

THE JOURNAL.
IS ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY,
M. K. TURNER & CO.,
Proprietors and Publishers.

Office in the JOURNAL building,
Eleventh-st., Columbus, Neb.
TERMS—Per year, \$2. Six months, \$1.
Three months, 50c. Single copies, 2c.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.
ALVIN SAUNDERS, U.S. Senator, Omaha.
A. S. PADDICK, U.S. Senator, Beatrice.
FRANK WELCH, Representative, Norfolk.

STATE DIRECTORY:

SILAS GARNER, Governor, Lincoln.
BRUNO Tschuck, Auditor of State.
J. B. W. WOOD, Auditor of State.
J. C. McNeely, Treasurer, Lincoln.
GEORGE H. Roberts, Attorney-General.
R. H. Thompson, Supt. Public Instruction.
H. C. Dawson, Warden of Penitentiary.
W. W. Abberly, Prison Inspectors.
Dr. J. G. Davis, Prison Physician.
H. P. Mathewson, Supt. Insane Asylum.

JUDICIARY:

Daniel Gant, Chief Justice,
George E. Lake, Associate Judge.
F. W. Post, Judge, York.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

G. W. Rees, District Attorney, Wahoo.

LAND OFFICERS:

B. W. Arnold, Register, Grand Island.
Wm. Ryan, Receiver, Grand Island.

COUNTY DIRECTORY:

J. G. Buzins, County Judge.
John Stauffer, County Clerk.
V. Kummer, Treasurer.
Benj. Spielman, Sheriff.
R. L. Johnson, Surveyor.

H. H. Henry, County Commissioners.

Wm. Blodorn, County Commissioners.

John Walker.

Dr. A. Heintz, Coroner.

S. S. Hart, Supt. of Schools.

S. S. McAllister, Justices of the Peace.

Byron Millett, Constable.

Charles Wake, Constable.

CITY DIRECTORY:

C. A. Speier, Mayor.

John Schram, Clerk.

John J. Rickly, Marshal.

J. W. Early, Treasurer.

S. G. McAllister, Police Judge.

J. G. Rounton, Engineer.

COUSINS:

1st Ward—E. North,
E. Polk.

2d Ward—E. C. Kavanaugh,
C. E. Morse.

3d Ward—E. J. Baker,
E. A. Gerard.

Columbus Post Office.

Open on Sunday from 11 a.m. to 12 m., and from 4:30 to 6 p.m. Business hours except Sunday 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. Western mails close at 11:20 a.m.

Mail to Columbus, Monday and Tuesday, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 7 a.m. Arrives Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 3 p.m.

For Monroe, Genoa, Waterville and Alton, 4 p.m. and 5 p.m.

For Summit, Ulysses and Crete, Mondays and Thursdays, 7 a.m. Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7 p.m.

For York, Lincoln, Douglas and York, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 7 p.m. Arrives at 12 M.

For Wolf, Farrel and Battle Creek, Mondays and Wednesdays, 6 a.m. Arrives Tuesdays, 7 a.m. and Friday, 6 p.m.

For Shell Creek, Neb., Creighton and Stanton, on Mondays at 7 a.m. Arrives Tuesdays 6 p.m.

For David City, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 1 p.m. Arrives at 12 M.

U. P. Time Table.

Mail-bound.

Emigrant, No. 6, leaves at 6:25 a.m.

Passenger, " 4, " 11:00 a.m.

Freight, " 10, " 2:15 p.m.

Express, " 10, " 4:30 p.m.

Westbound.

Freight, No. 5, leaves at 2:00 p.m.

Passenger, " 3, " 4:12 p.m.

Freight, " 9, " 6:00 p.m.

Express, " 9, " 1:30 p.m.

