

POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS.

The \$10,000.00 Mark is Easily Passed.

A CHANCE FOR FREE DELIVERY.

The First Requisite For Securing A Letter Carrier System Attained—Gradual But Pronounced Gain—American Beet Sugar Company Declares Dividends.

From Monday's Daily: The postoffice receipts have exceeded the \$10,000 necessary before application can be made for a free delivery carrier system and it now rests partly with the municipal authorities and partly with the officials of the postoffice department whether or not Norfolk shall have this great convenience.

Postmaster Sprecher's books show that for the fiscal year ending July 1st there was but one month when the receipts fell below \$700, while some months showed receipts of more than \$1,000.

The following figures show the comparison of the receipts of the fiscal year ending July 1, 1898 with that just closed, by quarters:

For the quarter ending September 30, 1897, the receipts were \$1,908.62; quarter ending December 31, 1897, \$2,555.94; quarter ending March 31, 1898, \$2,586.58; quarter ending June 30, 1898, \$1,906.11, making a total for that fiscal year of \$8,957.25.

For the quarter ending September 30, 1898, the receipts were \$2,278.16; quarter ending December 31, 1898, \$2,620.86; quarter ending March 31, 1899, \$2,656.29; quarter ending June 30, 1899, \$2,546.67, making a total for the fiscal year just closed of \$10,101.98.

This shows a gain in revenue during the past fiscal year of \$1,144.73, and is an average gain of \$95.39 per month.

Another interesting feature in these figures is that while the difference in the receipts between the highest and lowest quarter of 1897-'98, was \$680.47, the greatest difference between quarterly receipts of the fiscal year just closed was but \$378.13, indicating that the business has been steady and the increase a substantial one, which is not likely to be reduced during the fiscal year just opened.

This is not the entire receipts of the office, being that that received from the sale of stamps, stamped envelopes postal cards and from box rents.

Will Pay Quarterly Dividends. The Weekly Statistical Sugar Trade Journal, published in New York, publishes the following, regarding the American Beet Sugar company, which owns the Norfolk factory: "After July 1st this company proposes to pay quarterly dividends on its preferred stock, on the basis of six per cent per annum. It has already declared the interest due on this stock under the agreement between the original owners of the four plants taken into the company, and the underwriters. All holders of preferred stock recorded on June 22d, are entitled to this interest, say one and one-half per cent covering the quarter from April 1st to July 1st.

"We noted the organization of this company in our Statistical of February 2d.

"Its capital is \$20,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 is in preferred and \$15,000,000 in common stock. All of this has now been issued except \$1,000,000 of preferred. The four factories taken over at that time from the Oxnard, Hamilton & Cutting interests, were those situated at Grand Island and Norfolk, Nebraska, and Chino and Oxnard, California. The aggregate capacity of these plants is 3,750 tons of beets daily. The officers of the company are: President, Henry T. Oxnard; Vice President, James G. Oxnard; Chairman of the Board, W. Oxnard Cutting; Treasurer, S. D. Schenck; Secretary, Geo. W. Giddings. The board of directors includes H. T. Oxnard, J. G. Oxnard, W. B. Cutting, E. F. Cutting, Dumont Clarke, G. F. Peabody, E. M. Bulkeley, Andolph Haas and J. G. Hamilton. Zabriskie, Burrill and Murray are the counsel."

Meeting of Doctors.

The semi-annual meeting of the Elkhorn Valley Medical society will be held in the city hall on Tuesday, July 11, afternoon and evening. The following is the program:

Call to order at 2 p. m. Reading of minutes. Report of committee on credentials. Election of new members. Report of standing committees.

Presidential address—"Certain Legal Relations of Physicians to Patients," Dr. F. A. Long, Madison.

"A Case of Astero-Malacia," Dr. G. P. Clements, Clarkson.

Report of a case—"A Foetus Dying at Fourth Month of Gestation, Carried by the Mother Five Months Thereafter," Dr. J. M. O'Connell, Ponca.

"Pharmacology," Dr. A. L. Muirhead, Winside.

"Cerebral Haemorrhage," Dr. J. M. Aiken, Omaha.

"To Do or Not to Do: In the Lying-in Room," Dr. M. L. Hildreth, Lyons.

A Paper—(Title not given), Dr. Wm. M. Dearing, Asylum, Lincoln.

