

DURING the past year the Neligh land office disposed of 83,415 acres of land.

NORFOLK claims a population of 1,940, an increase of 1,429 in five years.

It is reported that Lewis Talmage, of Utica, lost 300 sheep during the late storm.

WEST POINT claims that the improvements for the year 1885 amounted to \$134,159.

THEOBALD and Fred Nye, with their wives of Fremont go to California for health and pleasure.

A MAD dog engaged the attention of a dozen citizens of Wakefield, Neb., one day last week, with shot guns.

OHIO is excited over the investigation of their late senatorial contests. Charges of corruption fill the air.

THE military guard has been withdrawn from Grant's tomb, and a detachment of sixteen policemen has taken their place.

THE bank statement in New York for the past week shows that the banks now hold \$33,811,943 in excess of the 25 per cent. rule.

A LYCENEA near Cedar Rapids, Iowa, not long ago wrestled with the following: "Resolved, That a liar is to be more dreaded than a thief."

ELDER HOWE, city missionary of Lincoln, received the other day from the B. & M. railroad, 1,000 loaves of bread, which he distributed to the poor.

THE U. S. Supreme Court has decided that a railroad company may refuse to transport liquor into Iowa, without incurring damage to the applicant.

CONGRESSMAN DORSEY has introduced a bill in congress for the relief of Robt. Moran, late lieutenant colonel of the 22d West Virginia volunteer infantry.

NORTH Dakota, ten years ago described in the Government reports as "the uninhabitable alkali deserts of the northwest," now supports 100 newspapers.

It is to be hoped that Senator Wilson's bill to prohibit the mailing of publications containing lottery advertisements, will become a law at the present session.

THE mail driver between O'Connor and St. Paul had his foot so badly frozen on one of his trips last week that he had to have the toes of one foot amputated.

Mrs. JOHN VALES, a Bohemian woman residing in Saline county, Neb., gave birth to three healthy children the other day, and all parties interested are doing well.

It is reported that grades laid by the Northwestern road at Yankton, D. T., have been torn up by employees of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and trouble is threatened.

THE remains of Mrs. Robert Laird, mother of Congressman Laird, were laid to rest the other day at Janata. The venerable lady died at the residence of a daughter in Giltman, Ill., on the 7th.

WALTER GRAHAM, a student at the Seward high school, has not been absent nor tardy for a single day in four and a half years. This is the kind of a school record for a young man to make.

THE Tekamah Burtonian thinks that the next state campaign must be fought out on the principle that the people must rule the railroads, the same on which Senator Van Wyck is to be re-elected.

ONE hundred and sixty teams and 200 men are at work on the grade of the B. & M. near Grand Island, and it is expected that the road will be graded to the west line of Custer county by early spring.

J. H. LEAGUE, a harness maker of Culbertson, Neb., while under the influence of liquor and within 100 yards of his door was overcome by the liquor, fell to the ground and lay there and froze to death.

It is estimated that 35 per cent of the hogs and sheep in Webster county are dead by reason of the recent storms. Many citizens of Nebraska appear to be liking for big storms, and do not seem to take an interest in any other kind.

SECRETARY LAMAR is fighting timber thieves in different parts of the country and has ordered already the prosecution of nearly one hundred suits in Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, where for many years, it is said, lumber men have been quietly grabbing what valuable timber they could.

Gov. DAWES is being petitioned to call an extra session of the legislature to redistrict the state, for senators and representatives. The demand comes from northwestern and northern Nebraska, who wish to have much greater representation in the next legislature than they can have under existing laws.

It is reported now that they have chased the "million" who relieved the United States mail and express of \$7,000 in cash belonging to Uncle Sam in Dawes county into Chadron, and there give up the chase. It is claimed that the thief belongs to that locality and will be caught when he makes a move to spend the money.

A REPORT has got into circulation that a Cedar county, Neb., man has found a vein of coal six feet thick at a depth of 400 feet. Send the evidence of the coal to the Governor of the state and he will interest himself in securing for the owner the state reward. Let us have something tangible. Nebraska wants coal and not talk.

