

**LEGISLATURE.**  
**Bills Introduced During the Sixteenth Session of the Nebraska Legislature.**  
IN THE HOUSE.  
Broach. Providing a system of revenue.  
Root. Providing a system of revenue.  
Schick. Providing for the deficiency in the salaries of the stenographic reporters of the several judicial districts.  
Fredericks. Providing for the organization and defining the powers of cities.  
Slocumb. Apportioning and districting the state for legislative purposes.  
Montgomery. Amending the general election laws.  
Brown. Providing the admission of David Hall to the House of Representatives from Nance county.  
Ransom. Providing for the amendment of the statutes, sections 73, 74 and 75, chapter 42.  
Schick. Providing for the amendment of section 986, civil procedure, of the statutes.  
Howe. Providing for districting the state into judicial districts and providing for the officers therein.  
Schick. Authorizing the construction of a bridge on the Missouri river at Brownville, and lay railway track on same.  
Whedon. Amending section 117 of an act entitled an act to establish a criminal code.  
Jackson. Amending section 23 of an act entitled an act to provide a system of revenue.  
Abbott. Amending section 1 of an act to incorporate cities of the first class.  
Abbott. Amending section 1 of an act entitled an act to provide for the organization, government and power of cities and villages.  
Reed. To provide for township organization.  
Ayer. To assent to and accept the provisions of congress entitled an act for the relief of certain settlers within the late Fort Kearney military reservation in Nebraska.  
Putney. Amending section 22 of chapter 19 of the Revised Statutes of 1896, entitled "fees."  
Filly. To make railroad, canal, bridge and ditching companies and persons responsible for material furnished and labor performed.  
Slocumb. To compel the attendance of school children between the ages of eight and sixteen years.  
Broach. For an act granting the consent of the state of Nebraska to the purchase or lease by the United States of certain lands for the purpose of erecting military storehouse thereon.  
Helms. Providing for paying officers for services in case of felony or misdemeanor.  
Windham. To legalize and regulate dissections in the state of Nebraska.  
Whedon. To authorize the governor to relinquish all claims of the state to the north half of the southeast quarter section 4, town 9, range 7 east.  
Ziegler. Amending sections 6 and 75 of an act to amend chapter 47, Revised Statutes, entitled "roads," approved March, 1879.  
Ransom. To repeal sections 39 and 41 of chapter 43, Revised Statutes, 1865.  
Broach. To promote and encourage immigration to the state of Nebraska.  
Mickey. To amend section 40 of chapter 61 of Revised Statutes, entitled real estate.  
Sears. Authorizing the qualified electors of this state to vote for the removal of the state government.  
Hall. Amending an act entitled an act to establish a system of public instruction for the state of Nebraska approved February 15, 1869.  
Broach. For an act requiring a compliance with the provisions of section 54, of an act entitled an act concerning counties and county officers.  
McDougall. To destroy and stop the further spread of snowflakes in the state of Nebraska.  
McDougall. Memorial and joint resolution relative to unjust discrimination and excessive freight charged by railroad companies.  
Mickey. To reimburse the general fund of the state treasury with amounts drawn therefrom and expended for the State University, under the provisions of an act making appropriations for the current expenses of the government for the years ending March 31, 1880, and March 31, 1881, approved February 22, 1879, being a transfer of the university fund to the general fund.  
Roberts. To regulate fees and salaries.  
Mickey. To authorize the county commissioners of Polk county to use \$4,200 of the county sinking fund for building a court house.  
Hostetter. To amend article 10, section 69, of the laws of 1877, entitled an act to provide for the organization, government and powers of cities and villages.  
Montgomery. To appropriate funds for the purpose of providing seed, grain and feed for citizens of this state, and to provide for the sale and distribution of the same.  
Jackson. To amend section 586 of chapter 53 of the criminal code of the general statutes of Nebraska, entitled, license and sale of liquor.  
Schick. To amend section 4 of an act entitled an act to authorize certain county and municipal officers to purchase real estate at tax sales, approved Feb. 27, 1879.

Whedon. Concerning official bonds and oaths.  
Whedon. For the relief of Geo. W. Hoagland.  
King. To provide a revenue for bridges.  
Graham. To submit to the electors a proposed amendment to the constitution.  
Reed. To authorize precincts, townships and towns to vote bonds to aid works of internal improvement and repeal section 7 of chapter 35 of the general statutes, entitled "internal improvements."  