"Inflammation of the Gall-bladder and its Appendages," Dr. C. C. Allison, Omaha.

Operations for Gall-stones," Dr. P. H. Salter, Norfolk.

"Practical Exhibition of the Roentgen

Ray and Examination of Cases with the Fluoroscope," Prof. H. E. Funk, Battle Creek.

"Whooping Cough," Dr. F. H. Salter, Norfolk.

"Brain Cyst—Operation: Relief of Symptoms," Dr. B. B. Davis, Omaha.

"Vicarious Menstruation," Dr. H. L. Kindred, Meadow Grove.

"Infantile Pneumonia," Dr. J. Q. Rowse, Wakefield.

"Surgical Treatment of Hernia," Dr. J. N. Warren, Sioux City, Ia.

A NEW FUEL.

The Calkins Electric Oil Burner Solves the Question of Cleanliness and Economy.

E. R. Waterman of Jamestown, N. D., has on exhibition at Walter's second hand store an invention that is likely to revolutionize the method heretofore employed of running the cookstove. It is the Calkins Electric Oil Burner and Mr. Waterman is superintendent of the Pacific and central divisions of this country.

The burner attaches to any ordinary cookstove, is a simple contrivance and uses either crude or refined petroleum as its fuel, which apparently gives all the results where coal is used at a cost, it is said, very much reduced from that of coal, not counting the convenience to the housewife in the matter of cleanliness and utility.

The fuel is fed from an ordinary tank into the burner, which occupies one of the holes on top of the stove. The flow of oil and intensity of the heat produced can be regulated much more easily and quickly than an ordinary coal fire and a degree of heat from ordinarily warm to red hot can be maintained at will.

The draft is received at the top of the burner so that all the odor is carried up the chimney. After the burner becomes hot it generates a gas which heats the entire stove—top, tank, oven and all. The burner is simply constructed, easily cleaned and not easily put out of order. The invention is a wonder and it only requires an exhibition of its merits to sell it. Mr. Waterman is hiring agents to sell the burner.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate are reported by Chester A. Fuller, manager of the Madison county abstract office at Norfolk:

Sarah P. Hayes, trustee, to Frederick Hollingsworth, wd lot 18, block 1 Riverside Park, Norfolk, \$ 150 00

Margaret A. Owens to Frederick M. Mozer, wd ne 1/4 7, 22, 2, 3500 00

Herman Hogrefe and wife to Frederick M. Mozer, qcd ne 1/4 7, 22, 2, 1 00

Ella L. Latimer and husband to Hattie A. Squier wd lot 15 block 1, Riverside park, Norfolk, \$ 350 00

United States of America, to Heye Ubben pat. sw 1/4 10, 22, 4

Heye Ubben and wife, to Daniel Scheer, wd sw 1/4 10, 22, 4, 3000 00

A New "Land of the Sky" Booklet.

"The Land of the Sky," the popular designation for the Asheville Plateau, Western North Carolina, has been largely advertised by the Southern Railway for a number of years on account of the health and pleasure resorts and the beautiful scenery of that section, where the Southern Railway crosses the Blue Ridge mountains.

The Southern Railway has just issued a new and most attractive booklet with appropriate half tone cuts and reading matter and they are being sent out free to any address by Mr. J. C. Beam, Jr., N. W. P. A., Southern Railway, 80 Adams street, Chicago.

Deep Coffee Agree With You.

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15 and 25c.

Better Than None.

A well was recently bored on the Thomas Morley farm, seven miles south of Hebron, which is 157 feet deep. The well is within 150 feet of the bed of Dry Creek, and at a depth of 27 feet line stone was struck. Drilling through 38 feet of that, soap stone was reached, through which a drill of 92 feet was made, when salt water rushed to the surface and there now stands 125 feet of cold salt water in the well, with the supply practically inexhaustible.—Hebron Journal.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for at the postoffice July 3, 1899:

C. Allison, Jennie Benedict, A. L. Bryan, M. J. Cordal, May Evans, H. S. Gilleyhey, Martha Green, Josie Hansen, S. B. Halloway, C. Johnson, B. C. Kelly, C. Learnauk, Wm. Newell, Wm. Robertson, W. J. Smith, Henry Wright. If not called for in 30 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

Parties calling for any of the above please say advertised.

