

There is talk of dividing Holt county this fall.

There are but six democratic votes in Wheeler county.

NEBRASKA CITY has decided to have waterworks by a vote of 600 to 40.

RAILROADS in Louisiana are run at a loss, so far as local traffic is concerned.

It is claimed by Englishmen that Gladstone's defeat is solely attributable to American interference.

GEN. J. M. THAYER addressed a large number of the G. A. R. boys at Liberty, Neb., the other evening.

MR. CODY, a young man, was drowned the other day near Omaha in the Missouri river, while bathing.

The extreme dryness of the season in Arizona is notable to the oldest settler. No one has seen anything like it.

If anybody had doubts about J. N. Paul's being virtually out of the race for governor, those doubts have probably been removed.

The main building of the State Soldiers' Home at Knightstown, Ind., was destroyed by fire the other evening, loss \$90,000.

The Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road has been completed to Rapid City, D. T., and is open for passenger traffic to that point.

The camphor laurel, from which the camphor of commerce is obtained, has been successfully introduced into California. It is a native of China.

The Baltimore Sun claims that in Baltimore county, there are, in proportion to its area, more thoroughbred Jersey than in any other part of the United States.

"LA VITEESE" is the name of a paper recently invented in France, which will cut flat paper on four sides at once, blank books on three sides, and two bundles at a time.

The President of the Grape Creek Coal Co. in Illinois is having trouble with its miners who have struck for higher wages, and who are now out of employment, and the company refuse to give them work.

The citizens of Madison county, this state, have on hand an unpleasant county seat contest, the contesting towns are Madison and Norfolk. This contest is to be settled by an election to be held on the 13th.

MISS MARY E. WELCH, living near Neligh, Neb., was thrown from a runaway team of her father's the other day, her dress having caught on the hay rack, throwing her under the wheel, striking her temple. She was killed almost instantly.

One of the old blue laws of Connecticut reads as follows: "No man shall court a maid in person or by letter, without first obtaining the consent of her parents. Five pounds a penalty for the first offense, £10 for the second, and for the third imprisonment during pleasure."

WM. SELIGER, a witness on the stand for the state in the anarchist trial, has disclosed the secrets and plans of the socialistic plot, and shows where and who manufactured the bombs, used with such fatal effect, during the time of the riot in Chicago.

The horrible manner in which Kuong Ling, a Chinaman, was murdered the other day in Boston, shows conclusively, by the methods in which his body was cut up and mutilated with a regard for Chinese customs and superstitions, that no American citizen committed the murder.

A SERIOUS accident befell a ten-year-old son of J. S. Paradis, the editor of the Atchison Graphic, the other day. While attempting to climb upon a moving freight train, the boy fell in such a way that one of the wheels passed over his foot, necessitating amputation across the instep.

At Dennison, Texas, the other night, a man met with a horrible death by being wound around the axles of a car wheel. When discovered, only a part of the skull, left ear and a piece of an arm and hand were left. It is supposed he was stealing a ride on the break beam and became entangled and beaten to pieces on the ties.

Five of the villains, who wrecked in last April, the Missouri & Pacific train at Wyandotte, have been detected, and arrested the other morning in Wyandotte county. The names of the party arrested and charged with the crime are G. H. Hamilton, R. Geers, F. Newport, M. Leary, W. Vossen and O. J. Lloyd, and they were among the strikers during the late trouble.

The Omaha Herald publishes a denial by Hon. James E. North of this city, as to his being a candidate for U. S. marshal. He favors Mr. Galbraith. The JOURNAL has no disposition to interfere with the democracy, but begs leave to suggest that James E. is entitled to the best office in the state, at their disposal. He has been an ardent, untiring worker all the time, and, many a time, gallantly leading a forlorn hope.

The state board of equalization finished their labors at Lincoln on the 24th ult., and the result seemed to be very satisfactory to those who had business before the board. The total valuation of property last year was \$138,418,699.83, and the total levy of mills, seven and thirty-one fortieths. It will be seen by a comparison of last year's valuation with that of this, which totals up \$153,142,363.27, that the total valuation of property was increased about ten millions of dollars.

