THE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1879.

THE widow of Charles Dickens is seriously ill.

QUEEN VICTORIA it is said will visit Italy this spring.

THE legislature of Nebraska adjourned on the 25th ult.

COUNTERFEIT half dollars are in circulation at West Point.

THE mercury at Toronto, Ont., on the 21st, went down to 38 degrees.

IT is claimed that Nebraska raised last year 15,000,000 bushels of wheat.

EX-PRESIDENT MCMAHON of France was reported quite ill on the 25th ult.

HON. LORENZO CROUNSE has been nominated for Revenue Collector of Nebraska.

BUILDINGS are being erected at Madrid for the international exhibition of 1880.

SMALL-POX and measles are raging among the Indians in the vicinity of Austin, Nevada.

AT Parkersburg, West Va., on the 27th ult., ten valuable buildings were destroyed by fire.

FROM Berlin under date of March 1st we have the statement that fifteen feet of snow fell in Schleswig.

THE Republican State central committee of Ohio has decided to hold the next state convention at Cincinnati, May the 28th.

JACOB BAILY has retired from the *Globe Journal*, Falls City, and Messrs. May & Davis succeed him as editors and publishers.

PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON and retinue sailed on the steamer Danube, from Southampton on the 27th ult., for the Cape to join the British.

FROM Paris we learn that of the forty-nine persons on board the ship Adriatic, wrecked near Dunkirk, seven only are known to be saved.

CHARLES ANGELL, the defaulting secretary of the Pullman Palace Car Company, will, it is believed, plead guilty in the criminal court, at Chicago.

CHARLES W. ANGELL, the defaulting secretary of the Pullman Palace Car Co. plead guilty and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

THE channel storms and snow drifts are continued, practically preventing postal communication between France and England, on the 28th ult.

DAVID PENDER, of New York city, who pulled the diamond rings from the ears of a lady some time since, has been sentenced to state's prison for twenty years.

A FIRE in Fry's stables, east fifty-third street, New York, on the morning of the 27th ult., burned to death forty-three valuable horses. Loss over $100,000.

ROBERT O. KELLEY, the recently released Fenian, arrived at New York on the 27th ult. He was met down the bay, escorted to the city, and introduced to a number of prominent Irishmen.

THE Fort Worth special says the Yuma stage was again stopped in the city limits. The only passenger was robbed, the mail bags rifled, and valuable letters carried off.

IT is stated that the Union Pacific railroad company has agreed to appropriate two millions dollars to complete the Colorado Central from Georgetown, its present terminus, to Leadville.

JUDGE ALEX. RIVERS holding United States court at Danville, Va.; five county court judges were indicted by the grand jury for failing to allow negro jurors. Great indignation prevails.

BOYNTON, who has undertaken the foolish experiment of floating down the Ohio river in a rubber suit, was caught in a gorge and nearly crushed to death, but he finally succeeded in making his escape.

THE British government has chartered the steamer Andean to carry a portion of the artillery to the Cape. This makes the sixteenth steamer chartered to carry troops and war material to South Africa.

A CATHOLIC CHURCH, a Presbyterian church and railway sheds on Prince Edward's Island during a storm the other day, were all blown down. Snow in the railway cuts sixteen to twenty feet deep.

GOV. NANCE, on the 27th ult., appointed and commissioned Hon. J. B. Barnes, of Ponca, as successor to Judge Valentine, to fill the unexpired term as judge of the Sixth judicial district of this state.

THE latest news from Hastings says Olive, Gillan, Green, Baldwin and three cow boys were indicted by the grand jury at Hastings last Thursday for murder in the first degree. The trial is set for March 31st.

NEWS from Rome under date of the 27th ult. says the great storm of Monday night was most disastrous. The whole coast is strewn with wrecks, and at many ports small crafts were blown out to sea and lost.

TERRIBLE storms have recently occurred in South France, where hundreds of people have been thrown on public charity by destruction or inundation of houses. The tempest was very severe in Spain, lasting four days.

THE CAPITOL BILL UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

All Honest Men Should Oppose the Consummation of the Steal.

The Jobbers in Their Haste May Lose Their "Swag."

