THE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 31, 1883.

THE Texas legislature has re-elected U. S. senator Coke.

THOUSANDS of people are reported starving in Ireland.

SMALL-POX still prevailed last week in the vicinity of Blair.

MR. GLADSTONE'S health is improving since he went to Cannes.

THE legislature of Kansas has re-elected Plumb U. S. senator.

THE farmers of Cedar county are marketing their hogs in the Black Hills.

THE state board of agriculture has decided to pay 80 cents on the dollar in premiums.

THE largest gasometer at Glasgow exploded the other night, injuring eight persons.

ST. LOUIS has sent to the German flood sufferers its second contribution of 15,000 marks.

HENRY BARNARD, late cashier of the defunct city bank at Rochester, N. Y., has been arrested.

THE accounts and funds of the defaulting treasurer of Tennessee, M. Q. Polk, amount to $292,427.

THE Quincy house at Quincy, Ill., burned the other morning. The guests escaped with great difficulty.

HON. L. E. CROPSEY fell the other day, in front of the Commercial hotel, at Lincoln, and broke his arm.

APPEARANCE bond of Polk, the defaulting treasurer of Tennessee, was fixed by Judge Quartes at $100,000.

FARREL, an informer, has given evidence against several men at Dublin, charged with conspiracy to murder.

THE international exhibition of fine arts was opened at Rome the other day by the king and queen of Italy.

MRS. KATE BROWNLIE SHERWOOD has the entire editorial management of the Toledo (O.) Sunday *Journal*.

THREE desperadoes in Big Rapids, Mich., jail overpowered the turnkey the other day and made their escape.

MR. WALLING, a farmer near Weeping Water, had his hand drawn into a corn-sheller the other day and taken off.

ANOTHER fire at Milwaukee College proves more disastrous than at first reported, as the loss will fully reach $10,000.

THE remains of the three year old son of the late Dr. Hann, New York, were cremated the other day at Washington, Pa.

RUMORS were current the other day at San Francisco that the steamer Oregon, which sailed for Portland had foundered.

THE New Jersey legislature in joint session the other day re-elected McPherson U. S. senator by a majority of two votes.

THOMAS HILSON, of Philadelphia, jumped from the suspension bridge the other morning, and was carried over Niagara Falls.

ON Wm. McClain's farm in Lancaster county, an artesian flow was struck at the depth of eight feet—strong enough to run a mill.

THE Coshocton, Ohio, steel axle works burned the other morning. Eight hundred hands are out of employment. Loss, $80,000.

HARRISON, the boy preacher, has taken into the church at Decatur, Ill., 1,000 persons, and a grand jubilee service will be held Feb. 8th.

HORSE STEALING is becoming very frequent in western Nebraska, several cases being reported recently from towns along the U. P. road.

O. H. GREGG, the absconding U. S. mail route agent who robbed registered packages on the Texas Pacific road, has been arrested at Nashville, Tenn.

MRS. SIMPSON, wife of Bishop Simpson of the M. E. Church, has presented to the new Methodist church at Long Branch, N. J., a handsome organ.

HARVEY TAYLOR, of Richfield, Springs, N. Y., killed his wife and mother-in-law the other day, and then hanged himself. He was deranged.

THE legislature of Colorado has elected Hon. T. M. Bowen, of Rio Grande, U. S. senator for the long term, and Hon. H. A. W. Tabor, for the short term.

SAM C. BELL, employed in a railroad office in Chicago, attempted the other morning to kill his wife at Columbus, Ohio, but missed his aim, and is now in prison.

"THERE HAS NEVER BEEN IN AMERICA, FOR ANY IMPORTANT PERIOD OF TIME, AND THERE NEVER CAN BE SUCH A THING AS A RAILROAD MONOPOLY."—*Omaha Republican.*

G. D. PERKINS, of Sioux City, has been appointed U. S. marshal of the northern district of Iowa. An eight or ten thousand dollar office explains some of brother Perkins's late zeal in the cause.

