

Columbus Journal.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1887.

Published at the Postoffice, Columbus, Neb., as second class matter.

Last week President Cleveland approved fifty-seven out of sixty pension bills.

The amendment recast, so far, indicates that it was carried by 3,000 to 4,000 majority.

The earthquake of last week is the greatest disturbance in southwestern Europe since that of Lisbon.

A slight earthquake was felt at Charleston, S. C., Friday morning of last week. No damage reported.

Trains are blockaded on the Boston and Lowell road. Snow is said to be from five to twenty-five feet deep.

The secretary of the treasury has issued another bond call for \$10,000,000 of 3 per cent. bonds, to mature April 3d.

Dr. J. P. Beck, for more than thirty years a practicing physician in Omaha, died last week at his home in that city.

The Military Committee of the House has agreed to a bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for a government gun factory.

The coopers of New York are getting tired of the striking business, and returning to work wherever the employers will take them.

The Chicago Horseman says that clipped horses "will keep in good condition on less feed, and be much more satisfactory in every respect."

The Adirondack passenger train that left Saratoga, New York, the other evening, is snowed in between Corinth and Hadley. There are but few passengers aboard.

Rugby block, a large four story brick structure, at Haverhill, Mass., burned the other morning. Property destroyed will reach in value \$100,000.

The Senate passed the bill allowing arrangements of pension to Thos. S. Hopkins, a Maine volunteer, over the veto of the President, by a vote of 55 to 6.

The number of deaths caused by the recent colliery explosion in the Rhodda Valley, England, is thirty-seven. Several of the injured are dying.

Representative Bowman has introduced another bill in the House. This bill is to amend sections 4 and 5 of article 4, chapter 18, compiled statutes, relative to judiciary.

Mrs. Mary S. Logan has been appointed administratrix of her deceased husband's estate at Chicago. The bond required of her on the personal property was \$20,000.

President Cleveland sent to the Senate the name of Amos M. Thayer, for the office of U. S. District Judge for the eastern district of Missouri, in place of Judge Treat, resigned.

President Cleveland has approved the bill to indemnify certain subjects of the Chinese empire for losses sustained by violence of the mob at Rock Springs, Wyo., in 1885.

A report comes from Vienna that the Council of War met again the other day. Officers of the reserve are forbidden to leave the country. French officers are buying horses in Spain.

The Grand Opera House at Columbus, Ohio, burned the other night, also the contents of a number of business houses located in the building. Property destroyed will amount to \$80,000.

Judge Post last week set aside the verdict of \$5,500 in the case of O'Donnell against the O. & N. R. H. railway company, as unwarranted by the evidence at the trial, and the case was re-docketed.

The Stewart stables in driving park, Council Bluffs, were burned the other night and fourteen horses perished. All the harness, grain and vehicles burned also. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

By a decision of the court at De Moines, Ia., the last distillery in that state has been closed, the court holding that under the prohibitory law of the state it cannot be distilled to be sold outside of Iowa.

The result of the earthquake at Nice and other places was simply appalling. From eight hundred to one thousand were killed outright and many hundreds maimed and wounded, some of them for life.

A surviving party of the R. & M. road were at Norfolk, Neb. the other day and engaged teams for several months and drove west, it is believed, to a point north of Neligh. The party was non-communicative.

EX-PRESIDENT ANDREW D. WHITE of Cornell University, New York, telegraphs President Cleveland declining to allow the use of his name in connection with the formation of a commission under the inter-state commerce act.

JOHN O'KEITH was found dead the other morning in the city jail at Tallahassee, Fla. He had been in the jail before on one of his periodical spree, and had been locked up in the cooler over night, took his life, in the midst of spirit, over his final departure.

VAN WYCK keeps on doing good work for the people. Among his latest: dragging to light the fact that a committee on Indian traderships, after doing absolutely nothing, not even holding a meeting, for nine months, now proposes to spend the summer, traveling wherever they like, at public expense.