THE State Board of Agriculture held its annual meeting at Lincoln one day last week and was greeted by a large attendance of members and citizens. Dr. Gerth, state veterinarian, by request, read a very interesting paper before the Board on the diseases of swine. The president and secretary delivered their annual addresses and the treasurer his annual report, from which, and the action of the committees to which they were referred, we gather some items of interest. The Board received last year by the treasurer's report the sum of \$32,402.68, and paid out \$32,064.30, leaving a balance on hand of \$9,938.38. The salary of the secretary was raised to \$2,000 a year. During the year 1885, \$1,000 was appropriated to pay for the services of the board of managers. The board elected the following officers: President, S. M. Barker, of Silver Creek; first vice president, R. H. Henry, of Columbus; second vice president, T. H. Holt, of Gage county; treasurer, L. A. Kent, of Minden; secretary, R. W. Furness, of Brownville. Subsequently the board held a meeting. Professor S. M. Barker presiding. Professor C. E. Beasely was appointed state botanist. W. H. Barstow, of Crete, was chosen a delegate to the National Disting Association at Chicago. J. B. Diering was appointed a delegate to the National Fair Association which meets at Indianapolis. J. Jensen, of Geneva was chosen a delegate to the Agricultural Congress to be held in New York. Five hundred and fifty dollars was appropriated to erect a suitable building for the display of dairy and creamery implements and products. One thousand five hundred dollars was appropriated to build an addition to the grand stand at the fair grounds.

It looks now very plausible and doubtless fair when we take into account that Dakota, Montana and Washington each have the requisite population and the necessary area of territory to constitute a state, that all three of them may be admitted as states into the Union the present session of congress. Bills have already been introduced into congress for their admission. When they have the amount of territory and population and ask to be admitted into the Union, then it becomes a difficult question for a political partisan to refuse. He then wants to know what will be its political character, and when ascertained that fact will govern his vote. How much easier and nicer to vote like a statesman and let politics take care of themselves. If the application of a state file the requirements of the constitution, no statesman can vote against her admission, but a politician can. In the present instance it is probable that Dakota will be republican, Montana democratic and Washington may be won by either party.

Hon. J. B. LIVINGSTON, presiding judge of the courts of Lancaster county, Pa., came very near losing his life at the hands of Joseph Doesch the other morning, who attacked the judge in his own room by placing a pistol at his head and attempting to discharge it. The Judge seized Doesch and a desperate struggle followed, in which the Judge threw and disarmed him. Last spring the Judge refused him a saloon license on account of his keeping a disorderly house, and this act led Doesch to attempt the Judge's life. The dealer who sold the pistol to Doesch, suspecting some unlawful purpose, placed in the weapon cartridges not suited to it, and it was this fact alone that saved the Judge's life.

WHEN the Apaches attacked the Black Rock ranch of William Johnson, near Nogales, N. M., only himself and his young bride were on the premises. They took refuge in a chicken house, from which the fight was kept up for an hour, the husband doing the shooting and the wife loading the guns. Johnson was shot through the body and thigh, and had one arm broken, when the Indians gave up the fight and left. Mrs. Johnson hatched up a team, placed her husband in a wagon and drove twenty miles to Fort Thomas. This great government ought to quit its child's play with these Indians.

THE steamer Canada, from Havre, with the four Newark children, who went to Paris to be treated by M. Pasteur, arrived in New York the other morning. The boys were not sea sick more than one day. The most notable event on the passage was the birth of a boy baby to Mrs. Ryan, mother of one of the patients. The members of the party were rosy, bright and cheerful, and appeared to be greatly benefited by their trip to the French capital. Dr. Billings, their attending physician, said that the results of the trip were all that the most sanguine could hope for.

NEBRASKA products never cease to cause wonder. The Telegraph gives account of a singular genius near North Platte who lived in a dugout with a troop of dogs. His hut was barely big enough for himself, and his dogs caught his and their own living. The man recently died, so says the coroner's jury, of hard living, exposure, and lack of medical help. When they went to the house, the dogs were so fierce to protect their dead master that three of them had to be killed before entrance could be secured to the hut.

MISS K. L. BAYARD died suddenly of heart disease one night last week at Washington City. Her remains were taken to Wilmington for burial on the 16th, and although a bleak and cold day her funeral was attended by a large number of persons. Among others present were Secretaries Whitney and Endicot, Colonel Lamont and Wade Hampton.

ALL the able-bodied men of Albion were reported as getting ready for a wolf hunt last Saturday. The animals expect a lively picnic.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 18, 1886. Although the present session of Congress began quietly, proceedings at the Capitol became more animated with each week. In the Senate there has been an immense amount of oratory on the silver question from Democrats who felt constrained to differ from the President and advocate continued coinage.

