

THE STATE FAIR.

Some of the New Features and Special Attractions.

Gen. J. C. McBride, secretary of the board of agriculture, returned yesterday from Omaha, where he had been in attendance at the meeting of the board of managers. This morning he gave the Globe considerable information concerning the coming fair and some of its leading attractions. The fair next month will surpass in many features any other that have heretofore been held.

The great attraction, the central figure of observation, will be grand electric light. Gen. McBride, during his recent visit to the east, made a contract with the Brush Electric Light company, of Cleveland, to light the buildings and grounds. The exhibition will be open at night the same as during the day. In fact, it is claimed that the buildings will be lighter than in daytime. Each lamp has a luminous power equal to 2,000 candles. The chandelier will be run at night by these lights. The audience in the amphitheatre will be able to distinguish the horses and the colors worn by the drivers. In this connection we will mention that the same persons, a man and a woman, who appeared here in Coup's circus, will compete in the chariot races at the fair. They will drive teams of four horses abreast, and have agreed to make the run of a half-mile around the track in one minute. These races will occur on Friday and Saturday, the last two days.

Another specialty of the county fair will be the balloon ascension. Parties from Mt. Airy, Iowa, have secured the contract. An ascension will be made every evening, and special ascensions will be made two days during the week. The fish exhibits will be something new at our fairs. The state commission will have on exhibition in aquariums the different species of game fish now breeding in Nebraska waters. This will give our people who are interested in fish culture a chance to see what is being done in that direction. There will also be exhibited various kinds of fish from other states. Altogether, this exhibition will present a sight at once attractive and interesting.

Arrangements have been made to have an exhibition an aviary. It will be in an enclosure partly of wire and partly of netting. This will allow the bees to go and come from the hives, and the interested public may watch them at work, improving the shining hours. From Jefferson county there will be an exhibition of silk worms and cocoons. This will show the process of spinning the cocoons. These are exhibited by a colony of Menomonees, who have for some time been engaged in silk-worm raising. If the matter of transportation can be arranged, sixteen cars of fine stock will come from Wisconsin. This lot includes short-horn and Jersey cattle, Clydehead horses, trotting horses and hogs. This stock will be on exhibition at the Minnesota state fair, at Minneapolis, the week previous to our fair.

The celebrated Twenty-third Infantry band will furnish music. This organization is west, and needs no commendation at our hands. It is sufficient to say that this may be called an attractive feature. It will be seen that these features alone will bring a large number of people to the fair. The people of Omaha are doing all they can to make it a success. We wish also to commend the efforts of the press of that city in behalf of the fair. The Republic, especially, is making a grand effort in its behalf. With all the prospects, the people of Nebraska may feel that the coming state fair will be a grand success.—Lincoln Globe.

How It Pays.

The success of the dairy interests in any community depends upon the manner in which the farmers in general of that district conduct the business. It is true that a few farmers may take hold of it and make large profits, but where we find the general farmer carrying on the business, there it is that we also find general prosperity, indicated by the well improved farms, good houses, good barns, and the best of live stock. In such communities there are not the exception, but the rule. It is a noticeable and striking feature that in many of the poorest agricultural counties of our neighboring state, Iowa, there is more wealth than in those which boast of better soil for corn and grain. The secret of their success lies in the fact that they are engaged in dairying. Now that we have our magnificent creamery under way, it becomes necessary that an interest in the matter should be created among the farmers in order that it may prove of the greatest ultimate benefit to the county. Surely none can doubt that there is a large profit accruing from the enterprise after reading a few such practical results as the following, that are but samples of what has been achieved by hundreds of Iowa farmers, and which may be accomplished equally as well by Nebraska dairymen:

George Acres, of Manchester, received for the milk of 18 cows for 11 months of 1880, \$1,022.68, or an average of \$57.36. Wm. Mean, of same town, received

\$882.73, average \$55.17 for the year, for 16 cows.

Sly Brothers got for milk from 20 cows, for the month of October, \$143.53, or \$7.17 per cow.

Henry Brown, from 6 cows for same month got \$40.78 or \$6.79.

E. Rolf, of Strawberry Point, made from 5 native cows, in 1880, butter which sold for \$274, or \$54.80 per cow—with the calves and sour milk extra.