The Soldier's Sentiment.

Last Thursday there was a spicy contest in the House over the President's veto of the dependent pension bill. "Hebburn of Iowa commented on the fact that every gentleman who had spoken in opposition to the bill, save one, had voted for it originally. A large number of them, like himself, terminate their official lives on the 4th of March and a large number, unlike himself, were now about the White House, 'bending the pregnant hinges of the knee that they may follow fawning.' [Loud cheers and laughter on the republican side.] I deny the right, he concluded, of the gentleman from Ohio (Warner) and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Bragg) to speak for the Grand Army of the country. I tell you that while these gentlemen once did occupy honorable places in the Grand Army and were every where received, yet they are looked upon, today, when they rise in their places and denounce their old comrades as vagabonds and scamps and the seam of humanity as Benedict Arnold was. [Renewed cheer and applause on the republican side.] There was a time when Benedict Arnold rode along the line and when he met with the acclaim of the brave soldiers everywhere, yet there was another period in his life when he held an interview with an American on English soil, he not daring to come on American soil. He asked what his old comrades, those who had worn the uniform of the continentals during the dark days of the revolution, thought of him; what would they do with him if they should meet him? The reply was: 'They would cut off your leg that was wounded at Saratoga and bury it with the honors of war; and the rest of your carcass they would hang on the gibbet.' [Applause on the republican side.]

SENATOR VAN WYCK'S speech on the election of U. S. Senators by a popular vote will be read with interest by thousands of intelligent voters beyond the limits of Nebraska. The *Zee* is the only Nebraska daily we know of that has yet had the enterprise to lay it before its readers.

A CYCLONE passed through Oreville, Cal., one night last week, and for a distance of six miles carried everything before it, destroying fences and cabins. It was only about fifty feet wide. It is the first one ever known west of the Rocky mountains.

A FIRE broke out the other night in the shop of J. D. Falker's hardware store at Diller, Neb. The citizens tried to stop it by tearing down the building, but failed in the attempt. The losses are heavy. The business part of the town is in ashes.

SENATOR SHERMAN has resigned his position as President of the Senate. At this writing it is not known who will succeed him. Senators Hoar and Ingalls have both been nominated, and it is probable that one of them will be elected.

The committee on public buildings in the House has agreed to the report appropriating \$1,200,000 for the erection of a public building at Milwaukee, Wis. This is considered a very large appropriation for that purpose.

A NEW gas light, the invention of Dr. von Welsbach of Vienna promise to supersede the electric light for certain purposes. It is common gas, consumed in a mantle or hood saturated with certain chemicals.

Washington Letter. (From our regular correspondent.)

The season is slipping rapidly to its close and Congress is trying to make the best use of its short life by dispensing as much as possible with business of private character. Among the important matters that have had attention during the past week may be mentioned the Tebunteepec Ship Railway bill, the Rivers and Harbors bill and the Sundry Civil, and Anti-Polygamy bill, and half a dozen measures appropriating millions of dollars for ships of war and coast defenses.

The long cherished project of Capt. Eds passed the Senate by a decided majority. By the provisions of the bill Mr. Eds and his associates are incorporated as the Atlantic and Pacific Railway Company, with capital stock not to exceed \$100,000,000, no bonds to be issued until the paid-in capital shall amount to \$5,000,000. The Government is in no way committed to the proposition pecuniarily, and makes no guarantees.

The first Mexican pension was used by Commissioner Black last Friday, and the beneficiary was ex-Senator Williams, of Kentucky. Ever since the battle of Cerro Gordo where he greatly distinguished himself, he has been known as "Cerro Gordo Williams." The application for the allowance was filed in the Commissioner's office at eleven o'clock that morning, and the certificate went out in the afternoon's mail for Louisville.

