Columbus Journal.

Entered at the Post-office, Columbus, Neb., as second-class mail matter.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

M. K. TURNER & CO.,

Columbus, Neb.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, by mail, postage prepaid.....$2.00
Six months.....1.00
Three months.....50

—Payable in Advance.—

☞ Specimen copies mailed free, on application.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

When subscribers change their place of residence they should at once notify us by letter or postal card, giving both their former and their present post-office,—the first enables us to readily find the name on our mailing list, from which, being in type, we each week print, either on the wrapper or on the margin of your JOURNAL, the date to which your subscription is paid or accounted for. Remittances should be made either by money-order, registered letter or draft, payable to the order of

M. K. TURNER & Co.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications, to secure attention, must be accompanied by the full name of the writer. We reserve the right to reject any manuscript, and cannot agree to return the same.—We desire a correspondent in every school-district of Platte county, one of good judgment, and reliable in every way.—Write plainly, each item separately. Give us facts.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1888.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

National.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON
Of Indiana.

For Vice-President,
LEVI P. MORTON,
Of New York.

Congressional.

For Representative in Congress, 3d District,
GEORGE W. E. DORSEY.

State.

For Governor,
JOHN M. THAYER.

For Lieutenant Governor,
GEORGE D. MEIKLEJOHN.

For Secretary of State,
GILBERT L. LAWS.

For State Treasurer,
J. E. HILL.

For State Auditor,
THOMAS H. BENTON.

For Attorney General,
WILLIAM LEESE.

For Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings,
JOHN STEEN.

For Superintendent Public Instruction,
GEORGE B. LANE.

County.

For Representative 24th District,
W. A. HAMPTON.

For County Attorney,
J. G. REEDER.

Coming Events.

Dodge County Fair Oct. 2—5.
Nance County Fair Oct. 3—5.

"EAT or be eaten" seems to be the law of trade.

GOV. THAYER is expected home from Massachusetts today.

HUTCHINSON'S brokers bid $2.00 for wheat Saturday at Chicago.

MRS EMMA FERENSTEIN of St. Joseph, Mo., was burned to death Sunday morning while lighting a gasoline stove.

THE free trade apostles, John A. McShane and J. Sterling Morton are to have a meeting at Lincoln tomorrow.

"THE only time England can use an Irishman is when he emigrates to America and votes for free trade."—[London Times.

MAYOR BROATCH of Omaha is determined to abate some of the worst nuisances of that city, and it will be a good riddance.

"GROVER CLEVELAND has done more to advance the cause of free trade than any prime minister of England has ever done."—[London Spectator.

WHEN England had a monopoly of the American market, steel rails sold for $170. Under protection, the price has been reduced to $30 and $33.

THE president and Col. Lamont returned to Washington about 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 24th, and drove immediately to the White House.

WHY should not every federal office-holder contribute to the campaign fund as well as the President? Let us have no hypocrisy.—[New York World, (Dem.)

JUSTICE MATTHEWS, of the supreme court, was reported very sick last week. No callers were allowed to see him, and he was confined to his bed all the time.

THE people of Jacksonville, Fla., are in better spirits than for some time back. It is believed that the backbone of the terrible epidemic is broken by the cool weather.

THE Omaha Republican is entitled to credit for its work against the bawdy houses of that city, even though its opposition has been only against those located near to school-houses.

ON the 26th ult. the president gave a special reception at noon to William F. Cody and the members of his Wild West show, including the Indians, who appeared in their most brilliant costumes.

HON. JOHN H. MITCHELL, on the 20th of September in the United States senate, made one of the ablest speeches of the session. It ought to be read and studied by every voter in the United States.

A SPECIAL from Rawlins to Denver says a man supposed to be the murderer of Waln and Livingston was arrested in Landers on the 23d while trying to sell an outfit like that owned by the murdered men.

ON the afternoon of the 24th the Wild West show was opened at the new driving park, in the presence of the largest crowd ever assembled on a like occasion, in Washington City. This week the show will be in Richmond, Va.

THE democrats in the First congressional district have nominated J. Sterling Morton as their candidate for congress. Mr. Morton was present at the convention and made a speech to the delegates, and accepted the nomination.

It Does Pan Out.

Workingmen know that a favorite democratic argument is that "the amount of duty is added to the cost of the article," both imported and domestic. Cleveland said it, and Thurman repeated it, and that settled it!

