher, treas. account del. personal tax R. C. Boyd	28 75
Do M. Watkins	3 50
Do Geo. Lehman	10 00
Do M. K. Turner & Co	170 65
Do O. L. Baker	2 00
Do Chas. Schroder	12 98
Do Henry Gass	30 95
E. D. Fitzpatrick, mdse for county	19 50
Boettcher & Korsenbrock, mdse for Co.	171 70
John Stauffer, copying and summarizing sup'r record for publication	46 30
Gazette-Journal Co., mdse for county	44 00
Gus G. Becher, treas., cash advanced county	48 90
John Stauffer, county clerk, recording official bonds	57 00
Gibson, Miller & Richardson, blanks for county	1 12
State Journal Co. same	1 40
Gibson, Miller & Richardson, mdse for county	21 00
Same, tax receipts for townships	48 50
Omaha Republican Co., mdse for Co.	25 70
John Stauffer, cash advanced county	51 60
Mrs. Margaret Hamer, for care Chas. Hamer, an insane person from June 19, 1888, to Jan. 8, 1889, 29 weeks at $2.00	87 00
Omaha Republican Co. mdse. for Co.	11 50
Gibson, Miller & Richardson for poll books	24 00
St. Mary's hospital acct. for Sept. '88	51 00
" " " Oct. "	50 75
" " " Nov. "	67 00
" " " Dec. "	61 00
G. B. Speice clerk D. C. fees for Dec. 1888	44 15
C. B. Speice, com. of insanity	28 75

The two accounts of M. C. Bloedorn, sheriff, $8.25 and 15.75 for board and jailor's fees, for prisoners committed by the city of Columbus, was referred to the city council for their action.

Bill of F. G. Renyon, juror on inquest of unknown body, also other expenses—$3.70 was referred back to claimant for an itemized account.

Bill of G. H. Brockhaus for $10.00 for reports to county treasurer for January, February, March, April and May 1888, was rejected.

The following bills were allowed on the surplus collections of general fund for year 1885, as reported by the county treasurer, and the clerk instructed to issue warrants for same:

R. H. Henry services as supervisor and on committee	$ 99 00
A. Dussell, work on jail, etc	18 85
J. G. Reeder, commissioner of insane	12 00
R. F. Hockenberger, canvassing election returns	4 00
C. B. Stillman, commissioner of insanity	15 00
John M. Gondring, salary county attorney, for quarter ending December 31, 1888	200 00
C. Nabor, chainman Milalagie road	2 00
A. Bottmer, " " "	2 00
John Eusden, survey " "	16 80
" " Lisco road	9 25
" " Nickerson road	16 90
G. H. Brockhaus, collection delinquent personal tax	12 00
John Kotler, for keeping pauper Peter Drunk, thirty weeks, from June 3 to December 30, 1888	60 00
L. W. Weaver, work for the county	8 35
I. Gluck, for rent county judge, county attorney, office, and house for the sheriff, six months, per contract	183 00
Charles Wake, work for county	20 00
Rudolph Steiner, work in the court house yard	1 50
G. B. Speice, canvassing election returns	4 00
Edward Keuscher, serv. as supervisor	14 00
Fred Gerber, " "	19 00
Carl Kramer, " "	16 00
Peter Peterson, " "	21 00
James Burrows, " "	26 00
A. W. Clark, " "	33 30
John C. Swartsley, " "	25 80
Henry Gulles, for aid to pauper	5 50
Gus G. Becher, treasurer's account, account delinquent personal tax, J. C. Echols	19 75
Friedhof & Co., merchandise for the county	15 10
L. J. Cramer, county superintendent, salary and postage for October	101 48
L. J. Cramer, county superintendent, salary and postage for November	100 74
L. J. Cramer, county superintendent, salary and postage for December	101 48
Mason R. Beall, work repairing jail	5 00
Gus G. Becher, treasurer's account, delinquent personal tax, H. Jenkinson	36 00
Gibson, Miller & Richardson, merchandise for county	18 50
John Stauffer, county clerk, salary for quarter ending December 31	100 00
E. Pohl, merchandise for county	16 35
Sam Gass, " " "	20 50
John Brunken services as supervisor	19 00
C. B. Campbell, " "	22 00
D. L. Bruen, " "	19 00
J. H. Wurdeman, " "	19 40
P. Bender, " "	18 60
H. S. Elliott, " "	21 00
George N. Hopkins, " "	39 50
W. J. Irwin, " "	22 00
Charles Wake, bailiff	26 00
John Huber, "	22 00
Gus Falbaum, "	26 00
R. H. Henry, president Columbus Driving Park and Fair Association, allowed per statute	463 25
Also, jurors fees for regular panel, and special to amount of	626 50

The following bills were allowed on the county road fund levy for 1888, and clerk instructed to draw warrants for same:

A. Field, account Lost Creek township	$ 30 00
Carsten Peterson, same	30 00
James R. Smith, same	22 50
" "	15 00
Linninger & Metcalf Co., account Humphrey township	8 00

On motion, board took a recess until 2 p. m.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 5, 1889.

Board met at 2 o'clock p. m., Hon. R. H. Henry, chairman presiding, John Stauffer, clerk.

Board all present but Bruen, Blecher, Clark, Fields and Olson.

Bill of John M. Gondring of $35 for expenses incurred in attending supreme court in case of the Williams bond forfeit was allowed.