The clamor for a change of inauguration day from the 4th of March to the 30th of April grows louder as the working days of the present Congress have become alarmingly few, and the danger more apparent that nothing may be done towards this desirable reform. The trouble is that if the proposed amendment does not get through Congress by the end of this session, it cannot be ratified by the States in time to go into effect as a part of the Federal Constitution in the spring of 1889. There is no opposition to the change, but on the contrary everybody acknowledges that it would be "just lovely" to have the inaugural ceremonies at the most delightful time of the year. If the republican Senate is willing to extend President Cleveland's term by eight weeks, no one can see why the democratic House should not be more so.

Telegraphic Summary. UNDER date of Feb. 27 the *Bea's* special from Rome gives a graphic account of a trip taken through the afflicted region by a gentleman stopping at Nice when the catastrophe occurred. Excited crowds greeted them at every stopping place of the train. Evidence were visible all along the route, but the culminating point of horror was reached at Diomo Marins, the very center of the disturbance. "The ravages had been dreadful. The station was completely

Lookout Mountain Sold.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Feb. 21.—The sale has been consummated of Lookout mountain, celebrated as the scene of the battle among the clouds. A company has been organized to build a broad gauge railroad by July 1, and erect the handsome hotel in the south on the historic heights. The work on the railroad will commence at once.

THE other night while Mrs. Wm. Massey of Litchfield, Ill., was holding a lamp in her hand, it exploded, scattering its contents over her clothing, which became ignited and enveloped her in flames. In attempting to extinguish the flames Mr. Massey was fatally burned. Mrs. Massey was burned to death and Mrs. Massey cannot live.

PATENTS granted to citizens of Nebraska during the past week, and reported expressly for the *JOURNAL* by C. A. Snow & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., are, C. Cook, Fremont, grader and ditcher; F. M. Hempel, Plattsmouth, planter; R. S. Sumner, Fullerton, car coupling; A. H. Patterson, North Platte, weighing attachment for wagons.

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wrecked and all the railway business was being done under tarpaulins. We found two brothers there, a priest and a doctor who were both wearing railway porters' caps and working like beavers to rescue people. General Donnay, one of the king's aides-de-camp, stood near by crying like a child. The soldier left us out of the station. We were instantly surrounded by half-starved women imploring charity. The priest joined us and we made for the village.

'Here,' said the priest, 'on the night of mardi-gras, the peasants were dancing in the shade. At midnight I exhorted them to go home. They only laughed and continued to dance. At dawn the earthquake came, and in an instant fifty were swallowed up.'

'But some may be still alive, padre?' said I.

'Oh, yes. Come with me.'

We walked toward a group of soldiers and weeping women gathered around a deep hole, which was being still dug out. While we stood there I could hear dull, smothered sobs and shrill wails, the groans and cries of the poor wretches who lay buried beneath us. At last the train started.

Rain was falling and the heavy sea roared as we passed Savona. I was glad enough to reach Genoa, where I managed to sleep. But the horrors of that journey still haunt me.

Three miles from Trinidad, Col., Thursday, Jack Pactoris, Frank Searson and Dan Conway were crushed to death by the caving in of the Eagle coal mine.

Further particulars from the earthquake at Cerro state that three hundred persons were killed by being buried in the ruins of falling buildings; that railway traffic had been suspended beyond Savona.

At 5:40 Thursday morning the dry goods house of Robt. Hawke at Nebraska City was discovered on fire and was under great headway. The water supply was soon exhausted. Mayor Larsh telegraphed to Lincoln for help, and a special brought reinforcements in an hour and five minutes, bringing an engine and 2200 feet of hose. Water had been obtained from the river, however, before the assistance came, and the flames subdued. Loss, \$80,000, insurance \$52,000. A wall fell in, and a number of men buried in the debris. The wildest excitement prevailed for a time, but twelve or fifteen men and boys comparatively uninjured, were taken out by the firemen, Ira Golden, who was injured, was reported as dying Thursday.