P. F. SPEICHER, P. M.

Farm and city loans. THE DURLAND TRUST CO.

GALA DAY IN MANILA.

Americans, Spaniards and Filipinos Celebrate the Fourth.

HAVANA JOINS IN THE REJOICING.

Small Boys Explode Firecrackers In the Cuban Capital—Americans in London Celebrate—Ambassador Choate Holds Two Leaves In Honor of the Day.

MANILA, July 5.—There was a great celebration of the Fourth here, with fireworks, bands playing, decorations everywhere. The foreign ships and consulates, including the Spanish, raised their colors in conjunction with the Stars and Stripes. All nationalities enjoyed what the Spanish papers termed "the festa of North America." Newsboys shouted Fourth of July ditties, soldiers paraded the town, throwing firecrackers from the batteries on the water front. In the afternoon the Luneta was crowded with Americans, Filipinos and Spaniards to hear the concert. A hundred Filipinos played American tunes. Several hundred boys and girls, Filipinos, Spaniards and Chinese, from the public schools, each carrying an American flag, sang "America" in a curious mixture of dialect. A general celebration at night was rendered impracticable by the law requiring the streets to be cleared at 8:30 p. m.

The negotiations between the Spanish officers and Aguinaldo at Tarlac concerning the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos have resulted in a partial agreement. According to unofficial reports the insurgents have promised to release the sick soldiers, who number over 100, and the civil officials, but they intend to keep the friars, expecting that the church will finally pay a heavy ransom. It is reported that the civilian prisoners are being concentrated at Tarlac and Aparri as well as some of the other ports recently opened, from which they could be shipped to Manila. The Spaniards assert that the Filipinos are impressing all the military prisoners into engineering, hospital and clerical work.

Cuban Youths Celebrate the Fourth.

HAVANA, July 5.—The Prado and other streets of Havana were as noisy yesterday doubtless as any quarter of New York, Chicago or San Francisco. Cuban youngsters caught the infection and were given many a dime to buy firecrackers, which they religiously invested. Some enthusiastic Cuban annexationist hired a band, gave 300 American flags to boys and men who would march and then paraded the streets for two hours, drawing large and cheering crowds.

Fourth of July in London.

LONDON, July 5.—Ambassador and Mrs. Choate celebrated the Fourth with receptions, both at the United States embassy and at their residence. Both buildings were tastefully decorated with flags and flowers, representing the national colors. The guests included Sir William Collins, the queen's master of ceremonies; Samuel T. Clemens and Mrs. Clemens, Senator and Mrs. Mark A. Hanna, Senator and Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge and Consul General and Mrs. William M. Osborne.

KANSANS WANT TO RETURN.

Funston Writes State Officials, Suggesting Intercession With the President.

TOPEKA, July 5.—Believing that the Kansas soldiers in the Philippines have done their full duty, Brigadier General Funston has written to the governor and other state officers and friends in Topeka, suggesting that intercession with the president to have the Kansas regiment sent home at once will be appreciated. General Funston is very careful in his communication to convey the idea that the Kansans are not making themselves liable to the charge of insubordination in this matter by making this request, yet he says:

"They have stuck to their posts, every man of them, and are entitled to relief. Now that so many regular troops are here, I believe the Kansas boys would like to get home. Not a man of them has asked me to take this liberty. I simply do it because I am sure the men would appreciate it. They have been at the front constantly and bear the marks of the rough campaign."

Injunction Against Foreman's Book.

HONG KONG, July 5.—Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, the publishers, have been compelled by an injunction of the supreme court to cease publishing John Foreman's new book on the Philippines because United States Consul Pratt has brought an action for libel on account of his alleged interview with Aguinaldo, in which he was said to have promised the Philippine leaders independence if they would help the United States in the war against Spain, which Pratt claims is false. The book is therefore prohibited by order of the supreme court.

Editors Assembling at Portland.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 5.—A special train of 18 sleepers arrived over the Oregon Railway and Navigation, bringing 450 delegates to the 14th annual convention of the National Editorial association which meets here today. There are about 750 delegates in the city. The convention will continue for three days.

One Body Recovered.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The charred remains of Mrs. Josie Dieble were today unearthed from the ruins of the burned Western Paper Stock company building. The remains were identified by her husband, who was one of the workers in the ruins. No other bodies have been recovered.

