ENDORSED BY ALLEN.

The President's Philippine Policy Warmly Supported.

EXTRACTS FROM A RECENT SPEECH

Patriotic Etterances of the Former United. Self-Government - No Bugaboo of "Imperialism" for Him.

"We are dealing with savages as ! bloodthirsty and as incapable of being ! reconciled as the Ogallala Sionx. their own volition.

"A duty is imposed upon us by our occupancy of the Philippine islands !that we cannot escape. I fully concur in what I understand to be the policy of the president of the United States.

Perhaps the testimony of Admiral Dewey, concerning the situation in the Philippines and the nation's present duty there, does not appeal strongly to the average fusionist, who is being led by the party managers into oppositionof the government, for the reason that the admiral is a Republican. Perhaps. the opinion of General Function, the intropid volunteer from Kansas, has little weight with them, because he, too, is a Republican. May be the views of General Joe Wheeler will be more seriously considered by them, for the reason, that he once offered some pretty active and effective armed resistance to the principle of government without the consent of the governed, enforced by Abraham Lincoln, and because he has been a life-long political opponent of the Republican party.

We are sure, coming nearer home, that Nebraska fusionists will put some stress upon the opinion of William Vincent Allen, who was a member of the United States senate until March 4, last. Senator Allen voted for the ratification of the treaty of Paris, according to recommendation of William Jennings Bryan. He not only voted for it, but hands in 1895 and 6,632 in 1898. The he urged its ratification in stirring speeches. He vigorously endorsed the There was an increase of 40 per cent in course of the administration. He set the number of hands and an increase of verely condemned the Filipinos for their treachery, and declared them as "bloodthirsty as the Ogallala Sioux." For the benefit of his political brethren we herewith reproduce extracts from his speeches-lest they forget, lest they increase in wages per month was \$96,-

Feb. 6, 1899, in a debate on joint reso-Intion, S. R. 240, declaring the purpose of the United States toward the Philippine islands, Senator William V. Allen said:

'Mr. President, the news has come to us within the last few hours of a conflict between the American army and navy and the Filipinos. To my own state has fallen much of the loss of life and limb. Ten out of 20 of the young men who lost their lives in the battle that has been fought within the last 48 crease in wages was \$95,431.80 for one hours were members of the First Nebraska infantry. There is mourning in Nebraska today; there will be weeping in many a Nebraska home tonight. Mr. President, this ought to be a warning to us. I cannot condemn too severely the assault, the treacherous assault, made upon our troops. We were dealing with savages as bloodthirsty and as incapable of being reconciled as the Ogallala Sioux. They precipitated this conflict of their own volition.

as a conquering military power. We \$241,369.05. hold them by virtue of the power to make war and in no other sense and there those islands and those people must remain, respecting the dignity and the sovereignty and the flag of this nation, until their status among the nations of the earth shall be defined by congress, the sole power to deal with this question.

A few days later, in a debate on the McEnery resolution, page 1,737 of the Congressional Record, Senator Allen

"Mr. President, our attitude in the Philippines is a military attitude altogether. There is no civil power there. We have held these islands and will continue to hold them by virtue of this government until congress, carrying out a duty imposed upon it by the constitution, shall formulate and see that there is adopted a system of civil government for those people. I think that position cannot be successfully contradicted.

"Mr. President, a duty is imposed upon us by our occupancy of the Philippine islands that we cannot escape. would not incorporate those people into the body of our population or make citizens of them at this time. I fully concur in what I understand to be the policy of the president of the United States, to hold them for such reasonable time that the influence and education of this government may prepare them in some slight degree for the duties of an independent form of government. That furnishes no excuse for their assault upon the duly constituted authorities in those islands. That comes from their lack of knowledge. It comes possibly from those who have given them bad advice. I think it does so largely, but whether they be responsible or irresponsible, the first great lesson they must learn is obedience to the duly constituted authorities of the islands until the sovereignty changes from that author

ity to them. A prominent railroad man of Ne braska says that during the past 18 months the receipts of the Burlington road for excess baggage have doubled. This excess baggage is paid by commercial travelers almost entirely and indi cates that there are more of these commercial men on the road, and they are each of them carrying a larger amount of sample trunks with them. This is a true index of the commercial prosperity of the state.