Gerrard to be Preferred. Of all the candidates named for governor, Hon. Leander Gerrard is to be preferred on account of his familiarity with the history of Nebraska as a territory and as a state; his acquaintance with prominent citizens of the state; his knowledge of the needs of the people, of which he shows a keen instinct, and for which he proposes expedients that are sound and practical; he is to be preferred because, more than all the others, he thinks for himself, and is not influenced by designing men whose intentions are for private gain, and against the public welfare. A lack of self-strength and self-reliance has ruined many an official, and brought disaster to the people whose interests ought to have been at least conserved, if not furthered. Besides, many a man loses head when placed in a responsible position. This is not the case with Gerrard. He is cool-headed, collected, full of expedients, and of these, there are persistent and plucky.

His qualities, not at any time for dress parade, combine to make him a most excellent governor for the state of Nebraska, from 1887 to 1891, a term of years which will see every portion of our vast, fertile prairies organized into counties, and during which, greater attention than heretofore will doubtless be given to the laws that are to help or hinder the future well-being of our citizens.

While conserving all of good that we have, we should select for our servants in office the men who think wisely on public matters; those who have the ability, the disposition and the determination to weigh well the effect of proposed measures, and decide for the public good; those who, having decided, are not easily swayed from the straight line of duty.

While there is yet plenty of time to the State Convention, it is not too early for the people who express themselves at the primaries, the politicians of the precincts, and the managers of party interests generally to consider what is to be done. There is a wonderful difference between an offensive and defensive campaign, and this should be settled by the thinkers, before the convention, and not after it, to the end that the standard bearer of the republican party in this campaign may lead to victory, not only by the usual majority but by a greatly increased majority.

Nominate Gerrard by Acclamation.

The Columbus JOURNAL nominates Hon. Leander Gerrard for governor of Nebraska with glowing eulogy. The JOURNAL says that his whole life "has been in consonance with the sturdy, progressive career of the republican party," and that his nomination would be "a fitting pledge to progress, which would be responded to with alacrity by Nebraska's thousands of freemen." This being the case, there apparently remains nothing to be done except to nominate Mr. Gerrard by acclamation.—Beatrice Express.

The appropriateness of which will become still more apparent as the time for the state convention approaches. The republican party is a party of ideas, and desires a man of ideas for governor; composed of independent men, it needs a man of similar disposition; looking to a future which widens the opportunities of the race, Nebraska republicans, in nominating Leander Gerrard for governor will be saying to every well-behaved, industrious, enterprising lad, ready to carve his way through the world, "Win your way." A man of ideas and of deeds, he would do honor to the office and to the political party that had the good sense to place him there. Of course, nominate him by acclamation, and unanimously.

It is wonderful what numbers of people invest in medicine that promises to give them relief, and what a large structure of faith can be built upon so small a foundation of fact, as in the case of most patent medicines. Humbugery of the worst kind is the order of the day in such matters. We have before us a pamphlet telling the people how they can be cured of rheumatism, eye diseases, catarrh, neuralgia, general debility, enlarged spleen, lung diseases, malarial poison, asthma, bronchitis, and well it is not worth while to mention all the ailments in the catalogue, by the use of a patent nostrum that doubtless finds many willing purchasers. Along with the nostrum we notice that some very good advice goes out to customers, such as to live very simply, discarding everything not food. The advice is doubtless better than the drug "by a large majority." Compound villains can compound the simplest and compound the sick and dying for their money, to the great pecuniary profit of the compound villains.

A REPORT comes from Hutchinson, Neb., that several persons died there suddenly and the people fear an epidemic. An investigation showed that the victims had been eating pickled beef containing poison. A butcher protested that he never sold the meat and, to prove the assertion, gave some to his children, who quickly died. The excitement in Hutchinson runs high, because the man gave the children meat which it was suspected contained poison.

