

PROSPERITY VICTORIOUS!

NEBRASKA IS REPUBLICAN

Has Gone for McKinley by 8,000 to 10,000.

DEATH KNELL OF FUSION.

The State Officers are in Doubt, and it Will Require More Complete Returns to Determine the Result—Madison County is in Line.

There seems no doubt this afternoon but that McKinley has carried Nebraska. Every precinct in the state that has thus far reported gives an increased gain for McKinley. The ratio of gain throughout the state may fall off and still the state will be safely in the republican column. Chairman Lindsay issues the statement this afternoon that Nebraska will give McKinley anywhere from 8,000 to 10,000 plurality. He says that the state ticket is very close but the indications point to small republican plurality on governor and the minor state offices.

MADISON COUNTY.

The County Stands by the Administration but Norfolk is O.K.

Madison county gives McKinley 2955 votes and Bryan 1741, a majority for McKinley of 3114. This result is brought about in the city of Madison and in the country precincts. Republicans point with shame to the vote in Norfolk, which seems to be the only black spot on the map in this day of hope and brightness.

Returns by Precincts.

Omaha, Nov. 7.—One hundred and thirty precincts in Nebraska outside of Omaha and Douglas county give McKinley 15,710, Bryan 13,845. The same precincts in 1896 gave McKinley 14,345, Bryan 13,645.

On the national ticket, at 2:30 a. m., 550 precincts give McKinley a plurality of about 3,000 outside of Omaha and Douglas county.

For congress, 58 precincts give Mercer (Rep.) 7,717 and Howard (Dem.) 6,120 votes. It is believed that the vote of Sarpy and Washington counties will sweep away this lead and give Howard a small majority.

Wahoo—Saunders county, Cedar precinct gives Bryan 42 plurality.

Crete—Saline county, Crete precinct, complete: Bryan 351, McKinley 346. Papillion—Sarpy county, Papillion precinct gives Bryan 170, McKinley 148.

Herman—This precinct gives McKinley 154, Bryan 101, showing a McKinley gain of 43.

Congressional ticket, York county, Baker township, Pope 81, Stark 95, state ticket, Dietrich 86, Poynter 95.

St. Paul—This precinct gives McKinley 293, Bryan 271. Same precinct gave McKinley 248, Bryan 210 in 1896.

Wood River—Hall county, Wood River township: McKinley 181, Bryan 119. Same precincts gave McKinley 180 and Bryan 136 in 1896.

Lincoln—27 out of 52 precincts in Lancaster county give McKinley a gain of 663 over 1896. These include 19 out of the 20 precincts in Lincoln.

Geneva—Fillmore county, Geneva city gives Bryan 86, McKinley 110. Geneva precinct gives Bryan 115, McKinley 129. Five precincts in Fillmore county give Bryan 552, McKinley 657.

Beatrice—Four precincts in Gage county give McKinley 506, and Bryan 364.

ILLINOIS.

Plurality for McKinley Will Exceed Ninety Thousand.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from 15 counties in the state and partial returns from the others, including the full vote of Chicago, indicate a plurality for McKinley that will probably exceed 90,000. Chairman Watson of the Democratic state central committee concedes the state to McKinley by 50,000. Returns also indicate the election of the full Republican state ticket by majorities considerably under the presidential figures, the scratching of the state ticket being confined almost entirely to Cook county, where Mr. Alschuler's personal popularity told heavily for the Democratic nominees, so much in fact that it is probable that that county was carried for the Democratic state ticket. Returns so far indicate that the Republicans have lost two and possibly three congressmen in Chicago, the most sensational defeat being that of William Lorimer. Outside of Cook county the congressional delegation is in doubt. The Democrats claim gains in one or two districts, but Republican leaders assert that the delegation will remain unchanged.

It is practically certain that the next legislature, which will elect a United States senator to succeed Shelby M. Cullom, will be Republican on joint ballot at least and by a sufficient majority to elect a senator.

The total vote in this city was: McKinley 180,970, Bryan 172,524, Woolley 3,335, Debs 5,022, Barker 189, Muloney 205, Ellis 90.

Idaho.

Boise, Ida., Nov. 7.—Seventeen precincts in Idaho give McKinley 1,323, Bryan 1,596. In 1896 they gave the Republicans 707 and fusionists 1,132.