It usually happens that when any number of men combine to do a wrong, in their haste they overlook some important fact or principle which almost invariably defeats the wrong intended to be consummated. It looks thus to a man who believes that legislators should act justly in all cases where the mass of the people are to be affected by their legislation. We believe that a signal instance of this kind has occurred with the majority in the Nebraska legislature in the passage of the capitol appropriation bill.

In their great anxiety to pass the bill which they must have known was against the will and wishes of the great body of the people of the state, they overlooked a provision in the constitution, which, when applied to their capitol appropriation bill, will unquestionably defeat the wrong intended to be fastened upon the people by wastefully appropriating $75,000 of their money. The bill proposed in the house provided for a levy of ⅝ of a mill, which limited the amount to be raised to $100,000. The bill was amended in the Senate limiting the amount to $75,000 and appropriating the amount from a fund already on hand, thus abolishing the levy item of the bill and in effect making it a new bill appropriating money for that purpose. Although prominent lawyers were engaged in perfecting this "job" against the will of the people, yet, in their haste to carry an unjust measure, they overlooked a plain provision of the constitution and passed a law that never can be executed against the plain provisions of that instrument, and thus the unjust measure falls to the ground. The constitution is very plain upon this subject and reads: "Any bill may originate in either house of the legislature, *except* bills *appropriating* money, which shall *originate only* in the house of representatives, and all bills passed by one house may be amended by the other."

The bill as first introduced in the house *provided* for the erection of a wing to a capitol building, *by the levy of a tax*, and had none of the features of an appropriation. In the Senate, under the cover of amendment, the nature of the bill was entirely changed, and instead of making provision whereby a sum of money might be *levied and collected* for a certain purpose, it was so altered as to make it an appropriation bill. The JOURNAL submits that such bills can only originate in the House, and that, under cover of an amendment, the constitutional prerogative of the house cannot be transferred to the senate.

We call upon the legal fraternity of those portions of the state opposed to the "capitol steal" to examine the bill thoroughly, and push shut every door to the Treasury that now stands wide open for the entrance of "jobbers."

IN the investigation of the Olive gang at Hastings on the 28th ult., every member of the grand jury concurred in returning an indictment for murder in the first degree against Ira P. Olive, Brown, Pedro Dominicus, Baldwin, Barney Gillan, Phil Dufriend, Gertel, Green and one other (who has not been arrested) as principals in the murder of Luther Mitchell. The indictment against these parties contains six counts as follows:

First, Shooting with a Winchester rifle in the right side.

Second, Shooting with a Winchester rifle in the left side.

Third, Strangling by means of rope.

Fourth, Breaking the neck by means of rope.

Fifth, Burning with fire.

Sixth, Producing death by means of instruments to the jury unknown.

Thompson, a herder and negro who did the cooking at Olive's ranch were subsequently indicted as accessories to the murder. One month has been allowed the prisoners to prepare the defence, and Judge Gaslin has fixed the 31st of March for the commencement of the trial.

EVERY man who voted for that capitol robbery is either an irreclaimable idiot or a bought rascal, and we are not at all particular on which horn of the dilemma every man who voted for this gigantic steal chooses to hang himself.—*Omaha Herald.*

THE great storm of Monday was very severe in the interior of Italy, striking Pudgganival near Liera, a church was blown down while the people were at mass, killing the two priests at the altar and three other persons, and wounding twenty-four others. At Onatura, where the vault of a church yielded to the force of the storm and killed a priest while celebrating mass, and injured a number of the congregation. At Rome all the windows of Monastery of Monti Alle Croces were destroyed and a portion of the base of Michael Angelo's statue of David was swept off.

THE dead body of an unknown man was found the other day near Beatrice, which bore the unmistakable marks of having been murdered. He appeared to have been strangled, his forehead crushed in with some blunt instrument, the side of his head beaten to a jelly, and his skull fractured in several places. There were marks of a wagon track from and to the main road to the tall grass where the body was found, supposed to be the team that bro't and left the body in the slough grass. The matter is being investigated and further developments are expected.

A FIRE broke out at Reno last Sunday morning, and in three hours all the business part of the town was in ashes, the only houses escaping being the Masonic building with Hagerman & Schooling's grocery store on the first floor, and John Larcombes. Two or three Central Pacific trains, including the lightning train, were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000 with about $150,000 insurance.

