Republican State Convention

Has been called to meet at Omaha, Wednesday, August 27th, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., to nominate five candidates for presidential electors. Also, for Govern-or, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor of Public Accounts, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney General.
Platte county is entitled to seven de G. W. E. Dorsey, Chairman.

S. B. Colson, Secretary. May 22, 1884.

Republican Central Committee. Members of the Platte Co. Republican

Central Committee are requested to meet at the JOURNAL Office, Columbus, Monday, July 21st, 2 p. m., for the purpose of fix-ing a time for holding a republican county convention, to select delegates to the Congressional Convention to be held at Columbus, Aug. 20th, and for the transaction of any other business properly before the committee. M. K. TURNER,

Chairman of Com. Columbus, Neb., July 14th, '84.

"It is the first duty of a good government to protect the rights and ple."- Republican Platform.

rests upon the maintenance of a free subjects are touched upon, but the the home of the sweet potato, atballot, an honest count and correct kernel of the movement is contained taining as they do here, a ripeness returns."- Republican Platform.

MRS. JANE GRAY SWISSHELM died at her home at Levissnah, near created and maintained by the laws of Pittsburg, Pa., on the afternoon of the National and State Governments, Tuesday, July 22d, '84, aged 68 during the entire history of such laws, years.

Platform.

Chickering Hall, N. Y., to endorse the nomination of Blaine and Logan; seventeen car loads of cattle afflicted with Texas lever create a sensation

his post-office again, and is probably as happy as he can ever get politiworking for the good of their country exclusively, but having an eye open to the leaves and fishes in sight, "all the same."

BEECHER says a laboring man with a family can live, love and be happy on a loaf of bread a day, and cold water. Beecher believes in free trade and cheap labor. Beecher has bolted now have the entering wedge that the nomination of Blaine. Beecher has our permission to join the democracy and advocate bread and water for the laboring man .- Madi- JOURNAL proves to have been from son Chronicle.

"The principle of the public regulation of railway corporations is a wise and salutary one for the protection of most severe, and did the most all classes of people, and we favor legislation that shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges place and vicinity not a pane of glass beyond the river. It has a populafor transportation, and that shall on the exposed sides of buildings is tion of about eight hundred inhabisecure to the people and to the railways alike the fair and equal protection of the laws."-[Republican Plat- are completely pelted into the ground;

On the night of the 23d, a severe hail and wind storm deluged Wis- At Grand Island, chimneys and signs consin, and did much damage to were sent broadcast, and all open crops and property. At Jefferson buildings were flooded and the large several roofs of buildings were blown stone machine shop of the Union off, including the Methodist, Evan- Pacific had the east end blown in and gelical and Catholic churches were part of the roof torn off, the debris also unroofed. The Catholic church | destroying much valuable machinery. near Port Washington was struck by All crops are laid flat on the ground. lightning and consumed. Trees Also a number of new buildings in barns and houses were struck by the course of erection in the city lightning in almost every town in the were moved on their foundations.

necessary legal course to punish the storm with like results. criminal assailants of his private character. Quite a sensation was proceedings for libel.

grandest procession ever witnessed ovations from the veterans. in the annals of Omaha.

THE Humphrey Independent, we are pleased to notice, is not so indifferent to political matters but that it can express a decided opinion upon the kind of mee it prefers that the republicans shall nominate for congress. It proceeds (after comments unfavorable to Mr. Dorsey of Fre-

mont) to say : "We desire the nomination of some candidate, who, should the congressional mantle tail on his shoulders will wear the same to the honor and dignity of our state, and will assist Senator Van Wyck in his efforts in behalf of the people, as against corbehalf of the people and hag, which had been lang, which had been lang candidate, who, should the congresporate power and corrupt legislation." fully visible next November.

Prohibition.

