THE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1879.

A. & N. v. Gould.

To refute misrepresentations, the President of the A. & N. was addressed, and the following telegram received:

"BOSTON, June 9, '79.
Received at 9:12 a. m. To S. B. Galey, Columbus, Neb.
The Atchison & Nebraska road is not sold to Gould or his friends, and negotiations are not pending with the view of disposing of the road or control of it to Gould or any other person.
NATHANIEL THAYER, Pres't."

GARIBALDI is pronounced seriously ill.

A HEAVY shock of earthquake was felt in Bermuda. No lives lost.

SEWARD county endorses the A. & N. bonds by the following vote: 1400 for, and 400 against.

THE steamer Devonshire, from Philadelphia to London, lost 155 head of cattle in a gale.

MARRIAGE is projected between the Crown Prince, of Sweden, and Princess Victoria, of Baden.

THE Iowa prohibitory liquor law has been held to be consitutional by the Supreme Court of the State.

THE new craters of Ætna form a vast abyss in the side of the mountain, from which eruptions continue unceasingly.

THE German Catholic convention recently in session at Newark, N. J., selected St. Louis for the next place of meeting.

FOUR nihilist conspirators were hanged the other day at Kief, Russia. Thousands of people witnessed the execution.

GEN. JAMES SHIELDS, late United States senator from Missouri, died suddenly at Ottumwa, Iowa, on the evening of the 1st.

IT is announced that Edward Pettit, the boy that was so badly hurt at the Omaha driving park recently, will soon be as well as ever.

POPE, the bigamist, tried the other day at Lincoln, got the full penalty of the law,—seven years at hard labor in the penitentiary.

ON the 7th inst., warrants were issued for the arrest of Kellog's witnesses for testifying falsely before the committee on privileges and elections.

A TRAMP in New York attacked the widow of farmer Winegar. She was so frightened that she died instantly. A lynching party went in pursuit of the tramp.

SECRETARY MCCRARY has been nominated by the President for U. S. Circuit Judge for the eighth circuit, to succeed Judge Dillon, who has tendered his resignation.

GOULD is reported as saying, once upon a time, to a rival, that he could fight him as long as he lived, because he had a railroad in Nebraska that was bringing him in an immense revenue.

THE St. James Hotel and Mrs. Jahn's establishment, on Tenth street, Omaha, were entered the other night, and several guests were relieved of their watches, chains and some money.

CHAS. FUHRMAN, of Omaha, charged with bigamy, was arrested the other day, and judging from the facts it appears to be a plain case against him, as both wives live in the city of Omaha.

JOHN BLAN was hanged on the 6th at St. Charles, Mo., for the murder of Elijah Warren. He confessed his guilt, and said whisky and bad company was the cause, and warned all to shun both.

THE steamer China sailed the other day for China. Among the passengers were seventeen Chinese lepers, who had been inmates of the pest house, and were shipped by order of the supervisors.

THREE men dressed in black entered the house of Thos. Murray, at Fort Omaha, on the night of the 6th and demanded his money or his life. They obtained about five hundred dollars in money and made their escape.

WE learn from Tuscon, Arizona, under date of the 6th, that a band of Indians from the San Carlos reservation have been marauding the country for three weeks. They have killed five men and run off considerable stock.

BARON NATHAN M. ROTHSCHILD the famous banker of the great firm of Rothschild, is dead. He was a Hebrew in faith, and remarkable for his great benevolence. As a financier he scarcely had an equal. Peace to his silent dust.

LEWIS S. MILLER, aged 15, of Robertsville, Md., on the 5th shot and killed Charles Morris, about the same age. Miller had been called nicknames by some boys, and procured a musket, loaded it, followed the boys and shot Norris.

DAVID STUART & Co., merchants of Liverpool, have failed. Their liabilities will reach two hundred thousand pounds. It is stated that the firm is largely indebted to the Presbyterian missionary agency in America, for whom they were agents.

ANOTHER robbery occurred the other night in Omaha. A gentleman retiring to bed hung his pants on a chair near the window which contained in the pocket about $650. The thief opened in some way the shutters, raised the window, grabbed the pants, and got away with the prize.

A CORRESPONDENT writes from Leadville, Col., to the Omaha *Bee* that all business is overdone and rapidly declining. The same writer says that the supreme ruler in this part of the country is gold or its equivalent, and that thousands are worshipping at its altar, and that less than ten per cent. will realize their anticipations.