Now there isn't any truth to the statement regarding anything generally grown or made in this country, and workingmen know it, notwithstanding our neighbor, the Herald, has said time and again, in substance, that every time a customer in this country bought $100 worth of supplies he paid $47 to the "robber barons." To show the fallacy of the free trade claim, we give below a list of tools which are used every day by workingmen, with the price of England, with the price the imported article would be in this country if the duty was added, and the actual cost in this country. The English and American prices are from London and New York price lists:

Articles.	English price.	With duty added.	American price.
Axes, No. 2, per dozen	$9 00	13 05	9 50
Augers, steel, 1 inch, per dozen	5 48	7 95	5 76
Augers, steel, 2 inch, per dozen	12 00	17 40	11 56
Auger bits, ½ inch, per dozen	4 56	6 70	3 00
Chisels, socket, 2 inch, per dozen	7 00	10 15	8 64
Hatchets, No. 2 per dozen	6 00	8 70	5 25
Saws, hand, 26-inch, per dozen	6 00	8 70	5 00
Saws, cross-cut, 4 feet, each	2 36	1 68	2 00
Saws, cross-cut, 5 feet, each	3 12	3 52	2 50
Planes, jack, 1 inch, 2¼ double iron, per dozen	15 00	21 75	10 20
Brick trowels, 10½ inch per dozen	8 24	11 94	7 50
Iron squares, 18x12 per dozen	4 48	6 50	5 25
Anvils, steel face, per lb	08	10	08
Shovels, No, 2, square, per dozen	7 48	10 85	5 00
Cast butts, 3x4 inch per dozen	1 24	1 78	1 00
Strap hinges, 6 inch, per dozen	1 48	2 15	1 00

Not only is the duty not added on a single article, but in nearly all cases the cost of the article is less than in England. And what is more, the men who use those tools in protected America make nearly double the wages that the same class of workmen do in free trade England.—[Omaha Republican.

Davitt on Cleveland's British Sympathies.

President Cleveland's pro-English sympathies are well known and understood in Ireland. Michael Davitt, in a speech the other day in Wexford, spoke of "the readiness with which even a man so favorable to England as Mr. Cleveland is willing to throw over his pro-English sympathies in order to obtain an equivalent Irish support for his administration." The "throwing over" referred to was the recent message, in which a pretence of an intention to retaliate upon England was made. That it was only a pretence and that Cleveland is not the man to "throw over" his pro-English sympathies every one who knows the man and his record knows sufficiently well. The fact that Cleveland is recognized in Ireland as "a man favorable to England" is one which may well cause Irish-American democrats to pause and reflect. To send "a man favorable to England" to the White House for another four years is a policy that would hardly be considered honorable or safe by the men who founded the Republic a hundred years ago, or by the men who fought twenty-five years ago for its preservation from an enemy that received every possible aid and encouragement from England.—[Irish World.

The Average Reduction Trick.

There are various ways of playing the average reduction trick. This is one of them:

"My bill is not a free trade bill," said Roger Quixote Mills, prancing around in a recent speech; "it provides for an average reduction of only 7 per cent."

"Will the gentleman allow me to ask him a question?" said a quiet man in the audience.

"Of course."

"Your salary as congressman, I believe is $5,000 a year," stated the quiet man.

"It is," replied the great orator.

"And the president's is $50,000?"

"Yes, sir."

"Making, together, $55,000?"

"Of course," said the great orator, impatiently.

"Now," continued the quiet man, "if we put you on the free list without disturbing the president's pay—just as you have done with wool without disturbing rice—that would be an average reduction of only a trifle over 9 per cent. How would you stand that kind of average reduction?"

"Oh, you go home and soak yo' head," felicitously replied the great orator.—[Philadelphia Press.

Sayings That Stand.

The democrats are now very busy denying the authenticity of certain extracts from London newspapers. One of these is from the London Times: "The only time England can use an Irishman is when he emigrates to America and votes for free trade." The denial is now shut off by Congressman Butterworth of Cincinnati, who affirms that he read the quotation in the London Times a few years ago. The other is from the London Spectator: "Grover Cleveland has done more to advance the cause of free trade than any prime minister of England has ever done." This having been given to the public on the authority of the Hartford Courant, the New York Evening Post called upon it for a retraction, remarking in its top-lofty way, "Nobody pretends that he ever saw the passage which purports to come from the London Spectator." To this the Courant replies: "Why, bless your ignorant eyes, the Courant copied that from the Spectator itself as soon as it appeared, and set it going, and we've got the copy of the Spectator still in the office."—[Kingston Freeman.