Variety, "the spice of life," is sure to be abundant this year, so far as presidential candidates are concerned. Those who believe in making prohibition a national political question met at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 24th. Thirty-one states and territories were

for president, and Daniel of Maryland for vice president.

acknowledging God as the rightful sovereign of all men, from whom the just powers of government are defive years-that there are 200,000 discontinuation of a business so deswelfare of the people"--arraigning southern friend, with the manillathe democratic party for placing itself | rope lines behind him. against prohibition, and both parties for competing for the liquor vote, that | good for such shallow preparation of in the second plank, viz:

is everywhere shown to be the promoting cause of intemperance, with resulting crime and pauperism, mak-"We believe that everywhere the ing large demands upon public and protection to a citizen of American private charity, imposing large and birth must be secured to citizens of unjust taxation and public burdens American adoption." - [Republican of upon thrift, industry, manufactures feed for all animals on the farm. Red and commerce; endangering the public peace; causing desecration of the Among the telegrams in yesterday's Sabbath; corrupting our politics, leg-THE O'Neill Frontier man has got perpetuity of our civil and religious to a minimum, and yet with all these we know that these laws are alike contrary to God's laws and contracally. Of course men of Mathews's vene our happiness; and we call upon shelter for a short time in the winter, kind are purely disinterested patriots, our fellow-citizens to aid in the repeal | the beef was execrable, and your of these laws and the legal suppression of this baleful liquor traffic.

> There is no disguising the fact that the ticket will receive a good many ber the grinding process it had to yotes, some of the friends of prohibition claiming that they will carry Kansas and Maryland. It has been the boast of some of these prohibitionists who are democrats that they will cleave the republican party.

THE storm mentioned in last week's later reports, more severe and destructive to property than at first reported. The storm of rain, wind and hail, appears to have been the damage at Central City, Grand below almost an insight into that Island and vicinity. At the former left. Corn is utterly stripped of all but the solid stalk, and small grains even grass and weeds are cut out of recognition-trees stripped of foliage and scarred like a small-pox patient. From one to five miles east of the city the farmers have lost THE friends of Mr. Cleveland have their crops by the hail. Hastings finally urged him to take the and York were visited by the same

THE grand parade of the old vetercreated at Buffalo on the 26th inst., ans took place in Minneapolis on the by the report that Mr. Cleveland's 23d, and being the largest demonstralaw partners were getting out war- tion of battle-scarred heroes since the rants for the arrest of the author and late war and witnessed by over sixty publisher of the article entitled, "A thousand people. While the parade Terrible Tale" which recently ap- was passing the city hall, children on peared in the Evening Telegraph, and a canopied platform were waiving ted, not one quarrel, or disturbance, to proceed against them by criminal | banners and singing an old war song, which the veterans took up and pass of opinions, with many men, or in passing along in village street, or of bands, waving of banners and of banners and only by guarding with vigilance the source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or source of popular power. I am, with an any men, or in passing along in village street, or in the passing along in village street, or in the passing which the veterans took up and pass held last week at Omaha a grand shouts of thousands from the streets, country road our ears were not great respect, your obedient servant, ingglass Platte Co. tournament as the guests of the windows and housetops, constitute an volunteer firemen of that city had a inspiring scene. As battered flags grand street parade on the 23d, which are recognized by the old veterans, a is spoken of by our exchanges as a wild cry of delight goes up. The grand affair. We notice that the enthusiasm was never equalled here. Otoe Hose Company, and the and it is the greatest of all demon-Pioneer Hock and Ladder Company, strations ever witnessed in the northboth of this city, occupied a prom- west. Gen. Logan occupied a prominent place toward the head of line | inent place at the head of the proceson the grand parade. It is pro- sion and Gen. Sherman rode in the

> terested in the movements of Re- plank said: "It took them thirty- Long remained, looking out searchendeavors to make itself believe that could not find out in thirty-six hours strange object. At length he saw the it would be the proper thing for Re- what they wanted, how is a laboring unwonted sight of a large black obpublicans to allow the present in- man to find out what it means." The first looked like a rock, but he knew cumbents of the county offices to hold laboring man does not spend so much there was no rock in that line. Sud-"until their successors are qualified." time in reading platforms and dis- denly the approaching steam launch and not endeavor to have any suc- cussing fine-spun theories, as he does changed its course and Long recogcessors just at present, to qualify. in considering the history of the nized the approach of the rescuers. The Democrat will have its hands political parties; under republican went towards the camp, raising the full in looking after the things of its administration, the country is flour-

Arkansas.