The majority in the House of Representatives, coerced by the contingency of possible Republican restoration before 1888, adopted the measure they once rejected, and now the Hoar Presidential Succession bill is ready for the President's signature. The first division of the session on party lines, took place over this bill, leading to a little filibustering and several roll calls.

The opinion prevails among public men of all political shades that the present session will be the liveliest for many years, although it may not be marked by much legislation beyond its appropriation bills. It is thought there is no chance of the House and Senate agreeing to any general tariff bill, and on all questions of currency and coinage there is great diversity of opinion in both parties.

Some of the ablest leaders of the Republican party are in the Senate and as the Republicans retain control of that body, they will protect and promote the interests of the party. Still it will be almost impossible for any measure, of a distinctively party character, to become a law during the life of the Forty-ninth Congress. The Democratic majority in the House, and the Republican majority in the Senate each stands as an effective bar to party legislation.

There can be no bargain, no compromise, no agreement or arrangement by which any bill intended merely to carry out the pledges of a campaign platform, and manufacture political capital can escape defeat. The most inexperienced new member knows this as well as the veteran member, and the country knows it so thoroughly that it will not be disposed to tolerate a waste of time in attempts at the impossible. For this reason the Democrats, who are getting ready to agitate certain questions that promise no practical results, have been admonished to let them alone, and take up subjects on which both parties can agree.

In a Senatorial Republican caucus, the relations between the President and the Senate were discussed; and the action to be taken upon his nominations in cases of suspension, and particularly, the course to be pursued in regard to obtaining explanations for removals and appointments. It was practically decided, that if the President and heads of departments do not produce the required information, the nominations are to be shelved for the present. "We can stand it as long as the President can," said one of the Senators, "and if there is a dead-lock, we are prepared for it."

Notwithstanding all that has been said and written on the subject of civil service appointments, the pressure for office is as great now as it has ever been. Office seekers pay no attention to what is said to them by their Congressional friends, and refuse to believe that the hands of Congress are in any way tied by the civil service law. Some of them refuse to take "no" for an answer, and continue to harass their indorsers day and night.

Senators have been discussing nepotism in connection with the judicial salary bill. One section of the bill provides that no person related within the degree of first cousin to a Judge of the United States shall be appointed by such Judge to any position in his court and it also legislates out of office the relations now in. Senator Edmunds thought it would work great hardship and injustice to legislate out of office men who by experience and training, had perhaps come to be the most capable and efficient persons who could be found to fill the offices. If so much was said of Judges who had appointed kinsmen to office, he thought Senators should remember that they had provided for their own sons and other relatives in the same way. "Even this reform administration," continued the Senator from Vermont—"this reform administration, the picture of purity and grace, and everything that is lovely, has sent to the Senate for confirmation the nominations of a father and son to the same place, to exercise the functions of two offices, the one under the other."

Special Correspondence. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25, 1886. Some echoes very like a "Rebel Yell," issued from some of the Brigadiers on Friday evening when discussing Boutwell's resolution to investigate the removal of Union soldiers and the desecration of inscriptions commemorating Union victories. "We are in the house of our fathers and have come to stay," exclaimed Geo. D. Wise of Virginia, when twitted by the author of the resolution for alluding to Union veterans as "our soldiers," and hurried on, refusing to be interrupted but denying so important implication of the resolution and admitting that the chief of them were true. The resolution, after spirited debate, was adopted as amended by committee, so as to include the acts of ex-Secretary Chandler in its scope. A very noticeable nervousness pervades the democratic side of the House whenever any point relating to "the lost cause" excites debate, which is speedily cut off, as was the case on Friday.