PARTICULARS OF THE GREAT LAVA FLOW OF MAMA LAVA. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—The steamer *Australia*, which arrived this morning from Honolulu, brings the particulars of the great lava flow from Mama LAVA. The sight is described as magnificent beyond description. A column of fire was first observed from the summit of the crater on the night of January 16. The fire died down near midnight, but great volcanic disturbances were going on. The cessation of the fire was followed in quick succession up to the night of the 18th, when fire and lava again burst forth from the mountain side. The length of the flow is estimated at twenty miles. This distance of lava was accomplished in two days, spreading as it descended, reaching the sea on the eve of January 20. The stream of lava continued flowing without interruption till the 29th, when a river of fire burst forth, following a line of lava flow, when the fires flamed out. The heavy earthquakes ceased, although slight tremors were felt at intervals thereafter.

FURTHER PARTICULARS ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKE. ROME, Feb. 24.—Details have been received this morning of the results of the earthquakes of yesterday, showing the effects to be far more serious than was thought. The loss of life and the destruction of property is learned to have been terrible. The most startling news comes from Genesee Riviera. Over fifteen hundred people were killed in that district. At the village of Bazardo, situated on the top of a hill, a number of inhabitants took refuge in a church, where the shocks were first felt. Subsequent and greater shocks demolished the church and killed three hundred people in it. The destruction of property in sections of Italy visited by the earthquake was immense and widespread.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Another shock was felt at Minton today, and it was so severe that houses were shaken. No one was injured. Additional details concerning the damage by yesterday's shocks show that in some cases villages built on the mountain sides were toppled into the valleys. Three railway trains have been dispatched with food for the sufferers. A number of soldiers have also been sent to assist them.

PARIS, Feb. 24, 4 p.m.—A renewal of the earthquake shocks occurred in the southern section of France. A terrible disaster is momentarily expected.

NICE, Feb. 24.—Cannes and Minton are half deserted. Fears are expressed for the safety of the Prince of Wales and the Orleans princess, all of whom are in the section of country where the earthquakes prevailed.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—Two slight shocks of earthquake were felt today at Nice and Cannes; no injury. Yesterday's disturbance killed two persons and injured ten at Nice; killed four and injured two at Bar; killed two and injured twelve at Balence. At Chatauc-Neuf many were injured. At Savona two houses fell, killing nine persons and injuring fifteen. The whole population of Savona are bivouacked about the town.

ROME, Feb. 21.—Reports of the disaster continue to arrive. The total number of deaths reported up to the present time are about 2,000. Shocks were felt at Parma, Turin and Cosenza. Unresting of the earth were not noted at Catania. Sicily, at the foot of the mountain Aetna. The director of the Turin observatory telegraphs that the seismic instrument is quietest. No further disturbance is feared.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

District 44 and Vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Moore made a business trip down here Monday, returning the same day.

Members of Walter Compton's family are confined to the house, but nothing more serious we believe than very bad colds.

J. H. Reed, who has been cast the past month under treatment for his health, returned Monday of last week, feeling nearly as good as new.

Town Board met last Saturday at the office of the town clerk; all those having just bills, properly presented at that time, will probably find their orders with the clerk.

J. A. Hoag took sick last week in Merrick county, where he went two weeks ago to work on the house he is building on his homestead; he returned home Friday.

Harry Hickok, who purchased a farm near Fullerton, Neb., has been resting up all winter, and will start about March 1st for that place, and where he will erect a house, and otherwise improve his farm.

We know of a dozen farmers who would be pleased if some enterprising man would establish a sugar cane mill in or near the city, the coming season, and announce the fact in the *JOURNAL* before seeding time.

A fire three miles south of here, and the same distance east of the city, about 4 o'clock Tuesday morning of last week, proved to be the farm residence of J. Crespi; all of the valuables were gotten out, but the building was a total loss.