George Blackberry, of Ward's Corners, milked 40 cows and raised 44 calves, made \$2,140 out of butter and pork, or \$53.50 per cow, besides calves.

M. Lee, of Mahaska county, who had been a stock raiser, his second year of dairying netted \$55.56 per head, for his cows.

Wm. Campbell, with 50 cows on a quarter section, netted, in 1880, \$2,000. He had been a stock raiser previously, and now finds dairying to pay more than double the profit.

He reports that there were shipped from the small station at Manchester, 104,293 pounds of butter during the month of January. The butter of Iowa is shipped each week.—Fremont Tribune.

The Odd Moments.

In almost every life there are moments of waiting, when there is nothing particular to be done. In some cases these may be properly improved by rest, so that our work, when it comes, may be better done. In many instances, however, these odd moments may be best improved by having something to do—a book to read or some light labor to perform.

It is surprising how much may be done by using a few moments at a time. Of course, they cannot properly be used for all purposes, since there are some duties which require continued application for a long time. There are, however, many kinds of light labor and many subjects of study which may be followed quite successfully by taking only a few moments at a time.

It is said Eilith Burritt, who was known for many years as "the learned blacksmith," was in the habit, when an apprentice-boy, of having a grammar of English or some other language fastened before him on the chimney of the forge, so that while he was blowing the bellows he could get an occasional glimpse of his book.

Ben Johnson, a celebrated poet, who lived over two hundred years ago, was in early life a bricklayer. It is said that he always carried a book in his pocket, and, while waiting for the laborer to bring him mortar or brick, he improved the odd moments in studying his book.

Let our young friends try the experiment, and they will be surprised to see how much can be done by rightly using a few moments at a time. You need not take time from sleep to do this. Have a time for everything, and what you do, do thoroughly, whether it be sleeping, eating, working or playing; for all these are, in their respective places, right.—S. S. Classmate.

Topics of the Times.

We never have been able to understand why railroad companies should charge so much more for carrying a man from Omaha to Chicago or San Francisco than they charge for shipping a steer or a barrel of flour over the same distance.—Bee.

The man wants to travel about twice as fast, for one reason. Speed is money. The man wants a cushioned seat to sit on and one to put his feet on, a rack for his satchel, a glass window to look through, a few extra seats to play seven-up on, an extra car to smoke in, a special car for his baggage, a man to see that he pays his fare, or kick him off if he don't, and so many other things that it makes it more expensive. If a barrel of flour gets broke up, about six dollars will pay the damage. If a man gets smashed his heirs wouldn't look at a check for less than \$5,000. Flour and steers always pay their fare, and never travel on passes. They are modest, quiet and unassuming. They never try to run the road, nor beat it. They do not demand palace cars to ride in. Let the Bee man figure on the business, and he can see.—Lincoln Journal.

The Wife.—When prospects are clouded by the dark shadows of anguish, and the world seems, in a moment of wretched forgetfulness, like a barren desert, what bliss in the thought that there is one being who will sympathize with our sorrow, and cheer us with the tenderest affection. When those who set up as idols in the temple of friendship and esteem shall basely desert the post of honor and integrity, it is not happiness to have one who looks fondly as ever on our fortune, and loves with a purity and warmth unknown to the most sacred friendship?

A Widower.

A Western man having lost his wife, a sympathizing friend remarked upon his woe-begone appearance. "Well, I guess you would look thin, too," was the melancholy rejoinder, "if you had to get up before daylight, make the fires, draw water, split wood, and feed the cattle before breakfast. I tell you what it is, if I don't get some one to fill his place, I shall be reinstated by her side before many weeks."

A Double-Barreled Joke.

The other evening, round at McGovern's saloon the boys were putting up an elaborate practical joke on somebody, and they asked old Capt. Skiddy, who had just happened in to take a hand.

"No, gentleman," said that estimable old citizen, decisively; "you don't catch me taking part in practical jokes. I went out of that business for good over ten years ago."

"How's that," asked the group of beer exterminators.