Rising City, Butler County, Neb.,) June 15th, 1884. tion of farms in my last to your paper, your readers must not conrepresented by 505 delegates, who farms in Arkansas, or that there, as were more or less enthusiastic in the | well as here, there is but one degree St. John of Kansas was nominated poorest, for most assuredly that would be untrue. But it did seem to us so strange, so unlike proper farm-The platform adopted is quite ing, to see one small mule do all the lengthy, but may be summarized as ploughing in the preparing of the ground for the crop, as well as the cultivation afterwards; that to us it seemed, so like the way to make the rived, and to whose laws human farmer poor, as well as the farm, that union. The sacredness of unity of enactments should conform; arraign- we could but use the expressions we the family must be preserved as the ing the republican party for making did, in our last letter. But your no effort to change the policy of the correspondent has not farmed it general government during twenty- down South, and possibly, three good purity. horses on a sixteen inch plough turntilleries, breweries and retail dealers | ing a furrow six to eight inches deep, holding certificates and "claiming the might hurt the land, and cultivating authority of the government for the eight to ten acres of corn and cotton per day with one team might scare tructive to the moral and material "that mule," if it did not our genial

The crops, in yield, are certainly

revenues from alcohols, liquors and the soil, oats yielding from twenty to tobacco should be abolished, that sixty bushels per acre, corn from admitting the community that uphereafter no state shall be admitted twenty-five to seventy per acre, cotton promote the interests of its own peo- into the Union until its constitution from one-half to one bale of five hunshall expressly prohibit polygamy and dred pounds per acre. Of wheat, the manufacture and sale of intoxi- but little is raised where I was, but "The perpetuity of our institutions cating beverages. A number of other that little looked quite well. It is and flavor unknown in our higher That the importation, manufacture, latitudes. Two crops of the Irish supply and sale of alcoholic beverages, potatoes can be raised with advantage to the grower, as the first planting ripens too early to keep over winter. The cow-pea, in its many varieties, can be raised with advantage to the oats is harvested; also in the corn at its last ploughing, the vines making clover, timothy and red-top, the little we saw looked well, also the neglected and despised; nullifying and uncultivated fields, making the the teachings of the Bible, the church, outside range almost a paradise for and the school-the standards and the stock-grower; the mildness of guides of our fathers and their chil-dren in the founding and growth, under God, of our widely extended growing season reducing "as it country, and which, imperiling the must," the cost to the raiser, nearly liberty, are baleful fruits, by which facilities "while we were there," for the lack of receiving proper feed and readers who wore "the blue" from eixty-one to sixty-five, will fully appreciate that word, as they rememundergo in days gone by, but not

> But suppose we cease our adverse criticisms and take a glance at Beebe, one of the prettiest villages, between Little Rock and St. Louis. Its nicely painted residences almost hidden by a luxuriant growth of fruit and shade trees, its gardens redolent with the bloom of roses not hardy here. Shrubs and vines and plants tender with us in Nebraska (or petted in pots) give to the visitor, as he looks on these varied charms in flora's kingdom here more beauteous, and better kingdom tants, four large church edifices, a free school building with a corps of competent teachers, giving the necessary mental culture to over one of the branches taught to the young mind, and properly too; here it is instrumental, as well as vocal. The colored population have their free schools, also two churches in the suburbs of Beebe. The "local option," liquor law is also in force here, as it is also in many other counties in Arkansas; the lowest fine for druggists selling any of the ardent contrary to the law, is two hundred dollars, the highest five hundred, and we believe there is less drunkenness the Nation.

exceptionally good, kind, courteous, ballot, upon the security of suffrage and fully as intelligent as where we to the citizen. To deposit a fraudureside in central Nebraska; and during nearly one month visit among the citizens of a state where disorder who corrupts suffrage strikes at the has been said to abound, we saw no person "white or colored," intoxicaand "we must say it," that in our his own rights. "It is a good land varied conversations and interchange | which the Lord our God doth give shocked by the utterance of a single

In our next to the Journal, we shall describe what we saw of the varied fruit industry of this locality. and bring our letters to a close.

BEN. BUTLER, who was prominently named for presidential bonors nounced by our exchanges to be the middle. Both received continued before the Chicago convention of democrats, speaking of the work of difficulty, and succeeded in clamberthe committee which framed the ing up to a rock that gave the most THE Democrat is considerably in- platform, and referring to the tariff extensive view in the neighborhood. publicans in Platte county, and six hours to frame it, and if they ingly in every direction for some and educating his children.