THE Democratic State convention held in Ohio on the 4th nominated the following ticket: Thomas Ewing, for governor; A. V. Rice, lieutenant governor; treasurer, Anthony Howell; auditor, Charles Reemelin; judge of the supreme court, W. J. Gilmore; attorney general, Isaiah Pillars; member of public works, Patrick O'Marah.

RUFUS POPE, alias R. D. Chase, the noted bigamist, of Lincoln, had his trial the other day before Judge Pound. He was confronted in court by his first and his second wife, and after hearing the testimony, the jury retired and returned into court again in exactly two minutes, with a verdict of guilty of bigamy. He had not received his sentence, but it was thought that Judge Pound would give him the full penalty,—seven years in the penitentiary.

STEPS have recently been taken by the members of the board of the the capitol-addition building at Lincoln, to let the contract, and after estimating the incidental expenses of the board, and for advertising, plans, &c., which taken from the $75,000 appropriated, the board would have $66,000 with which to construct the building. They have made a pretty good start to take out the head of the pile $9,000 before the law appropriating the money shall be declared unconstitutional.

IT is stated upon good authority that the senators and representatives in Congress from Nebraska have urged the President to appoint the secretary of war from west of the Missouri river, alleging as the reason, that the army has become nothing but a protecting force for the border states. This will be a tolerably good office while peace prevails, but during a time of war has its cares, anxieties and responsibilities, and proved the means of the early death of E. M. Stanton, a good and patriotic man.

Don't be Frightened, Coaxed or Deceived.

Making an estimate from last year's actual vote in Platte county, by adding the same per cent. of gain that we have had of population, the vote on the bonds will be 1300. One third of this is, say 434, two-thirds 867. It is altogether too much to expect a unanimous vote—as it ought to be,—but the friends of competition should see to it that no effort is spared to make it as nearly so as practicable. Every intelligent voter acknowledges the desirability of competition. All who have investigated the situation recognize the *necessity* of competition, and the importance of securing this southern line. The propositions have carried Seward and Butler counties by sweeping majorities, and the same should be true of Platte county. Your vote is your own, and should be under the control of your own intelligence, unbiased. Depend upon it, the heart of the people is right in this matter. Don't allow the Union Pacific R. R. Co. or any of its agents to *frighten or coax or deceive* you into voting against this proposition. It is only such men that are actively engaged in the canvas against this proposition. They stand in a somewhat similar relation before the jury of the people as does an attorney to a client in court, who may speak either his real sentiments or those merely that best suit the exigencies of the client. Think of the situation of the Union Pacific Co. in this contest, and you can very readily see what those exigencies are. She pays about one dollar in five of the taxes of Platte county, and will therefore pay one-fifth of all the A. & N. road will cost the county. Aside from this the actual loss to the U. P., in decreased profits, for transporting our products will, at a fair estimate, be $100,000 a year. It will be seen that she is doubly interested against the bonds, while the citizens of the county at large are doubly interested for the bonds. In a contest of this kind whom can the U. P. get as active workers for her? Evidently those who are tied to her by obligations of some sort, more or less strong—favors received, favors promised, or favors expected. There may, possibly, be exceptions to the application of this general principle, but it is extremely difficult for candid men to believe that there is one voter in Platte county *working hard against the bonds, turning every stone in favor of the Union Pacific R. R. Co., who does so because his* soul *is in the work.*

"Great is Diana of the Ephesians," which in this case means, if they don't make at least a show of work their occupation would be gone.

For the JOURNAL.

MR EDITOR:—A public meeting was held at the residence of Mr Henry Wasserberger, Stearns prairie, Saturday night. G. C. Barnum, H. G. Carew and G. Schutte were the speakers, and spoke to a very crowded house in favor of the A. & N. bonds. Our brother farmer, Mr. Barnum, made some very impressive remarks regarding the bond question. The speeches were well received by the audience and went to show that nearly all the farmers in this vicinity are for the bonds, and will do all they can for a competing line with the U. P.

The Messrs. Speice & North, M. T. Kinney and D. C. Loveland, all from U. P. headquarters, made some remarks against the bonds, but did not have much effect upon the audience.

Where is the man, the Hon. D. C. Loveland, our float Representative, who made the assertion that he was not working against the L. & N. proposition, when he is working the best he knows how to kill the bonds? He said in his remarks on Saturday night if the bond question will not stand discussion there is something wrong; if there is a flaw in the proposition submitted and the people of Platte county are so short sighted that they cannot see it, why don't he stand up like a man and throw some light on the subject? To the people of this county he says the future will reveal if the bonds carry on next Saturday, and I verily believe they will. The future will reveal a mighty big cut on all kinds of freight, on the great, tyrannical U. P. corporation R. R., and our float Representative will get a cheap ride down to Lincoln.

