

THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1901.

DENY THE WAR RUMOR.

German Officials Say Walderssee Will Not Give Ultimatum.

CONCERT IS TO CONTINUE.

Powers Expected to Remain Harmonious Concerning China—Report Li Hung Chang Has Orders to Attempt Recapture of Peking is Confirmed by Sheng.

London, Sept. 27.—The China question is again the phase of the discussion of the stability of the European concert and the likelihood of Germany finding it convenient to modify her aggressive attitude. According to the Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail, Japan assents to the German proposal, but at the same time strongly urges that there should be no prolonged delay in the negotiations. The same authorities say the Japanese would decline to follow Germany in pursuing the imperial court into the interior of China. From Shanghai comes the announcement that an imperial edict confers posthumous honors on the anti-foreign commissioner, Li Ping Heng, who committed suicide after the evacuation of Tung Chow, and Duke Chung Yi, the late emperor's father-in-law, who killed himself after the emperor and empress regent left Peking.

The German officials deny energetically the report that Salisbury has refused the German proposals, declaring that he only demanded a respite, but they seem disillusioned by the long delay of the English answer. They further deny the report in the Morning Post that Von Walderssee would send an ultimatum to the Chinese government, asking for delivery of five heads, or war would be declared. It is assured that Germany intends no separate action.

Chinese papers assert that orders have been issued for the erection of a new imperial palace at Si Nzan Fu. They also report that Li Hung Chang has started for Peking, escorted by Russian and Japanese troops, and that Li Chan Lin has been appointed viceroy of Canton.

Sheng's germen confirms the rumor that Li Hung Chang has received secret orders to attempt to recapture Peking.

Describing the disorders in the vicinity of Canton the Hong Kong correspondent for the Times says: "The American church in the suburbs of Canton has been destroyed and the Catholic church at To Kam Hang and the foreign cemetery there have been desecrated."

According to a dispatch received here from Berlin, the Russian and Japanese replies to Germany's proposal, received yesterday, asserted that Russia "assents in principle," while Japan's answer is an "emphatic approval."

IN A WAITING ATTITUDE.

United States Will Try to Ascertain More Clearly Plans of the Powers.

Washington, Sept. 27.—It is apparent that our government is again in a waiting attitude, after having made the important move toward a reduction of the American troops in China, announced Tuesday. General Chaffee's offer to escort Li Hung Chang was in conformity with the expected purpose of the state department to facilitate in every proper manner the journey of the Chinese viceroy to Peking. Still, it is now regarded as just as well that the offer was declined and the responsibility for Li's safety left with the Russians.

The instructions to Minister Conger to establish relations with Li and Prince Ching is still held up here. It is beginning to appear that the purpose of the delay is to ascertain more clearly the plans of the powers interested, as well as our own, in which Mr. Conger was to endeavor to bring about negotiations for a settlement. If it shall appear that there is a disposition on the part of any considerable portion of them to reflect in advance the well meant efforts of the United States to bring about a conference and negotiations in which they could participate on equal terms with our own government, with the purpose of terminating the Chinese difficulties, then Mr. Conger's instructions may require recasting. It might be regarded as useless for him to arrange for a meeting of the powers with China which the former do not care to attend, owing to entirely different purposes from those animating the United States, and there probably is no disposition to subject our minister to humiliation by a flat failure which might be anticipated.

It also is possible that the news relative to the advancement of Prince Tuan to a position where he might influence the negotiations is regarded as worthy of attention and that our government may delay proceedings as long as he stands in the way.

Found Watery Graves.

Perham, Minn., Sept. 27.—W. B. Hosea and C. A. Ballinger, both of St. Joseph, Mo., who have been camping on Lake McDonald, have been missing since Sunday. Their boat was found capsized in the middle of the lake and a coat that was worn by one of them was found on shore. The supposition is that they went sailing and were drowned.

STATE MAY AID GALVESTON.

Louis May Be Made With Which to Clear City Streets.

Galveston, Sept. 27.—Nearly 2,000 men are engaged clearing the streets, removing debris and disposing of dead bodies. Twenty-five bodies were recovered yesterday and 35 Tuesday. Governor Sayers left for Austin, where he will consult with the attorney general relative to a proposition from the city government for a fund with which to operate the municipal government from now until the end of the fiscal year, Feb. 28. One hundred thousand dollars will be required. Governor Sayers discouraged the idea of using the relief fund for this purpose.