STORES at Gold Mountain and Silver Peak, Nev., were recently robbed by road agents, who murdered the proprietors and three Creek Indians. At the latter place two of the robbers were killed.

S. M. FIELDS, a prominent citizen and railroad contractor, has been arrested at Newport, Vermont, on the charge of passing counterfeit half dollars. He claims he used the bogus coins innocently.

REPORT comes from Amsterdam that three terrific explosions took place one day last week in the gun powder manufactory in Meriden, when nearly all the house was unroofed by the concussion. The neighboring towns and villages were much damaged. It is stated that forty or fifty persons perished. Windows at Amsterdam, eight miles from Meriden, were broken. The town was greatly damaged.

LAWYER Thomas Mader, jr., Isaac L. Street, and Joseph Meyers, the first named democrat and the others republican, and all election officers, of Philadelphia, have been convicted of making false returns.

JOHN A. WILLIAMS, once a successful lawyer of Denver, was found, the other day, in the woods near Pueblo. He became dissipated and morose, and a few weeks ago disappeared. It is believed he committed suicide.

THROUGHOUT the country last week the weather was severely cold, ranging from 15 to 26 degrees below zero, and in northern Illinois, Indiana and southern Wisconsin report says the range was as low as 40 degrees below zero.

RECENT news from St. Johns, N. B., says the schooner L. Corney is believed to be lost, with John Leary, master; G. E. Stevens, mate; Lawrence Johnson, second mate; Charles Wallace, cook and steward, and three seamen.

FROM San Francisco we learn of a terrible powder mill explosion the other day at Oakland, killing between thirty and forty persons. The dead are all Chinamen. The total loss to property from the explosion will reach $100,000.

WE learn that all Nebraska roads were cleared and ready for business in a few hours after the snow storm of last week, other states were not so favorably situated. Iowa, for instance, was hunting up lost and abandoned trains for several days.

MCGUINESS JEFFERS, night clerk of the post-office at St. Joseph, Mo., was arrested the other night for rifling registered letters. Money placed in a test letter was found in his pocket and he confessed the crime. He will be examined before the United States commissioner.

THE machine shows of the Great Western manufacturing company located at Leavenworth burned one evening last week. The stove works adjoining the machine shops were damaged to the extent of $1,000. Loss on machine shops, building and machinery, $75,000.

A REPORT comes to San Francisco from Brisbane, Queensland, that a large, three-masted schooner has been lost on the shore at the mouth of Fly river, New Guinea. The crew, seventeen in number, were killed by the savages, their heads cut off and distributed among the native villages.

AT Dublin the land commission court has refused the application of a landlord to state a case for the purpose of appeal from the recent decision of Commissioner Litton in favor of a tenant in a test case under the "hanging gale clause" of the arrears act, affecting a large number of tenants.

THE reports of the loss by the recent fire in Omaha differ very materially in amounts. The papers at Omaha estimate the loss at from $100,000 to $200,000, except the *Herald* which fixes the loss at $90,000. The latter sum, from all the facts we can learn, is not far from a true estimate.

A BIG fire in Omaha on the morning of the 26th inst., starting in McMahon & Co's. drug store; in a short time the Caldwell block was in flames. The prompt action of the fire department, after the alarm could be given, got the fire under control. It bid fair at the start to destroy $100,000 worth of property, but closed with a loss of $60,000.

A MURDER was committed the other night in Walker county, Georgia, by the killing of H. H. Rudd, a respectable farmer, who was found in his doorway with an axe and a frightful cut in the head. The old man lived alone and was supposed to have money, and it was to obtain this that the crime was committed. He was 75 years old.

THE district attorney of Utah explained to the house judiciary committee the necessity of the law provided for by the Edmunds bill to compel the first wife to testify in order to prove the marriage in cases of a plurality of wives. He held that without this the conviction of offenders and correction of the evil was almost impossible.

AN extensive "cave-in" took place the other morning in the Delaware and Hudson mine at Wilkesbarre, Pa. On the surface, cracks are visible for acres. In other directions a number of houses settled from six inches to two feet, alarming the inmates, who fled. The cave-in took place under the surface. No less than twenty acres have gone down.