As for Mr. Kinney, he would not give his reasons for backing up on the bonds either. Every sensible man can see where the flaw comes in.

Self interest says to every farmer in Platte county, vote for the A. & N. bonds on next Saturday; let none of the U. P. workers dictate the way you shall vote; do your own thinking and do your own voting at the polls; vote for the A. & N. bonds, and have a competing line with the U. P., and we will get better prices for our produce in the future.

TRUTH.

THE IOWA POOL AND JAY GOULD.

Neither of Them does Business for Nothing.

J. R. Meagher, agent of the U. P. at this station, made a statement in his communication in last week's JOURNAL, which needs a fuller exposition than we had space for at that time. In reply to him we assumed that what he said was entirely true, and then showed that it was to our interest to have a competing road.

Mr. Meagher said that on through grain to Chicago the U. P. gave the Iowa pool 30 cts. out of 38 a hundred.

Doubtless, Mr. Meagher's books show just these rates, and he himself affects to believe that Gould is compelled to "knuckle down" to the Iowa pool, but he states the matter very ingeniously. When a witness is sworn, the formula is that he shall tell the truth, the *whole* truth, and nothing but the truth. Mr. Meagher tells the truth so far as he goes. His books show rates on grain from Columbus to Chicago 38 cts. a hundred pounds; from Columbus to Council Bluffs 16; Columbus to Omaha 11; Council Bluffs to Chicago 30. In considering these figures (which we get from Mr. Meagher himself) how must they be interpreted? We can not leave out of the discussion the fact that the bridge from Omaha to Council Bluffs is a part of the U. P. road just the same as their bridge spanning the Loupe west of us is a part of their road, and over which they have no more right to charge extra mileage rates than they have over the Loup bridge. Now, then, how does the matter stand? Grain rate to Chicago from this depot is 38 cts. From here to Council Bluffs is 16 cts., leaving the Iowa pool 22 cts. In making this deduction from the figures, we have as good a right to assume that the U. P. get 16 out of the 38, as Mr. Meagher has to assume that the pool get 30 out of the 38.

According to Mr. Meagher's way of reckoning, Gould has been allowing the Iowa pool to make him a cat's paw, a go-between, in robbing us of 8 cts. a bushel to Council Bluffs. We are satisfied that it is the latter; that Gould gets a divide on all through freight passing out of or into his care at Council Bluffs. Doubtless he has been compelled to put up with a much smaller share of the pool rate than he would like to have, and hence seeks to bring the Iowa roads to his terms by threatening to go round them altogether by completing the 25 mile gap from Grand Island to Hastings, and go over the St. Joe & Denver, the Hannibal and the Wabash lines. On this route he can carry all west of Grand Island and all east of Toledo, but the man who believes that Gould don't receive a good round sum for delivering such an immense amount of freight as he does to the Iowa pool lines, is pretty callow, and James Meagher is not a last year's chicken by any means.

The truth is, beyond doubt, that Gould receives just the same out of the 38 as he does when shipped to Council Bluffs, viz. 16 cts., but the instructions to station agents make it *look* otherwise.

When we get the A. & N. we shall not be under the thumb of the the U. P. or the Iowa pool either, but will have two grand competing markets, Chicago and St. Louis, with eight competing roads from the Missouri river.

Grain is now 25 cts. a hundred from Lincoln to Chicago, 600 miles. With the added miles this would be 28 cts. from Columbus as against 38 by the U. P.

Vote for the A. & N.

"U. P. LOCAL FRIEGHTS."

The Other Side.

I hold a freight bill made out and receipted in the bold, dashing handwriting of my friend Meagher, which reads as follows:

"S. C. & P. car 154, Lumber, weight 22500 lbs. 'Back charges'—from St. Paul, Min., to Fremont—distance 420 miles—'$66.00.' 'our charges,' from Fremont to Columbus, distance 45 miles, '$43.76'."

Moral: Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones.

JAMES BELL,
David City.

FARMERS TO THE RESCUE.

Benedict Arnolds Working for Our Oppressor.