Five persons lost their lives—Mrs. John Peck, John Riley, and three tramps.

NOT one in five hundred who speed away to gold mines on every report of great richness of ores, ever succeed in accumulating wealth. Such we fear will be the result of the present rush to Leadville, Col., as it is stated great numbers are flocking to that point, and the cry is "still they come." Doubtless it is strictly true that the mines are constantly developing richer deposits, and bid fair to pay large profits to men who have the capital to push mining on a large scale.

RECENT reports represent several Indian parties of a hostile character having appeared in the vicinity of Rapid City, Cheyenne crossing, and Sulphur Springs, Dakota. Parties from that region who have recently come in, report that a general uneasiness prevails in the whole upriver country. Since the murders of the 13th at Cheyenne crossing, freighters and teamsters refuse to leave Pierre for the Hills.

DR. DELMARS, government inspector of cattle at Chicago, has written a letter to Mr. Hickson, of the Grand Trunk Railway, stating most positively that there is no trace or suspicion of pleuro pneumonia in the western section of the United States, and expressing confidence that no harm whatever could ensue from granting passage for cattle from the United States through Canada.

SPEAKER MATHEWSON of Madison county and Representative Trowbridge of Antelope have not given forty or thirty-nine reasons for voting an appropriation of $75,000 of money raised by taxation, during hard times, to enrich a few jobbers at Lincoln. Stand up, and give a reason for the faith that was in you, and not in your constituents.

REPRESENTATIVE ENGLEHARD of Butler and Representative Clark of Polk voted against the capitol appropriation bill, but Senator Kimmel, whose district was comprised of both the others, voted for it. We don't remember seeing any explanation of Kimmel's vote, and we feel very confident that it will not add anything to his reputation.

Two miles outside the city of Lynn, the body of a young woman was discovered the other day, doubled up and thrust down into a trunk, the arms and legs twisted about in every conceivable shape, and her nose cut off. She had been dead only two or three days, but could not be identified.

PRESIDENT HAYES on the 1st inst., interposed his veto to the Bill restricting Chinese immigration to the United States, in a message of some length embracing as we believe unanswerable reasons that set forth that the bill would a violation of our treaty obligations with China.

A SPECIAL dispatch to the Omaha *Bee* from San Francisco, of the 3d, states that at a mass meeting at Hollister, San Benito county, the President was burned in effigy, and at Fairfield, the county seat of Sonoma county, the last Chinese shanty in the town-limits was burned.

SHIPMENT of slaughtered beef from New York for England is rapidly on the increase. It is probable that all steamship lines will fit up their vessels with refrigerating compartments for carrying fresh beef.

THE fallen Angell was taken to the Joliet penitentiary on the 28th ult. Mr. Pullman held a long interview with him the evening before he left.

Meteorological Comparisons of Central Nebraska.

As the time approaches for the emigration wave of the year to commence rolling over the country it is important that correct information should be disseminated in regard to the advantages possessed by Central Nebraska for those desiring to make homes for themselves or their families; and, though the meteorological condition of the country does not often sufficiently enter into the judgment arrived at, yet, as many have given this section the go-by, on the ground that it was so much colder than Kansas, I have deemed it right to make a comparison meteorologically of the two States; taking for this purpose the Signal Service Report of 1877, (that of '78 not being yet published) of the stations at Omaha and Leavenworth in the eastern, and North Platte and Dodge City in the western portions of these states, at the same time placing notes of Genoa, beside them as comfirmative of the results claimed. My first assertion is, that the mean temperature of Kansas is but 5 degrees above that of Nebraska.