BUFFALO BILL'S Wild West from Nebraska, has had a great run at Staten Island, for the past four or five weeks, the daily attendance averaging 15,000, and during that time over 300,000 people have witnessed the great, original show. The grand stands were built to accommodate 20,000 people, but so great have been the crowds that it has been found necessary to increase their size, and work will be commenced at once for that purpose.

GEN. SHERMAN passed on ahead and arrived in San Francisco last week. He was kindly and enthusiastically received. One evening he visited the hall of G. H. Thomas Post, G. A. R., and was greeted by the members of the post with cheers and tumultuous applause, and made them a brief speech before he left, which closed with this sentence: "Grand Army Posts are now scattered over our entire country, and every member should become a teacher to instill into the hearts of your children the principles for which you fought and the objects of your organization, until from Maine to California all will understand that the great civil war was one of the worst wars, and that the men who fought to suppress it and maintain the honor of our flag were the best and purest patriots God ever made."

A REMARKABLE religious mania has appeared at Walnut Hills, a fashionable place near Cincinnati, Ohio. Forty men and women, some of them prominent in business and social circles and all of them said to be quite intelligent, profess to believe that Mrs. John B. Martin is Christ manifested in the flesh, and that her sister, Mrs. John F. Brook, is the Holy Ghost. In some wonderful and mysterious way the women have secured an inexplicable influence over these people, who, not being fools, must be set down as fanatics. Among the recent converts is a young book keeper named Jerome, who has given up his \$1,800 salary to follow the female savior. To a reporter this young man in an earnest manner said, "I have seen God face to face in the last half hour."

HERMAN JACOBS and Ed. Kronick, little boys of Chicago, while trying to open a dynamite bomb the other day, the little tin box exploded and the boys were thrown on their backs. A piece of the bomb entered the Kronick boy's arm and horribly mangled the limb. The Jacobs boy was struck by a piece of the metal in the box, on his jaw, near the chin, smashing through his mouth and going out through his cheek, leaving two large blackened holes. Two other pieces struck his arm, making two ugly wounds.

QUITE an industry is now carried on in Europe in the manufacture of picture frames from paper. Paper pulp, glue, linseed oil and carbonate of lime, or whiting, are mixed together and heated into a thick cream, which is run into molds and hardened. The frames are then gilded or bronzed.

THOMAS GRAHAM, Jr., a young farmer, while crossing a bridge over Mud Creek, near Homeville, in Gage county, Neb., was precipitated to the bottom, the other day, the bridge giving way, pitching his wagon and threshing machine below, and in the fall Graham's neck was broken.

News Notes.

A boy has died of small-pox at Detroit, Mich.

Horse thieves are numerous in Franklin county, Neb.

Case county is about to construct a fire proof jail, 22x40.

PEACHES in California are selling at \$80 a ton on the trees.

CHESTER had a \$10,000 fire the other day. No insurance.

The prairie chicken crop promises to be unusually large this year.

The use of the 1-cent piece is becoming general in San Francisco.

EIGHT prisoners from Douglas county to the Lincoln Penitentiary.

NEW YORK banks now hold \$14,280,000 in excess of legal requirements.

CHOLERA is spreading with great rapidity and deadliness in southern Japan.

AN elevator is being constructed in Pittsburgh that will run 850 feet in a minute.

THOS. B. DAVIS has been nominated as receiver of public moneys at Lincoln, Neb.

THERE are twenty-two counties in Kansas which have mad stones within their boundaries.

JOHN N. RICHARDSON, of Table Rock, suddenly recovered his sight after being six years blind.

The 14-year-old son of Green Skerde, of Percival, Neb., tumbled out of a tree and broke his hip.

The laws of New Jersey now forbid the killing, wounding or catching of any song bird at any time.

A DEPOSIT of blood graft has been discovered near Cisco, Utah. It covers a territory three miles square.

WOMEN are employed as guards at the Prussian state railways. They are paid twelve to nineteen cents a day.

THERE are thirty-two different taxes on wheat in Mexico, from the time it leaves the field till it reaches the miller.