Is it any wonder that the price of beef is high? Three years ago the laboring classes went without beef.

**************** PROOF OF PROSPERITY

A Few Facts For the Benefit of Calamityiles,

After having gone through f ur years of depression and hard times, the peostates Senator The Islands Must be ple of Nebraska are all the better able to Held by this Country Until Their People recognizes and appreciate the present agars well for the movement. Are Prepared for a Larger Degree of era of prosperity. And they are all the arguments advanced by the free silver and Supt. D. C. C. Connor as secretary. shouters and the calamity howlers who were making such direful predictions three years ago.

Under the circumstances it is remark able that any business man or any farmer They precipitated the conflict of | should vote for the calamity crowd his call. and against his own interests. It is remarkable that he should allow himself to be fooled by any such a bugaboo as the Norfolk Public Library association, alliance" or Sulu "treaties."

The prosperity here at home is appar ent. To correctly judge how it is all over the country, it is only necessary to read the reports which have been gathred from among the industrial institutions of the surrounding states.

The 2,229 concerns which have sent in reports not only employed 64,749 more hands in 1898 than they did in 1895, but there was an increase in the amount of wages paid of \$37,415,763.20. Does this not look like prosperity? reported? For these 2,229 concerns alone it means that the 64,500 hands who were out of employment in 1895 were all employed at good wages in 1898. With this great prosperity among the consumers is it any wonder that the farmers of the west are pros-

In 1895 where ten men were at work and received \$100 in wages, in 1898 .3 were at work and received \$144 in wages. The ten men not only had three new companions beside them, but they were coemselves getting 11 per cent more wages. Those ten men understand it and so do the three men be-

From Colorado there are reports from 60 concerns which employed 4,758 increase in wages was \$117,676.73. 15 per cent in the wages of each man.

From Connecticut there are report from 78 concerns which employed 3,835 hands in 1895 and 15,576 in 1898. The

From South Carolina there are 15 reports from concerns which employed 3,718 hands in 1895 and 8,892 in 1898. The increase in wages paid was \$111,-806.56 each month, or over 100 per cent, while the wages of each man was in- ber 10, when the committees will recreased over 19 per cent.

From Missouri there are 206 reports from concerns which employed 5,057 in 1895 and 7,565 in 1898. The total inmonth alone.

In Ohio, from 86 reports there was an increase of 3,735 in the number of hands, and an increase of \$426,040.57 in the amount of wages paid every

In the state of Washington there was an increase of 3,644 in the number of hands employed by 168 firms, and a "We are in the Philippine islands monthly increase of wages paid of

> Taking the country at large, reports from 203 lumber firms which employed 9,079 hands in March, 1895, employed 15,485 in March, 1898, and the increase in wages for the month was \$258,123.76.

> Reports from 176 woolen mills show the employment of 23,456 hands in March, 1895, and 29,556 in March, 1898, an increase in wages of \$209,156.10 for the month, or an increase of over two million dollars for the year.

In the manufacture of iron and steel 64 firms have reported with an increase of 8,451 hands for the month of March, and a yearly increase in wages of \$511,-

In the coal industry 24 firms report an increase of 3,207 in the number of hands and an increase of \$2,421,680.64 in the amount of wages paid during the year. During the month of March, 1895, the hands received each an average of \$37.40 cents. In March, 1898 the average wage was \$43.50.

These great increases mean a great deal to the laboring men, and they mean a great deal to the producing class who have the chance to feed a larger number of working men. And the working men have the money to pay for the produce.