THE house of representatives is amusing its leisure by a consideration of a trust bill, in which the enormities of the Brooklyn sugar combination are not forgotten. This is good, but it is to be hoped that due attention will be also paid to the workings of various exchanges, particularly in New York. It is notorious that the coffee exchange of that city forced the price of Rio and Santos up from eight and nine cents to seventeen and eighteen cents, and held it there for a year. A mere consumer of coffee and sugar fails to see the difference between this action and that of the Brooklyn sugar trust. But then J. J. O'Donoghue, ex-president of the coffee exchange, is a devoted adherent of Grover Cleveland, and presented every one of his fellow members with a Cleveland button early in the campaign. This does make a difference—to democratic statesmen.—[Bee.

IRISHMEN have had their free trade experience. They have been eye witnesses of the ruinous results of the application of the English policy to Ireland, and many of them sufferers from it. They look back to the days when Ireland had twice the population she has today, when Irishmen were individually prosperous and happy and the nation enjoyed remarkable prosperity, then to the change that took place when England despoiled her of her factories and made her, as far as possible, what "God intended her to be, an agricultural country," last at the condition in which she is today, and they want no legislation for this country patterned after the "English idea." And they are right.—[Lincoln Journal.

CHAIRMAN MILLS said last spring to a delegation of Philadelphia wool merchants: "The more confusion the tariff works to business the better I like it, because it will sooner be done away with. I desire free trade, and I will not help to perfect any law that stands in the way of free trade." And yet the democrats are pronouncing in the most vigorous terms their hatred to free trade. It is a thin gauze which is used to hide their real purpose. If they do not desire free trade why do they indorse the Mills bill, which was framed by their man who says emphatically that he desires free trade?

CYRUS SWAN, for years chairman of the democratic committee of Duchess county, New York, is a republican this year, and he says: "I know scores of men who will vote for Harrison and Morton, but who do not want their names mentioned. In one family I know there are eight voters, seven democrats and one republican. Every one of them will vote for Harrison this year. I believe that instead of a majority of 1,000, such as the republicans got in 1884, Duchess county will give between 2,000 and 3,000 as sure as you stand there. I tell you it is a complete revolution."—[Chicago Trib.

SPEAKING about Mr. Thurman's letter of acceptance, it is quite probable that, among other things, he will not say as he once said in one of his public addresses: "My friends you will never have any genuine reform in the civil service until you adopt the one term principle in reference to the presidency. So long as the incumbent can hope for a second term he will use the immense patronage of the government to procure his renomination and secure his re-election."—[Lincoln Journal.

WILLIAM RADIMAN, a florist of Austin, Tex., last week in St. Louis stated that he had written a letter to Senator Plumb, who introduced a bill offering a reward of $100,000 for a sure remedy against yellow fever, and assured the senator that he was ready to enter the contest for the reward. Radiman offers to enter the yellow fever district and cure any case in from fifteen minutes to one hour.

ANOTHER Apache killing near Dudleyville on the San Pedro river fifty miles east of Florence, Arizona, last Wednesday. A man named Jones rode to the camp of Chief Pachula's band and while talking with Pachula, five Indians came up and riddled Jones with bullets. The murderers escaped.

LONDON is greatly excited over the Whitechapel murders. The theory of the police is that the murderer is a man armed with a keen, fearful weapon and that he has a maniacal fury against the lower class of street walkers. The killing is done between midnight and dawn, the victims are women, and cries are never heard.

LAST week twenty-one little girls, ranging in age from 9 to 14 years, brought to New York by Mormon elders from Europe on the steamer Wisconsin, en route to Salt Lake, were ordered by Collector Magone to be sent back to Europe on the return trip of the Wisconsin.

A CHICAGO jury has given Mrs. Lucy A. Eikins, the widow of the painter whose "Mount Shasta" and other works of art made him famous, $5,000 damages in a suit brought by her against a saloon-keeper for selling her husband intoxicating liquor after she had notified him not to do so.

ANTON GLEANER, a horse thief, while on a train from Chicago to the state penitentiary on the morning of the 29th ult., jumped through a window while the train was moving rapidly and was so badly injured that he died three hours later.

WE are indebted to Congressman Dorsey for a copy of the report for May, 1888, from the consuls of the United States. Those who wish to keep posted on foreign matters can find in these volumes, issued monthly, a great fund of information.

P. G. NAUMAN, a traveling man whose home is at Craig, was found dead in his room at the Powell house in Columbus, Ohio, one afternoon last week. He traveled for a firm at Craig, and had about $700 on his person.

Campaign Lies.

"We have now discovered why the JOURNAL asks for a prohibitory law."—[Democrat of Sept. 7.