ONLY two centuries ago the white race were estimated to be one tenth the world's population. Now they are fully one-third.

ALBERT LEE, a boy of St. Joseph, Mo., about fourteen years of age, was drowned the other day while bathing in Lake Conroy.

DURING a thunderstorm near Rens, Texas, last week, a house in which four women were sleeping was struck by lightning and all were instantly killed.

ALL the prisoners, five in number, made their escape from the Ft. Scott, Kan., county jail, by digging a hole through the wall with a butcher knife.

A LARGE body of land of the Little Red river, near Judsonia, Ark., sank about eight feet the other night, and the inhabitants are moving away in fear.

RIFE and palatable bananas have been grown in a Sacramento garden this year without any sort of artificial protection, and fully exposed to the air.

HUGH M. BRONKS, alias W. H. Lennox Maxwell, recently convicted of murdering Charles Arthur Preitor, at St. Louis, was sentenced to be hanged August 27 '86.

BOSTON has eighty-three miles of streets and pays \$450,000 a year to keep them clean. Philadelphia claims 300 miles, and yet only allows \$200,000 a year for cleaning them.

A UTICA, N. Y., genius has invented a farm harness that weighs less than fifteen pounds, and does away with whiffletree, traces and many of the cumbersome straps and buckles.

The Pittsburg Chronicle says this is a curious world. Full of changes. There is more danger stopping over a gas-pipe in the streets in Pittsburg now than in fighting a duel in France.

ABOUT the time the eastern part of Nebraska was suffering from the drought, the western portion was suffering from the other extreme. It rained for eight consecutive days at Chadron.

MORRIS FITZGERALD, who was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for killing Dan McNeill, eight years ago, has served his time, and returned to Greenwood, Neb., the other day.

A FIRE at Merced, Cal., one day last week destroyed C. Hoffman's warehouse, containing 12,000 tons of wheat, also five carloads with wheat. Loss, 250,000. The fire is supposed to be incendiary.

CHURCH revenues have fallen off very greatly in England, according to London reports. A decrease of over \$150,000 is reported in one case, and \$100,000 in another, within the period specified.

FRED BRONKS of Danville, Va., while attempting to ride on a freight train at Dunbar, Neb., the other day, had his leg badly crushed and is very low, it being undecided whether to amputate or not.

In England the population doubles in fifty years; in the United States and Australia, in twenty-five years; in Germany, in 105 years and in France and in countries using the French language, 140 years.

It is said that there is nothing sweeter or healthier to sleep on than pine pillows, and many ladies who spend their summers in the pine woods gather quantities of the fragrant pine needles for pillows.

ALMOND B. THOMPSON, cashier of the Provident savings bank of St. Louis, has absconded. The liabilities exceed the assets by \$40,000 and the bank has been compelled to close its doors and make an assignment.

Tax salt well at Lincoln, Neb., has reached a strength of brine of 35°. It is generally conceded that the standard of the salt brine should be 70°. Recently at the salt well a new flow of eighteen degrees brine has been struck.

WORD comes from Ashland that the body of Jerome Johnson, who was drowned there a few days ago, while at work on the Platte bridge, was found on a sand bar about one and a half miles below where he was drowned.

A LITTLE newsboy of Orlando, Fla., being suddenly told of his father's death, dropped his papers and hurried home. A citizen, picking them up, sold them through the town, telling the circumstances, and realized \$70, some of them fetching \$5 a piece.

A NEW YORK barber has invented a "barber's bib," which is designed to abolish the nuisance of swathing the neck with towels and demoralizing clean collars. The achievement is a sheet of rubber with a hole in the middle, through which the victim's head is pushed.

Two hundred acres of cranberries in the vicinity of Tomah, Wis., owned by J. I. Case, of Racine, the E. L. Baker estate and Judge Ryan, have been ruined by recent forest fires. The loss is estimated at \$500,000. It will take ten years for the vines to grow again.

The small-pox epidemic is getting worse every day and the disease proves fatal in sixty or seventy per cent of the number of persons attacked. On Saturday and Sunday last twenty-seven cases of small-pox were sent to the hospital at Santiago De Chili, South America.