BLAINE'S LETTER.

(Continued from first page.)

EDITOR JOURNAL:-In speaking of every citizen of the republic. Conthe poor improvements, and cultiva- gress is forbidden by the constitution to make any law "respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," For a clude, that there are no nice looking century, under this guarantee, Protestant and Catholic, Jew and Gentile, have worshiped God according to the dictates of conscience. But religious as regards cultivation, and that the liberty must not be perverted to the justification of offences against the law. A religious sect, strongly intrenched in one of the territories of the union, and spreading rapidly into four other territories, claims the right to destroy the great safeguard and muniment of social order, and to practice as a religious privilege that which is a crime punished with severe penalty in every state of the

> the source of orderly administration, as the surest guarantee of moral they are divinely authorized to practice polygamy should no more be admitted than the claim of certain heathen tribes, if they should come among us, to continue the rite of human sacrifice. The law does not interfere with what a man believes; it takes cognizance only of what he does. As citizens, the Mormons are entitled to the same civil rights as others and to these they must be confined. Polygamy can never receive national sanction or toleration by holds it as a state in the union. Like others, the Mormons must learn that the liberty of the individual ceases

> foundation of all civil government, as

where the rights of society begin. The people of the United States, and suffering from nervous prostrathough often urged and tempted, tion. Lieutenant Greely has improvthe recognition of any other money | 22d of June to 169 pounds to-day. than gold and silver-and currency | Sergeant Brainard and the others are directly convertible into them. They pulling up proportionately. The have not done so, they will not do so, | weather here is delightful and all that under any necessity less pressing could be desired for the sufferers, the than that of desperate war. The one mercury ranging between 65 and 75. of account among Asiatic nations, they ride quietly at anchor in the taken in connection with the increas- harbor of St. Johns, wear a sombre weightiest reasons for an internation- flag of the United States at half-mast. al agreement in the premises. Our The United States war-ship "Alert" government should not cease to urge arrived at 1 o'clock p. m. Her detenthis measure until a common standard | tion was caused by a fog and search

THE PUBLIC LANDS. The strength of the republic is increased by the multiplication of landowners. Our laws should look to the judicious encouragement of actual settlers on the public domain, which should henceforth be held as a sacred trust for the benefit of those seeking homes. The tendency to consolidate large tracts of land in the ownership of individuals or cornorations should with proper regard for vested rights, be discouraged. One hundred thousand acres of land in the hands of one man is far less profitable to the nation in every way than when its ownership is divided among one thousand men. The evil of permitting large tracts of the national domain to be consolidated and controlled by the few against the many is enhanced when the persons controlling it are aliens. It is but fair that the public land should be disposed of only to actual settlers and to those who are citizens of the republic, or willing to

OUR SHIPPING INTERESTS. Among our national interests one anguishes - the foreign carrying hope, buoyancy and energy, and his rade. It was very seriously crippled | death was a terrible blow to them. in our civil war, and another blow | He died in a brave struggle to prowas given to it in the general substi- long their existence. tution of steam for sail in ocean traffic. With a frontage on the two great oceans, with a freightage larger than that of any other nation, we have every inducement to restore our navigation. Yet the government has thus contained: hitherto refused its help. A small In the matter of the estate of David share of the encouragement given by the government to railways and to manufactures, and a small share of the capital and the zeal given by our the capital and the zeal given by our ed, praying for a license to sell certain citizens to those enterprises would real estate for the payment of debts and three hundred scholars who nearly have carried our ships to every sea charges of said estate, it appearing by fill its four large rooms. Music is and to every port. A law just enact- said petition that there is not sufficient ed removes some of the burdens upon our navigation and inspires hope that this great interest may at last receive | this court that the 16th day of August, its due share of attention. All efforts 1884, at one o'clock, afternoon, at the in this direction should receive en-

This survey of our condition as a why a license may not be granted as nation reminds us that material pros- prayed for to sell said real estate, and perity is but a mockery if it does not | that a copy of this order be published in tend to preserve the liberty of the people. A free ballot is the safeguard of republican institutions, without which no national welfare is assured. A popular election honestly conducted, embodies the very majesty in Arkansas to-day than any state in of true government. Ten millions of voters desire to take part in the pending contest. The safety of the repub-The society in town and country is lic rests upon the integrity of the lent vote is no worse a crime against constitutional liberty than to obstruct the deposit of an honest vote. He very root of free government. He is the arch-enemy of the republic. He forgets that in trampling upon the rights of others he fatally imperils JAMES G. BLAINE.