Omaha,	mean	temp.	1877,	...	48°.7
Leavenworth,	"	"	"	...	52°.4
North Platte,	"	"	"	...	47°.4
Dodge City,	"	"	"	...	52°.
Genoa, Nebr.,	"	"	1876,	...	45°.57
" "	"	"	1877,	...	48°.15
" "	"	"	1878,	...	49°.35

Omaha,	rain fall	1877,	inches	..	45,97
Leavenworth,	" "	"	"	..	48.37
North Platte,	" "	"	"	..	15.68
Dodge City,	" "	"	"	..	21.17
Genoa, Nebr.,	" "	1876,	"	..	31.90
" "	" "	1877,	"	..	30.83
" "	" "	1878,	"	..	27.60

Omaha,	calm days	1877	.....	105
Leavenworth,	" "	"	.....	157
North Platte,	" "	"	.....	52
Dodge City,	" "	"	.....	21
Genoa, Nebr.,	" "	1876	.....	104
" "	" "	1877	.....	137
" "	" "	1878	.....	116

The above exhibit shows that Nebraska is not the excessively dry country which has been generally supposed; nor yet so windy as our legislators would have us believe, from the proposition to plant wind breaks on every section of land. Again I make the assertion, and this without fear of contradiction, that Central Nebraska, and particularly the valley of the Loup, though not clear of storms, yet is remarkably free from the violence of them; that taking one year with another, at least four-fifths of the storm centers, pass either north or south of this belt of country, and for this reason, although hail falls in this valley occasionally, it is rarely very destructive. If any one wishes to satisfy themselves more fully on this question of storms, they can easily do so by reference to any of the signal service storm maps, for the past four years.

The relations of this subject to Agriculture, I leave to abler hands, but would remark in closing, that situated as we are upon the same parallel of temperature with southern New York, and northern Ohio, any crops or fruits which can be raised with success in those positions, may be raised in this country without fear of failure; the superior dryness of our winters, enabling fruit trees to withstand a greater amount of cold without injury, than in an atmosphere charged with a large amount of moisture; and the quality of our fruits has been sustained *in every case* where they have come in competition with those of our sister states.

GEO. S. TRUMAN.

Genoa, 2, 27, 1879.

The New Laws.

The following bills are on record and signed by Governor Nance, and deposited in the office of Secretary of State.

A bill to prevent damages by certain domestic animals in the night time, in the State, in organized counties in the State where no law is in force.

A bill extending the contract for the leasing of the penitentiary grounds and convict labor to W. H. B. Stout upon certain conditions.

A bill to amend Section 52, of Chapter 12, of the General Statutes.

A bill to authorize any school district in any city of the first class to issue bonds in certain cases.

A bill to authorize the lessee of the State Penitentiary and grounds to receive and retain the custody of prisoners sentenced to confinement by the Courts of the United States and of Territories of the United States.

A bill appropriating money for the payment of bounties for the destruction of wild animals in the State of Nebraska.

A bill to appropriate money to pay the expenses of David Anderson and Simon C. Ayer, incurred in pursuing and capturing Samuel D. Richards, and bringing him to justice.

A bill creating a board of Fish Commissioners.

A bill to provide for the collection of public funds and moneys.

A bill to provide for the erection of a wing to a Capitol building, at the city of Lincoln, and appropriating funds therefor.

A bill to provide for the payment of the officers and members of the Fifteenth session.

A bill to provide for the payment of the incidental expenses incurred during the Fifteenth session.

A bill to provide for the payment of salaries due Stenographic Reporters of the District Courts.

A bill, memorial, and joint resolution, "relative to swamp and overflowed lands."

A bill to define the boundaries of Nance County.

A bill to appropriate money and apply the same in paying the expenses of and carrying on the prosecution of desperate criminal cases.

A bill for the relief of Harriet Gantt.

A bill, memorial, and joint resolution relative to 5 per cent on sale of public lands.

A bill for the government, support and maintenance of the State Board of Agriculture and the State Horticultural Society.

A bill relating to the use of marks and brands on live stock.

A bill to provide for the payment of bounties for the destruction of wild animals.

A bill to amend Section 76, of Chapter 11 of the General Statutes, relative to the increase of the capital stock of railroad companies.

A bill to provide for the payment of oustanding county road fund warrants.

A bill to confer upon boards of county commissioners power to cause the removal of explosive and dangerous material.

A bill making an appropriation for the erection of two wings to the Hospital for the Insane, and other improvements.

A joint resolution to prohibit the payment of Southern war claims.

A bill regulating the herding and driving of live stock.

A memorial and joint resolution relative to the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department.

A bill to provide for the payment of moneys paid as taxes on lands, the title to which vests in the State, by persons who hold such lands under contract of sale or by lease.