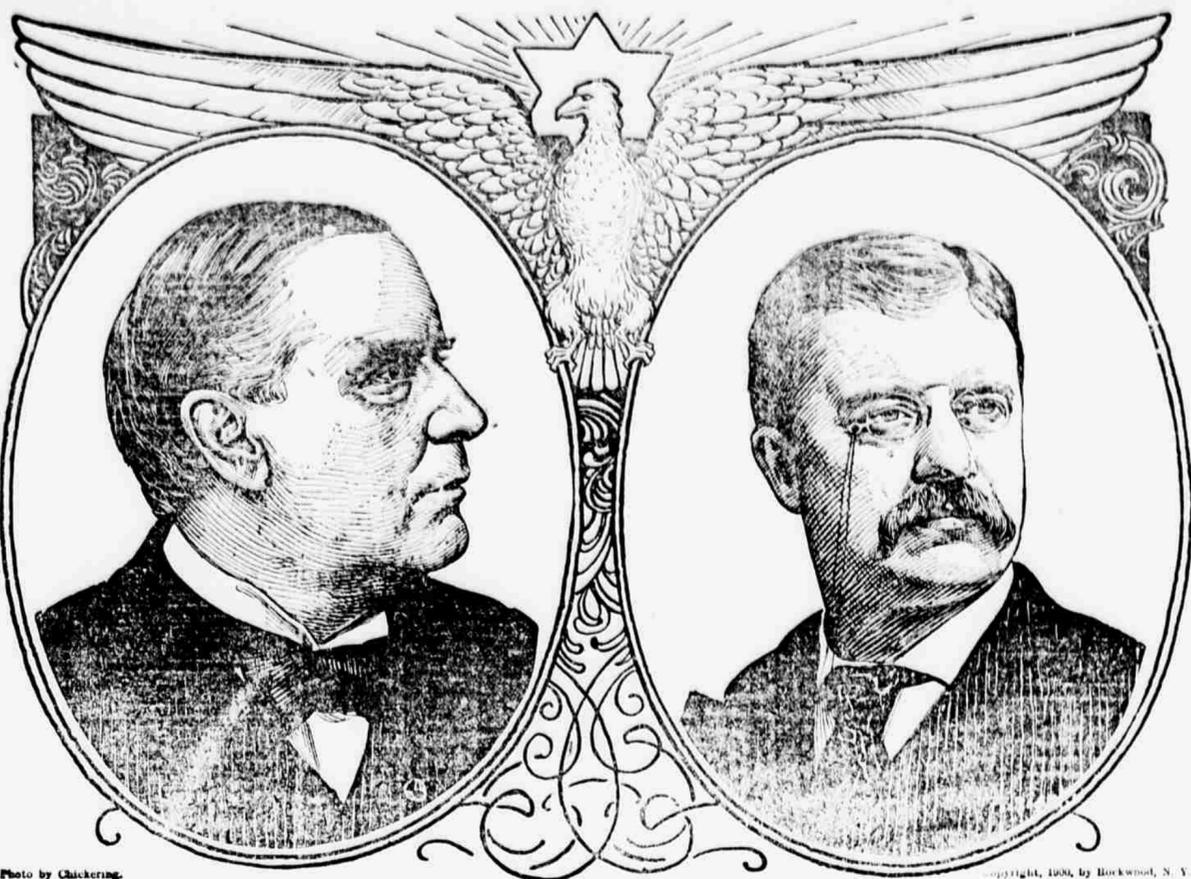


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McKINLEY AGAIN ELECTED.

Latest Returns Show Overwhelming Republican Victory.

NEW YORK STATE FIGURES.

They Indicate a Plurality for McKinley of 136,000.

LANDSLIDE IN SOME OF THE STATES

McKinley Carries Every State That Gave Him Its Electoral Vote Four Years Ago and Several Others That Went for Bryan.

Clean Sweep in Maryland.