THE GREELY SURVIVORS. Additional Particulars in Regard to Their Rescue.

Sergeaut Long, of the Greely party. who was the first to respond to the welcome tone of the steam whistle, says he and Sergeant Brainard were the first to hear the sound and they helped each other to crawl out of the tent, which had been swept to the ground, he rose to his feet, with great Brainard went back to the tent, but He came down from the rock and Neb., on Saturday, August 9th, 1884, viz: in a few minutes the warm hand of 10.6 C. HOSTETTER, Register.

Captain Ash had grasped his in greeting. Morris Connell, who is still excessively weak, stated in an interview that for some days after his rescue he had no recollection of anything that transpired. He did not hear the awakening scream of the whistle. When his comrades shook him up said section as amended shall read as from his prostrate position in the foilows, to-wit: ness ensued. In some cases nature restricted thereto." gave no call for twelve, fifteen, and keeping heat in the body was very great. The rule of the camp was to by the Legislature of the State of Ne two hours. He was awakened roughly and called upon to shake himself. beat his hands and pound his feet and restore circulation. This was found absolutely necessary to prevent torpor and possible death, the usual accompaniments of intense cold. Commander Schley has received instructions from the secretary of the navy to remain at St. Johns until there are twelve iron caskets constructed to receive the bodies of the

deceased explorers. The survivors first Thursday after the first Tuesday in are all doing well, but are still weak have never seriously contemplated ed from 120 pounds weight on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in special requisite for the completion of Great sympathy is evinced for the for such length of time as may be proviour monetary system is the fixing of survivors and the dead, and every ties and receive such compensation as the relative values of silver and gold. token of respect is manifested for may be provided for by law. The Govground, after the crop of wheat or The large use of silver as the money them. The Thetis" and "Bear," as ernor, Secretary of State, Auditor of ing commerce of the world, gives the and mournful appearance with the seat of government during their terms of be required by law." of value shall be reached and estab- for the other ships of the squadron. said Amendment shall be submitted shall dailies were the arrival of Stanley, islation and administration of the Kentucky blue-grass, while the lished—a standard that shall enable All on board are well. Sergeant be in the following form: "For proposed the explorer, in England; three thousand Irish republicans gather at thousand Irish republicans gather at thousand Irish republicans gather at the unit of George Rice, the artist of the explorer.

In the standard that standard in settling the balances of commer- of George Rice, the artist of the ex- proposed Amendment to Section One [1]

companion to pay the last tribute to

his remains. Frederick retained suf-

ficient strength to drag back the sled

with the hatchet, rifle and cooking

utensils to camp, where he encoun-

death of Lieutenant Lockwood and

another of the party. The cached

meat that Frederick and Rice were in

search of was brought by them April

6th from Cape Isabella, and abandon-

ed the next day in order to drag

Ellison, one of the party, who had

been frozen, into camp. Rice was the

life of the Greely party, being full of

NOTICE.

Among the records of the District

Court, held in and for Platte County, on

personal estate to pay the debts of said

Court House in Columbus, Platte County,

Nebraska, be fixed for the time and place

for a hearing upon said petition, at which

time and place all parties interested are

notified to appear and show cause, if any,

THE COLUMBUS JOURNAL four successive

[SEAL.] pears of record in the proceed-

FINAL PROOF.

TOTICE is hereby given that the fol

Land Office at Grand Island, Neb.,)

C. HOSTETTER, Register.

July 5th, 1884.

FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at Grand Island, Neb.,)

NOTICE is hereby given that the fol-lowing-named settler has filed notice

FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at Grand Island Neb..)

TOTICE is hereby given that the fol-

June 23d, 1884.

day of August, 1884, viz:

By G. B. SPRICE, Deputy.

1884. viz:

A. M. POST, Judge.

G. HEITKEMPER,

July 18th, 1884.

Clerk District Court.