Drowned in Racoon River.

ADEL, Ia., July 5.—Richard Racoon, aged 85, was drowned in the Racoon river last evening. Race, in company with three other men, was sailing in the river southeast of this city.

TAMMANY CELEBRATES.

Bryan and the Chicago Platform Loudly Cheered by the Assembly.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Tammany Hall celebrated Independence day, as customary, at the Fourteenth street wigwag. The gathering was remarkable for its unexpected features. Ex-Governor Hogg of Texas created a sensation by the manner in which he introduced the name of Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform to the assembly. Mr. Bryan's name was received with tremendous applause. The boom which was launched for Augustus Van Wyck had a very indifferent reception. It had been arranged that Congressman James D. Richardson of Tennessee should speak, but he was unable to attend, and Governor Hogg was asked to speak in his place. When Governor Hogg arose he received a hearty welcome, and he indulged in a few remarks that seemed to please the Tammany men immensely. After a few moments, which he used in outlining the well established principles of Democracy, Governor Hogg began a philippic which set the house in an uproar. The applause began when he asserted that next year the Democratic party would declare for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Men who had appeared to be half asleep woke up with a start and joined in the applause. When the speaker promised a plank in the platform in which imperialism would be denounced, it was evident these sentiments were displeasing to the Tammany leaders, and it was intensified when the speaker continued: "In this great contest we want the aid of united Tammany—the greatest local political organization on earth. We want you to close up ranks, settle your local difficulties, if they exist, and go arm in arm with the stalwart breadwinners of the south and west to victory next year, under the leadership of the chivalrous, the dauntless, the matchless great American, William J. Bryan."

As the last words fell from the lips of the speaker the audience was carried away in an outburst of enthusiastic applause. Cheer after cheer arose and what had started out as a Tammany love feast became a howling silver demonstration.

BAD STORM AT AINSWORTH.

Hail and Wind Do Great Damage to Property—Feared Lives Are Lost.

AINSWORTH, Neb., July 5.—The worst hail and windstorm ever known passed over this part of the country yesterday. Hailstones measuring ten inches around fell, piling up two and three feet high in places, breaking every window glass and sash on the north and east sides of buildings. The largest plate glass, a quarter inch thick, were demolished. Limbs two inches thick were stripped from trees. Hailstones went through many roofs, destroying the contents within. Tin roofs were blown off. Shingle roofs were completely demolished. Hogs, cattle and horses have been killed. All kinds of crops are beaten into the ground and completely destroyed where the hail fell. It is feared some lives are lost.

Miles Talks at Massfield.

MANFIELD, O., July 5.—General Nelson A. Miles, who is the guest of Hon. John Sherman, to whom the general is related by marriage, was the orator of the day at the celebration of the Fourth of July at Sherman-Heineman park. The ex-secretary was unable to participate on account of his health, but every attention was shown General Miles here and he was accorded an ovation before went.

Colonel Dows Shot.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 5.—William G. Dows, late colonel of the Forty-ninth Iowa volunteers, was shot and slightly wounded last evening. His brother, S. L. Dows, was handling a revolver when it was accidentally discharged. The bullet struck Colonel Dows in the hand, passing through it and lodging in the fleshy part of the thigh.

Meliklejohn For the Senate.

CHICAGO, July 5.—First Assistant Secretary of War George D. Meliklejohn is a candidate for United States senator from Nebraska to succeed John M. Thurston, whose term expires March 4, 1901. Mr. Meliklejohn said last evening that he would be guided by events.

Davenport Races Declared Off.

DAVENPORT, July 5.—The July meeting of the Mile Track association which was to have begun Monday and last through Friday, was declared off today because of rain.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

At Fort Thomas, Ky., orders have been received for the mobilization of a new regiment for the Philippines.

David Williams of Webster, S. D., has been appointed census supervisor for the eastern district of South Dakota.

The large plant of the Beacon Light Lamp company at New Brunswick, N. J., was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday. Loss, \$100,000.

Edwin Jacoby, president and incorporator of the Toledo and Bowling Green railroad, died at his home in Toledo Tuesday, aged 85 years.

The quartermaster general has been notified of the sailing of the transport Wyfield, one of the newly chartered stock boats, from San Francisco for Manila.

