Columbus Journal.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1887.

Entered at the Postoffice, Columbus, Neb., as second class matter.

An earthquake shock was felt on Long Island the other day.

Rufus Blodgett has been elected United States Senator from New Jersey.

The appointment of Benedict to be public printer has been confirmed by the Senate.

Falls City desires and will try to obtain a daily train from and to Omaha.

Samuel F. Birch has been appointed register of the land office at Valentine, Neb.

E. F. Hudson, of Nebraska, has been appointed receiver of public moneys at Lincoln, Neb.

Samuel G. Glover, of Arlington, Neb., has been appointed receiver of public moneys at Valentine, Neb.

A bill to abolish stoves from passenger cars was introduced the other day in the New York legislature.

The Board of Trade at Sutton, Neb., has decided to offer a bonus to manufacturers who would locate at that point.

The river bank suddenly and unexpectedly caved in at Leota, Miss., carrying with it a warehouse and several other buildings.

A resident of a remote part of Oregon sent in the other day 7,000 rabbits scalps, upon which a bounty of five cents each was paid by the county.

The chairman of the revenue commission of Illinois proposes to levy a tax on the gross receipts of railroad companies, instead of on the road bed and stock.

The bill for the redemption of trade dollars and the anti-polygamy bill have become laws without the President's signature, the ten days having expired in which he should have signed and returned them.

There was great rejoicing in Gloucester, Mass., on the third among fishermen over the passage of the Edmunds' bill. At noon all the bells were rung, colors hoisted and guns fired.

The nomination of James M. Trotter (colored) to be recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia was reported adversely to the Senate. A resident of the District of Columbia is demanded.

Near Easton, Pa., a deplorable accident occurred. Six boys were out hunting muskrats and in a blinding snow storm returning home were run into by a passenger train and all killed, and mangled in a horrible manner.

Is it possible that the Omaha *Republican* is m-a-d? One would think so to read this which it says of Rosewater, editor of the *Bee*: "He is simply a materialized infamy, a moral idiot, a permitted and continuous crime." Abuse will not build up a newspaper business.

The President approved a number of bills on the 3d, among others the act to authorize the President of the United States to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, training and other vessels in the British dominion of North America.

It is stated at the White House that there is no probability of a special session being called by the President for the purpose of acting on nominations or for any other purpose. The Interstate commerce commission and the successor of Manning will probably be appointed next week, or the week following.

Harry Guinn, a timber cutter, started for his cabin, thirty miles from Leadville, Col., to Frisco to get provisions. When he reached the railroad track a train was approaching which he attempted to board. A moment later the train men heard a shriek and stopping the train found the mangled body of Guinn beneath the wheels. The dead body was literally cut to pieces.

A new counterfeit dollar has appeared simultaneously in several cities, and it is said to be the best yet made. They look right, and are correct weight, but they are too large failing to pass through the treasury gague. They are coated with pure silver thick enough to resist acid. A dangerous five dollar piece has also appeared. It is light weight, but coated with thirty-five cents worth of gold to resist acid.

At the signal office at Washington is an instrument called the seismoscope, which, though of delicate construction, can only be opened by an earthquake. The other day when Italy was shaken up and the news was flashed across the Atlantic, the seismocope at Washington was attentively watched. Six hours later it duly recorded the event, thus showing that the earth tremor traveled at the rate of about 500 miles an hour.

A joint convention of the two houses was held at Lincoln, the object being to correct the records and recanvass the vote on the legislative amendment. The speaker of the house read the abstract of votes and announced the total vote cast to be 138,423; for the amendment, 72,497; against the amendment, 22,135. He then declared that the amendment had been carried by a constitutional majority. The results of the canvass were immediately delivered to Gov. Thayer who has issued a proclamation declaring the amendment carried and authorising the holding of a sixty days session.

Henry Ward Beecher.

The greatest preacher of our times, and one who had a marvelous influence over his fellow men, was stricken with apoplexy last Friday morning, and has been pronounced incurable, and liable to die at any moment.

We may not expect to see another Beecher, for nature never repeats herself in this sense. Each individual is different from every other, and that combination of physical, intellectual and moral forces which men have known as Henry Ward Beecher, has ceased, as a visible existence.