It is sufficient to say of this lie that it is a very blundering one. The JOURNAL favors submitting any question of great public interest to a vote of the people, but is opposed to the adoption of the prohibitory amendment.

American Goods for American Money.

American money should be spent at home to pay for American made goods. Let us sell our cotton, wheat, oil and other products for cash, instead of buying knick-knacks with the proceeds and supporting foreign systems of labor and trade. All that America needs can be made in America, and American manufacturers are entitled to the patronage of the American people.—[Chicago Journal.

The Pickpocket's Protest.

When you feel another fellow's hand in your pocket abstracting your money, it makes very little difference to you whether he says he believes in the free interchange of products or says nothing. When you see Mr. Cleveland doing his best to destroy protection and set up free trade, it makes very little difference whether he says he is doing that or says he is doing something else, it is the fact which is the important thing.—[Norwich Bulletin.

Grover Did Send That Check.

New York Sun (Dem.): We are authorized to state that there is no truth in the denial that President Cleveland has contributed $10,000 to the funds of the Democratic National Committee. It was paid in the form of a check, too.

A Fatal Railroad Accident.

A train on the Oregon Short Line was derailed by running into a herd of cattle near Pocatello, Idaho, last Friday night. The following were killed: Dan'l Hill, engineer; J. Leonard, fireman; Charles Walton, brakeman, and two unknown men who were riding in a box car. Thirty cars were wrecked, entailing a loss of $15,000.

They Hate Protection.

The other day in the course of a speech, Senator Coke, of Texas, said: "And I will just say to the senate that if there is any one thing in this world that the average Texan would go any number of miles out of his way to kick, and kill, and destroy, it is a protective tariff." Perhaps Mr. Coke was speaking two words for himself and one for his constituents. Anyway, it is certain Mr. Roger Q. Mills fears such to be the case, for he is going home to look for his individual fences. But what Mr. Coke said shows that the southern leaders generally agree with Mr. Watterson that the Mills bill is only a starter. If they get four years more of power assured they will drop the mask and enter upon the work of tariff destruction without any further delay.—[Omaha Republican.

GEN. HARRISON TO IRISH-AMERICANS.

There is no republican campaign literature equal to that furnished by the presidential candidate himself. Mr. Harrison's great ability and his evident honesty of purpose are being felt throughout the country. The Irish-American Club of Cook county, Illinois, recently visited him, and, in reply to their address, he said:

MR. BRIGGS AND MY FRIENDS OF THE IRISH-AMERICAN REPUBLICAN CLUB OF COOK COUNTY:—You were Irishmen, you are Americans [cheers], Irish-Americans [continued cheering], and though you have given the consecrated loyalty of your honest hearts to the starry flag and your adopted country you have not and you ought not to forget to love and venerate the land of your nativity. [Great applause.] If you could forget Ireland, if you could be unmoved by her minstrelsy, untouched by the appeals of her splendid oratory, unsympathetic with her heroes and martyrs, I should fear that the bonds of your new citizenship would have no power over hearts so cold and consciences so dead. [Cheers.] What if a green sprig was found upon the bloody jacket of a Union soldier who lay dead on Missionary Ridge? The flag he died for was his flag and the green was only a memory and an inspiration. We, native or Irish born, join with the Republican Convention in the hope that the cause of Irish Home Rule, progressing under the leadership of Gladstone and Parnell [cheers] upon peaceful and lawful lines, may yet secure for Ireland that which as Americans we so much value—local Home Rule. [Continued cheering.] I am sure that you who have in your own persons or in your worthy representatives given such convincing evidence of your devotion to the American Constitution and flag and to American institutions will not falter in this great civil contest which your spokesman has so fittingly described. Who if not Irish-Americans, versed in the sad story of commercial ruin of the island they love, should be instructed in the beneficent influence of a Protective Tariff? [Loud and continued cheering.] Who if not Irish-Americans should be able to appreciate the friendly influences of the Protective system upon the individual and upon the home? [Applause.] Which of you has not realized that not the lot of man only but the lot of woman has been made softer and easier under its influence? [Applause and "Hear!" "Hear!" and "That's what's the matter!"] Contrast the American mother and wife, burdened only with the cares of motherhood and of the household, with the condition of women in many of the countries of the Old World, where she is also loaded with the drudgery of toil in the field. [Applause.] I know that none more than Irishmen, who are so characterized by their deference for women and whose women have so fitly illustrated that which is pure in female character, will value this illustration of the good effects of our American system upon the home life. [Long continued applause.]