EDITOR JOURNAL: As you will very likely discover before you read this through, I am not a newspaper writer, but as a farmer and taxpayer I would like to ask the friends of that soulless corporation, the U. P., what will we gain suppose the U. P. builds all or part of the wild cat roads surveyed and promised through this county? The main line of the U. P., like the deadly Upas tree withering everything within its influence, now finds advocates for an extension of its cursed branches up through this fair country. Are they not satisfied with the bondage we have experienced in the past from the extortions of the U. P., and now that a helping hand is extended to us they seek to make our bondage perpetual by opposing our true friends from the southeast and encouraging more links to the galling chain we have worn for years. Let all the natural road beds in this county (the valleys) be monopolized by the U. P., and what will the county amount to? Benedict Arnolds in our midst may work, directly and indirectly, in the interests of our oppressor, but all true friends of the people who expect to make this their home for the future will stand by the bonds of the A. & N., even though the U. P. has to pay part of them.

FARMER.

[For the JOURNAL.]

Can Jay Gould Buy the A. & N.?

The employees of the U. P. company, now canvassing this county for the purpose of defeating the A. & N. bonds, are very industriously circulating the report that Jay Gould has been negotiating for the A. & N. road and is able to buy it if he wishes. They further claim that the A. & N. is a little branch road and cannot stand alone if the great railroad gambler wants it.

Now, is this so? In the first place the company that owns the A. & N. owns 1300 miles of road, every part of which is necessary to make the whole worth anything. Eighty per cent. of this stock is owned by Nathaniel P. Thayer and his family, of Boston. Mr. Thayer also owns a controling interest in the great Fort Scott coal fields, and those immense interests depend for their value on the A. & N. road. Now is it likely that these wealthy Bostonians are going to place their great coal property at the mercy of Jay Gould, by selling the road that makes it valuable? No, that is not likely; and these same U. P. employees have been instructed to tell the people that Jay Gould can force them. The next question is can that little scheme be carried out? In the first place, Jay Gould is a railroad stock gambler, and never bought a share of stock as a legitimate investment in his life. He buys railroad stock as a gambler bets on a corner, and never to improve its intrinsic value. He is variously estimated to be worth from one to five millions of dollars, but the great commercial agencies refuse to report him because they can't tell whether he is worth a dollar or not. Now who is N. P. Thayer. He is the richest and most honored man in Boston. For years the head of the Chinese tea trade, he accumulated immense wealth. Some years ago he got out of the shipping business, and invested money in the Fort Scott coal fields. But coal property at the mercy of a railroad amounts to nothing, so the coal king bought stock in several railroads and to-day owns nearly all the stock in the A. & N. Unlike Jay Gould, he has wealth that can be rated, and Dunn Barlow & Co., the great mercantile agency of New York and Boston, estimate his wealth from thirty-four to thirty-six millions. This gentleman is not a stock gambler like Gould, but as fine a representative of the old Puritan merchant as the old Bay State can produce. He wants to build the A. & N. road through to Columbus and then through our county to sell his coal, and it is because he will sell this coal from five to six dollars per ton that Jay Gould's servants make such infamous assertions to our farmers. This is why James North, the U. P. coal dealer, is so busy, and this is why the man who burns coal ought to be busy on Saturday next voting for the A. & N. road. Men of Massachusetts—and there are some of them among us—you know that what I say of the Thayers is true. You know that their word is sacred and when they say that Jay Gould can't buy the A. & N., that promise is as good as a bond. Tell this to the men who don't know so much about the matter as you do and Jay Gould will no longer have the farmers and merchants of Platte county by the throat.

FAIR PLAY.

THE greenbackers of Ohio met in State convention on the 4th and nominated the following ticket: governor, Gen. A. S. Piatt; lieutenant governor, Hugh Pryor; auditor, Andrew Roy; treasurer, Charles Jenkins; supreme judge, Charles Jackson; attorney general, James C. Crogan; member of public works, George W. Platt.

JUDGE EMERSON, of Salt Lake, on the 2d, sentenced the polygamist John Miles, to pay a fine of $100, and be confined in the Nebraska penitentiary for five years.

PLATTE COUNTY "SOLID."

Listen to Treasurer Kummer.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—I desire to state for the benefit of the tax payers of Platte county, that the indebtedness of Platte county in bonds is $76,000, $6,000 of which Loup Fork bridge bonds, is due July 1st, 1879; the money is on hand to pay the same; $16,000 Court House bonds were paid in 1878. I also desire to say that the $68,000 cancelled taxes of the U. P. R. R. Co. for 1871, 1872, 1873 and 1874, along with about $22,000, now due from the B. & M. R. R. Co., would pay her debts and all outstanding warrants of the Co.