A memorial and joint resolution relative to the Santee and Sioux Indians, and for the relief of Knox county.

A bill to set apart the ne qr of sec. 4, town 9, range 6, east, and the sw qr of sec. 34 town 10, range 6 east, of saline lands belonging to the State, for the purpose of the Hospital for the Insane.

A bill to amend Section 5, of Chapter 12, of the General Statutes, entitled, "Counties and County Seats," and define the boundaries of Burt county.

A bill to prevent railroad corporations from imposing upon the people by bogus surveys in counties and precints where they are asked to vote enough bonds or other valuables in sid of such railroad corporation.

A bill to the relief of Samuel Bacon.

A bill to authorize the Judge of the District Court, to designate the county where indictment may be found, and the prisoner tried for any felonious offense charged to have been committed in any unorganized county or territory of the State, or in counties where no District Courts are held, &c.

A bill for the relief of Thos. L. Griffey, and E. K. Valentine.

A bill to provide for the selection and disposition of homesteads, and to exempt the same from judgment lien, and from attachment, levy, or sale on execution or other process.

A bill to amend an act entitled an act for the relief of purchasers of school lands.

A bill to provide for the issuing and payment of school district bonds.

A bill to provide for the funding of outstanding bonds.

A bill to repeal an act entitled an act to guard against accidents in the use of tumbling rods.

A bill, memorial, and joint resolution, relative to the transfer of causes in certain cases to the U. S. Courts.

A bill to legalize the incorporation of the city of David City, and all the acts of the council thereof and the acts of the officers.

A bill to provide for the resumption and cancellation of $100,000 of the State funding bonds held by the Permanent School fund, and for the reinvestment of the moneys received therefor.

A bill to repeal Secs. 1 and 2 of an act entitled an act to provide for the allowance and recovery of attorney's fees in certain actions.

A bill relating to and for punishment of tramps.

A resolution relating to Indian depredations and the establishment of military posts.

A bill to provide for the safe-keeping of moneys belonging to the State.

MAJOR A. N. HUTCHINS and Thos. McNatt, living near Iuka, Miss., were both murdered on the 25th ult. Hutchins it was known had received that day from the express office $1,700 in gold, and it is supposed that they were waylaid and both murdered for the money.

THE United States District Court of Des Moines has ordered a writ of ejectment to issue against B. F. Allen to oust him from his $150,000 homestead for the benefit of his creditors, which the court decided he forfeited by voting as a citizen of Chicago.

THE house of J. M. Lunsford, of Nelsonville, Ohio, burned on the night of the 28th, and Mr. Lunsford and six of his children who were asleep, were smothered and burned to death. His wife and one child escaped.

THE Mayor of Sheffield, England, says that in one district of that town there are 4,000 persons destitute, 400 families actually starving, and that the relief fund, except £800, has been expen ded.

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE

—AT PRICES—

Ranging from $7 to $12.50

Description.	Section	Town.	Range.
N W ¼, E ½ of S W ¼ and N W ¼ of S W ¼	11	17	1 e
N E ¼ and E ½ of N W ¼	5	17	2w
N ½ and E ½ of S E ¼	17	17	2w
All of	23	17	3w
S E ¼ of S W ¼	3	18	1 e
W ½ of S W ¼ and S E ¼	9	18	1 e
N E ¼ of N E ¼	13	18	1 e
S E ¼ and E ½ of S W ¼ and S W ¼ of S W ¼	25	18	1 e
N E ¼, S E ¼ of N W ¼, N ¼ and S E ¼ of S W ¼ and W ½ of S E ¼	27	18	1 e
N ½, N ½ of S E ¼ and W ½ of S W ¼	31	18	1 e
All of	33	18	1 e
S E ¼	11	18	1w
S ½ of N E ¼ and N ½ of N W ¼	15	18	1w
E ½ of N W ¼, N E ¼ of S W ¼ and S W ¼ of S W ¼	17	18	1w
E ½ of N W ¼, N W ¼ of N E ¼	23	18	1w
S E ¼ of N W ¼, N E ¼ of S W ¼ and N ½ of S E ¼	33	18	2w
N E ¼	23	16	1w

Improved Farms.