There are nations across the sea who are hungry for the American market. [Cries of "You bet they are!" and "That's right!" and "They won't get them!"] They are waiting with eager expectation for the adoption of a Free-Trade policy by the United States. [Cries of "That will never happen!"] The English manufacturer is persuaded that an increased market for English goods in America is good for him, but I think it will be impossible to persuade the American producer or the American workman that it is good for them. [Loud applause and cries of "That is right."] I believe that social order, that national prosperity, are bound up in the preservation of our existing policy. [Loud cheering and cries of "You are right."] I do not believe that a republic can live and prosper whose wage-earners do not receive enough to make life comfortable, who do not have some upward avenues of hope open before them. When the wage-earners of the land lose hope, when the star goes out, social order is impossible, and after that Anarchy or the Czar. [Cheering and cries of "That's it."] I gratefully acknowledge the compliment of your call, and exceedingly regret that the storm without made it impossible for me to receive you at my house. [Applause and cries of "thanks," "thanks."] I will now be glad to take each member of your club by the hand. [Loud and long-continued cheering.]

NEBRASKA NOTES.

Gov. Thayer was last week in Massachusetts.

Mrs. John A. Creighton died at Omaha Saturday.

The supreme court of this state decided last week that the apportionment bill, law of 1887, is a good law and valid.

Wood River had an $8,000 fire last Friday, shortly after midnight. A reward of $1,000 has been offered for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary.

The Wahoo lady, Mrs. Soland, who inhaled a sandburr the other day, which lodged in her windpipe, coughed the thing up just as the physicians were about to perform an operation for its removal.

Senator J. A. Dillon, of Tecumseh, was found in his pasture a short time ago in an unconscious condition, and remained so for several days. He has improved and is on the way to recover, but can give no account of how he was injured.

The funeral of Miss Sine Wiergert, the girl who was terribly burnt by the flames from a gazoline stove the 21st ult., took place at Grand Island Sunday. Ever since the accident she has suffered untold agonies, and death was a relief to the sufferer. The flesh was burned so deep in places that it stopped the circulation.

Dr. R. R. Livingston of Plattsmouth died in that city at 3:40 a. m., Sept. 28. He had been a man of considerable prominence in the state. We append a brief biography; "Dr. Livingston was born at Montreal in 1827 and received his early education at the Royal grammar school. He graduated in medicine at Magill college in 1849 at the age of 22, and then attended lectures in the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons. Subsequently he became interested in copper mining and removed to Lake Superior county. The doctor located at Plattsmouth in 1859 and practiced medicine until the beginning of the war, when he raised the first company contributed by Nebraska to the union army. He was editing the Platte Valley Herald during the absence of the owner. On receipt of the news of the firing on the Star of the West he stopped the press, then at work on the weekly issue, and printed a number of posters, calling on the loyal men of Cass county to meet that night in the room over the printing office. The doctor organized a company at that meeting, and enrolled himself as a private, but was at once and unanimously chosen captain. This occurred prior to any call for troops. The doctor's organization was mustered into the service in June, 1861, as Company A of the First Nebraska volunteer infantry. It served chiefly in the south, and took part in the battles of Forts Henry and Donelson, Shiloh and Corinth. In 1863 the captain had become a colonel and was given command first of the post of St. Louis and afterwards of the district of St. Louis. He also served with distinction in Arkansas, and received a vote of thanks from the legislature of the state. The company re-enlisted in 1863 as veterans. While on a furlough in 1864, the company, under its old commander, drove the hostile Sioux from Nebraska. The doctor was made brevet brigadier general early in 1865, and was mustered out in July of that year. He resumed his practice. He was appointed surveyor general for Nebraska and Iowa in 1868, and served two years. About that time he became interested in the building of the B. & M. and was appointed chief surgeon in 1869. The doctor served several terms as mayor of Plattsmouth. He became a leading Mason, and was an influential member of several medical organizations."

Washington Letter.

[From our regular correspondent.]

Senator Allison, in reply to a question, said that the caucus of republican senators which was held on Saturday discussed everything bearing on the "order of business" of the senate, but that nothing definite was done—in fact, no vote was taken upon anything. The caucus was called for the purpose of getting a general expression of the opinions on certain subjects. While no vote was taken, it was virtually decided that the tariff bill should be reported after the hearings of the sugar trust are over; also, that Senator Sherman's bill against trusts should be passed at an early day; likewise, the bill to admit Washington territory as a state.

Senator Plumb today called up his bill forfeiting certain lands granted to to the Northern Pacific railroad.