The roads during the past winter have been nearly as good as plank roads, giving the farmers who had long had, a splendid opportunity for marketing their surplus grain; while our friends in Illinois are plodding it mud knee deep, caused by recent heavy rains.

The corn is not all husked yet. Frank Connelly is a Jim Dandy to tie up bundles of groceries and druggs.

The hotels at Newman's Grove run busses to and from Lindsay to connect with trains.

The R. R. Company have begun to haul piles to build bridges on the road to Oakland.

Those who have come to this country of late years and see the fine farms well stocked and covered with buildings for every convenience have no idea of the hardships of the first settlers.

There was some trouble recently about one neighbor driving hogs across the land of another. Let us be mindful of the saying of the sweet singer of Israel: "Behold how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity."

New Edition—Settler's Guide. Henry N. Copp, the land and pension lawyer of Washington, has just issued the twelfth edition of his *Settler's Guide*. It is an indispensable book for all who are, or expect to be, interested in public land. Settlers will save money by purchasing it, and all who expect to take up land should get posted on the several laws under which land can be entered. A chapter, illustrated with numerous cuts, shows how to tell township, section and quarter-section corners, and explains the system of surveys. It gives Commissioner Sparks' orders and late decisions and instructions, and full information about the homestead, pre-emption, timber culture, desert land, and other laws. The price of the book is only 25 cents.

It will tell you who is entitled to enter land; how continuous your residence must be; what improvements you must make; what affidavits you must swear to; all about contests, and on what grounds they can be commenced; also about State lands, stone and timber lands, mineral lands, desert entries, saline, railroad, coal, towable, and other lands; scrip, warrant, and other entries, etc. Its purchase will save you money and trouble, as erroneous statements circulated by conversational settlers may, if acted upon, cost you a contest, perhaps your land and improvements.

Nebeville. A Magnificent List of Premises. Among the many valuable premiums offered this year to the subscribers of the *Weekly Bee* we note three valuable 80-acre tracts of land, one of them located in Hall county, Nebraska, is improved and includes a house, well, an elegant grove, etc. The other two are located in Howard county, Iowa. A complete Minnesota Chief Thresher with horse power, an Empire Harvester and Binder, a Grand Piano, several Buggies and Wagons, and a large number of other valuable and useful Agricultural and Farm Implements and Household Articles, a large assortment of Blooded Stock, amounting in all to over \$40,000.00, will also be awarded at the *Bee's* great distribution, which takes place on March 22d of this year.

Every subscriber sending in \$2.00 before that day for one year's subscription to the *Weekly Bee* will receive one of these premiums. There will be no postponement, and as the time is short, we would advise all persons to send in their subscriptions at once. Address all remittances to The *Bee's* Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb. 44-3

Drunkards, or Liquor Habit, as cured by Administering Dr. Hahn's Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St. Cincinnati, O. Jan 2-7

The Union Pacific are surveying a branch line from Ogallala to the North Platte river valley.

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise suggesting sure means of cure, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A REPUBLICAN editor in Texas asserts that he has been driven from his home by democrats.

From a Financial Center. I have suffered from catarrh and bronchitis for ten years. I used almost every kind of medicine that promised a cure, but without any permanent result for good. Discouraged and almost without hope, at the suggestion of a friend, I commenced the use of Swift's Specific some three or four months ago. I am delighted to say I am entirely cured. I write this that others may be benefited by my experience, for I have excellent health, and have gained twelve pounds since I began the use of Swift's Specific.