The silver men are in the saddle, booted and spurred, and it is sometimes difficult to say in which party the white metal has the most deter-

mined friends, and any chance of making it a party issue is out of the question. The most sweeping proposal yet broached, comes from Representative Payson, of Illinois, who has pronounced in favor of impeaching the Secretary of the Treasury for violation of the silver coinage act. "This war upon silver is an outrage—the treasury officials are responsible for whatever depreciation in value silver has sustained—they resist the law, and should be impeached, and I think I shall bring the matter before Congress," he said. And Senator Van Wyck has introduced a bill making illegal to stipulate in any contract that a debt thereby incurred shall be payable exclusively in gold. Senator Merrill ventured an anti-silver speech the other day, and claimed that it was against excessive coinage the anti-silver men protest, and that bonds were promised payment in gold. And thus the war of words goes on, and it is not probable that any compromise—even if a wise one—can be adopted, so bitter has the feeling against "the goldites" become, but it is expected some proposition will soon be brought to the House and Senate agreeing to any general tariff bill, and on all questions of currency and coinage there is great diversity of opinion in both parties.

The banking and currency committee have voted, 8 to 4, to report the old McPherson bill of last session, (which was then defeated, or failed to pass), to authorize the issue of circulation to National Banks to the full value of the bonds deposited to secure circulation, and this will re-open the anti-bank war and lead to many new "treasuries" on finance, to be published in the "Record" exclusively. A minority report against the measure will be made by Brumm, Miller of Texas, Woodman, of Nevada, and Snyder, of W. Va., the anti-bank members of the committee.

News Notes. THERE are 30,000 colored people in New York. It cost Mr. Irving \$60,000 to put "Faust" on the stage. BEARS are unusually numerous on the Rocky Mountains this winter. It is estimated that 1000 miles of railroad will be built next summer in Nebraska.

The bones of a mastodon were unearthed at Kalamazoo, Mich., one day last week. The exports of gold from the provinces of British Columbia for 1885 were \$713,739.

FOUR incorporated towns in Colorado are at an altitude over 9,000 feet above the sea. An exchange, speaking of Boston culture, says, it's fourth dime museum has just been opened.

A WASHWOMAN of Roselle, N. J., has been transformed into an hearse by being left \$150,000.

THE restaurant privilege of the National House of Representatives pays a profit of \$6,000 a year. Two men were instantly killed by a cave-in in an ore mine near Alburquerque, Pa., one evening last week.

CHADRON has already expended \$260,000 on permanent improvements, and still fails to secure the county seat.

SIX children of Emanuel Johnson, residing in Columbia county Arkansas, were burned to death the other night.

It is stated in the Inter-Ocean that gangsters prevail to a dangerous extent in the neighborhood of Lisbon, Illinois.

JOHN TURLAY, land agent of the Illinois Central at Cairo, Ill., it is reported, has been missing for two weeks.

AFTER a three days blockade, the mail received at Lincoln consisted of sixty sacks of papers and 15,000 letters.

FOOTBALL on skates is the latest attraction at roller rinks in New England, and it is described as very amusing.

The judge who passed the first death sentence in California is now pastor of the Baptist church in Cambridge, Md.

THE Hersey House, Blodgett block, and half a dozen stores at Hersey, Mich., were burned the other night, loss \$35,000.

THERE is a demand from China for 1500 Christian missionaries at once. Converts are multiplying in all parts of the empire.

CALIFORNIA has ninety-seven banks in operation, whose resources are \$152,000,000. Twenty-seven of them are savings banks.

CHESTER, Mass., farmers are disposing of their surplus apples at \$10 a ton, to be shipped to a mince-meat factory in Mexico.

Persons looking for gas near Lima, Ohio, struck petroleum at the depth of 1,300 feet, and it is expected that the yield will be heavy.

It is claimed and estimated that a million dollars worth of oranges were frozen in Florida during the recent cold weather there.

THANKS to senator Manderson for a copy of his able speech on the Efficiency of the Infantry Branch of the Army, in support of his bill.

ONE hundred and fifty poor families were supplied one day last week with coal and provisions by the county commissioners at Omaha.

A HUNDRED years ago ladies used muffs five or ten times as large as the little rolls of fur or pouches of plush and lace inclosing the hands nowadays.

THE California quail is successfully domesticated upon several English estates, but our eastern variety resists all attempts at acclimation in Britain.

An exchange says: "Distillers at Cincinnati are complaining of dullness in the whiskey business, and dealers generally have but little faith in the stability of the pool."

THOS. CAMPBELL and his wife, of Adrian, Mich., were found the other morning insensible from coal gas, the wife dying soon afterward, while Mr. Campbell is beyond recovery.

A FERRIS train on the St. Joe & Grand Island, jumped the track three miles north of Hastings the other morning, mashing up two cars and severely injuring three persons.