BRYAN ASSAILS TRUSTS

Nebraska City People Hear Arraignment of Starch Combine—Attorney General Smyth Speaks.

Nebraska City, Neb., Sept. 27.—Hon. W. J. Bryan spoke here to a large crowd last night. The speech had been looked forward to with much interest because Mr. Bryan had announced that he would deal with the trust question, as affected by the suit instituted by Attorney General Smyth to annul the sale of the Argo Starch works of this city to the National Starch company, popularly known as the starch trust. Mr. Bryan was met at the railroad station by two or three marching clubs and by a large number of other admirers, who escorted the party to the Grand Pacific hotel. When the meeting began at 8:30 there was a light rain falling and the weather was extremely chilly. The unfavorable weather did not, however, have the effect of dispersing the crowd. They held on bravely, most of them remaining to the end. There were not many unfriendly interruptions, but evidently some had been expected, for previous to the meeting the mayor of the city issued an order saying that there had been rumors of trouble and warning against it. The meeting was held in the court house grounds and the people stood under the trees and much of the time in the rain while Mr. Bryan spoke. He plunged into the local trust question at the very beginning of his speech. Mr. Bryan congratulated the people upon having an attorney general who has courage enough to bring the suit, and said that if the United States attorney general had done his duty there would have been no necessity for the state authorities to take up the question. He said that if he should be elected the federal administration would be found moving against all combinations contrary to law. He asserted that to support the trusts meant to support the Republican policies, including militarism, imperialism, high tariff, etc. He took up and discussed briefly the general issues of the campaign. The speech was liberally applauded in many places and there were fewer shouts for opposing candidates than at most meetings.

Mr. Bryan was followed by Attorney General Smyth, who said he had been informed he would not be permitted to speak. But he had not believed this. He explained his purpose in bringing the action which he had instituted, saying he had done nothing more than attempt to enforce the law of the state. His purpose was not to close the starch factory, but his only object was to preserve it as an independent enterprise. Mr. Smyth received respectful attention. He was followed by Hon. J. Hamilton Lewis, who made a general political speech.

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TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

Colonel Pavon of the Cuban army was killed at Santiago by a drunken clerk named Octavio Mena.

The Democrats of the Third Louisiana district nominated R. F. Broussard to succeed himself in congress.

The 400 striking miners at Coal Creek, Tenn., returned to work Wednesday. The wage scale demanded by the miners was accepted.

Zenas L. Martin of Iowa has been chosen to have charge of the Friends' mission work in Cuba. The Quakers will establish many missions there.

The trustees of the Carthage (Ill.) college have elected T. W. Sigmund of Tiffin, O., to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of President Rutledge.

A general strike was ordered in the cigar factories at Tampa, Fla., of Sanchez & Heya, and Argelles, Lopez & Bro., about 1,000 persons being thrown out of work.

A passenger train on the Rio Grande and Fort Worth railroad ran into a washout near Pershing, Tex., Wednesday. One person was killed and eight badly injured.

The Catholic Young Men's National union, in convention at New York, decided to form a federation for the purpose of influencing legislation and furthering the claims of people who embrace the Catholic faith.

The torpedo boat destroyer Decatur, one of the largest vessels of its class in the navy, was launched Wednesday at the William R. Trigg company ship yards at Richmond, Va., in the presence of several thousand persons.

Bartholomew Kost, who was extradited from Chicago in October of last year on charge of robbing and killing Marie Vodicka, a cook whom he had married, and throwing her body in the Elbe, has been sentenced to death at Bremen.

TRY TO MOB ROOSEVELT.

Governor Has Exciting Experience at Victor, Colo.

HIT ON BREAST WITH STICK.

Escort of Rough Riders Protect Him From Further Assault by the Mob—Partisans Indulge in Lively Fisticuffs on Mining Camp's Street.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 27.—Governor Roosevelt had a most exciting experience yesterday at Victor, a few miles from Cripple Creek, among the mines, where a demonstrative crowd had assembled. The governor had a narrow escape from serious personal violence. The incident was the only one of the kind that has occurred during the trip and it is said that the trouble was occasioned by a small body of roughs who had been organized and paid for the purpose of breaking up the meeting. The men engaged were few in number, but very violent in their attack.

Governor Roosevelt spoke at Armory hall, which was filled. He had hardly begun speaking when he was interrupted by noisy demonstrations. He said:

"In my state the men who were put on the committee on platform to draw up an anti-trust platform at Kansas City convention had at that time their pockets stuffed with ice trust stock. The Democratic leader in New York, Richard Croker, upon whom you base your only hope, and it is a mighty slim hope, too, was another great stockholder, and if in fact you were to read through the list of stockholders in that trust it would sound like reading the roll of the members of Tammany Hall."