Wells. To amend the sixth provision of section 25 of an act entitled an act concerning counties and county officers, approved March 1, 1879.  
Brown. To establish a state normal school at the town of Albion, Boone county, state of Nebraska, and to provide for the support thereof.  
Slocumb. To provide for the sale of the saline lands and the development of the saline interests of the state of Nebraska.  
Windham. Authorizing cities to fund their indebtedness.  
Mullen. To remove the State University to Omaha.  
Slocumb. Amending section 23 of chapter 17 of the general statutes of Nebraska, entitled descendants.  
Schick. To authorize counties, precincts, townships or towns, cities or villages or school districts to compromise their indebtedness and issue new bonds therefor.  
Lamb. To amend sections 25, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 43, 51, 56, 57, 73, 74, 75, 78, 79, 94, 95, 139, and to repeal sections 141, 150, 151 and 152 of an act concerning county officers, approved March, 1879.  
Action of the senate on the bill introduced by Mr. Turner to amend the act to protect cultivated lands from trespass by stock, was the other day considered in committee of the whole. The text of this bill is as follows:  
"That section 8 of an act entitled an act to protect cultivated lands from trespass by stock" approved March 8, 1874, be amended to read as follows:  
"Section 8, cultivated lands within the meaning of this act shall include all forest trees, fruit trees and hedge rows planted on said lands; also all lands surrounded by a plowed strip not less than one rod in width, which strip shall be kept in a plowed condition free from grass and weeds."  
Senator Tefft moved an amendment substituting "ten feet" for one rod.  
Senator Doane made a motion to strike out all that portion of the bill after the words "on said lands." These amendments caused a prolonged discussion; Senator Doane claiming that any such bill as this would work incalculable injury to the cattle interest. He said that under this act, any owner of land could take up stock which happened to cross an imaginary line upon the prairie, take the law into their own hands and virtually confiscate the cattle. He believed that this law conferred upon the owners of grass lands much more than they had ever asked for and had been denied by the supreme court; that it would cause trouble among neighbors and that it would be detrimental to the interests of the whole state.  
Senator Pierce said there is now no protection for the grass lands and they are in many cases as valuable as cultivated lands. They should have their hay protected as well as their grain.  
Senator Turner thought every man should be protected in acquiring property and if he chose to make money by raising grass and hay, cattle should not be allowed to come in and destroy his property.  
Senator Tefft said he would not insist upon his amendment, but he did insist that cattle owners are or should be as much liable for damage upon grass lands as any other. One man might devote his time and capital to producing timber, another might want to raise cabbages and a third apples. All these should be protected and so should the man who raised hay.  
Senator Myers spoke upon both sides of the bill and asked to be excused from voting. He said the bill would benefit the eastern part of the state, but would be prejudicial to the west, and if compelled to vote he would be for the eastern part, where he lived.  
Senator Doane, by consent, added to his amendment, the following, "and insert in the place of the last clause, 'and for all damages which may be sustained by the trespass of stock upon other than the cultivated lands, the owner of the land may have civil action.'"  
Senator Doane's amendment was lost.  
Mr. Doane then moved to amend by making the plowed strip "three feet." Lost.  
Mr. Doane moved to insert "on all lands on which at least, one acre shall be plowed in each 160 acres. Lost.  
Senator Tefft's amendment was then voted upon and lost.  
Senator Doane moved to amend by making the last clause read, "shall be plowed once a year," Carried.  
The bill was referred back from the committee of the whole with the recommendation that it do pass.  
A bill to allow Polk county \$4,200 of the sinking fund to erect a court house, but submitting the question first to a vote of the people, has passed the house.  
A bill providing that all cities now governed as cities of the first class and all cities of more than 25,000 inhabitants shall be governed by provisions of the act entitled "Cities of the first class." Passed the house.  
Also a bill providing that all cities and villages of more than 1,500 and less than 2,500 inhabitants shall be considered cities of the second class, unless they shall adopt a village government.  
Senator Turner introduced a resolution requiring the clerk of the supreme court to inform the senate what fees have been collected and retained by him, either as clerk of said court or as state librarian, in addition to the salary allowed by law. Adopted without debate.  
[For the JOURNAL.]  
**Orphan's Claims Above all Others.**  
BY A. HENRICH.  