There are at the present time 1,000,-000 more hands employed in the factories and industries of the country than there were in 1896. This represents a wage earning of more than one million dollars per day. In 1896 the free silver shouters talked much about the silver interests and their importance to the country. What a small item the silver business is after all, compared with the increased amount of money paid out for wages.

In the state of Nebraska, according to the government reports, 137 institutions employed 633 hands in March, 1895. The same institutions in March, 1898, employed 1,284. The total increase in wages paid amounted to \$28,-537.31 for the month. Taking the whole country over, the wages paid per capita for the month of March, 1895, averaged \$34.60; for March, 1898, the average

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY

Organization Begun Which Will Un doubtedly Result in Providing One.

The meeting called by Mayor Simpson for last evening at the high school building to make a movement looking toward the securing of a public library for Nor. folk was fairly well attended by repre sentative citizens, and the evident determination of those attending to ac complish something in this direction

The meeting was organized by the more able to detect the fallacies of the election of Mayor Simpson as chairman

> of the enthusiasm on the subject that prevades his nature in stating the object

A motion prevailed that a permanent organization be formed to be known at "imperialism," "militarism," "foreign and a committee of three, consisting of John R. Hays, W. W. Robertson and D. J. Koenigstein, was appointed to draw up articles of incorporation.

> On motion G. A. Laikart and Mayor Simpson were appointed a committee on finance and given power to select their own assistants. They were instructed to make a canvass of the city and solicit abscriptions in aid of the movement.

What would the showing be if all the raised will probably be devoted to this industrial concerns in the country had purpose. It is understood that the without cost to the association, and as it is so convenient to the high school, be location will be satisfactory.

It appeared to be the sense of the necting that large subscriptions should not be solicited, particularly as the more contributors there are the more public in interest. The committee would herefore rather have 300 \$1 contribuions than 30 subscribers at \$10 each, although it is not likely that larger sums will be refused.

After the home of the library is secured it will be an easy matter to provide books and furnishings, as almost anyone will be ready and willing to contribute something to the purpose.

Supervisor Warrant this morning alled on Mayor Simpson and after stating that the opera house would probably tendered its use for an evening, free of your orders amount to \$25.00. charge, for an entertainment in the inerests of the library. It is believed that with a good entertainment, from fendants. this source alone can be realized an amount that will purchase a good supply of books.

port and other steps will be taken.

Sturgeon is the piano man.

A general line of men's, ladies', misses' and children's shoes cheap at the Norfolk Cash store.

Letter List. List of letters remaining uncalled for it the postoffice October 26, 1899:

If not called for in 30 days will be

end to the dead letter office. Ester A. Bryan, Fred Butterfield, J W. Caranev, Fannie Erskine, Mr. Gillmann, Julius Heckman, Mary Kennett Sam'l J. Mills, Will Reeves, Cam Rine H. H. Simonds, Maud Smith, F. I.

Stewart, A. E. Trontwine, Eunice B Tyler, Emma Tyler. Parties calling for any of the above please say advertised.

P. F. SPRECHER, P. M.

Are you thin? Would you like to get at and plump? Tried 'laughing,' t wouldn't work, now take Rocky Mountain Tea, 't will do the business. Dried fruits, fresh fruits and candies,

as nice as you want to see, at the Norfolk Cash store.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CHANCE