It is too early for a review of this wonderful man's wonderful career. The sudden close of an eventful life prolonged to ripe years, is probably due to extra effort and added work during the last few months, a strain too great for his strength.

Peace to his memory.

The Old Yell—Re-echoed.

A recent number of the Chicago *Times* shows that that sheet, consistent with its record during the rebellion in sympathising with traitors and abetting treason, is now opposing just measures in favor of those who were Union soldiers, and helped to save the country. It is enough to make patriotic blood boil, or the spirits of the dead soldiers return to their old haunts to read these lines:

"There is in the nature of the volunteer hero something that inclines him to the profession of mendicancy, and it will be a happy day for this republic when the last beggar of the Grand Army humbug is securely planted."

The Grand Army which saved the government against the machinations of creatures such as the writer of the above could have been during the war, will be remembered as heroes, while such as he will be execrated along side of Benedict Arnold and Aaron Burr.

It strikes me very forcibly, said a citizen the other day, that there is something radically wrong about the "innocent purchaser" business in regard to promissory notes. The laws ought to be arranged something after the fashion of the land laws so that the purchaser would be put on his guard when he buys notes. Notes should not be negotiable unless filed by a proper officer and acknowledged to be genuine for a lawful consideration, or, better yet, the maker of the note should have the same defence against any purchaser of the same that he would be entitled to as against the first man who obtained his note; this would put a quick end to the taking of fraudulent notes. For my part, continued the citizen, I don't see why the "innocent purchaser," so-called, should be shielded at the expense of the "innocent giver" of the note, the first "innocent" is certainly, as a rule, more entitled to the protection of law. Let us begin to get rid of the old cobwebs of law made to favor those who are abundantly able to take care of themselves. Because a rule of law has obtained for generations, is no reason why we may not question its fairness, and get rid of it, if it is oppressive.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was stricken down Friday morning last by a stroke of apoplexy and at the time of this report was lying unconscious. While hoping that the attack may not prove fatal, grave fears are entertained by his intimate friends and members of his family that his labors as a pastor in this world have ended. Beecher resides with his son, Col. Henry Beecher, at the corner of Hicks and Clark streets in Brooklyn, New York. A son who is in the west, another in San Francisco, and Mrs. Schofield, his daughter, have been telegraphed for. W. C. Beecher, with his wife and Mrs. Beecher, spent all day Saturday at the bedside of the great clergyman. They were completely overcome with grief at his condition. There was no change in Mr. Beecher's condition at 3 o'clock a. m.

A Sensation was produced in Omaha the other day by the report that the Union Pacific railroad company had issued an order making a sweeping reduction in their expenses and changing matters wonderfully. There appears to be some truth in regard to the issuing of the order to reduce expenses, but it did not have the sweeping force among the clerks as at first reported. It appears to be aimed at the construction department that operations take a tumble, and although reluctantly, commanded last week, that with the exception of contracts already awarded, further construction be entirely shut off, and the engineering corps that were in the field, have been called in and will not be sent out again. This means also, that there will be no more extensive purchases of supplies.

A report comes from Geneva, Neb., of a meeting being held the other night. Mr. Reagan, the attorney for the Kansas City & Omaha, and J. Jensen and E. M. Billings of Geneva were present and addressed the meeting, after which there were speeches by residents. A vote was taken and every resident voted in favor of giving aid to the Northwestern and Kansas City & Omaha railroads. The railroads offer to not take the proposed bonds and to give as much money as they ask of bonds if the people will remit their taxes for twenty years.

The Norfolk *Journal* says it would be cowardly and disgraceful for the republicans of the legislature not to submit the question of prohibition to a vote of the people, and give other parties a leverage against the republicans, because in their last state platform they pledged themselves to submission.

The Hebrew religious journals of London, Berlin, Paris and other great cities, as well as the secular newspapers, have recently contained accounts of a very interesting philanthropic movement which is approved by statesmen, although its object is not political. It is for the return of the Jews to Spain, from which they were banished four centuries ago. This movement has the approval of the Spanish government and has been eloquently advocated by Castelar himself in the Cortes. Mr. Guedella, of London, and the Rothchilds look upon it with favor; it's taking practical shape is due chiefly to such eminent editors, financiers and lawyers as Senors Lobez Laperza, Julio Jodas, Gonzalo Repares and several other influential public men in Spain.