The board approved the letting of the contract of building the Platte river bridge to M. Wagner.

The following bills were persented and allowed on the county bridge fund levy for 1888.

Chicago Lumber Co., acc't Lost Creek township	$ 228 74
Same, account Burrows township	22 53
" " Granville "	141 44
" " Joliet "	53 07
" " Burrows "	19 27
" " Humphrey "	5 76
" " Shell Creek "	115 49
" " G'd Prairie "	23 46
" " Monroe "	25 25
Loran Clark & Co., account Woodville township	52 65
Ernst & Schwarz, account Shell Creek township	10 50
Hugh Hughes, account Shell Creek township	61 00
Woodville township, account Woodville township, cash advanced for wheel scraper	100 00
Nye Wilson Morehouse Co., account Creston township	11 97
Same, account Sherman township	6 92
Wm. Bloedorn, account Lost Creek township	34 40
Same, account Joliet township	7 00
" " Shell Creek "	24 00
Wm. Eimers, account Grand Prairie township	97 54
Genoa Lumber Co., account Monroe township	21 47
Same, same	45 94
" "	17 95
Hugh Hughes, account Bismark township	6 45
Burrows & Smith, account Lost Creek township	25 00
Fuller, Smith & Fuller, account Sherman township	26 45
Nye Wilson Morehouse Co., account Granville township	58 90

And on the county bridge fund levy for 1887, were allowed:

Chicago Lumber Co., account Burrows township	57 96
Henry Eimers, account Humphrey township	12 78
Nye Wilson Morehouse Co., account Humphrey township	25 00
Same, account G'd Prairie township	30 65
" " Humphrey "	2 54
" " Granville "	122 45

And on the county road fund levy for 1887:

Wm. Godkin, acc't Burrows township	$ 19 00
Geo. U. Lamb, " " "	9 00
John Wolf, " " "	6 00
Fred Wolf, " " "	12 00
L. J. Lamb, " " "	15 00
James Burrows, " "	21 00

And on same fund for 1888:

Louis Bradford, account Lost Creek township	$ 30 00
J. M. Morris & Co., same	154 02
Louis Bradford, "	35 75

And following bills allowed on surplus reported collected on 1885 levy:

Wm. Lisco, chainman Lisco road	$ 2 00
W. A. Way, " " "	2 00
Wm. Connor, " " "	2 00

And following on county road fund levy for 1889:

John Kozycke, account Columbus township, for damage locating the Lisco road	60 00

Sup'rs Henry, Clark and Burrows were elected a committee to attend a meeting of county committee's at Lincoln January 16, for the purpose of recommending various amendments to present township laws.

Complimentary resolutions were passed upon Hon. John C. Swartsley who retires from the Board to assume legislative honors, and to the retiring chairman, Hon. R. H. Henry.

The Board now adjourned sine die.

Mr. J. B. Loughran, mayor of North Des Moines, Iowa, says: "I have been using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, for the past two years and can recommend it to any one in need of a reliable cough medicine. My boy takes it without any trouble and I know it has saved him several times from a hard spell of the croup." It has no equal for a severe cold. For sale by druggists.

To live peaceably with all breeds good blood.

Cure your cold while you can. One bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure an ordinary cold, but if neglected, catarrh, chronic bronchitis or consumption may follow, and they are seldom if ever cured by any medicine or treatment. Only 50 cents per bottle. For sale by druggists.

You may be on land yet not in a garden.

Dr. W. L. Gleaves, of Nordaway, Mo., says he regards Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best in the market. For sale by druggists.

Coincided with Pape.

It is related of a clergyman who was the happy father of a charming and beautiful daughter, that one day while preparing his Sunday discourse he was suddenly called away from his desk on a mission of mercy. So imperative was the summons that he left unfinished this sentence:

"I never see a young man of splendid physique and the promise of a glorious manhood almost realized but my heart is filled with rapture and delight."

His daughter, happening in the study, saw the sermon and read the words. Sitting down, she wrote underneath:

"Them's my sentiments, papa, exactly!"—St Paul Globe.

FOURTH QUARTERLY STATEMENT.

OF THE REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMERCIAL BANK

Of Columbus, Nebraska, at the close of business December 31st, 1888.

RESOURCES.

Bills receivable	$ 97,277 25	
Cash and cash items	11,525 10	
Due from other banks	14,619 40	
Real estate and furniture	10,377 23	
Expense	1,311 75	
		$ 135,111 03

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 50,000 00	
Undivided profits	2,340 17	
Individual deposits	42,601 97	
Certificates of deposits	20,502 84	
Interest	5,425 17	
Exchange	70 21	
Due other persons	81 47	
Re-discounts	14,090 00	
		$ 135,111 03

I, C. A. Newman, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. A. NEWMAN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me January 4th, 1889. W. M. CORNELIUS,
Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
W. A. MCALLISTER,
C. H. SHELDON,
HERMAN P. H. OSELRICH.

ESTRAY BUCK.

Came to my place, January 2d, 1889, one MERINO BUCK, about one year old. Owner pay expenses and get his property.

JOHN MAHER.
[5w4t]

ERNST & SCHWARZ,

—MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN—

SUPERB LAMP FILLER

AND COAL OIL CAN COMBINED,

Which for safety, convenience, cleanliness and simplicity, cannot be exc