I certify that that the above is

a true and correct copy as ap-

ings of the District Court of the

tered more woe in the form of the

Frederick volunteered to leave camp Therefore, I, James W. Dawes, to proceed a distance of twenty-five miles to secure some meat that was cached near Cape Isabella. They had | One [1] Article Fifteen [15] of the Constia sled, rifle, hatchet and provisions tution, and the provisions of an act for five days. They traveled three entitled, "An Act to provide the manner days, but failed to find the cache. On the way toward camp Rice became Electors of this State," weak and finally gave up. He was ary 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed attacked by bloody flux that gradually wore him down. He succumbed qualified voters of this State for ratificaand was interred in an ice grave by his companion. Frederick camped A. D. 1884. out that night under the fragment of a boat and the next day revisited his

ed to be affixed the Great Seal of of the State of Nebraska. year of the State, and of the Inependence of the United States, the One Hundred and Ninth. By the Governor, JAMES W. DAWES, Attest: EDWARD P. ROGGEN.

TAX-SALE NOTICE.

To the Credit Mobilier of America, or the owner of the following described lots and lands: You are hereby notified that the

All of the lots in blocks five (5) six (6 seven (7) twenty-seven (27) twenty-eight 28) and thirty-seven (37), and lots one 1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5) six 6) seven (7) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10 eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block eight [8], and lots one [1] two [2] three [four [4] five [5] six [6] ten [10] eleven [11 and twelve [12] in block twenty-six [26] and lots one [1] two [2] three [3] four the 3d day of July, 1884, it is, inter alia, in block this ty-eight [38], and lots one two [2] three [3] four [4] in block sixty [60], all of said lots being situated in Capitol Addition to the City of Columbus, in the County of Platte, State of Nebraska, was purchased at the front door of the Court House, in said City of Columbus, on the 16th day of November, 1882, at public sale by E. A. Gerrard, for delinquent taxes assessed on said lots and lands for the year 1881, and by said E A. Gerrard duly assigned to me, the under signed: that said lots and lands were not taxed in the name of any party and that the time of redemption wil expire on the 16th day of November, 1884

FINAL PROOF.

ALONZO V. MILLER,

Land Office at Grand Island, Neb., NOTICE is hereby given that the fol-lowing-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court, at Columbus, Nebraska, on August 1st. 1884, viz: Nils Johnson Homestead No. 8405 and 9107 for the N. E. 1/4, Section 32, Town-ship 18, Range 3 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Olof Larson, Jacob Jernperg. Peter Larson and Nils Lindberg all of Genoa Nebr.

FINAL PROOF.

C. HOSTETTER, Register.

C. HOSTETTER, Register.

lowing-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof Land Office at Grand Island, Neb.,) will be made before the Clerk of the Dis-June 30th, 1884. trict Court of Platte County, at Colum-TOTICE is hereby given that the bus, Nebraska, on Saturday, August 30th. following-named settler has filed otice of his intention to make final Peter Anderson, Homestead No. 9075, proof in support of his claim, and that said for the S. W. 1/4 Section 30, Township 20, roof will be made before Clerk of the north, of Range 4 west. He names the District Court at Columbus, Neb., on following witnesses to prove his contin-August 7th, 1884, viz: Julius Schmidt, Homestead No. 9016 for the N. 1/2, of S. E. 1/4, Section 22, Township 17, Range 1 west. He names the To present subscribers of the Jourfollowing witnesses to prove his coninuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Bredehoff, Valentine Losak, John Gerber, and John Hosner, all of Duncan Nebr.

FINAL PROOF.

of his intention to make final proof in U. S. Land Office, Grand Island, Neb.) support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of the District June 19th, 1884. NOTICE is hereby given that the fol-lowing named settler has filed notice Court at Columbus, Neb., on the 23d of his intention to make final proof in sup-Patrick Morrissey, Homestead Entry port of his claim, and that said proof will No. 12426, for the E. 1/4, N. E. 1/4, Section be made before Clerk of District Court 32, Township 19, north of Range 2 west, for Platte county, at Columbus, Neb., on being additional to w. ¼ n. w. ¼ same sec. He names the following witnesses to Friday, August 1st, 1884, viz: Mikkel Sorensen, Homestead No. 8758. prove his continuous residence upon. for the W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4 Section 14, Townand cultivation of, said land, viz: ship 19, north of Range 4 west. He names Patrick Ducey, James Ducey, John the following witnesses to prove his Shanahan, Jerry Shanahan, all of Platte continuous residence upon, and cultiva-Centre P.O., in Platte County, Neb. 11-6 C. HOSTETTER, Register. ion of, said land, viz: Jens Christensen, Hans N. Christensen, of Palestine, Platte Co., Neb., Peter Christensen, Hans Johnson, of Lookingglass, Platte Co., Neb. 9-6 C. HOSTETTER, Register.