The Chinese government has, by its rejection of the treaty, recently ratified by the senate, helped Cleveland out of a very embarrassing position in regard to the Chinese exclusion bill just passed by congress. This bill was prepared by Representative Scott—Cleveland's chum—and was passed by the house in about thirty minutes, without debate or objection, the day after news of reported rejection of the treaty reached this country. Several days later a cablegram was received from the United States Minister to China, saying that the treaty had not been rejected, but its consideration had been postponed. Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Bayard then both took the trouble to repudiate the action of Mr. Scott in railroading the bill through the house, both of them being of the opinion that no legislation should be taken until the Chinese government had taken some official action on the treaty. The anti-Chinese fever was too much for the senate, and the bill was passed by it, though not without protests. It was placed in Cleveland's hands Friday, and bets were offered here that he would veto it, but on Saturday the official news of the rejection of the treaty by the emperor of China was received at the state department. Now, of course, it will be signed. The treaty having been rejected, some such law is a necessity, and everybody is in favor of it, and I only mentioned the matter to show Cleveland's good luck in getting out of an embarrassing position.

Senator Chandler will tomorrow ask the senate to pass his resolution providing for an investigation of the Louisiana election.

No pension for Mrs. Sheridan will go through the house at this session. Two men have made themselves conspicuous in opposing this measure. They are Kilgore, the house bully, an ex-rebel from Texas, and Cheadle, a copperhead democrat from Indiana, both of whom have objected in every conceivable manner to the consideration of the bill giving a pension to the widow of "Little Phil."

Mr. Kilgore has become a chronic nuisance. Representative Dougherty, of Florida, asked unanimous consent of the house for the passage of a joint resolution, which had already passed the senate, appropriating $100,000 for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers. Kilgore objected, thus preventing the passage for the present.

The house bill making the agricultural department an executive department under the control of the secretary of agriculture has been passed by the senate, with the section transferring the weather bureau to the new department struck out.

The complaints against Postmaster Judd, of Chicago, one of Mr. Cleveland's early appointments, finally became too many and too strong even for Cleveland to stand. He has nominated for the position W. C. Newberry, president of the Iroquois club, a well known political organization of that city.

The big Harrison and Morton campaign ball, which was a notable feature of the great Blaine reception in New York, will be rolled to this city next Friday. It will be met by the republican clubs in this city and rolled to the republican national league's headquarters, when a mammoth political meeting will be held. From here the ball goes west, through West Virginia, Ohio, and Indiana.

Senator Stewart has introduced a bill regulating the presentation of bills and joint resolutions to the president, for the action of the acting chairman of the house committee on enrolled bills in pocketing the Chinese bill after it had passed both houses, and refusing to present it to the president until he got ready, has brought out the fact that there was no rule or law to regulate such presentations.

On Thursday the senate finance subcommittee will hear some witnesses relative to the great copper trust.

The house committee on public lands has made a favorable report on the senate bill to declare a forfeiture of the Ontonagon & Blue River (Michigan) railroad land grant, with an amendment including the grant to the Wisconsin & State Line railroad.

Senator Sherman's resolution providing for a general investigation of the commercial and political relations existing between this country and Canada and England will probably be voted upon this afternoon. If it passes, which is very probable, it will prevent the Canadian retaliation bill from ever being reported to the senate.

Representative Dingley, of Maine, who is considered to be one of the best posted men in congress on the political situation, is confidently predicting that Harrison and Morton will carry every northern state and West Virginia.

There are allegations of fraud and favoritism in the purchase of seed made against the agricultural department. Senator Hawley has offered a resolution providing for an investigation of the matter by the senate committee on agriculture.

Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin, will retire from public life at the end of his present term. He will then be seventy-seven years old.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Public Sale.

By instructions from A. C. Jenkins, who is prevented through failing health from returning to America, I will sell by auction at Woodlands Ranche, on Saturday, Oct. 13, the entire stock, implements and furniture on the ranche, as under: live stock, 2 thoroughbred Hereford bulls, 5 thoroughbred Hereford cows, with calves at foot, 3 thoroughbred Hereford bulls, 1 thoroughbred Hereford heifer 2 years old, 3 thoroughbred Hereford heifers 3 years old with calves at foot. The first seven animals were imported direct from England, the others are thoroughbreds, the produce from them. Also 90 cows, 36 half-blood Hereford heifers, 2 years old; 29 half-blood Hereford steers, 2 years old; 2 3 years old steers; 10 1 year old half-blood steers and heifers; 75 half-blood Hereford steer and heifer calves. The cows and heifers are bred to thoroughbred Hereford bull, and as Hereford bulls have always been used on the ranche, the stock is of superior quality. 90 pigs, 20 hogs; 1 thoroughbred Berkshire boar, imported; 1 mare, 8 years old, 2 horses, 8 years old, 1 horse, 9 years old; 1 herd pony.