New York, Nov. 7.—It became evident at a very early hour last evening that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt was assured. At 8:30 p. m. returns from nearly two-thirds of the election districts of Greater New York had been received, indicating beyond question that Bryan and Stevenson could not expect more than 25,000 or 30,000 plurality in this Democratic stronghold and unless there was a landslide in the outside counties beyond all reasonable expectations the pivotal state of New York had declared in unmistakable terms, although by a reduced majority, for the Republican candidates. Returns from Illinois betrayed a like condition. The Republican gains over 1896 seemed to indicate that Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia had given decisive Republican pluralities. The count in several of the far western states was naturally so delayed as to give little indication of the outcome there, but they had ceased to have a determining effect, and before 11 o'clock the Democratic leaders had given up the contest, and it was announced that Mr. Bryan had gone to bed and was sound asleep.

The whole story was easily and briefly told. The Republican ticket would have a larger electoral vote than four years ago, but in the larger state of the east and middle west the pluralities had been greatly reduced.

Massachusetts had fallen from 174,000 to 50,000; New York from 208,000 to 135,000, and Illinois from 142,000 to 100,000 or less.

The roll call of states is apparently as follows:

- For McKinley: Connecticut 6, Delaware 3, Illinois 24, Indiana 15, Iowa 13, Maine 6, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 15, Michigan 14, Minnesota 9, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 10, New York 36, North Dakota 3, Ohio 23, Pennsylvania 32, Rhode Island 4, Vermont 4, West Virginia 6, Wisconsin 12, California 9, Kansas 10, Oregon 4, Wyoming 4, Washington 4, South Dakota 4—total 284.
- For Bryan: Alabama 11, Arkansas 8, Colorado 4, Florida 4, Georgia 13, Louisiana 8, Mississippi 9, Missouri 17, Montana 3, North Carolina 11, South Carolina 9, Tennessee 12, Texas 15, Virginia 12, Nevada 3—total 139.

Unreported.

Idaho 3, Kentucky 13, Nebraska 8—total 24.

The 57th congress seems to be Republican by a substantial working majority.

The gubernatorial tickets have apparently followed the national and Odell is elected in New York and Yates in Illinois.

Returns received up to 1:30 a. m. show that Bryan received pluralities over McKinley in four counties in the state of New York as follows: New York 31,804, Queens 2,000, Richmond 635, Schenectady 370. The county giving McKinley the largest plurality over Bryan was Onondaga, where McKinley leads by 10,742 votes. McKinley's total plurality in the state, based on the returns received, is 136,969.

Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Nov. 7.—Estimates from one-half of the counties in Pennsylvania indicate a plurality for McKinley of over 233,000. In Montgomery and Chester counties, where the fusionists made a strong fight to elect nine anti-Quay members of the legislature, they suffered a severe setback, the regular Republicans winning by large majorities.

Pennsylvania's delegation in the next congress will not be less than 24 Republicans to 6 Democrats, as against 20 Republicans and 10 Democrats in the present congress.

M. S. Quay's friends are claiming they will have a majority on joint ballot favorable to his re-election to the United States senate.

Rhode Island.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 7.—On an increased vote, Bryan has made considerable gains in Rhode Island. McKinley's plurality of four years ago was 22,978. Only half of the 143 districts in the state have been heard from. McKinley's plurality will be about 20,000, it is believed. Providence, which in 1896 gave McKinley 8,211 plurality, while electing a Democratic mayor, has elected Grainger (Dem.) by a plurality of less than 1,000. In 1896 every city and town in the state gave a McKinley plurality. The Republican state committee admits a reduced plurality.

Vermont.

White River Junction, Vt., Nov. 7.—At 1:45 a. m. returns had been received from all but 63 towns in the state, mostly small agricultural places. Those will probably give additions to the Republican majority. From the towns which have made returns at this hour, Bryan received 11,891 and McKinley 33,795. This will give a Republican plurality estimated at 30,000. The net gain for the Democrats in this election over that of 1896 is about 29 per cent, while the Republicans have a net loss of about 11 per cent.

Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 7.—Additional returns from the state outside of Cheyenne received by the Republican state central committee show great gains for the Republican ticket over the vote of 1896. The Republican majority for Wyoming is now conservatively estimated at 3,000.

Connecticut.

New Haven, Nov. 7.—Connecticut in the election yesterday decided that her electoral vote of six should be placed in the McKinley column. The entire Republican state ticket was elected. The plurality for McKinley is about 23,000.

Complexion of Congress.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Returns from 287 congressional districts show the election of 154 Republicans, 130 Democrats, 1 fusionist, 1 silverite and 1 Populist.

CLEAN SWEEP IN IOWA.