A voice cried: "How about the rotten beef?"

The governor replied: "I ate it, and you will never get near enough to be hit with a bullet or within five miles of it."

Governor Roosevelt succeeded in finishing his remarks, though there was an evident intention among those present that he should not do so. When the governor left the hall with his party to go toward the train he was surrounded by a company of rough riders.

Governor Roosevelt and his party were on foot. A crowd of boys and men began throwing stones and shouting for Bryan. The rough riders, mounted and unmounted, closed in around the governor to protect him from assault by the mob. One made a personal attack upon Governor Roosevelt and succeeded in striking him a blow in the breast with a stick.

The assailant was immediately knocked down by Daniel M. Sullivan, postmaster of Cripple Creek. A rush was made by the mob to drag the men in khaki uniforms from their horses.

The men on foot, also in khaki, closed around the governor, making a wedge, which pushed through the crowd and they finally succeeded in gaining the train, which was surrounded by the mob. By this time there were probably 1,000 or 1,500 excited people in the vicinity and fistfights were exchanged on all sides. Many of the mob were armed with sticks and clubs, some with rotten potatoes, stale eggs and lemons. The entire party gained the train, however, without serious injury and it pulled out of the place with

the rough riders on the rear platform. Governor Roosevelt, while regretting the occurrence, was not disturbed by the incident and was ready to proceed with his speeches in Cripple Creek.

Position of the Powers.

Paris, Sept. 27.—It is asserted from excellent diplomatic sources that Austria and Italy are the only powers who have replied favorably and unconditionally to Germany's note. It is certainly a fact that the replies of Russia and France are almost identical, involving the punishment of the original authors of the anti-foreign assaults, but not making their surrender an absolute condition of the peace preliminaries.

HOWARD IS CONVICTED.

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Firing the Shot Which Killed Goebel and Fixes Penalty at Death.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 27.—The jury in the case of James Howard, on trial for alleged conspiracy in the Goebel murder case, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty, with the penalty fixed at death.

The jury retired at 9:10 a. m. and returned with its verdict at 9:43. The court room was crowded with spectators almost trembling with suppressed excitement. Foreman Crutcher of the jury passed the written verdict up to the clerk. Deputy Clerk Elliott read the verdict, which found the defendant guilty and fixed his punishment at death.

Howard occupied a seat by his attorney. He did not display the least agitation and was apparently unconcerned. The verdict was a surprise, as the general public was led to believe that the jury was divided on the question of the guilt or innocence of the defendant. It developed that the delay in reaching a verdict was over the degree of punishment, some of the jurors preferring the life imprisonment, while others stood out for the death penalty and finally won their associates over.

Transvaal Officials Sail.

Lourenco Marques, Sept. 27.—The German steamer Herzog, which sailed for Europe yesterday, had among its passengers the Transvaal postmaster general, Van Alphen; the assistant secretary of state, Grobler; the state treasurer, Malherbe, and a large quantity of gold.

Gift for Bethany College.

Emporia, Kan., Sept. 27.—Episcopal Bishop Frank R. Millsap announced that Felix R. Bruno and wife of Pittsburg had given \$25,000 to the college of the Sisters of Bethany at Topeka.

Name Connor for Congress.

Fort Dodge, Ia., Sept. 27.—Judge Connor was nominated on the 26th ballot as candidate for congress to succeed Dudley, Humboldt county breaking and Winneshago following.

Dr. Lazaar Dies of Yellow Fever.

Havana, Sept. 27.—Dr. Lazaar, one of three medical experts who came to Havana to study yellow fever, died yesterday of that disease. Of the other two, Dr. Carroll contracted the fever, but has recovered, and Dr. Reed has returned to the United States.

Wrestling Tournament.

Des Moines, Sept. 27.—In a wrestling tournament here last night, in which Farmer Burns, Frank Gotsch, D. A. McMillan, Ernest Roebber and Owen Shellenberger participated, Gotsch and Burns carried off the honors.



The Man Who Couldn't Take a Hint

When he saw a loaded jackass lay back his ears, got the proverbial kick, and the man who don't take the hint when we say buy lumber "now," is going to get left. Prices at our yard are at the bottom. Next change will be upward. That new barn you've been figuring on so long, won't cost a cent more right now than after a while. Let's talk it over.

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