	S.	T.	R.
S W ¼	8	16	2w
E ½ and N W ¼ of N W ¼	20	16	2w
W ½ and N E ¼	20	16	2w
S E ¼	12	14	3w

J. A. REED,

Columbus, Nebr.

Goods Cheaper Than Ever!

—o—

L. KRAMER

—OF THE—

N. Y. CHEAP CASH STORE,

On 11th Street,

HAS CONCLUDED, IN ORDER TO REDUCE HIS LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, TO MAKE AN

IMMENSE REDUCTION

—IN—

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

CARPETS, ETC.

—o—

Calicos reduced to	$ 04
Ginghams to	07½
Knickerbocker Dress Goods to	08
Yard-wide Bleached Muslin to	06
Suits of Men's Clothing to	3 00
Children's heavy Shoes to	70
Ladeies' " " to	90
Good Caps, to	25
" Hats to	50
Carpets to	18
Corsets to	25
Good Silk Handkerchiefs to	20
Ladies' trimmed Hats to	1 50
Double Rushing, per yard, to	05

AND LOTS OF OTHER ARTICLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

—o—

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Goods

Cheaper

than

Anywhere

else, Call

on me.

—o—

IF YOU WANT TO SEE

—THE—

LARGEST STORE

—AND THE—

LARGEST STOCK

IN TOWN, CALL ON ME.

L. KRAMER,

SIGN OF

NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,

11th Street.

COLUMBUS, - - NEBRASKA.

HUNNEMAN & TOLMAN,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS, WINDOWS,

And Building Paper.

Also constantly on hand an assortment of HARD WOOD and WAGON STOCK We make CLOSE figures for CASH.

Yard and Office on Eleventh St., NEAR U. P. DEPOT. COLUMBUS, NEB.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE!

FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS,

WE WILL OFFER, TO **CASH BUYERS**, A RARE CHANCE, IN ORDER TO REDUCE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF

Dry Goods,

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHIEG,

—MEN'S LADIE'S AND CHILDREN'S—

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

Shirtings, both Woolen & Cotton,

LADIE'S TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS.

Plumes, Flowers, | Fringes, Corsets,

And an Endless Variety of Other Goods.

DO NOT FAIL TO CALL AND SEE US, IF YOU WANT THE VALUE OF YOUR MONEY.

Remember, This will be Strictly Cash Sales.

GALLEY BROS.

February 5th, 1879.

LUMBER GIVEN AWAY!

AT THE YARD OF

JAEGGI & SCHUPBACH,

COLUMBUS, - NEBRASKA.

Call and get price-list. LOWEST RATES ever known in Central Nebraska. TO SAVE MONEY is the easiest way to MAKE MONEY.

REMOVED OPPOSITE CLOTHIER'S HOTEL. One Door North of State Bank.

I Mean Business!

—o—

Extraordinary Inducements

Will be offered in

CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Caps and Notions,

As my stock must be converted into cash.

Talk is cheap, but prices tell, I have got the goods, and am bound to sell.

W. H. HEIDELBERGER,

12th STREET, (2 doors west of Hammond House). 28

REMOVED OPPOSITE CLOTHIER'S HOTEL. One Door North of State Bank.

THE REVOLUTION

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

Is now ready for the Fall and Winter Campaign with an immense stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

Dry Goods,

Carpets,

Hats, Caps,

Etc., Etc.

At prices that were never heard of before in Columbus.

—o—

Dry Goods have taken a big tumble in the Eastern Markets lately, and as I buy my goods strictly for cash, I will give my customers the benefit of it, and supply them with anything in my line at much lower prices than they were ever known to be heretofore.

All I ask for is, give me a friendly call and convince yourself of the facts.

I. GLUCK,

437, Proprietor of the Revolution Dry Goods Store.

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For the treatment of all classes of **Surgery and deformities; acute and chronic** diseases, diseases of the **eye** and **ear**, etc., etc.,

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EAGLE MILLS

—ON—

SHELL CREEK,

Near Matthis's Bridge.

—o—

JOSEPH BUCHER, - Proprietor

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The mill is complete in every particular for making the best of flour. **"A square, fair business"** is the motto. 4x5-x.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Paticulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.