THE London *Times*, in speaking of the recent events in France, says, "There can be little doubt, if statesmen continue to be wanting, that the republic will go headlong to ruin. That the French people are aware of this is an explanation of the panics caused by the difficulties of the minister so little resembling the indispensable genius of Du Clero."

JOHN HARMON, a veteran lobbyist, testified this morning before the Bailey investigating committee that he received $5,000 from the gas company, Washington, for work done by him in aiding the defeat of legislation adverse to the company. Between the years 1875 and 1878, he further testified, money was paid to him at the house of representatives by John Bailey, the person under investigation.

RECENT news from Chester, Pa., says that Samuel Gasta, of Iowa, and his nephew, David Gasta, of Ohio, traveling cancer doctors, and James E. Haines, a student of Rising Sun, Indiana, were arrested on a coroner's warrant charging them with homicide, in having caused the death of Mrs. Armstrong, aged seventy-three, of this county, whom they treated for cancer. W. J. Perkins, of this city, who harbored the cancer doctors, is also arrested, charged as accessory to the crime.

ABOUT one o'clock on the morning of the 22d from eight to twelve mounted and masked men rode up to Montello station, on the Central Pacific, one hundred and sixty-six miles west of Ogden, seized two white and a half dozen Chinese section men, robbed them of what valuables they had on their persons and locked them up in the tank house. They then awaited the arrival of the east bound express train which came in soon after. Two of the highwaymen jumped on the engine, overawed the engineer and fireman and sidetracked the engine. The remainder of the gang first seized the train men, robbed them of what valuables they possessed, and confined them also in the tank house. They then attacked the express car; here a rapid fusilade took place between the robbers and Ross, the express messenger. Some thirty shots were exchanged, when the robbers, finding resistance more spirited than they had expected, and probably fearing a demstration on the part of the passengers, decamped. No one is known to have been killed. The passengers were not molested. The robbers tried various ways to get into the express car. They smashed in the panels of the doors and built a fire under the car to burn Ross out, but failed. Ross was badly wounded in the left hand. The conductor and brakemen were imprisoned in the tank house. All the robbers got was $10, taken from the conductor. The train was delayed nearly two hours. Twenty men have left Echo on a special to track the robbers.

A SPECIAL from Keiser, West Virginia, says one of the most terrible and fatal railroad accidents that ever happened in that part of the country, happened on the George's Creek & Cumberland railroad, running from Cumberland to Lanoconing on the 22d. Three coal trains, consisting of three locomotives, fifty-two hoppers and seventeen gondolas, all loaded, started from Cumberland about two o'clock in the afternoon, all coupled together. In going down one of the steep grades about ten miles from Cumberland, the train started down the steep incline at a fearful rate. It kept the track until it got on the trestle, when, having to reverse a curve, the front engine flew the track, dragging all the men and sixty-nine cars and locomotives after it, all rolling and tumbling down a hill between 80 and 100 feet in height, onto the tracks of the Elkhart branch of the Cumberland & Pennsylvania railroad. The loss of life is fearful. Seven dead bodies were found amid the wreck. More are missing. Each train consisted of a conductor, two brakemen, a fireman and engineer. In all fifteen human beings, not one of whom can be found alive to tell the tale. It is supposed that the other bodies are among the wreck, as they jumped to save their lives.

A TERRIBLE crime was discovered at Milwaukee on the 23d. The wife of John Seimbrick, a laborer living on Sixth street, killed her three children, the oldest seven years, and the youngest ten months, in a most brutal manner, literally cutting them to pieces, and completely disembowling them. The neighbors' attention was attracted to the scene by the woman's attempt to hang herself in an out-house. They cut her down and took her inside the house when the horrible spectacle was discovered. Mrs. Seimbrick was at once arrested. She took the arrest very calm, stating that she read to sacrifice in the good book. The woman is doubtless suffering from religious insanity. All three are girs of four years, twenty months and four months old respectively. When a reporter reached the dingy apartment where the deed was committed he beheld a terrible sight. The little bodies were nude and cut up in a terrible manner. The oldest girl had a large number of gashes made with a butcher knife all over her little body. The arms of the second girl were cut off near the shoulder. The lower extremities were so terribly mutilated that the officer turned away sick at heart.