King Alfred, the great, ruled over England from 871 to 901. His wars with the Danes, his wanderings, his escapes and his deliverances have made him a renowned and beloved hero in the eyes of the Britons. Some fine traits of character and many noble deeds are related of him. The following is very touching:  
One day the King sat upon his throne, surrounded by the nobility of his realm; only one seat was empty—that of the Earl of Holderness. Upon inquiry Alfred was informed that the Earl and his wife were dead. At the same time the great warrior Wulph approached the King, asking that the estate of the deceased might be decreed to him. But wise Thurston, another nobleman, said: "Not so, my King! It will be more just to give it to me, because my wisdom has done more at the court of the Danes than Wulph's strength and bravery." While Thurston was yet speaking a pale-looking woman pressed thro' the crowd, leading a beautiful flax-haired little boy before the King. "My gracious King," she said, "I ask for justice for this boy, the only child of the deceased Earl of Holderness and his Lady Alice. He has no father to defend him, no mother to care for him, but is a friendless orphan. He expects protection from the King. His claims are those of an orphan. O, King! remember them."  
One of the nobles interrupted the woman: "What are the claims of the child here? What can a child do for the King? In these hard times, when the Danes are pressing us from all sides, the King needs strong and brave men to fight for him. What can that small boy do to rescue and protect the country?" "saith he in a contemptuous tone." But the little child with his great blue eyes fixed earnestly upon the speaker said: "I can pray to the great God in heaven!"  
The King was pleased with the boy and with the boy's words. Solemnly he said to his nobles: "The King will know how to reward his friends who stand by him in trouble in a kindly and ample manner, but the estate of the Earl of Holderness belongs to this child. His claim is that of an orphan and such go before all other claims. His father is the great God in heaven!"  
Great words of a great King.  
**Sentiments.**  
Conscientious sincerity is friendly to tolerance.  
Guilt, once harbored in the conscious breast, intimidates the brave, degrades the great.  
It is in our power to confine our friendships and intimacies to men of virtue.  
One murder makes a villain, millions, a hero.  
The evil that men do lives after them.  
Who would lose, though full of pain, this intellectual being, those thoughts that wander through eternity?  
Hope thinks nothing difficult; despair tells us that difficulty is insurmountable.  
American institutions guarantee to citizens all the privileges essential to freedom.  
Man is continually insecure, not only of the good things of this life, but even of life itself.  
All power of fancy over reason is a degree of insanity.  
Useful and inoffensive animals have a claim to our tenderness, and it is honorable to our nature to befriend them.  
Men always hate those whom they have once injured.  
Conscience is an eternal memory.  
Moderate labor of the body conduces to the preservation of health, and cures many initial diseases.  
What is most excellent is most inimitable.  
In matters of great concern, and which must be done, there is no surer argument of a weak mind than irresolution; to be undetermined where the case is so plain, and the necessity so urgent.  
Immodest words admit of no defence; For want of decency is want of sense.  
The proper work of man, the grand drift of human life, is to follow reason, that noble spark kindled in us from heaven.  
A Chinese maxim says the best cure for drunkenness is, white sober, and observe a drunken man.

Passion is the drunkenness of the mind.  
Modesty is the appendage of sobriety, and is to chastity, to temperance, and to humility, as the fringes are to a garment.  
To admit a truth is one thing, to realize it another.  
He who fixes upon false principles trembles upon infirm ground, and so sinks; and he who fails in his deductions from right principles stumbles upon firm ground, and so falls.  
**Female Suffrage.**  
Hon. E. M. Correll has introduced a bill to strike out the word "male" from the Nebraska constitution. This is right, and although some think it is premature, the *Globe* does not. If it is right, and we believe it is, for women to have the privilege of voting, then the sooner it is given them the better it will be for the state. That it would correct many existing abuses, that it would bring an element of purity and morality into our political institutions, and that it would appreciate the standard of intelligence and education possessed by electors, is a certainty. That it would be an act of justice must be admitted by every man who has honor enough not to steal. In Wyoming the women have been granted this privilege, and the school sections in a larger number of the States and in Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas at least, she may hold important county offices. The oldtime prejudice is fast dying out and the time is not far distant when the female who is taxed equally with the male, shall have the same right to say who she wants to collect and assess taxes. Now is the time for Nebraska to step into the front rank of States and give to one-half of the human race within her borders that which rightly belongs to them.—*Lincoln Globe.*

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