Republicans Carry Every Congressional District.

PLURALITY RECORD BROKEN

Average Gain is 20 Votes per Precinct and That Means One Hundred Thousand Plurality—Second District is Close and Claimed by Both Parties.

Des Moines, Nov. 7.—It is apparent that Iowa is Republican by 100,000 and that a solid delegation of 11 Republicans will be sent to Washington. Because of the late closing of the polls all over the state, 7 o'clock, but 6:23 out of 2,137 precincts in the state have been heard from. These give McKinley 239,707 and Bryan 205,812, a net Republican gain of 29 to a precinct. If this ratio is maintained, and there is little doubt it will be, McKinley's plurality will be 101,000, the largest on record in the state. In 1896 McKinley's plurality in Iowa was 65,552.

Chairman Weaver says: "Iowa is McKinley by over 100,000 and we have elected all the congressmen. Rumpke, in the 2d district, the only close district, is elected by 350 plurality."

Chairman Huffman of the Democratic central committee says: "We concede the state to McKinley by 50,000. We claim the election of Vollmer in the 2d district."

The entire Republican state ticket is elected by the largest pluralities ever rolled up in Iowa.

Returns show that a heavy vote has been cast all over the state. The result in the congressional fights cannot yet be told, although the indications are that all the Republican congressmen will be elected.

Polk county, in which is Des Moines, will give about 6,000 majority, an increase of about 2,000 for the Republicans.

There seems no doubt that the amendment to the state constitution for biennial elections instead of annual ones has carried.

The vote on the state ticket in Iowa is running very close to the national, showing that most of the members of other political organizations who have laid aside party lines, have left the old party entirely and have voted a straight ticket. The entire Republican state ticket has been elected by a most complimentary vote.

Sioux City, Nov. 7.—Sioux City and Woodbury counties will go 2,000 Republican. Lot Thomas of Storm Lake is re-elected congressman from the 11th district by an overwhelming majority.

Clarinda, Ia., Nov. 7.—Hepburn (Rep.) elected, 4,000 plurality.

Oregon.

Portland, Or., Nov. 7.—Oregon yesterday gave McKinley the largest plurality ever given a candidate for office in this state. With more than half the total vote of the state counted, the result is as follows: McKinley 27,125, Bryan 17,073. McKinley's plurality is 10,053. Multnomah county, which includes the city of Portland, gave McKinley 5,000 plurality, and it is estimated that the state outside of this city will return a plurality of 9,000, making the Republican plurality in the state close to 15,000.

Portland, Or., Nov. 7.—Two hundred and eighty precincts in Oregon out of

772, including 47 in the city of Portland, give McKinley 22,835, Bryan 14,584. Eleven precincts in the state of Washington give McKinley 786, Bryan 340.

Maine.

Portland, Me., Nov. 7.—Although the weather conditions were never finer on election day, a comparatively light vote was polled in Maine yesterday. All through the state, according to reports at hand, there was a considerable falling off in the Republican plurality from four years ago and a corresponding gain in the Democratic column. Up to midnight returns had been received from about 210 cities, towns and plantations in the state, showing a Republican plurality of 18,481, as against 31,988 for the same towns in 1896. The returns to that hour indicated a Republican loss of 17 per cent and a Democratic gain of 21 per cent, as compared with 1896. Figuring on this basis the Republican plurality in the state would be about 27,300.

Ohio.

Columbus, O., Nov. 7.—At 10 o'clock less returns were received than at any previous return in Ohio, up to that hour. This is attributed to the unusually large vote and the full county and district tickets. There were seven tickets of presidential electors and five state tickets. Out of 3,100 precincts in Ohio, the state committee had heard at 10 o'clock from less than 200 precincts and from very few county committees, indicating no material change in the vote of 1896, when McKinley had a plurality of 51,309. McKinley's home county gained 1,000.

Maryland.

Baltimore, Nov. 7.—President McKinley carried Baltimore city by a majority of 6,995. The returns from the counties are meagre, but official advices from 81 scattered precincts out of 354 give him 18,285, as against 16,197 for Bryan, thus assuring him a majority of at least 10,000 in the state. The defeat of the Democrats has been thorough and surprising, it being certain that they have lost five out of the six congressional districts, with the probabilities in favor of a clean sweep by the loss of the other.