THE JOURNAL has always favored an actual government by the people, and we have believed in doing so, so far as our form of government would allow, knowing that in due time the good sense of the American people would recast their fundamental law on this basis. The expressions of the press toward this end are not few. The Nebraska *Farmer* of a recent date, in considering the U. S. senatorial contest, remarks "right here we wish to say that we hope the time is not far distant when this farce will be done away with, and every officer in the state elected by the people. If the people are not competent to elect their representatives in the senate, then it seems that the time for a monarchial government is at hand. Postmasters, marshals and land officers should also be elected the same as state and county officers. When this is done, then will these officers pay some attention to the wishes of the people. As it is now, these offices are peddled out to the highest cash bidder, or to some political bummer, and in many instances to men who never made a respectable living outside of holding office."

THE Knox County *News* affects to think that the election of Senator Saunders to succeed himself would re-unite the different factions of the republican party in this state, but doesn't attempt to show just exactly how that event will be brought about. From any point of view we cannot see how the re-election of Mr. Saunders would be satisfactory to any section of the republican party of the state except, perhaps, that small portion to whom may be dispensed the federal appointments that may be placed at his disposal, and the JOURNAL begs leave to say that there should be some consideration of the purely public interests, once in a while.

Nebraska Legislature.

SENATE.

Previous proceedings reach to Tuesday, Jan. 23d, and this being the 24th we notice that no bill of importance has passed that body, but since our last summary, a large number of bills have been reported from committees and their passage recommended, together with a number read a second time and referred to appropriate committees.

HOUSE.

A similar routine of business that transpired in the senate occurred in the house.

Mr. Roberts introduced a preamble and resolution requesting the members of the supreme court to give their opinion as to the constitutionality of the railroad commissioner system in the state of Nebraska, which was adopted.

House bill No. 7 caused considerable discussion in committee. It provides for the sale or leasing of all school, university and agricultural college lands now owned by the state. The committee recommended its passage.

Two ballots for U. S. senator were taken, with the following results:

Saunders	15	15
Morton	3	3
Millard	16	15
Thayer	16	16
Manderson	8	8
Conner	7	4
Cowin	13	13
Stickel	9	8
Boyd	32	32

SENATE.

January 25, 1883.

A large amount of business was transacted in the senate to-day, disposing of bills as well as the introduction of new ones. Several bills were reported and recommended for passage.

HOUSE.

Similar proceedings occurred in the house with the introduction of several new bills.

Bill No. 6 relating to the amendment of section 40 of chapter 73 compiled statutes, was passed, also No. 9 relating to the importation or running at large of domestic animals affected with infectious disease.

In the house, the opinion of the judges of the supreme court on the question of the constitutionality of a roilroad commission was received and read, holding that the commission system to regulate railroads in this state as now understood would be unconstitutional.

At noon the joint convention met and proceeded to take two ballots for U. S. senator, with the following result:

Saunders	14	15
Morton	..	5
Millard	22	22
Thayer	15	15
Manderson	7	7
Conner	9	10
Cowin	12	12
Stickel	8	8
Boyd	33	31

SENATE.

January 26.

The usual routine of business, including petitions, resolutions, and the introduction of a large number of new bills, together with the recommendation from the committee of the whole, of several bills for passage.

HOUSE.

Nothing of importance out of the usual order of business, and the introduction of a few bills.

At noon the joint convention met and proceeded to take the thirteenth joint ballot for U. S. senator, with the following result: Boyd 33, Millard 19, Thayer 15, Cowin 14, Saunders 14, Stickel 14, Conner 6, Manderson 6, Morton 3, Crounse 2, Lake 2, Dye 2.