F. BARBOCK MILLER. New York, Oct. 28, 1886. No. 6 Wall Street.

For Nineteen Years. For nineteen years I suffered with erysipelas, in my ankles. I endured untold pains and anguish, with only now and then temporary relief from remedies applied by the best physicians in the country. Eighteen months ago I commenced the use of Swift's Specific with but little faith, as every other remedy had failed. I used five bottles, and with a grateful heart I testify today that I am well. It brought me relief when all else had failed. MRS. LUTITIA JACKSON. Athens, Ga., Nov. 2, 1886.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift's Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Notice of Sale. In the matter of the estate of Charles Heitsman, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Alfred M. Post, Judge of the District Court of Platte county, made on the 18th day of October, 1886, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the residence of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased, situated on the southwest quarter of section ten, Preston township, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 24th day of March, 1887, at 10 o'clock p.m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: The south half of the northwest fourth of section ten, and the west half of the northeast fourth of section fifteen, all in township twenty north, range one east of the sixth principal meridian. Said lands be sold subject to the following mortgages: The S. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 of section ten subject to a mortgage of \$175.00 to E. H. Dewar; one for \$25.00 to E. H. Dewar; and one to Ira Davenport for \$25.00. The W. 1/2 of the N. W. 1/4 of section 10, mortgage to E. P. & A. H. Dewar for \$400. Said sale will remain open one hour. Dated this 7th day of Feb., 1887. J. J. NICHOLS, Executor of the estate of Charles Heitsman, deceased. 56-84

Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale. NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage dated on the 14th day of March, 1886, and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Platte county, Nebraska, on the 24th day of June, 1886, and executed by Alfred Hilliard and Richard Bear to J. J. Nichols, of the estate of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased. Default having been made in the payment of said mortgage according to the provisions of said mortgage, and no suit or other proceedings at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore I will sell the property therein described, to-wit: One Barlow corn planter and check rower, one reaper and mower combined, one sulky hay rake, one cultivator, one harrow, one stubble plow, also about forty tons of hay in stack, at public auction, at the residence of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased, in the town of Homestead, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 24th day of March, 1887, at 10 o'clock a.m. J. J. NICHOLS, Executor of the estate of the late Charles Heitsman, deceased. 56-84

Legal Notice. At a regular meeting of the board of supervisors of Platte county held at the court house in Columbus on January 20th, 1887, the following estimate of funds necessary to defray county expenses for ensuing year was unanimously adopted by the board, to-wit: Expenses for district court..... 100,000.00 Expenses for sheriff..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county clerk..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county auditor..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county treasurer..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county engineer..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county surveyor..... 20,000.00 Expenses for county assessor..... 20,000.00 Total..... 220,000.00 For county road fund for road damage..... 50,000.00 For county bridge fund..... 30,000.00 For general bridge bond fund..... 30,000.00 For payment of interest on \$100,000.00 of U. S. W. R. R. bonds..... 10,000.00 For payment of interest and 2 per cent. principal of \$15,000.00 Butler precinct bonds..... 3,000.00 For payment of interest on \$25,000.00 of Columbus precinct bonds..... 2,500.00 For county bond sinking fund..... 4,000.00 Total..... 269,500.00 A true copy. By order of the board of supervisors. JOHN STRATFORD, County Clerk of Platte Co., Neb. Dated, Columbus, Neb., January 20th, '87. 56-4

Legal Notice. To all whom it may concern: The undersigned appointed to view and report upon the practicability of vacating a part of the "Phillips road" as now located between sections 11 and 12, in township 19, range 21, and more accurately described by a plat on file in the county clerk's office, the same being a part of the Mason road, has reported in favor of the vacation thereof, and all objections thereto, or claims for damages, must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon of the 15th day of April, A. D. 1887, or such vacation will be made without reference thereto.

JOHN STRATFORD, County Clerk. Dated, Columbus, Neb., February 11th, 1887.

Legal Notice. To all whom it may concern: The undersigned appointed to view and report upon the practicability of vacating a portion of a public road across the N. W. 1/4 of section 24, township 23, range 21, as is shown on the plat on file with petition in the office of the county clerk, (the same being a part of the Mason road) has reported in favor of the vacation thereof, and all objections thereto, or claims for damages, must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon of the 15th day of April, A. D. 1887, or such vacation will be made without reference thereto.

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