Every day except Saturday the three lines leading to Chicago connect with U. P. trains at Omaha. On Saturdays there will be one train a day, as shown by the following schedule:

J. C. & N. W. 14th 5th and 28th.

(C. R. & P.) 14th

(C. R. & P.) 21st

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Oct. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 21st

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Nov. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Dec. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Every day except Saturday the three lines leading to Chicago connect with U. P. trains at Omaha. On Saturdays there will be one train a day, as shown by the following schedule:

J. C. & N. W. 14th 5th and 28th.

(C. R. & P.) 14th

(C. R. & P.) 21st

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Oct. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 21st

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Nov. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Dec. 1st 19th

(C. R. & P.) 26th and 29th.

Farm for Sale.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY acres of excellent farm land in Butler County, new Patron, O., about equidistant from Columbus and Beatrice, David City, Columbus and Schuyler; 60 acres under cultivation; 5 acres of trees, maple, cottonwood, &c.; good frame house, granary, stable, sheds, &c. Two miles from town. The place is for sale or exchange for property (house and a few acres) near Columbus. Inquire at the JOURNAL office, or address the undersigned at Patron P. O.

JOHN TANNAHILL.

FARMERS:

BE OF GOOD CHEER. Let not the low price of your products diminish your spirits, but rather turn your expenses to your resources. You can do so by stopping at the new home of your fellow farmer, where you can get good accounts. For hay, feed, team for one night and day, 25 cents. A room furnished with a cook stove and bunks, in connection with the stable free. Thus you will be able to accommodate the horses of the undersigned at the following rates: Meals 25 cents; beds 10 cents. J. B. SENECAL, 3/4 mile east of Gerard's Corral.

HAMMOND HOUSE.

[Formerly Pacific House.]

This popular house has been newly refitted and furnished.

Good Livery and Feed Stable in connection.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

JOHN HAMMOND, Proprietor.

\$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of those who are willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. \$60 per week in your own town, for one night and day, or your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over \$20 per day. All who engage in our business can make so easily and rapidly than other businesses. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and \$50 outfit free. Address at one, H. HALL & CO., Portland, Maine.

37-y.

The Columbus Journal.

VOL. IX.—NO. 33.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 449.

THE JOURNAL.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Space.	1w	2w	3w	6w	1yr
1c/lmn	\$12.00	\$20	\$35	\$60	\$160
2c	8.00	12	20	35	60
3c	6.00	9	15	20	35
4 inches	5.25	7.50	11	14	27
5 "	4.50	6.75	10	12	20
6 "	3.75	5.25	7	9	16

Business and professional cards ten lines or less per annum ten dollars. Legal advertisements at statutory rates. Local notices ten cents a line first insertion, five cents a line each subsequent insertion. Advertisements classified as special notices five cents a line first insertion, three cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Over-Indulgence.

Many parents imagine they are model guardians of their little ones because they are willing to give their whole life to the unrestrained indulgence of all their whims and fancies. It does not take long for even a new-born infant to learn that it is to be the chief ruler in the house. To be sure, it will be years before the babe can reason about it, but instinct, if nothing stronger, will soon teach it that crying is all-powerful. Before one short month passes over its head, the nurse, the mother, and all in the house are perfectly drilled to instant and unhesitating obedience. Every one understands that there will be no peace unless the little tyrant is rocked to sleep, or constantly in the arms when awake. The hired nurse rejoices when her time of service expires, and she is free from the "imp" of the "curio shop." These "imp" exactions. That will be the term by which she will designate her late charge; but the mother's love sees only a "cherub;" an "angel;" "the sweetest, most perfect blessing in the world."

Truly, a mother's love covers a multitude of sins, and covers her idols with celestial charms. She never feels that she is ruining her own health, and is unconscious of the most unreasonable demands. If any indulgence is injurious, and will not add to the comfort or happiness of the recipient, how the mother resents it. We have heard glad parents say:

"I will not have my children restrained while young. They shall never be denied any indulgence or pleasure that I can provide, at any cost. They will have troubles and trials in plenty when they have grown up, without knowing any youth that I can afford."