The joint convention met again Jan. 27, and balloted as follows: Boyd 27, Millard 7, Morton 3, Manderson 4, Conner 2, Cowin 9, Crounse 2, Thayer 8, Saunders 10, Stickel 10, Lake 11, Brown 1.

The ballot for senator Jan. 29th was as follows: Saunders 13, Morton 3, Millard 16, Thayer 22, Manderson 7, Cowin 10, Conner 4, Stickle 5, Boyd 23.

TELEGRAPHIC news from San Francisco under date of Jan. 23 states that as a result of the evidence taken at the inquest on the victims of the Tehichipi disaster and of inquiries by detectives, the railroad officials say that they are now convinced that the accident was not due to carelessness on the part of employes, but was the result of an attempt to rob the express car. It is known that when the train drew into the station two men were seen there, who were subsequently found dead in the wreck, and who are as yet unknown. These men, it is thought, were part of a gang that had attempted to rob the train. Their object in letting off the brakes was to get the train away from help and in a position where the express car could be robbed. Being inexperienced they lost control of the train and the accident occurred.

THE proposed law compelling teachers to attend teachers' institutes sho'd not pass. It is wrong on general principles. It rests on the assumption that those who hold a license to teach are scarcely fit to do so, and that the lacking qualifications will be supplied by a few days' attendance on a so-called teachers' institute, which is usually only a sort of third-rate school. If institutes were compelled to instruct all attendants in the art of teaching, there might be less to say against the proposed law.

LAST weeks dispatches from Dublin says the whole north of Ireland is in a most wretched condition, owing to the complete destruction of grain crops in September by the terrible tornado, and the rotting of the entire potatoe crop, caused by constant rain. In one place such general destruction prevails that twenty-two tons of Indian meal is required to keep the people barely alive. Relief is coming slowly and despair is staring everybody in the face.

That Anti-Chinese Bill.

MR. EDITOR:—Will you allow a plain man, without any political aspirations to say of the above bill "how it strikes him?" Knowing next to nothing of politics, and of national economy, and coming rather late with his say—who knows but it may do some little good.

Our country has undoubtedly, while the republican party was in power for nearly twenty years, enjoyed a good degree of prosperity, and having done so much good our party could well afford to be whipped for once. But even that licking could not have been administered to it, if it had not committed some suicidal actions. Great prosperity is apt to engender corruption. It is no shame to confess mistakes, it is a shame to deny or to justify them.

The great river and harbor steal was in my opinion one of the toadstools that sprung up from the dungheap of corruption; the pension bill was another, and last but not least in the trio was the anti-Chinese bill, which prompts me to say a few words in particular. I consider that bill as a direct slap in the face of our constitution, our free government and our free institutions. We have been boasting that our country was an asylum for all mankind—all—we may henceforth say—all, but those that we don't want, all but those we have prejudices against, all but those that some political sandlot demagogues exclude, and why? Well, Mr. Editor, your humble servant has been where the Chinese were numerous. How did he find them? What did people say about them? Terrible things! People said that they are industrious, economical, apt to do any kind of work, faithful, trusty, frugal and saving. Isn't it terrible to have such people in a commonwealth or community? Would that some other classes of citizens could have such a record! 'But they work for a song." How long will they do it? Just as long as they must; soon they will learn to "make something." Some thirty or forty years ago the same was said of Irish and German immigrants, and yet what would this country be to-day, if it was not for the inflow of the foreign element? It would not enjoy half the prosperity it rejoices in with and through them. As the Irish and the Germans and others then did the lowest and heaviest work, and thus elevated the Americans to be bosses, overseers, foremen, superintendents and contractors, so let the Chinese now come in and set as the so-called "mudsills" or "foundations," and thus elevate the other classes and the cry about them "working for a song," and robbing other laborers will cease. Uncle Sam has got work and farms enough for all. "But these Chinese won't stay," it is said, and yet some of them have established themselves as business men and do stay, and others will in the course of time as they see the wisdom of those that do stay. Is it to be wondered at that people of such an old nation, of such prejudices, of such a religion should desire to go home again, and leave a people where they—though that people claims to be the most liberal of the world—are persecuted, stigmatized as pigtails, etc., and even have laws passed against them? I predict that all their prejudices would wear away and they would gladly stay and make good citizens if they only would be allowed to, for say twenty-five years.