An Indian scholar at the Carlisle, Pa., school wrote home: "There should be no Indians within the United States wrapped in blankets, when other people are so busy working."

THE Senators of this nation sit at desks older than the honorable graybeards themselves. The desks are of mahogany, and, though made seventy-five years ago, are as sound as a dollar.

Geo. E. POMEROY, sr., one of the leading citizens of Toledo, Ohio, and the founder of the great express system of the country, died on the 14th inst., from a stroke of apoplexy, at the age of 79 years.

J. KENNEDY, TODD & Co., have engaged \$127,000 in gold bars for shipment from New York last week. This is in addition to \$118,000 sent by the "Britanic." The total gold export to date is \$41,347,000.

THESE were organized in Cincinnati at the beginning of this century a society for protection against horse thieves. This is still in existence, and so flourishing that it has declared a dividend of 200 per cent.

Mrs. L. E. ZIMMERMAN, of Beatrice, Neb., was suddenly stricken down by apoplexy and died the other evening at her home. She was about thirty years old and had that afternoon been visiting a neighbor in company with her husband.

REPORTS come from Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Missouri, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, that the winter wheat is well protected by snow, and that the recent blizzard has not affected the crop in those states.

A REPORT comes from Stanton, Va., and surrounding country that from the snow and cold there has been fearful destruction of game and birds. Thousands of partridges, pheasants and doves have perished by cold, and extermination is feared.

EDWARD APPLEBATE's little child at Spotswood, N. J., was bitten not long ago by a mad dog, and went into convulsions one day last week, dying of hydrophobia in its most horrible form, requiring two men to hold it in its struggles. The child was six years old.

For the benefit of horsemen, it is stated that of 137 horses that have a public record of 2:20, fifty-eight are descended from Rydyk's Hambletonian in the direct male line, with nearly as many, no doubt, who can trace their blood back to him through dams or granddams.

MASSACHUSETTS registered over 6,000 insane persons in her asylums and hospitals during 1885, an increase of 200 over the previous year. The annual cost to the State of this form of relief exceeds \$1,000,000, not reckoning the \$350,000 of interest on the value of buildings, etc.

A SARY county farmer's Clydesdale colt got frisky and unmanageable, and the farmer drew his pistol and shot him in the flank. This only increased his speed, when another shot from the pistol severed the spinal cord at the base of the skull. The account does not state what became of the farmer.

An explosion in Short & Cooley's rendering establishment at Creston, Iowa, the other morning, killed two persons and wounded four others, one of whom, W. R. Fiskens, of Chicago, can not recover. Mr. Ed. Short, the senior partner, whose home is in Chicago, was badly scalded and bruised. The financial loss is \$15,000.

ABOUT midnight one night last week, two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt in every part of Rockland county, N. J. In Nyack patients were shaken from the walls and the ice in the river along the shore broken. In Suffern, Spring Valley, Piermont, Sparkill, Haverstraw and Rockland Lake the jar was very heavy.

MISS L. A. RISE, the beautiful daughter of G. D. T. Rise, a bank cashier of Lebanon, Pa., who was robbed not long ago of about \$20,000, recently mysteriously disappeared, and it is now thought that she left in company with young Wm. Bell, and that the two have since married in Camden, N. J., and that they are now in the vicinity of Philadelphia.

A curious old coin was found near the lime kiln on North Main street Chambersburg, Pa., not long ago. It has the following inscription: "In commemoration of the extinction of Colonial slavery throughout the British dominions in the reign of William IV." The reverse side has the figure of a slave with his shackles broken, and the words: "This is the Lord's doing, 1784."

THE Somerville Journal says that young married couples off on their wedding tours have in times past devised a good many able schemes to conceal from fellow-travelers how recent their happiness was; but none that we ever heard of equalled in inventive genius the young pair from Somerville who borrowed a three-year-old from a neighbor to take along with them to avoid suspicion.

It is reported in an exchange that George McCabe is charged with poisoning two wives and other women in Canada, fell a victim to his fifth wife in Dakota, whether he had moved. The woman detected McCabe putting some substance in her tea cup, but slyly exchanged cups with her spouse, who drank the contents and died in great agony, after confessing his various poisoning schemes.