"McDaughlin's Hot Water, Hot Air and Steam Hotel and Car Heater," is the title of an Omaha invention which will surely bring a fortune to McLaughlin, its originator. A very satisfactory test of this heater has been made in Omaha, which showed that the temperature of an ordinary railway car can in less than ten minutes be changed from 10° below to 100° above zero. And this, too, without danger of explosion or fire, or anything imperiling the safety of the car or its human freight.

The eastbound Atlantic & Pacific passenger train run into a bridge west of Needles, Cal. The engine, baggage, mail and express cars were burned. E. L. Gilbert, brakeman, was burned to death, also two Indians and one tramp. Engineer E. J. Hodgdon is not expected to live. Dr. M. J. Chase, of Galesbueg, Ill., was bruised about the head. W. March, Quincy, Ill., leg hurt. The coroner's jury has returned a verdict exonerating the Atlantic & Pacific company from all blame.

The first synod of Catholic ministers ever held in this diocese convened at Omaha March 1st. Delegates were present from all parts of Nebraska, Wyoming, Dakota and Colorado, to the number of about a hundred. Bishop O'Conner presided. The time of the synod was devoted almost entirely to the consideration of small matters connected with the church-work, and hearing reports of the condition of churches throughout the diocese.

The Irish National League of America, met in convention in Lincoln on the 3d and organized a state league. Two hundred Irishmen were present. Patrick Egan was elected chairman of the meeting and made a very happy speech, after which the temporary organization was perfected. The 4th being the anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmett, the proceedings were in the nature of memorial services.

The Senate at Lincoln the other day came very nearly occupying the entire afternoon in discussing whether they should re-consider the Soldiers' Home bill. Wymore and Milford have both offered $5,000 and 640 acres of land for the location of the institution; consequently there is a growing opposition to the location at Grand Island.

Alice Parker, a young girl, while attempting to start the kitchen fire by the use of oil, at Wilcox, Neb., the other day, was terribly burned about her face and head by the igniting from a live coal in the stove of the gas which had accumulated there on the previous evening.

A company of Kansas City capitalists—ex-Gov. Thomas T. Crittenden and others, have filed articles of incorporation for the immediate construction of a cable-line, street-car system in Omaha. The route named touches twenty-six streets and traverses about eight miles.

News Notes.

New York city had the other day a $100,000 fire.

Robins and jay birds, have made their appearance at Ainsworth.

It is said that Queen Victoria owns property in the District of Columbia.

An epizootic epidemic is laying low the children of Cuming county.

Japan has fifty one active volcanoes, which accounts for her numerous hot springs.

Joseph W. Bingham, of the Indianapolis *Sentinel*, committed suicide the other day.

Charles J. Peterson, of Peterson's Ladies Magazine, died at Philadelphia the other day.

Farm land in Brown county, this state, is being transferred at a rapid rate to Iowa farmers.

Coal has been discovered on a farm near West Point at a depth of ninety feet. So they say.

The aggregate of the appropriation bills passed by the Forty-ninth Congress is about $250,000,000.

A telegram from Shanghai to Paris says that China has ceded to Germany the Chusan Islands.

All the inmates of the St. Joseph convent, at St. Louis, were poisoned the other day by eating canned fruit.

The mill of the Wilmington Jute Company, Delaware, was destroyed by fire the other night. Loss, $75,000.

Word comes from Rome that tremors still continue to be felt in the Italian riveria, but no additional damage done.

The President has nominated James M. Trotter (colored), of Mass., to be recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia.

Three business blocks, including the *Republican* and *Observer* offices at Richland Center, Wis., burned the other day. Loss $40,000.

War rumors from London state that Parliament has been asked to grant a quarter of a million pounds for the expense of the navy.

Saturday week a Chinese laundryman, Chin Chan, died at Denver from leprosy. His death created a good deal of excitement in the city.

The Governor of West Virginia has appointed D. H. Lucas, of Jefferson county, U. S. Senator. Lucas is a democrat and has accepted the office.