Even christian people have objected to the "chinese heathen" coming here. But christian people should look upon the matter in a different light. If Providence brings the Chinese here—christians ought to christianize them, and not drive off what Providence throws in their way. Finally it is urged that they carry the money away. What of that? If they have honestly earned their money, can they not do what they please with it? How many bank cashiers, city and country, and other treasurers carry millions away which they have not earned? Let the Chinese and all nations come, and earn money, and take it home, and then let our merchantmen sail over every ocean taking produce and merchandise and machinery to all nations and bring the money back to us. I have written, Mr. Editor, a longer article than I had intended, but I had to "free my mind" for once, and I hope you and all your readers will pardon the length of my article. If it should induce those that got temporarily into power to undo what their predecessors have misdone, it would accomplish more than I dare to hope. A. H.

THE U. S. senatorial contest puzzles the oldest politicians and the most skillful wire-pullers. The trouble is that there are really six different and distinct parties, and it is difficult for enough of them to coalesce to furnish the requisite number of votes. There are, the democrats, the republicans, the anti-monopoly democrats, the anti-monopoly republicans, and the anti-monopolists, pure and simple. The republicans will not probably vote for a democrat, and the democrats will not probably vote for a republican, and if there is any man can decipher the result from indications thus far (Saturday), he is more of a prophet than we have known. Conjectures are many, but in this matter they don't count.

ON Sunday, the 21st inst., the Omaha *Republican* said: "prospects for a speedy conclusion of the senatorial fight by the election of a straight republican are excellent. * * * The probability of a caucus of the 'straights' must be a satisfaction to all good republicans." It would seem from this that Freddie Nye is as unreliable when he poses as a prophet, as he is unfair in the presentation of an alleged political argument.

CHAS. C. UPTON, the late president of the defunct city bank, at Rochester, has been indicted by the grand jury for embezzlement and fraud.

Columbus Booming

KRAUSE, LUBKER & CO.

NEW GOODS!
BEST GOODS!
LOWEST PRICES!
—AT—
KRAUSE, LUBKER & CO.'S,
—DEALERS IN—
HARDWARE!
STOVES,
TINWARE, CUTLERY,
AND A FULL LINE OF
FARM IMPLEMENTS.
Pumps and Wind Mills. 34-tf

WM. BECKER,

STAPLE AND FANCY
GROCERIES!
PROVISIONS,
FRESH, CANNED AND DRIED FRUITS,
—ALSO,—
Choicest Varieties in
China, Glass and Crockery
WARE. 34-tf

HARD AND SOFT
COAL
BOSS COAL $8.50.
TAYLOR, SCHUTTE & CO. 34-tf

JACOB SCHRAM,
—DEALER IN,—
DRY GOODS
Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps,
FURNISHING GOODS AND NOTIONS
LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

THE French government has introduced bills in the Chamber of Deputies regulating efforts to create an empire or a constitutional monarchy, and urgency for the passage of the measures was voted.

NOTICE.

ROBERT UHLIG,
v.
ALEXANDER WILSON, RACHEL M. WILSON and CONRAD HILFINGER.

In District Court, Platte County, Nebraska.

THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDants will take notice that on the 29th day of January, 1883, the plaintiff herein filed his petition in the District Court of Platte county, Nebraska, against them, the prayer of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants, Alexander Wilson and Rachel M. Wilson, upon the north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section twelve (12), Township No. twenty (20), north of Range No. one (1), in Platte county, to secure the payment of a promissory note of said Alexander Wilson, dated January 28, 1879, for $325, on which there is now due the sum of $25, with interest from November 1, 1879, at 12 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st day of May, and 1st day of November of each year. Said petition also contains a prayer for the recovery of $37 90 and interest on account of money paid for taxes on said premises, and to redeem the same from tax sale in order to protect his security. Plaintiff further in said petition prays that defendants may be decreed to pay said amounts or that the said premises may be sold to satisfy the amounts found due in his favor. You are required to answer said petition by 11 th day of March, 1883.