For a Bright Man to Secure a Steady Posi tion the Year Around in Norfolk

and Vicinity. Dear Editor :- We want a clothing salesman to take orders for our men's custom made-to-measure suits, pants, overcoats and ulsters in Norfolk and ad- are to foreclose certain tax liens against joining towns and country. Any good, bright man, especially if he has had experience as a salesman in a store, agri-cultural implement house, or where he fifteen (15), and sixteen (16), block six has come in contact with people, as so-(6), of the town of Nortolk; lots twelve has come in contact with people, as so- (6), of the town of Nortolk; lots twelve licitor for tailoring, insurance, nursery and thirteen (12 and 13), and the south stock or other goods, can make big 132 feet of lots fourteen (14), fifteen (15) money with our line the year around; and sixteen (16), block two (2); lot six (6), but any good, bright man, even without block three (3), and lots three (3), four previous experience, can make \$150.00 a (4), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), month and expenses with the big outfit twelve (12) and fourteen (14), in block we furnish him and the opportunity four (4), all of Mathewson's second addi-we give him if he will devote his time tion to the town of Norfolk, by virtue of to the work; or, if we can get a good tax sale certificates issued by the treasman in Norfolk whose time is partly urer of Madison county. Nebraska, taken up with other work and who can devote his spare time to our line, even if of 1890, 1891, 1892 and 1893, and subonly an hour or so a day, he will do exceedingly well with our agency. We have men in real estate, loan, legal, lumber, grain, railroad, express and other business, who give their spare time to our line with big results. No experience is absolutely necessary, no capital required. We furnish a complete line of cloth samples and station. plete line of cloth samples and stationery; have no commission plan, no and 1898; and plaintiff prays for a dehouse-to-house canvass, no catchy con-

annually. We occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago. We refer to the Corn Exchange National bank in Chicago, any express or railroad company in Chicago, or any resident of ber, 1899. this city. We buy our cloth direct from Dated was \$38.60-a net gain of over 11 per the largest European and American mills, we operate the most extensive

and economic custom tailoring plant in existence, and we reduce the price of made-to-measure suits and overcoats to ington, Delia Sessions, Melissa Posten, from \$5.00 to \$18.00 (mostly \$5.00 to James Cutter, William F. Huntington,

ment their order. arge cloth samples of our entire line of nits, pantaloons, overcoats, etc., a book matter and a rubber stamp with name of the mortgage records of Madison and address and pad complete, also an county, Nebraska, on the southwest for anyone to take orders and conduct the northwest quarter of the southeast Mayor Simpson gave some evidence a profitable business. We will also quarter, and the south half of the south furnish net confidential price list east quarter of section 15 in town of the meeting which was outlined in within five days and send direct to plaintiff to Susan C. Rudes and dated agent's customer by express C.O.D., October 1st, 1891, to secure the payment subject to examination and approval, of a promissory note of \$300, of the same every week we will send the agent our theprofit for the week, and nearly all our canceled, satisfied and disagents get a check from us of at least the said debt declared paid. 0.00 every week of the year.

We will make no charge for the book nd complete outfit, but, as the outfit ber, 1899. ists us several dollars, it is necessary to protect ourselves against anyone who would impose upon us by sending for It was aumounced at the meeting that the outfit with no intention of working, he old Catholic church building could but merely out of idle curiosity, there be purchased for \$300 and the first funds fore, we will ask as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the reader who decides to take up this work, that he out this article out and mail to us, with building will be allowed to occupy its the understanding that the big book present location for at least two years and complete outfit will be sent to him by express, he to pay the express agent 1.00 and express charges for the outfit, with the distinct understanding that we will refund the \$1.00 as soon as his orders ave amounted to \$25.00 which amount of orders be can take the very first day.

Don't compare this with any catchy offers made to get your \$1.00. The genuineness of our offer and our relithe library will be deemed, giving all ability are proven by the bank reference referred to above, or you can easily find out by writing to anyone in Chicago to

This is a rare chance for some man in Norfok or vicinity, to take up a work at once that with reasonable effort on his part is sure to net him from \$5.00 to \$10,00 a day from the start, and we trust that from among your many readers we will beable to get a few good representatives in Norfolk and adjoining towns.