Kennedy's clothing store, Kellog's building, Steel's bank and several other structures were burned the other morning in Cherokee, Ia. Loss, $56,000.

Coal has been found ten miles south of Gordon, Neb., on the Niobrara river and samples of it have been brought to Gordon. The find will be further and fully investigated.

A proposition to vote $60,000 in bonds for Seward, Neb., was carried the other day by a large majority to aid in securing the Northwestern railroad.

A widespread epidemic of measles is prevalent at Lewis, Delaware. Five persons have recently died, and several hundred persons are more or less prostrated.

The stock and building of the William Piems wholesale hardware company and warehouse of the Standard Milling Co. at Alton, Ill., burned the other morning. Loss about $20,000.

There was a report in London that a revolution had broken out in Sofia, it however arose from the fact that a trifling disturbance occurred there, resulting in the arrest of a few Russians.

Several Chinamen have recently died in Denver, Col. It is now the prevailing opinion that they died from attacks of genuine leprosy. The effects of the Chinamen who recently died were burned.

Burglars blew open the safe in the bank at La Grange, Mo., the other night and secured all valuables, amounting to $21,000, mostly in bonds and notes. The robbers escaped, leaving no clue.

Martin Tighe, a somewhat prominent citizen of Valparaiso, Neb., fell under a moving train the other morning and sustained severe injuries on the head and breast, but it is thought they will not prove fatal.

The other morning the roof of the charging department in the Bessemere steel works of the Cleveland, O., rolling mill company fell in and killed one man and injured eight others.

Word comes from Boston, Mass., that Gen. B. F. Butler's injuries are much more serious than at first supposed. His doctor says his shoulder is badly dislocated. He will not be able to leave his bed for several weeks.

Rufus Blodget, new senator from New Jersey, is identified with the interests of several railroad companies and has always been recognized as a staunch democrat. He is superintendent of the New York and Long Branch R. R.

The steamer Gtalic brings the news to San Francisco that the Chinese junk from Hainan to Siam was wrecked not long ago off Soutra coast, and out of six hundred passengers and the crew aboard, only six are known to have escaped.

It is stated at Vienna that the terms of the renewed treaty between Austria, Italy and Germany, Italy agrees to place 200,000 troops at the disposal of Austria in event of war with Russia, and to place the same number at the disposal of Germany in the event of war with France.

Last week heavy snow and wind storms were reported to be of mammoth proportions and terrific intensity in certain parts of Michigan. In places, the heavy gale blew the snow about, making drifts from five to ten feet deep and effectually stopping all traffic at Detroit, Mich.

Judge D. G. Hull, a well known lawyer of Omaha, died suddenly the other morning in his bed from the effects of an overdose of morphine. He had been in the habit for some time of taking the drug to cause sleep and relieve him from nervous pains. His death was accidental.

Two assassins were arrested the other day at Odessa, when about to sail for Turkey. The men were Nihilists. They murdered their employer, a rich landlord named Mamed Loroszelo, his wife and eight children and several relatives, and then decamped with the spoils amounting to 800,000 roubles.

A report comes from Tecumseh, Neb., of the sad news of the death of County Commissioner Joseph Whitam's wife, who died at her home in Spring Creek precinct March 3d, at 8 o'clock. She leaves five children, one only a few hours old. The family have the sympathy of the entire community.

An epidemic of measles is raging in the Ridge Avenue Asylum, at Allegheny City, Pa. Fifty children are ill with the diocese. Some half-dozen or more deaths have occurred within the past two weeks, and the physicians and attendants are apprehensive of the safety of other inmates, the whole number of children in the home being 200.

South Boston, Halifax county, Va., was visited the other morning by a destructive fire. The South Boston warehouse, J. M. Carrington's factory, H. D. Edmond's storage warehouse, with one and a half million pounds of tobacco, and other storage houses, in all fifteen buildings and their contents, were destroyed, estimated loss, $150,000.

The engine attached to a passenger train just pulling out of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois depot at Chicago, exploded the other evening. Engineer Memger and Fireman Low were instantly killed. Their remains were scattered a block in every direction. The coaches were only slightly injured. All the passengers escaped without injury.