"Well, it was in the winter of '70, maybe '71. I was living in Davenport, Iowa, and a man came 'round giving balloon ascensions. One day it was advertised that the mayor of the town was going up with him. Now, the mayor was a big, fat man, who always wore a light suit of clothes and a white hat. This put me in the notion of working off a joke on the people. I got acquainted with the aeronaut, and he agreed to assist me in the scheme. We then got an old suit of light clothes and fixed up a dummy, which we filled with sand, so that it weighed about 200, and would, therefore, drop straight and heavy like a man. The day of the ascension there was over 30,000 people on the ground, and the excitement was very great, as there was a slight wind blowing at the time. After the balloon got up about a mile, and maybe that far south of town, they dropped the dummy out."

"Big sensation, then eh?"

"Well, I should say so. But that's just where I lost my grip. While the crowd was shouting and going wild with horror, I just laid down on the ground, rolled over and laughed till I was sick."

"Should think the crowd would have taken a tumble, too," suggested the audience.

"But just wait. Of course the crowd made a break out of town to scrape up the remains, and I rushed home to get my fishing tackle, for it struck me that the most healthy thing I could do was to go fishing for a few days. Before I left the house, however, I was arrested for murder."

"For Murder?"

"Exactly. A lot of the boys, accompanied by the sheriff, rushed in and collared me. They claimed that the dummy had fallen on a farmer and driven his skull clear into the heels of his boots. They said that the balloonist had turned state's evidence, and that the chances were I'd be hung by a mob before night."

"That was rough."

"Well, so I thought. I was just scared plum to death, and I begged the boys to stand by and protect me. I ponied up \$50 for legal expenses, and they hid me in the garret of a neighbor's house. They kept me there ten blessed days, and there wasn't a day but they struck me for a twenty or two for contingencies. One night the whole gang came around full of beer—on my money, mind you—and said they had concluded as additional precaution to hide me in the hollow of an old oak tree about three miles out of the woods."

I saw through the whole business then, and drove 'em out with a club. It was a clear case of bitter bit, I know, but they never let up calling me 'Dummy Skiddy' after that, until they actually run me out of town, and I had to emigrate to this jumping off place of creation, and the Captain shook his head with a disgusted air as he paid for his Hot Scotch and walked out.—San Francisco Post.

The Soldiers Re-union.

The second annual re-union of Nebraska veterans under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic takes place at Lincoln during September, beginning on the 5th and continuing until the 10th.

The first Reunion, held at Central City last year although gotten up under many disadvantages was on the whole a success. It brought together hundreds of comrades who had fought together in the same regiments very many of them side by side in the same companies but who up to that time did not know that there was another man in Nebraska whom they knew during the war.

Many old and pleasant acquaintances were once more renewed, old time recollections were freshened by social intercourse and for a few days the most pleasant features of a soldier's life were lived over again. Hundreds of sturdy farmers came to the re-union in their farm wagons, accompanied by their wives and children, who were thus enabled to see the sunny side of soldiering in camp. The camp fire stories were very interesting and often very pathetic when men recited their terrible sufferings in the rebel prison pens.

One of the advantages of the re-union was the military spirit which it infused into the young men who had never seen active service. It is well that the memories of the last war should be cherished and that Young America should be inspired with the patriotic spirit of their fathers.

The coming re-union at Lincoln promises to be much larger than that at Central City. The majority of our farmers are in better financial condition than they were a year ago. Most of those who attended the last re-union will doubtless be there and

thousands who were not able to attend last year will be present at Lincoln in September. Preparations on a very large scale are being made by the people of Lincoln, and accommodations will be furnished for 60,000 people. Many of the prominent generals of the war, from Gen. Grant down to Ben. Butler, have been invited, and some of them will surely be present. Every effort will be put forth by the Grand Army to make the occasion interesting and memorable.

Nebraska probably contains, in proportion to her population, more ex-veterans of the Union Army than any other state, and every veteran who can should not fail to be present at the coming re-union.—Omaha Bee.

We took a trip to St. Paul, Neb., last week and noted some items on the way. St. Paul is a flourishing young town near the junction of the North and Middle Loup valleys and is surrounded for many miles by valley and bench lands making an excellent location for a town. It is the county seat of Howard county, and has grown rapidly since it was reached by the U. P. Co's branch railroad. It has at present a large trade from the upper Loup valleys, which it will hold as long as it is the terminus of the railroad, during which time it will undoubtedly establish itself on a firm basis. One remarkable feature of this town is that it has two well patronized newspapers, the Free Press and the Phonograph, both having a circulation of over 500, whereas the population of town is not over 600. The Free Press is printed on a first-class power press which is run by steam. This is genuine enterprise in a town so new and so small.