A recent statement comes from

Woodstock, Ont., that a girl named Collins died, as it was supposed, very suddenly. Some days ago the body was exhumed, prior to its removal to another burial place, when the horrible discovery was made that she had been buried alive. Her shroud had been torn into shreds, her knees were drawn up to her chin, one of her arms was twisted under her head, and her features bore evidence of dreadful torture.

WAS horses, when hit in battle, tremble in every muscle and groan deeply, while their eyes show deep astonishment. During the battle of Waterloo some of the horses, as they lay upon the ground, having recovered from the first agony of their wounds, fell to eating the grass about them, thus surrounding themselves with a circle of bare ground, the limited extent of which showed their weakness. Others were observed quietly grazing on the field between the two hostile lines, their riders having been shot off their backs, and the balls flying over their heads and the usual din behind, before and around them caused no interruption to the usual instinct of their natures.

Items of Interest. Those who have been poisoned with mercury and potash nostrums should buy S. S. S. in dry form. S. S. S., the great blood remedy, is now on the market in dry form, and can be prepared for use at home.

The Swift Specific Company use over \$100,000 worth of alcohol annually in the manufacture of their medicine. The tax taken from alcohol used in the manufacture of medicine would save them about \$75,000 a year.

The newspaper mail of the Swift Specific Company is larger than the combined mail of all the newspapers in Atlanta. They advertise in all the first-class papers in the United States, and have each paper mailed to them, to see that their advertisements are inserted according to contract.

A great many people want to purchase S. S. S. by the gallon, but the company never sell it in that way. It is put up in packages in dry form and in bottles, and can be had of any respectable drug store in the country.

The S. S. S. Company receive a great many letters ordering their celebrated medicine direct, the writer stating that there are so many imitations, and they are afraid of getting awindled. This can be easily detected. Every genuine bottle has the signatures of J. W. Rankin and C. T. Swift on a strip of paper pasted across the cork of each bottle.

The Swift Specific Co. have two books they mail free to all who may apply for them. One on "Contagious Blood Poisons," and the other on "Blood and Skin Diseases." Send for them.

CLOSING OUT. At my place of business in PLATTE CENTER, I will sell my entire stock of goods worth \$10,000, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hardware &c., At Greatly Reduced Prices FOR CASH, Commencing on the 1st day of December, '85. After the 1st of December, I desire all persons indebted to me, to call and settle their accounts promptly, without fail.

I. C. NIEMOLLER. 31-17

FOR THE WESTERN COTTAGE ORGAN CALL ON A. & M. TURNER Or G. W. KIBLER, Travelling Salesman. These organs are first-class in every particular, and so guaranteed.

A GIFT Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you a sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at once, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once. STROBSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 35-7

NO HUMBUG! But a Grand Success. R. P. BRIGHAM'S AUTOMATIC WATER TROUGH for stock. He refers to every man who has it in use. Call on or leave orders at George Yale's, opposite Oehlrich's grocery, 34m

COLUMBUS BOOMING!

WM. BECKER, CHEAP FUEL! DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF STAPLE AND FAMILY GROCERIES!

I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A WELL SELECTED STOCK. TAYLOR, SCHUTTE & CO. 43-11 JACOB SCHRAM, DEALER IN DRY GOODS!

Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrups, Dried and Canned Fruits, and other Staples a Specialty. Goods Delivered Free to any part of the City. Cor. Thirteenth and K Streets, near A. & N. Depot. LOW PRICES FOR CASH. 34-11

And such goods usually kept in a first-class jewelry store, at ACTUAL COST. Parties who can use anything in our line would do well to price the Goods, and see THE GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED.

WE are going to quit the jewelry business, here in Columbus, and offer our entire stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, Optical Goods, SELLING AT COST!

G. Heltkemper & Bro. THE GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

PARSONS' MAKE HENS LAY PILLS. THE BEST WINDING FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

\$50.00 REWARD!! The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of any person found STEALING OR MUTILATING the property of the Columbus Driving Park and Fair Association. R. H. HENRY, President, J. G. ROUBOUS, Secretary. 24-11

A. J. ARNOLD, DEALER IN DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, Clocks, Jewelry AND SILVERWARE. Strict attention given to repairing of Watches and Jewelry. Will not be undersold by anybody. 24th Avenue, Opposite Clothing House.

BECKER & WELCH, PROPRIETORS OF SHELL CREEK MILLS. MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FLOUR AND MEAL. OFFICE.—COLUMBUS, NEB.

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