Implements—1 Dane hay stacker, 3 Dane hay sweeps; 1 Buckeye 6-foot mower, new, 1 Deering 5-foot mower new; 1 Steele 4½ foot mower; 1 12 foot Buckeye rake; 1 Scientific grinding mill; 1 14 inch Canton plow, 2 Moline wagons, 1 Moline running gear, 1 set wagon bobs, 1 buggy, 1 corn sheller and power; 3 hay-racks; 2 hog-racks; 2 pairs pipe tongs. Hay forks, spades, scoop-shovels, hand-forge, grindstone, set joiner's tools, tubular wheelbarrow and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Harness—Two sets double wagon harness, 1 set single wagon harness, 1 set single buggy harness; 2 sets leather fly-nets; 1 single mesh net; 1 English saddle, 3 herd saddles, 2 collars, 4 rubber bits, 3 horse blankets, 2 riding bridles.

Household Furniture—Three iron beds, 1 mahogany desk and book case, 1 set parlor furniture, 1 Garland hard coal stove, 1 Acorn cook stove, kitchen furniture, bed and table linen, crockery, etc.

Woodlands Ranche is two miles north of Palmer, on the B. & M. railroad.

Sale to commence at 9 a. m. sharp, with implements. Sale of stock will commence promptly at 10 a. m. No delay—will commence at advertised hour.

Terms—One year's time on approved security, at ten per cent. interest; five per cent. off for cash. Sums under $10, cash. Lunch will be served at 12 o'clock.

W. H. PATON, Fullerton.
COL. F. M. WOODS, Lincoln, Auc.

Monroe Items.

S. Alexander visited Oconee Thursday of this week.

Miss Carrie Vorhees is visiting her brother, Martin Vorhees of this place.

Master Tommy Mallalieu of Kearney returned to his home Thursday of last week.

The Quarterly meeting of the Okay M. E. church was well attended, Rev. Shank preaching a most excellent sermon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Elliott of Postville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Hyatt Sunday last.

H. H. Hill is putting down a new well and will erect a wind mill.

Mrs. A. Mosher, who has been visiting her parents at North Bend, returned home Friday.

Mrs. John Dack has been spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Hollingshead.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Jenkinson of Columbus spent last Sunday with his brother, D. W. Jenkinson of this place.

Monroe was well represented at the county fair, as nearly all the young people attended.

Every one has finished haying, and are now getting ready for corn husking. An immense hay crop has been secured in excellent condition, and the corn crop, while scarcely equal to former years, is very much better than was expected.

News is scarce and everything dull; the public have been in a quiver of excitement for the past six months, expecting that a certain young couple would commit matrimony, but as yet nothing so enlivening has occurred. We think, however, the prospect is now more favorable.

T. D. X.

Court Proceedings.

Since our last report the cases decided have been:

Searles Bros., vs. Charles Schroeder. Judg't, $235.73.

Krizki vs. C. B. & Q. Ry Co. Verdict for pl't'ff, $300.

Searles vs. Schroeder. Verdict for pl't'ff, $547.

Walton vs. Heimbach et al. Finding for pl't'ff $1949.75. First lien, finding for def't Buehler, $2692.50.

Schroeder vs. Searles. Verdict for def't.

Byrne vs. Clark et al. Judg't $313.90.

Court adjourned Friday evening to December 10th.

ERNST & SCHWARZ,

—MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN—

SUPERB LAMP FILLER

AND COAL OIL CAN COMBINED,

Which for safety, convenience, cleanliness and simplicity, cannot be excelled. It embodies the simplest principles in philosophy and takes the rank above all Lamp Fillers. No danger of explosions. Absolute safety guaranteed. No spilling, wasting or dripping of oil on the floor, table or outside of can. Use it once and you will not be without it for five times its cost. It works in large cans as well as small ones, thereby saving the frequent and annoying trips to the store with a small can. Every can made of the very best tin, and warranted to work satisfactorily. Call and see sample can and get prices.

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES

ALWAYS FOR SALE AT

ERNST & SCHWARZ'S.

BAKER PERFECT STEEL BARB WIRE.

☞ If you buy it you get 100 rods of fence from 100 pounds of wire, which no other will do. ☜

ERNST & SCHWARZ.

14-24

NO FIRE! NO WATER!