MATTHE RANDALL, of Morris, Conn., was brutally shot and murdered the other day by a farm hand named Lockwood. He had no motive for the horrible deed, but it is supposed she resented his insult and, maddened by her resentment, he shot her. He had not been captured at the time of this report.

Correspondence.

[In this department the people talk, and not the editor. Each writer must hold himself ready to defend his principles and his statements of facts.—In the multitude of counsel there is wisdom.—Ed. JOURNAL.]

Mr. Editor:—The writer has always esteemed the JOURNAL very highly, not only for its steadily maintained high moral standard, but also, for its willingness to further every enterprise conducive (in the JOURNAL'S opinion) to the public welfare. Hence I could not but expect that you would favor the new movement to establish an Orphan's Home in our county. The writer, having been an orphan himself, losing his mother in his sixth year, and his father in his eighth year, has already deeply felt for orphans, and in his younger years established an Orphan's Home himself, which is now living and thriving. This interest in orphans is unabated although

his views in regard to such institutions have greatly changed. He writes not to harm but to benefit the intended Home. Far be it from him to suspect the motives of the ladies and gentlemen moving in this matter, and doing and contributing toward it. If "Tom" should say "Dick" is doing and giving much but it may be all for the sake of the praise of men"—then "Harry" may well reply: "as long as the hands of the clock show correctly, the mechanism inside is in all probability O. K. But in our best intentions and movements we may be mistaken. The more our intentions seem calculated to act upon our feelings and emotions, the more we may watch and look for the never-failing word of God for guidance, lest we may, in spite of the best intentions, miss the way."

When, many years ago, the writer made a move like the one made now here, an old friend of mine, Prof. R.—one of the best and most learned men of the U. S., warned him. "You remember" said he, "the movement of pastor B.—don't you think his plan is much better than yours?" Pastor B's plan I had seen carried out. It has done an immense amount of good. I had resided for many years in the locality of its operation. I had seen it with mine eyes. I had detected some drawbacks in it, which I did not notice on the surface of the general plan—in Orphan's Homes—hence, my former preference for them. But experience has taught me differently.

What was pastor B's plan? He interested a number of well and kindly disposed people. He formed them into an association for the bringing up of orphans and destitute children. The members bound themselves to take one or two children, according to their disposition and ability, into their own families and bring them up, or if not disposed or fixed, or able to do that, they would find other worthy and well-regulated families disposed to take a child or two, and then, if in their own neighborhood, take a kindly oversight over that particular child. In case of need, especially for small children, the association would from its funds make small compensation to these foster parents. The association had a board to whom reports were made, who directed its affairs and had the oversight of the foster parents and the children entrusted to them. Soon it had to engage an agent, for its work extended and grew and eternally will show the good it has accomplished.

After founding an Orphan's Home myself, after years of experience in that particular field of Christian labor, I have become fully convinced that pastor B. hit the nail on the head when he carried out his plan, and that Orphan's Homes, where many children are crowded together, are neither expedient, nor conducive to their best interest, nor according to what a family hold as the only reliable standard for all men's faith and practice—the word of God. In my next I will try to establish and prove my points, and yet I am far from even slighting such institutions as Faulke's, in Halle, Germany, as Mueller's in Bristol, England, and many other Protestant Homes, nor the numerous ones of the Roman Catholic church. I say: God bless them all and their founders and maintainers. They have done what they could, according to the light they had. But we want progress! We want the best instead of the good. A. H.

Inflammatory Rheumatism.

For over two years I suffered intensely with muscular rheumatism. I became almost helpless, and had to be helped out of bed. At times I was unable to turn myself in bed, and had to be handled as tenderly as an infant. My chest was involved, and the pain was intolerable at times. All the old and well known remedies were exhausted, but no permanent relief was obtained. About a year ago I was induced by a friend to try Swift's Specific. The effect has been magical. My friends scarcely recognize me. My rheumatism is entirely gone, my general health is superb, and I am weighing thirty pounds more than when I commenced taking S. S. S. I am able to attend to all my ministerial work. I am devoutly grateful for my restoration to health, which I owe, under the blessing of God, to Swift's Specific.