An interesting law suit was in progress while we were there—interesting because it was an action brought against a druggist for a violation of the provisions of the Slocumb bill. No intimation was given in the complaint of what part of the act was violated; but when proof had been made of the defendant's having sold liquor on or about June 5th, and that he did not obtain his permit until the 17th of June, the attorneys for the state moved that the jury be dismissed and the prisoner bound over for appearance at the next term of the district court for selling liquor without a permit. He made his application for a permit as soon as the law passed into effect, and obtained it as soon as possible under the provisions of the act, and we think it will be a little difficult to find a jury that will convict him.—Schuyler News.

Education.

Education is its broadest sense, is undoubtedly the main business of youth. Theirs is the season of preparation for a future life of action. But we are too apt to regard school and study as the whole of education, whereas it is but a part, and is valuable only as it is made to contribute to the general fund. Often the very best way to prepare to do anything is to begin to do it. Practice makes perfect, and facility in anything is gained chiefly by continual exercise in it. As life consists largely of work, it would seem to be the path of wisdom to accustom the boy and girl to take some regular share in it suitable their years that they may not, upon entering their real business, stand aghast and overwhelmed at the multitude of claims which they are powerless to fulfill. The true end of all culture is to develop efficiency in action and nobleness of character and the acquisition of knowledge, though important as one means, can never, by itself, produce either of these. It must be vitalized by individual thought and utilized by personal action before it can put real value into one's life, or produce anything like an abundant harvest. These processes should go on simultaneously.

Prof. Stone, of Cincinnati, says the comet has "convulsed." And no wonder. If the professor could have witnessed the sights enjoyed by the comet—could have seen the oscillatory actions of the young couples who sat up until 2 a. m., under the pretense of looking at the celestial tramp, he would have been "convulsed" too.

One hundred and eight men were lynched in Arkansas last year, and Texas is awfully jealous of the reputation her rival has achieved thereby. Both states "understand the ropes" pretty well, and Texas no doubt will win the belt this year.

We should manage our fortune as we do our health—enjoy it when good, be patient when it is bad, and never apply violent remedies except in extreme necessity.

A child's heart responds to the tones of its mother's voice like a harp to the wind.

England supports 509,518 paupers. This averages one to every twenty-five persons.

When the loved one is absent, every beautiful thing seems her shadow.

WILLIAM RYAN, DEALER IN KENTUCKY WHISKIES. Wines, Ales, Cigars and Tobacco. Schilz's Milwaukee Beer constantly on hand. ELEVENTH ST., COLUMBUS, NEB.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

C. H. VAN WYCK, U. S. Senator, Nebraska City. ALVIN SANDERS, U. S. Senator, Omaha. T. J. MAJORS, Rep., Peru. E. K. VALENTINE, Rep., West Point.

STATE DIRECTORY: ALBION NANCE, Governor, Lincoln. S. J. Alexander, Secretary of State. John Wallis, Auditor, Lincoln. J. M. Bartlett, Treasurer, Lincoln. C. J. Dilworth, Attorney-General. W. W. Jones, Supt. Public Instruc. E. Mahoes, Warden of Penitentiary. C. H. Gould, Prison Inspectors. J. O. Carter, Prison Physician. H. P. Matthews, Supt. Insane Asylum.

JUDICIAL: S. Maxwell, Chief Justice. George B. Lake, Associate Judges. Amasa Cobb, Fourth Judicial District. G. W. Post, Judge, York. M. B. Reese, District Attorney, Wahoo.

LAND OFFICERS: M. B. Hoxie, Register, Grand Island. Wm. Anyan, Receiver, Grand Island.

COUNTY DIRECTORY: J. G. Higgins, County Judge. John Stauffer, County Clerk. J. W. Earlick, Treasurer. Benj. Spielman, Surveyor. R. L. Rossiter, Surveyor. John Wise, County Commissioner. Joseph Rivet, Dr. A. Heintz, Coroner. J. E. Montreiff Supt. of Schools. C. J. Bailey, Justice of the Peace. Byron Millett, Justice of the Peace. Charles Wake, Constable.