V. KUMMER, Co. Treas.

ED. JOURNAL:—The Compton corn referred to in your last paper has been raised by me for the past two years, and was exhibited last Fall at what professed to be our County fair, but which in reality was nothing but a horse race; I raised at that time 40 bushels of shelled corn to the acre on breaking, for which it is well adapted—hardening in 80 to 90 days from planting. It is of the flint variety, and, therefare, not so saleable, but well adapted to short seasons or late planting. I strongly doubt if 200 bushels have ever been raised to the acre. My seed was obtained from the agent of the originator and I believe it to be genuine, and if any one wishes to try it, I can furnish a limited amount on more reasonable terms than quoted by your correspondent. GEO. S. TRUMAN.

Genoa, 6—2, 1879.

COLUMBUS MARKETS.

Our quotations of the markets are obtained Tuesday afternoon, and are correct and reliable at the time.

GRAIN, &C.	
Wheat No. 1, test 59 lbs	74
" " 2, " 56 "	73
" " 3, " 54 "	60
" Rejected	50
Corn	20
Oats	27
Barley	30@45
Rye	22
Flour	$2 25@3 00
Graham	1 50@2 25
Buckwneat Flour, per lb	05
Meal	80@1 00
PRODUCE.	
Butter	5@8
Eggs	8
Potatoes	20@30
Beans ⅌ bu	80@2 00
Peas "	1 00@1 50
Onions "	50@80
LIVE STOCK.	
Fat Hogs	2 00@2 10
Fat Cattle	2 50@3 00
Yearlings	10 00@12 00
Calves	4 00@6 00
Sheep	3 00
Good veal, per hundred	5 00
Hides, green salted	3 50
MEATS.	
Hams	6@10
Shoulders	4@7
Sides	5@8
Corned Beef	6@7
Steak	8@12½

COLUMBUS FINANCIAL MARKET REPORT.

[Corrected by Columbus State Bank]

Gold	$1.00
Platte County Warrants	85 to 100
Other " "	70 to 90
City "	75 to 90
School District Bonds	75 to 80
State Warrants	90 to 100
Exchange on Europe	1-5
" " New York	1-5 of 1 p. ct.
" " Chicago	1-5 " "
" " Omaha	1-10 "

Canada currency, 2 per cent. discount.
Silver change in large amounts, 1 per cent. discount.
Mexican dollars, 75 cents.
Sliver dollars, par.

FARM PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The N. ½ N. W. ¼, Sec. 4, T. 17, R. 1 E., P. M., containing 80.11 acres. Sixty acres under cultivation, and the remainder is good hay land. The improvements are a story and a half frame house with five rooms, lathed and plastered throughout; a wood shed; new frame stable and granary; corn crib, cattle shed, hog yards, corral, etc.—There is on the place a good well of water.—Five acres of growing timber consisting of cottonwood, ash, soft maple, elm, &c.—Also a young fruit orchard consisting of apples, peaches, cherries, wild plum, currants and goose berry bushes, grape vines, &c., all in very excellent condition.—Four miles northeast of Columbus, it is convenient to market, and is a desirable farm. Price $1350, two-thirds cash, remainder in three equal annual payments. Inquire at the JOURNAL office, for further particulars, or of the undersigned, on the premises.

456-z A. H. GIBSON.

THIS SPACE
IS RESERVED
—FOR—
H. P. COOLIDGE,
HARDWARE DEALER,
NEBRASKA AVENUE,
COLUMBUS, : NEBRASKA.

TIMBER CULTURE NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Grand Island, Neb., May 13, 1879

COMPLAINT having been entered at this office by Alonzo Dubia against Frederick R. Hanney for abandoning his Timber Culture Entry No. 666, dated June 8, 1874, upon the southwest ¼ of Section 4, Township 19 north, Range 4 west in Platte county, Nebraska, and for wholly failing to break, plow, plant to timber as is required by law, with a view to the cancellation of said entry: the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 28th day of June, 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. Depositions to be used in this contest will be taken at the office of S. C. Smith, in Columbus, Neb., June 24, 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m.

M. B. HOXIE, Register.
471-4 WM. ANYAN, Receiver.

—THE—

N. Y. CHEAP CASH STORE.

L. KRAMER,

IS NOW OPENING THE FINEST AND BEST ASSORTED

SPRING STOCK

—OF—

Dry Goods,

Clothing,

Carpets,

Boots & Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

Hosiery,

NOTIONS, ETC.,

THAT HAS EVER BEEN SHOWN IN COLUMBUS, AT LOWER PRICES THAN HAVE EVER PREVAILED BEFORE.