Cut this notice out and mail to the American Woolen Mills Co., West Side Enterprise Building, Chicago, Ill., and the book and agent's complete outfit will be sent to you at once, you to pay \$1.00 and express charges when received, be completed in January, generously the \$1.00 to be returned to you when

> Summons by Publication. To John Zwight, Sophia Zwight, de-

You and each of you will take notice that on October 4th, 1899, Frank A Dearborn and B. F. Swan, plaintiffs, filed their petition in the district court Another meeting will be held Novem- of Madison county, Nebraska, against you as defendants impleaded with Citizens National bank, Chicago Lumber company and Ada Kyner, the object and prayer of which petition are to forelose a certain mortgage executed by Daniel G. Kyner and Ada Kyner, his wife, to the Durland Trust company upon the following described real estate situated in Madison county, Nebraska, to wit: the east half of the northwest quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section fourteen, township twenty-four, range one, west of the sixth p. m., given to secure the payment of the sum of \$2500 00 due February 1, 1899, which mortgage was recorded January 30, 1894. in the office of the county clerk of Madison county, Nebraska, in book 30, at page 404; that there is now due upon said notes and mortgage, and for taxes paid on said premises the sum of \$3021.29 with interest from March 23, 1899, at 10 per cent, for which sam with interest plaintiffs pray for a decree that defend ants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due and for such other and further relief as may be just and

> quitable. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 13th day of Novem-

Dated October 4th, 1899. FRANK A. DEARBORN, B. F. SWAN. By A. A. Welch, their attorney.

Charles E Olney, Jeremiah Olney and George H. Nichols, will take notice, that on the 24th day of October, 1899. T. C. Cannon, plaintiff herein, filed his petition in the district court or Madison county, Nebraska, against said defendants and John E. Olney and Charlotte E. Olney, the object and prayer of which the following described real estate, situated in Madison county, Nebraska, tosubsequent taxes paid for the years 1897 cree that defendants be required to pay ditions, but offer a rare opportunity for some man in vicinity to secure high grade employment at big wages.

We are the largest tailors in America. We make to measure over 300,000 suits any and all title, claim, lien, or interest in or to said property, or any part there

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 4th day of Decem-Dated October 25, 1809.

T. C. CANNON, Plaintiff, By Mapes & Hazen, His Attorneys.

Horace Huntington, Loraine Hunt-\$10.00), prices so low that nearly every. Daniel C. Huntingt n. Lottie J. Hunt- to the northwest corner of section four body will be glad to have their garments ington, Vela Olmstead, Clyde V. Olm. (4), aforesaid township and range, and made-to-measure, and will give our stend, Homer Cutter and Hattie Cutter terminating at the intersection with the defendants, will take not se that on south line of Pierce county, has reported We will furnish a good agent a large the 27th day of September, 1899, Mary in favor of the establishment thereof, and handsomely bound book containing A. Smith, plaintiff herein, filed her and all objections thereto or claims for petition in the district court of Madison damages must be filed in the county

county, Nebraska, against said defendwhich costs as several dollars; also fine ants, with others, the object and prayer day of November, A. D. 1899, or said colored fashion plates, tape measure, of which are to cancel a mortgage approad will be opened without reference ousiness cards, stationery, advertising pearing of record in book 22, 1 age 277, thereto. instruction book, which makes it easy quarter of the northeast quarter and We will also quarter, and the south half of the south-Agent can take orders and send them to ship 23, north of range 3 west of the us and we will make the garments 6th p. m., Nebraska, made by said of a promissory note of \$600, of the same collect the agent's full selling price and date, for the reason that on or about check for all his profit. The agent need collect no money and deliver no goods, simply go on taking orders at a liberal and mortgage and paid, satisfied and profit. We deliver the goods, collect all discharged said debt and plaintiff prays he money and every week promptly that the apparent lien of said mortgage and him in one round check his full of record may by the court be ordered that the apparent lien of said mortgage canceled, satisfied and discharged and

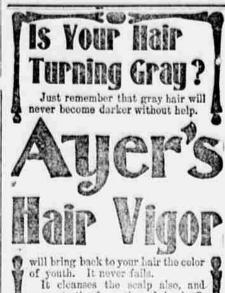
You are required to answer said petition on or before the 6th day of Novem-MARY A. SMITH. Plaintiff.