TAX-SALE NOTICE.

lowing-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof | To N. L. and C. Davenport and N. S. and will be made before Clerk of District Court of Platte county at Columbus, VOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the property described as follows, of Nebraska, was purchased on the 25th W. L. SELBY. | charges low, as the lewest.

STAPLE AND FAMILY

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A

WELL SELECTED STOCK.

Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrups,

Dried and Canned Fruits,

and other Staples a

Specialty.

part of the City.

Cor. Thirteenth and K Streets, near

A. & N. Depot.

Delivered Free to any

WHEREAS, a joint resolution was adopted by the Legislature of the VV adopted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, at the Eighteenth Ses sion thereof, and approved February 27th, A. p. 1883, proposing an Amendment to Section Four (4) of Article Three (3) of the Constitution of said State, and that PRALER IN ALL KINDS OF

camp and told him of the succor at hand, he wildly exclaimed: "For bers of the Legislature shall be two hand, he wildly exclaimed: "For years, and they shall each receive a God's sake let me die in peace." A salary of three hundred dollars for their teaspoonful of brandy applied to his services during said term, and ten cents lips cailed back the fleeting life stark, for every mile they shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route. Provided, however, that neither far the weakest of the seven survivors | members of the Legislature nor em and the strongest must have succumb- ployees shall receive any pay or perquied within forty-eight hours. The sites other than their salary and mileage. story told by Council from his recol- shall be not less than sixty days. After lection of their starving experience is the expiration of forty days of the session simply beartrending; how they no bills nor joint resolutions of the naburned the hair off their sealskin ture of bills shall be introduced, unless boots and coats, cut them into strips, boiled them into a stew, and ate the necessity of passing a law on the the Governor shall, by special message, voraciously of them till their stom- subject matter embraced in the message, achs rebelled and nausea and weak- and the introduction of bills shall be

PROCLAMATION.

The ballots at the election at which said Amendment shall be submitted shall even eighteen days, and then bloody be in the following form: "For proposed hemorrhage and consequent weak- Amendment to the Constitution relating ness ensued, prostrating the victim for several days. The difficulty in relating to Legislative Department." "Against proposed Amendment to the Constitution relating to Legislative Department." proposed Amendment to the Constitution relating to Legislative Department." Whereas, a joint resolution was adopted

permit no one to sleep longer than braska at the Eighteenth Session thereof, and approved February 28th, A. D. 1883 proposing an Amendment to Section One (1) of Article Five (5) of the Constitution of said State, and that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit: "Section 1.-The Executive Department shall consist of a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, and Board of Railway Commissioners. The officers named in this section shall each hold his office for the term of two years from the January next after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified Provided, however, that the first election of said officers shall be held on the first November of 1886, and each succeeding election shall be held at the same relative time in each even year thereafter. All other officers that may be provided for by law, under the provisions of this section shall be chosen in such manner and at such times, and shall hold their offices ded by law, and shall perform such du-Public Accounts, Treasurer, Commisand Attorney General, shall reside at the office, and keep the public records, books and papers there, and the officers herein named shall perform such duties as may The ballots at the election at which

> ernor of the State of Nebraska, do hereby give notice, in accordance with Section of proposing Amendments to the Constitution and submitting the same to the tion or rejection at the General Election to be held on the 4th day of November,

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caus-Done at Lincoln, this 18th day of July, A. D. 1884, the Eighteenth

Secretary of State. 14-3m

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FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at Grand Island, Neb., TOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at Columbus, Nebraska, on Friday August 22nd, 1884, viz: August Peterson, Homestead No. 9662, for the N. W. 34. Section 20, Township 20, north of Range 4 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cul-tivation of, said land, viz: Leroy Francisco, of Newmans Grove, Madison County Neb., John Newman, Gustav Hinman, and John Hoffman, of Look-

C. HOSTETTER, Register.

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