—BUT—

$10,000 WORTH OF HONEST GOODS

TO BE SOLD

At Auction Beginning Oct. 8th,

AT YOUR OWN PRICES.

Auction at 10 a. m., 2 p. m., and 7 p. m.

Private sales the rest of the day. Come at once and get what you want for the winter before everything is gone.

Eleventh Street "Journal" Block.

24 GEO. F. CREMER.

BŒTTCHER & KERSENBROCK,

DEALERS IN HEAVY AND SHELF

HARDWARE!

Stoves and Tinware,

Pumps, Guns & Ammunition.

The Celebrated Moline Wagon Sold Here.

Sept. 22 t'

SPEICE & NORTH,

General Agents for the sale of

REAL ESTATE!

Union Pacific and Midland Pacific R. R. Lands for sale at from $8.00 to $10.00 per acre for cash or on five or ten years time, in annual payments to suit purchasers. We have also a large and choice lot of other lands, improved and unimproved, for sale at low price and on reasonable terms. Also business and residence lots in the city. We keep a complete abstract of title to all real estate in Platte County.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA. 621

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale directed to me from the district court of Colfax county, Nebraska, on a judgment obtained in the district court of Colfax county, Nebraska, on the 6th day of August, 1886, at an adjourned session of the June, A. D., 1888, term, in favor of F. N. Hoffstatt and W. N. Taylor, partners, as F. N. Hostatt & Co., as plaintiffs, and against John Graff, James I. Bennett and Robert Marshall, partners, as Graff, Bennett & Co., as defendants, for the sum of Twenty-five Thousand Six Hundred and Three dollars and Twenty-eight cents, and costs taxed at $46.08, and accruing costs, I have levied upon the following real estate, taken as the property of said defendants, to satisfy said order of sale, towit: The east half of the northwest quarter of section thirty-one (31), the east half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-one (21), the east half of the southeast quarter, the west half of the southeast quarter, the east half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-two (22), the north half of the northeast quarter, the west half of the northwest quarter, the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-three (23), the north half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24). Lots five (5), six (6) and seven (7), in section thirty (30), all in township seventeen (17), north of range one (1), east of the sixth (6th) principal meridian in Platte county, Nebraska. And will offer the same for sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, on the 20th day of October, A. D., 1888, in front of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, that being the building wherein the last term of court was held, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, when and where due attendance will be given by the undersigned.

Dated, Columbus, Neb., September 12th, 1888.

M. C. BLOEDORN,
Sep28t Sheriff of said county.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas McPhillips, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased, will meet the executrix of said estate, before me, County Judge of Platte county, Nebraska, at the county court room in said county, on the 23d day of November, 1888, on the 23d day of January, 1889, and on the 23d day of March, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims, and one year for the executrix to settle said estate from the 23d day of September, 1888.

Dated Columbus, Neb., September 22, A. D. 1888.

H. J. HUDSON,
Sep29t County Judge.

NOTICE PROBATE OF WILL.

Notice probate of will, Johan Bredehoft, deceased. In county court, Platte county, Neb. The State of Nebraska to the heirs and next of kin of the said Johan Bredehoft, deceased:

Take notice, that upon filing of a written instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Johan Bredehoft for probate and allowance, it is ordered that said matter be set for hearing the 25th day of October, A. D., 1888, before said county court, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at which time any person interested may appear and contest the same; and notice of this proceeding is ordered published three weeks successively in THE COLUMBUS JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper, published in this State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the county court, at Columbus, this 29th day of September, A. D., 1888.

H. J. HUDSON,
3oct4 County Judge.

NOTICE.

In the district court of Platte county, Nebraska.

Application of Ellen Sheehan, guardian of the minor heirs of Edward Sheehan, deceased, for license to sell real estate.

It appearing from the petition filed herein that it is necessary and would be beneficial to the wards that such real estate as is described therein, should be sold and the proceeds applied as is prayed by the petitioner, it is therefore ordered by this court that a copy of this order be published three consecutive weeks in the COLUMBUS JOURNAL, and that all persons interested in the estate, appear before this court on the 20th day of October, 1888, at 2 o'clock p. m., and show cause why license should not be granted for the sale of such real estate as prayed in said petition.

A. M. POST,
25sep4 Judge

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Came to my place seven miles northwest of Columbus, on Friday, Aug. 31st, 1888,

ONE BAY HORSE

With two white hind feet, blind in the left eye, and about 8 years old, with shoes on the fore feet. Owner will please prove property and pay charges.

15sep6w R. S. ARTHUR.