Robert Nelson, masterworkman of district assembly No. 24, Knights of Labor, was nominated the other night for mayor of Chicago by the united labor party convention. Nelson is generally regarded as a socialist. An entire city ticket was nominated by the convention.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

Congressmen never want an extra session, but the people of Washington always do. It is to their interest for Congress to hold on as long as possible, and they would like for its session to be perennial. The House is now working night and day to get through. Hon. Mr. Butterworth of Ohio says the House is very censurable for its delay of this work. He is a member of the powerful appropriations committee of the House, but he is a republican member, and of course in the minority on a vote. He was speaking of the unfairness on the part of the House in not giving the Senate time to carefully consider these bills, but said he "The only question involved is that of amount, it is not as if there was any legislation connected with them."

While the matter of appropriations and confirmations is not in itself sufficient to bring about an extra session of the Senate, it contributes to the influences which may produce a called session. Opinions respecting the President's power to appoint the Interstate Commerce Commissioners during a recess of the Senate are widely apart. The President thinks he has the right to do so and Senator Sherman agrees with him, as does also the Attorney General, who has rendered an opinion and cited Attorneys General Stanberry, Evarts, Williams, and Davens as precedents.

But Messrs. Edmunds, Harris, Pugh, and other Senators of prominence declare that the President has no shadow of constitutional right to fill a newly-created office when the Senate is not in session to give its advice and consent. They hold that his power in the matter is limited to filling vacancies temporarily which may happen during the recess.

There is a good deal of speculation as to what the President will do with the bill recently passed by both Houses of Congress making a Department of Agriculture and an addition to the Cabinet to be called the Secretary of Agriculture. This bill has been pending in Congress for years and was passed once before by branches, but was vetoed by President Arthur. Agriculturists generally petitioned for its passage of late and it is thought Mr. Cleveland will not veto it for fear of imperiling his political future.

It has been just 38 years since a Congress created a new Executive Department. Our first President began his administration with a Cabinet of three members, the Secretaries of State, Treasury and War. At the beginning of his second term, however, the Attorney General was added to his official household, and later the Navy Department was organized. The Cabinet then consisted of five members until 1829, when the Postmaster General was added. Twenty years later Congress organized the last Department, that of the Interior, and President Taylor made Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, its first Secretary.

As soon as Mr. Corcoran, the venerable and widely known Washington philanthropist, learned of the arrival of Mrs. Grant in this city, he called to see her. She has also been visited by all of the employes of the White House who were there during her residence in it.

Mrs. Cleveland had grown a little fatigued from the numerous official hospitalities which always crowd the last fortnight of the gay season, and welcome the quiet lent.

Such mild festivities as Shakesperian, German and French readings, whist clubs, Dorcas meetings, musical and sewing schools, are now in order, and seem to be full of interest to those who give up all social pomps and vanities during the Lenten season.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Palestine.

It is reported that Jim Davidson has sold his farm.

Mrs. Bonda Peterson's children have been quite sick, but are recovering.

Mrs. John M. Pearce has been indisposed for several days by a severe cold, but is nearly well now.

Wm. F. Hanchett has been so sick that a physician, Dr. Flory of St. Edward, has been called to attend him.

Mr. Andrew Pereson is about to commence a new house, 16x24, 1½ story. The weather has hindered building a considerable, or we would be able to record one new house almost done.

There have been several auction sales in this vicinity and property has sold well. Nebraska farmers have grown wealthy so rapidly that they are now able to rent their farms and go into the flourishing cities by which we are surrounded, or somewhere else.

Mr. Rolf closed his third term of school last Friday, with a nice entertainment. There were dialogues, recitations, etc., and all did themselves credit by their perfect recitals. Our spring term of school commences the second Monday in March, Miss Gertrude Jones teacher.

Dann.

We have made arrangements to furnish to the subscribers of this paper, that excellent agricultural and stock journal, *The Nebraska Farmer*, for the small sum of $1.00 per year. The *Farmer* is published at Lincoln, Neb., O. M. Druse, Editor, and is devoted to agriculture and stock growing in the west. Every farmer should take it. Send $1.00 to this office and we will have the *Farmer* sent to you.

A Magnificent List of Premiums.