New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 7.—Incomplete returns from different parts of the state indicate that New Jersey has been carried for McKinley and Roosevelt by more than 50,000. The Republicans elect six of the eight congressmen, the same representation as last year, and will have an overwhelming majority in both houses of the legislature, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed William J. Sewell (Rep.) as United States senator.

Delaware.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 7.—The count is so slow in Kent and Sussex counties that detailed results of the legislative elections there cannot be given, but the Democrats say nothing has transpired to destroy their confidence in the election of a Democratic legislature. It probably will be 10 o'clock before the result can be definitely announced. McKinley's plurality in the state may reach 2,500.

Payne Wins It to Roosevelt.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Vice Chairman Payne sent the following telegram to Colonel Roosevelt: "The country is saved; we have beaten Pettigrew and captured Nebraska, legislature and all."

JOHN R. HAYS IS ELECTED

Late Returns Indicate a Majority of Nearly 500.

IT IS A LANDSLIDE TO HAYS

Every County Shows a Gain in Favor of the Republican Candidate. The Majority Has Not Reached Such a Figure that It Cannot be Overcome.

The early returns on congressman point conclusively to the election of John R. Hays in the Third district. He carries Madison county by 230, Merrick 150, Boone 17, Wayne 250, Stanton 25, Burt estimated at 300. In Pierce county 9 out of 13 precincts gives Hays a majority of 40. The city of Fremont gives Hays a majority of 300. It is known that Hays has carried Thurston, Knox and Antelope counties by good majorities.

Ten out of 30 precincts in Knox county give Hays 777, Robinson 718. This is a big republican gain. Two years ago Knox county gave a fusion majority of more than 300.

One half of the precincts of Dakota county give Hays 519, Robinson 495.

Thurston county, all precincts reported, gives Hays over Robinson 125.

It will be observed that Hays has carried a number of counties that have heretofore been counted in the fusion column. The same ratio of republican gain in the other counties will elect Mr. Hays.

At 6 o'clock this afternoon there remains no doubt but that Hays is elected to congress. The following table shows the majorities on congressman so far as heard from. A portion of the figures are unofficial returns, the remainder are estimated, but it is believed that in the estimate a liberal figure has been given to Mr. Robinson:

	Hays	Robinson
Antelope	150	
Boone	17	
Burt	300	
Cedar		300
Colfax		350
Cuming		362
Dodge	69	
Dixon	100	
Dakota	150	
Knox	100	
Madison	230	
Merrick	150	
Nance	50	
Thurston	125	
Wayne	250	
Platte		450
Pierce	30	
Stanton	25	
	1955	1462

DISTRICT JUDGESHIP.

J. F. Boyd Has Been Elected Judge in the Ninth District.

In the Ninth judicial district J. F. Boyd, republican, has been elected district judge. Antelope county gives him 257, Wayne 250, Knox a small majority, and in Madison he receives 216. It is probable that Pierce county will give Cones, the fusion nominee, a good majority, but it will be impossible to overcome the majorities given Boyd in the other counties.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

Young Elected Senator in the Eleventh District—Bley and Zimmerman Tie.

The returns indicate that W. W. Young has been elected senator from the Eleventh senatorial district. He carries Madison county by 159, Wayne by about 200, Stanton by 140, Pierce will give Tawney a good vote, but not enough to overcome the majorities in the other counties.

The returns on Bley and Zimmerman indicate a tie, the unofficial returns from every precinct in the county giving each candidate 1801 votes. It is more than probable that the official count will change this result.

Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 7.—As usual in presidential years, Massachusetts went republican yesterday by a substantial, but considerably reduced, majority, giving to President McKinley 15 votes in the electoral college, while W. M. Crane was re-elected governor, nearly all of the Republican state ticket and at least 10 out of 13 Republican congressmen. The state legislature is also Republican by a majority of about 3 to 1 and will probably again send Hon. George F. Hoar to the national senate.

West Virginia.

Charlestown, W. Va., Nov. 7.—Indications are that McKinley has carried the state by 8,000 and the Republican state ticket is probably elected, while the Democrats will have a majority on joint ballot in the legislature.

Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 7.—Virginia's majority in favor of Bryan is apparently about 20,000. The indications are that certainly time, and probably all of the Democratic candidates for congress are elected.