J. M. LOWRY, Hampton, Ga., April 20, 1886. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. 157 w. 23d st., N. Y.

A TERRIBLE wind, rain and hail storm visited the vicinity of the Ohio river between Steubenville and Pittsburg, Pa., one day last week. The storm was particularly severe, and ruined fields of wheat, oats, corn, grass and fruit. Small houses were lifted from their foundations, buildings unroofed, and trees blown down.

AN ORDINANCE.

PROVIDING FOR A special election to be held to enable the electors of the city of Columbus, Nebraska, to vote upon a proposition to issue coupon bonds of the City of Columbus, to the amount of \$7,000.00 for the purpose of aiding in the construction of a wagon bridge across the Loup river in Columbus Township and within 100 yards of the place where the present bridge is located in said Township.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, Nebraska, that the proposition contained in section 2 of this ordinance be submitted to a vote of the legal voters of the City of Columbus, Nebraska, on the 29th day of August 1886.

SECTION 2. Shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, Nebraska, issue coupon bonds of said City to the amount of \$7,000.00 for the purpose of aiding in the construction of a wagon bridge across the Loup river in Columbus Township in Platte County, Nebraska, to be made payable to bearer, to be dated on the 1st day of July, 1886, and to become due and payable in 20 years from the date thereof.

SECTION 3. The form in which said proposition shall be submitted shall be by ballot—upon which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed—For bridge bonds and tax, Yes, or For bridge bonds and tax, No, and if two-thirds of the votes cast at said election shall have on, For bridge bonds and tax, Yes, then said proposition shall be declared adopted, otherwise shall be declared lost.

By order of the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, Platte County, Nebraska, this 28th day of July, 1886. Attest: CARL KRAMER, Mayor. DAVID DOWDY, City Clerk. Mayor. 28 July 86

but redeemable at the option of the city, after 15 years from date of said bonds, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum from date, until paid, payable annually on the first day of October of each year, as per interest coupons thereon attached, both principal and interest payable at the fiscal agency of the State of Nebraska, in the City of New York.

And shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, each year, until said bonds be paid, levy on the taxable property of the City of Columbus, an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest thereon, as it becomes due, and at the expiration of ten years from the date of said bonds, shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus levy an annual tax sufficient to pay 10 per cent of the principal of above described bonds upon all the taxable property of said city for the purpose of creating a sinking fund to pay the principal of said bonds after the same become redeemable.

Sec. 4. The form in which said proposition shall be submitted, shall be by ballot, upon which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed—For bridge bonds and tax, Yes, or For bridge bonds and tax, No, and if two-thirds of the votes cast at said election shall have on the words For bridge bonds and tax, Yes, then said proposition shall be declared adopted, otherwise shall be declared lost.

Sec. 5. Said election shall be conducted and the result thereof ascertained and declared in all respects as the general elections in said city are conducted, provided that notice of the time and places of holding said election, and of the proposition to be submitted thereon, shall be published in one of the newspapers published in said city, and be posted up in three of the most prominent places in each ward of said city, for 30 days prior to said election.

Sec. 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval and publication. Passed and approved this 16th day of July, 1886. Attest: CARL KRAMER, Mayor. DAVID DOWDY, City Clerk. Mayor. 21 July 86

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the legal voters of the City of Columbus, in the County of Platte and State of Nebraska, that a special election will be held at the usual voting places in said city, to-wit: in the 1st ward at the Court House, in the 2d ward at the Engle House, in the 3d ward at Julius Baasens's store, on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1886, from the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., until 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition, to-wit:

Shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus in Platte County, Nebraska, issue coupon bonds to the amount of \$7,000.00 to aid in the construction of a wagon bridge across the Loup river in Columbus Township, each bond to be issued in sum of \$500.00 each, to be made payable to bearer, on the 1st day of October, 1886, and to become due and payable in 20 years from the date thereof, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum from date of said bonds, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum from date of said bonds, payable annually on the first day of October of each year, as per interest coupons thereon attached, both principal and interest payable at the fiscal agency of the State of Nebraska, in the City of New York.

And shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, each year, until said bonds be paid, levy on the taxable property of the City of Columbus, an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said bonds, as it becomes due, and at the expiration of ten years from the date of said bonds, shall the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus levy an annual tax sufficient to pay 10 per cent of the principal of above described bonds upon all the taxable property of said city for the purpose of creating a sinking fund to pay the principal of said bonds after the same become redeemable.

Said bonds shall be executed and issued by the proper officer of said city and shall be used to aid in the construction of a wagon bridge across the Loup river in Columbus Township and within 100 yards of the place where the present bridge across said river is located, and if two-thirds of the votes cast at said election shall be in favor of the proposition hereby submitted, the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, Nebraska, shall be authorized to execute and issue said bonds.

The form in which said proposition shall be submitted shall be by ballot—upon which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed—For bridge bonds and tax—Yes, or For bridge bonds and tax—No, and if two-thirds of the votes cast at said election shall have on, For bridge bonds and tax, Yes, then said proposition shall be declared adopted, otherwise shall be declared lost.

By order of the Mayor and Council of the City of Columbus, Platte County, Nebraska, this 28th day of July, 1886. Attest: CARL KRAMER, Mayor. DAVID DOWDY, City Clerk. Mayor. 28 July 86

Red Clover, Timothy, Red Top, and Blue Grass Seed

AT Herman Oehlrich & Bro's. Grocery Store. 46-3m

A. J. ARNOLD, DEALER IN DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, Clocks, Jewelry AND SILVERWARE.

Strict attention given to repairing of Watches and Jewelry. Will not be undersold by anybody. 16th Avenue, Opposite Clothing House.

A Car of Pumps and Pipes just unloaded and they must be sold as soon as possible, don't buy anywhere before you find out my prices on same, also on Wind Mills the best in the market. CHARLES SCHREEDER.

COLUMBUS BOOMING!

WM. BECKER, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF STAPLE AND FAMILY GROCERIES!

I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A WELL-SELECTED STOCK. Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrups, Dried and Canned Fruits, and other Staples a Speciality.

Goods Delivered Free to any part of the City. Cor. Thirteenth and K Streets, near A. & N. Depot.

W. T. RICKLY & BRO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, GAME, POULTRY, And Fresh Fish.

All Kinds of Sausage a Speciality. Cash paid for Hides, Pelts, Tallow, Highest market price paid for fat cattle.

Olive Street, second door north of First National Bank. JACOB SCHRAM, DEALER IN DRY GOODS!

Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, FURNISHING GOODS AND NOTIONS. LOW PRICES FOR CASH. 34-11

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE. THE MOST WONDROUS FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

PARSONS' MAKE RICH BLOOD PILLS. MAKE HENS LAY.

ATTENTION, FARMERS! WE WANT IT DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WE, HAVING THE Largest Stock of First-class, Farm Machinery in Columbus, are Selling at Bottom Prices.

We have a large stock of the finest Buggies and Spring Wagons for the money, ever brought to this State. Selling them cheap.

EVERY ONE WARRANTED. We Sell The STUDEBAKER Wagons.

WE SELL THE "Western," "Union," "Evans," "Rockford," AND OTHER CORN PLANTERS, WITH THE TAIT AND UNION, THE SIMPLEST AND MOST DURABLE CHECK ROWERS MADE.

We sell Halladay, Eclipse, and other Wind Mills. VERY BEST PUMPS IN THE MARKET.

We are Sole Agents for this part of the State for "CHARTER OAK" STOVES AND RANGES. The Best Stove Manufactured.

We have the largest and best selected stock of HARDWARE in town. We make our own Tinware, and do roofing, etc., at reasonable prices. Repairing, Plumbing and Pump Work promptly and satisfactorily done. Come and convince yourselves that