Best canned goods at the Norfolk lash store

Notice to Land Owners.

To all whom it may concern : The county commissioners of Madison county, N braska, having viewed the section line road petitioned for by J Hoepfinger and others, commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of sec-

tion nine (9) in township twenty-four (24) north, range four (4) west of the 6th principal meridian, in Madison county, Nebraska, running thence north clerk's office on or before neen of the 7th E G HEILMAN County Clerk.

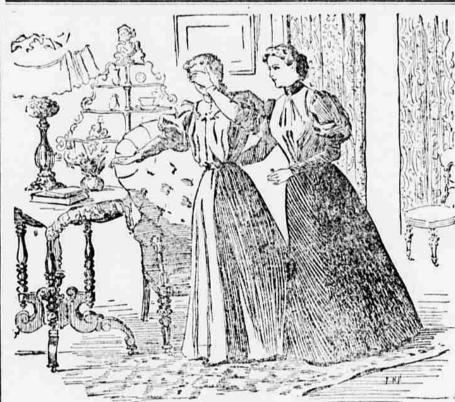


It cleanses the scalp also, and prevents the formation of dandruff. It feeds and nourishes the bulbs of the hair, making them produce a luxuriant growth. It stops the hair from falling out, and gives it a fine, \$1.00 a bottle. At all drugglats.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the dector about it. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass

COLUMN TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

Address, ROHREGUGH RROS., Omahe, Neb.



SHE WAS BLIND.

A blindness comes to me now and then. I have it now. It is queer-I can see your eyes but not your nose. I can't read because some of the letters are blurred; dark spots cover them; it is very uncomfortable.

I know all about it; it's DYSPEPSIA. Take one of these; it will cure you in ten minutes.

What is it?

A Ripans Tabule.

OUR \$38.50

WONDER

WANTED - A case of had health that RTP ANS will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word RTPANS on the package and accept no substitute. RTPANS, to for a cents or twelve packers for 48 cents, may be had at any drug store. The samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce St., New York.



Smith Premiers. The more hard work turned out, the more apparent is Smith Premier durability. Repair bills reduced to a minimum. Smith Premier capacity for good work all the time is

Catalogue Free,

Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and we will SPECIAL HIGH GRADE STAN \$38.50 STOCK SADDLE YOU CAN EXAMINE IT at your nearest freight depot, and if found An Extra Fine High Grade Saddle and the equal of addles sold everywhere at from \$45.00 to \$60.00. DUR PRICE, \$38.50, pay the freight arent OUR PRICE, \$38.50, less the \$1.00 deposit, or \$87.50, and freight

This Saddle is made on a 15½ or 16-inch Cenuine Ladesma or Nelson Heavy Steel Fork.... CAREFULLY SELECTED RAWHIDE COVERED THEE, bound or roll cantle, steel leather covered stirrups or Einch oxbow brass bound, as desired. Will send bound cantle unless others to ordered.

TREE IS MADE EXTRA STRONG Skirts, 36-inch long lined, 3-inch wide lace stirrup leathers, 1½-inch the straps, extra long on near side, 2-inch to bucke on offside, heavy cotion twisted Merican 5-inch front cinch, heavy cotton belting flank cinch, connecting strap. Loop seat, seat and lockey all one piece.

ELECANT HAND RAISED STAMPING illustrated. Weight of Saddle about E5 pounds; eked for shipment, 45 pounds. FREIGHT IS ONLY ABOUT

#1.00 FOR FACE SOMMILES.

WRITE FOR FREE VEHICLE, HARNESS AND SADDLE CATALOGUE, showing a full line of Cowboy and Rancher Outfits at the lowest prices ever quoted. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) CHICAGO, ILL,