CITY DIRECTORY: J. R. Meagher, Mayor. H. J. Hudson, Clerk. John F. Wermuth, Treasurer. Geo. G. Bowman, Police Judge. L. J. Cramer, Engineer.

COUNCILMEN: 1st Ward—John Rickly, G. A. Schroeder. 2d Ward—L. Lamb, I. Clark. 3d Ward—J. Rasmussen, A. A. Smith.

Columbus Post Office. Open on Sundays from 11 a. m. to 12 m. and from 4:30 to 6 p. m. Business hours except Sunday 6 a. m. to 8 p. m. Eastern mails close at 11 a. m. Western mails close at 4:15 p. m. Mail leaves Columbus for Lost Creek, Genoa, St. Edwards, Albion, Plattsmouth, Humphrey, Mason and Norfolk, every day (except Sundays) at 4:30 p. m. Arrives at 10:55. For Shell Creek and Creston, on Mondays and Fridays, 7 a. m., returning at 7 p. m., same days. For Alexis, Patron and David City, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 1 p. m. Arrives at 12 m. For Conkling, Tuesdays and Saturdays 7 a. m. Arrives 6 p. m., same days.

U. P. TIME TABLE. Eastward Bound. Emigrant, No. 8, leaves at 6:25 a. m. Passenger, " " " " 11:06 a. m. Freight, " " " " 2:15 p. m. Freight, " " " " 4:30 a. m. Westward Bound. Freight, No. 5, leaves at 2:00 p. m. Passenger, " " " " 4:27 p. m. Freight, " " " " 6:00 p. m. Emigrant, " " " " 1:30 a. m. Every day except Saturdays the three lives leading to Chicago connect with U. P. trains at Omaha. On Saturdays there will be but one train a day, as shown by the following schedule:

B. & M. TIME TABLE. Leaves Columbus, 8:20 a. m. Bellwood, 8:50 " " " " 9:15 " " " " 9:31 " " " " 9:55 " " " " 10:30 " " " " 10:46 " " " " 11:00 " " " " 11:18 " " " " 11:37 " " " " Arrives at Lincoln, 12:00 p. m. Leaves Lincoln at 12:00 p. m. and arrives in Columbus 4:10 p. m.

O. N. & B. H. ROAD. Time Schedule No. 1. To take effect June 2, '81. For the government and information of employees only. The Company reserves the right to vary the schedule at pleasure. Trains daily, Sundays excepted.

Outward Bound. Inward Bound. Columbus 4:30 p. m. Norfolk 7:25 a. m. Lost Creek 5:21 " " Munson 7:47 " " Pl. Centre 5:42 " " Madison 8:26 " " Humphrey 5:25 " " Humphrey 9:05 " " Pl. Centre 9:48 " " Munson 7:43 " " Lost Creek 10:09 " " Norfolk 8:04 " " Columbus 10:55 " "

ALBION BRANCH. Columbus 4:45 p. m. Albion 7:43 a. m. Lost Creek 8:31 " " St. Edwards 8:30 " " Genoa 6:16 " " Genoa 9:14 " " St. Edwards 9:00 " " Lost Creek 9:39 " " Albion 7:47 " " Columbus 10:45 " "

SOCIETY NOTICES. Cards under this heading will be inserted for \$3 a year.

G. A. R.—Baker Post No. 9, Department of Nebraska, meets every second and fourth Tuesday evening in each month in Knights of Honor Hall, Columbus.

JOHN HAMMOND, P. C. D. W. DAWSON, Adjt. H. P. BOWEN, Searg. Maj.

FARMERS, YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE Grand Opening!

ELLIOTT & LUERS' MAMMOTH IMPLEMENT HOUSE (Morrissey & Klock's old stand on Olive Street.)