Among the many valuable premiums offered this year to the subscribers of the Weekly *Bee* we note three valuable 80-acre tracts of land, one of them located in Hall county, Nebraska, is improved and includes a house, well, an elegant grove, etc. The other two are located in Howard county, Nebraska, and Woodbury county, Iowa. A complete Minnesota Chief Thresher with horse power, an Empire Harvester and Binder, a Grand Piano, several Buggies and Wagons, and a large number of other valuable and useful Agricultural and Farm Implements and Household Articles, a large assortment of Blooded Stock, amounting in all to over $46,000.00, will also be awarded at the *Bee's* great distribution, which takes place on March 22d of this year.

Every subscriber sending in $2.00 before that day for one year's subscription to the Weekly *Bee* will receive one of these premiums.

There will be no postponement, and as the time is short, we would advise all persons to send in their subscriptions at once.

Address all remittances to The *Bee* Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb. 44-3

Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage dated on the 8th day of March, 1886, and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Platte county, Nebraska, on the 25th day of June, 1886, and executed by Alfred Hilliard and Richard Baar to I. J. Nichols, executor of the estate of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased. Default having been made in the payment of said sum according to the provisions of said mortgage, and no suit or other proceedings at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore I will sell the property therein described, to wit: One Barlow corn planter and check rower, one reaper and mower combined, one sulky hay rake, one cultivator, one harrow, one stubble plow; also about forty tons of hay in stack, at public auction, at the residence of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased, in Creston township, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 3d day of March, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m.

I. J. Nichols,
Executor of the estate of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased. 42-4

Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a chattel mortgage, dated on the 3d day of November, 1885, for the sum of $125.00, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum and duly filed in the office of the County Clerk of Platte county, Nebraska, on the 4th day of November, 1885, and executed by Fredrick Anson to S. J. Wheeler and G. W. Kibler. Default having been made in the payment of said sum, according to the provisions of said mortgage, and no suit or other proceedings at law having been executed to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore, I will sell the property therein described, to wit: One pair bay horses about nine years old, weight about one thousand pounds each. Will sell at the farm of G. W. Kibler, Creston township, Platte county, Nebraska, on April 1st, 1887, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

S. J. Wheeler and
G. W. Kibler,
Mortgagees.
9mar3

Notice of Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Heitsman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Alfred M. Post, Judge of the District Court of Platte county, made on the 18th day of October, 1886, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the residence of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased, situated on the southwest quarter of section ten, Creston township, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 3d day of March, 1887, at 1 o'clock p.m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to wit: The south half of the northwest fourth of section ten, and the west half of the northwest fourth of section fifteen, all in township twenty north, range one east of the sixth principal meridian. Said lands to be sold subject to the following mortgages: The S. ½ of N. W. ¼ of section ten subject to a mortgage of $175 to Ira Davenport; one for $250 to I. Gluck, and one to Ira Davenport for $325. On the W. ½ of the N. W. ¼ of section 15, a mortgage to C. P. & A. B. Dewey for $400. Said sale will remain open one hour.

Dated this 7th day of Feb., 1887.

I. J. Nichols,
Executor of the estate of Charles Heitsman, deceased. 9feb4t

Legal Notice.

At a regular meeting of the board of supervisors of Platte county held at the court house in Columbus on January 26th, 1887, the following estimate of funds necessary to defray county expenses for ensuing year was unanimously adopted by the board, viz:

Expenses for district court	$ 10,000.00
Expenses for support of poor	6,250.00
Expenses for officers salary, fuel, etc.	9,000.00
Expenses for records, stationery, etc	1,800.00
Total for general fund	$27,000.00
For county road fund for road damages	5,000.00
For county bridge fund	10,000.00
For general bridge bond fund	10,000.00
For payment of interest on $100,000.00 for L. & N. W. Ry. bonds	10,000.00
For payment of interest and 5 per cent principal of $15,000.00 Butler precinct bonds	3,000.00
For payment of interest on $25,000.00 of Columbus precinct bonds	2,000.00
For county bond sinking fund	4,000.00
Total	$71,000.00

(A true copy.)
By order of the board of supervisors.

John Stauffer,
County Clerk of Platte Co., Neb.
Dated, Columbus, Neb., January 26th, '87. 4t-4t