Don't buy a dollar's worth of goods until you have seen my stock and prices.

MY AIM IS TO SELL

The Best Goods

—AT THE—

Lowest Prices!

IN ORDER TO LARGELY INCREASE MY BUSINESS IN THE FUTURE.

L. KRAMER,

SIGN OF

NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,

11th Street.

COLUMBUS, - - NEBRASKA.

BECKER'S MACHINE DEPOT!

Cor. 13th and Madison Streets,

THE CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

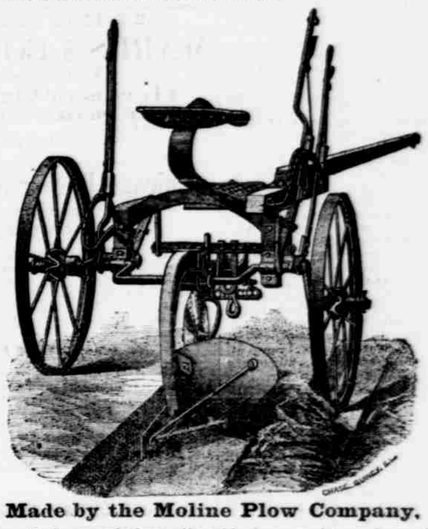
WITH TABLE RAKE ATTACHMENT.

The first successful machine with two driving wheels; the first and only machine to fold the finger bar across the frame, while driving on the road; the first machine with a perfect wrought-iron finger and steel-lined concave cutting surface, making a self-sharpening guard; the first two-wheeled machine with a successful reaping attachment; the only machine that combines a perfect Mower and a perfect Reaper in one.

THE BUCKEYE HARVESTER.

Made by the same Company is lacking in nothing heretofore considered essential to a first-class Harvester, and will be found superior to all its competitors, in quality of material and workmanship, easy of draft, convenience of handling, and saving of grain. The BUCKEYE HARVESTER also has a successful BINDING ATTACHMENT, which should be examined by parties who are thinking of buying a self-binder for the coming harvest. For simplicity, durability and ease f management it is second to none in the market.

THE EVANS



SULKY PLOW,

Made by the Moline Plow Company.

Is the only entirely wrought-iron adjustable frame made; can be used with any sized plow, and is adjustable to all kinds of ground, having a lever on either side; you can level it on any side-hill, cut a clear furrow and throw it up the hill; can be used for either two, three or four horses abreast. For quality of material and style of workmanship it is second to none, and in case of draft and convenience of handling, it stands without a peer.

Always a full stock of FIRST CLASS MACHINES OF ALL KINDS on hand Anything wanted that is not on hand will be sent for at once for you. A full stock of Moline Breaking and Stirring plows, Moline Western, Champion, and Wier Cultivators, the Illinois Combined Riding and Walking Cultivator, together with the celebrated La Harpe Cultivator, both riding and Walking, the Buffalo Pitts Thresher, the best put up, easiest running and best cleaning machine made.

Parties wishing anything in our line will do well to call on us before buying, as we buy all our small goods from manufacturers, and our facilities for handling goods are first-class.

LUMBER GIVEN AWAY!

AT THE YARD OF

JAEGGI & SCHUPBACH,

COLUMBUS, - NEBRASKA.

☞Call and get price-list. LOWEST RATES ever known in Central Nebraska. TO SAVE MONEY is the easiest way to MAKE MONEY.

REMOVED OPPOSITE CLOTHER'S HOTEL, One Door North of State Bank.

I Mean Business!

Extaror inary Inducements

Will be offered in

CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Caps and Notions,

As my stock must be converted into cash.

Talk is cheap, but prices tell,
I have got the goods, and am bound to sell.

W. H. HEIDELBERGER,

12th STREET, (2 doors west of Hammond House), 280

REMOVED OPPOSITE CLOTHER'S HOTEL, One Door North of State Bank.

THE REVOLUTION

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

Is now ready for the Fall and Winter Campaign with an immense stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

Dry Goods,

Carpets,

Hats, Caps,

Etc., Etc.

At prices that were never heard of before in Columbus.

☞ Dry Goods have taken a big tumble in the Eastern Markets lately and as I buy my goods strictly for cash, I will give my customers the benefit of it, and supply them with anything in my line at much lower prices than they were ever known to be heretofore.

All I ask for is, give me a friendly call and convince yourself of the facts.

I. GLUCK,

437, Proprietor of the Revolution Dry Goods Store.