ROBERT UHLIG, Plaintiff.
By WHITMOYER, GERRARD & POST, Attorneys. 40-4

NOTICE.

At a meeting held January 9th, 1883, the County Commissioners of Platte County, Nebraska, made the following estimate of expenses necessary for the ensuing year, to wit:

For ordinary county revenue, including the support of the poor	$ 20,000
For county bridge fund	10,000
For funding bond fund	12,000
For general bridge bond fund	8,000
For payment of interest on $100,000 railroad bonds	10,000
For county bond sinking fund	6,000
For payment of interest and 5 per cent. of principal on $15,000 Butler precinct bridge bonds	3,000
For payment of interest on $25,000 Columbus precinct railroad bonds	2,000
Total	$ 71,000

By order of County Commissioners.
JOHN STAUFFER, County Clerk.
40-5

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will offer for sale at public auction at the west front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, (said Court House being the place wherein the last term of the District Court in and for said county was holden) on the

5th day of March, 1883,

at one o'clock p. m. of said day, the following real estate, to wit: The north two-thirds of lot five (5), in block one hundred and nineteen (119), in the city of Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, taken as the property of M. H. O'Brine on an execution against said M. H. O'Brine and in favor of Biles & Bridges, issued by the Clerk of the District Court of said Platte county, and to me directed as Sheriff of said county.

Given under my hand this 11th day of December, 1882.

40-4 D. C. KAVANAUGH, Sheriff of Platte County, Nebraska.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will offer for sale at public auction at the west front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, (said Court house being the place wherein the last term of the District Court in and for Platte county was holden) on the

5th day of March, 1883,

at one o'clock p.m. of said day, the following real estate, to wit: The south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-eight (28), township seventeen (17), range one (1) west of the sixth principal meridian, in Platte county, Nebraska, taken as the property of Michael O'Hearn, on an execution against said Michael O'Hearn and in favor of Peter Klantchi, issued by the Clerk of the District Court of said Platte county, and to me directed as Sheriff of said county.

Given under my hand this 29th day of January, 1883.

40-4 D. C. KAVANAUGH, Sheriff of Platte County, Nebraska.

FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at Grand Island, Neb., Jan. 23, 1883.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court of Platte county, Nebraska, at Columbus, on March 9th, 1883, viz:

Carl J. Carlson, for the N. E. ¼ Section 18, Township 19 north of Range 4 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Frans Sadderberg, N. D. Anderson and P. W. Carlson, of St. Edwards, Boone Co., Neb., and John Blomquist, of Lookingglass, Platte County, Nebr.

40-w-5 M. B. HOXIE, Register.

NOTICE TO REDEEM.

State of Nebraska, Platte Co., ss.

F. W. Sterner, owner:

You are hereby notified that at a private sale of lands and lots for taxes on the 28th day of Feb., 1879, by the treasurer of said county, lots 1 and 2, block 222, city of Columbus, for taxes assessed on the same for the year 1875-76, in the name of F. W. Sterner, were sold to Jas. Conway on the 28th day of Feb., 1879, and that the time for redeeming said lots will expire May 5th, 1883, and unless redemption from said sale be made by said time a deed will be made to the purchaser.

38-3p JAS. CONWAY.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 31-y

J. E. MUNGER,
Undertaker and Furniture Dealer
PICTURE FRAMES AND COFFINS.
South side 11th street, two doors east of Heintz's drug store. Columbus, Neb.

ARE YOU ALWAYS DRY?
TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKERS ARE THE BEST WATER PROOF COATS.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKERS WILL NOT STICK OR PEEL.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKERS ARE NOW USED BY EVERY HORSEMAN & FARMER WHO EVER GAVE THEM A TRIAL. None genuine without this trade mark.
A. J. TOWER, Sole Mfr., Boston, Mass.
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