Where you find one of the largest and best stocks of Farming Implements kept in Columbus. We handle nothing but the best machinery in the market, such as the following:

Buckeye Harvesters REAPERS AND MOWERS, Tinoco Buggies and Spring Wagons, FARM WAGONS, SULKY PLOWS, STIRRING PLOWS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, CORN PLANTERS,

PERCEVAL LOWELL, General Truck Agent, OMAHA, NEB. 590-7

THROUGH TICKETS AT Lowest Rates in force in the State, as well as full and reliable information required, can be had upon application to B. & M. R. R. Agents at any of the principal stations, or to

PERCEVAL LOWELL, General Truck Agent, OMAHA, NEB. 590-7

THE SPACE IS RESERVED FOR GREISEN BROS., Boots and Shoes.

FARMERS! BE OF GOOD CHEER. Let not the low prices of your products discourage you, but rather limit your expenses to your resources. You can do so by stopping at the new home of your fellow farmer, where you can find good accommodations cheap. For hay for team for one night and day, 25 cts. A room furnished with a cook stove and bunk, in connection with the stable free. Those wishing can be accommodated at the house of the undersigned at the following rates: Meals 25 cents beds 10 cts. J. B. SENEAL, 1/2 mile east of Gerrard's Corral

Wagon Material. GLASS, PAINT, ETC., ETC. Corner 11th and Olive Sts. COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA.

GO EAST! NORTH-EAST OR SOUTH-EAST. B. & M. R. R. This Road together with the C. B. & Q. which is called THE BURLINGTON ROUTE! Forms the most complete line between Nebraska points and all points East of Missouri River. Passengers taking this line cross the Mo. River at Plattsmouth over the

Plattsmouth Steel Bridge, which has lately been completed. Through Day Coaches, Pullman Sleeping Cars. ARE RUN TO Burlington, Peoria, Chicago and St. Louis. Where close connections are made in Union Depots for all points North, East and South. Trains by this route start in Nebraska and are therefore free from the various accidents which so frequently delay trains coming through from the mountains, and passengers are thus sure of making good connections when they take the B. & M. route east.

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JOHN WIGGINS.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in HARDWARE, IRON, TINWARE, NAILS, ROPE, Wagon Material.

STOVES.

IRON, TINWARE.

NAILS, ROPE.

Wagon Material.

GLASS, PAINT, ETC., ETC.

Corner 11th and Olive Sts.

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COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA.

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

OVER A MILLION OF PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PADS.

Have already been sold in this country and in France; every one of which has given perfect satisfaction, and has performed cures every time when used according to directions. We now say to the afflicted and doubting ones that we will pay the above reward for a single

CASE OF LAME BACK. That the Pad fails to cure. This Great Remedy will POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY cure Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetsis, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, High Coloured Urine, Pain in the Back, Side or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs whether contracted by private diseases or otherwise.

LADIES, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhoea, or any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, or Urinary Organs, YOU CAN BE CURED! Without swallowing nauseous medicines by simply wearing

PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD. Which cures by absorption. Ask your druggist for PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, or if he has not got it, send \$2.00 and you will receive the Pad by return mail.

TESTIMONIALS FROM THE PEOPLE. JUDGE BUCHANAN, Lawyer, F. edo, O., says:—"One of Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pads cured me of Lumbago in three weeks' time. My case had been given up by the best Doctors as incurable. During all this time I suffered untold agony and paid out large sums of money. In fact the Pads give better general satisfaction than any Kidney remedy we ever sold."

"SQUIRE N. C. SCOTT, Sylvania, O., writes:—"I have been a great sufferer for 15 years with Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. For weeks at a time was unable to get out of bed; took barrels of medicine, but they did me no temporary relief. I wore two of Prof. Guilmette's Kidney Pads six weeks, and I now know I am entirely cured."

"MRS. HELEN JEROME, Toledo, O., says:—"For years I have been confined, a great part of the time to my bed, with Leucorrhoea and female weakness. I wore one of Guilmette's Kidney Pads and was cured in one month."

"H. B. GREEN, Wholesale Grocer, Findlay, O., writes:—"I suffered for 25 years with lame back, and in three weeks was permanently cured by wearing one of Prof. Guilmette's Kidney Pads."

"B. F. KESSELING, M. D., Druggist, Logansport, Ind., when sending in an order for Kidney Pads, writes:—"I wore one of the first ones we had and I received more benefit from it than anything I ever used. In fact the Pads give better general satisfaction than any Kidney remedy we ever sold."