This way some mothers manifest their love. What a mistaken idea! What will their children be when they pass out from their parents' care? How can they bear their life's burdens when they have never learned that there are any until, without warning, they find themselves encompassed with them? What power of resistance, what strength of purpose can they be expected to have, what efforts toward a useful life can children thus reared ever make with any semblance of success?

For the child's own good, to show the true, perfect love, those who from birth are committed to their parents' guardianship must be made to "bear the yoke in their youth," so that in riper years the yoke may be easy and the burden light, or be found to be a pleasure and no cross at all.

There is exquisite pleasure in devoting one's self to the baby in our arms, "the toddling wee thing" that plays at our side; the rosy curly-headed darling who follows us about the house with rippling laughter or chirping like a bird in its merry play. It is hard to refuse their soft pleadings, even when we know they plead for that which is not for their real good. This is hard if one looks only for present enjoyment. Oh, if mothers could bear in mind that they must look beyond babyhood if they would insure their children's best good, a high, noble, honorable maturity. For "so surely as the years drift by, so surely will the years drift by, with all tender fledglings under its tutelage. With dancing feet and gay laughter life's problems may be solved for some; or with sorrowful heart and tearful eyes may come the elucidation for others. But whether the days troop by in gladness or go leaden-paced in sorrow, the riddle must be, in the end, for individual reading. The young must for themselves chase empty bubbles and see them perish in the grasping before they will learn that the alluring is not the enduring."

"All that the parents can do is to stand with ready counsel, seeking to guide the wandering footsteps in safety past the shoals and quick-sands until, happily, this tender watch and care shall see them treading the paths of pleasantness and peace."

"The teachings of childhood are the corner stones on which to build the foundations of character. If these are laid in wisdom and faithfulness, we may look to see the apprenticeship rounded and beautified by the lessons of life's experience. But the mother who fosters childish vanity and aids to develop the chrysalis into a butterfly of fashion fails no more signally in fulfilling her trust than she who with tender love, but mistaken kindness, guards childhood and youth from every duty and exertion of life. Such over-indulgence will surely result in dwindled faculties, buried talents and a disfigured character, the bane of happiness to its possessor and a blessing to none. Though the inheritor of millions, children spoiled by over-indulgence are deformed of their rights."

In after years, through great suffering and sorrow, if to such cruelly-indulged children there should come an awakening, still the character is shorn of half the strength it should have had, and what is left of life will be passed in the shadow and burdened with daily repining and sorrow for misspent youth.

If parents would learn in time that over-indulgence in childhood brings to their children in later life only an inheritance of regret and disappointment, how many lives would be made happy and cheerful, that now through over-indulgence are utterly wrecked and useless—ready to turn upon their parents with reproaches, instead of rising up to call them blessed.—*Mrs. H. W. Beecher, in Christian Union.*

How a Baltimore Servant Misled Lighting a Fire With Five Hundred Dollars.

A lady living in the western section of the city, who has been in the habit of placing her income, little by little, in the drawing-room of the house in which she lives, was yesterday greatly excited over the supposed loss of all her savings. The lady was living with two nieces, who do the house-work and superintend the work of the kitchen. Two or three days ago they began cleaning the house from top to bottom.

After they had finished the upper stories, and had put down the carpets, they started with the picture. These they first took down, dusted, oiled, and then returned to their places on the wall. They had finished all but the large one, behind which was the most valuable painting. The picture was a portrait of Forepaugh, his tusks each being twelve feet in length. One eye-opener was the skeleton of a Pacific whale whose jaws were fifteen feet long, and whose teeth were twenty feet apart. The whale was mounted on a stand, with a chain around its neck, and was suspended by a chain from the ceiling.

The street cars here are "immense." The cars run every way every four minutes, double track, requiring 252 horses. Here you see street-car barns holding very near 100 cars, and all those horses.

Leaving Chicago, 7 a.m., on the M. C. R. R., in view of the lake for some time, we pass through a country of sand boulders, stumps and timber. The land marshy and every thing