William J. Elliott was Tuesday pardoned from the Ohio penitentiary by Governor Bushnell. Elliott was serving a life sentence for murder in the second degree.

R. L. Trimble of Covington won the championship of the state in the regular Fourth of July shoot of the Kentucky Gun club. Trimble smashed 50 straight targets.

A dispatch from Odessa announces that a dynamite cartridge exploded near there Tuesday while the excavation of a coal mine was in progress and that 44 persons were killed and 80 wounded.

The Genesee of Rochester, N. Y., was an easy winner of the first of the trial races held under the auspices of the Chicago Yacht club to select a boat to send to Toronto to compete for the Canada cup in August.

DREYFUS HEARS TRUTH

Prisoner of Devil's Isle Masters Details of His Case.

GRATITUDE GOES OUT TO FRIENDS.

Relieved From Strain of His Prolonged Torture and Is Still Strong in Mind. Rennes Shows Little Agitation Over Presence of Prisoner.

RENNES, July 5.—It is impossible to imagine a town calmer than Rennes. The inhabitants continue absolutely indifferent to the presence of Dreyfus. Barely half a dozen persons witnessed the visits of counsel and Madame Dreyfus to the prison yesterday. The town, however, is full of detectives, who scrutinize all strangers, and a few gendarmes are patrolling before the residence of Madame Dreyfus. Matthieu Dreyfus paid his first visit to his brother yesterday, the interview lasting half an hour. The brothers threw themselves into each other's arms. Matthieu said he found his brother aged and broken in health, but not the physical wreck he feared. In spite of his sufferings, Dreyfus' eyes are as bright and his mind as clear and his intelligence as clean as when he was occupied with his duties on the general staff. He was troubled with insomnia during the voyage, but has recovered. The prisoner is still suffering from dysentery, but it is now slight, and there is every reason to believe he will rapidly recuperate his forces. Naturally, he is under medical treatment.

Matthieu found his brother in good spirits and buoyed up by the necessity of mustering all his strength for the coming ordeal and by the hope that at last he will have justice done him. He is extremely reserved as to his life on Devil's island, which has left an indelible impression and remains in his memory as a horrible nightmare. Dreyfus looks back to his existence of the past four years with relief, tinged with a feeling of horror of a sane man who has escaped from a madhouse. He declares his brain is almost reeling in the face of the mass of documents and explanation MM. Demage and Laborie are bringing out regarding the extraordinary machinations of his enemies and the persevering devotion of his friends. Dreyfus is astonished and full of heartfelt gratitude at their self-sacrifice. This feeling is particularly strong as regards Colonel Picquart, whom he hardly remembers and the story of whose persecution has profoundly moved him.

Becker Wife Murder Trial.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The Becker wife murder trial proceeded yesterday despite the Fourth of July. The prosecution closed its case and the defendant was on the stand when court adjourned. Becker's attorney informed the jury that the defense will prove that George Sutterlein, the father of Becker's second wife, was the actual murderer of Mrs. Becker and that the two men together disposed of the body. It will be shown, the attorney said, that Sutterlein borrowed money from Becker and when Mrs. Becker demanded its return a quarrel arose and Sutterlein killed the woman with an iron rod. Becker at the time of the killing was in the barn.

Senator Cullom Injured.

MORRIS, Ill., July 5.—Senator Cullom, who delivered an oration yesterday, was painfully injured by a fall as he was leaving his hotel. He stumbled while going down stairs and fell heavily. His back was sprained and his thigh badly bruised. He was able to deliver his oration, but was in severe pain when he left here in the evening for Springfield.

Shot by Jealous Husband.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., July 5.—Apparently crazed by needless jealousy, Joseph Royka, a Bohemian, put five bullets into his wife and then instantly killed himself by shooting through the heart. The woman is in a precarious condition.

HOME CURE FOR BLOOD POISON.

Beware of the Doctors' Patchwork; You Can Cure Yourself at Home.

There is not the slightest doubt that the doctors do more harm than good in treating Contagious Blood Poison; many victims of this loathsome disease would be much better off to-day if they had never allowed themselves to be dosed on mercury and potash, the only remedies which the doctors ever give for blood poison.

The doctors are wholly unable to get rid of the disease—the sores and eruptions. This they do by driving the poison into the system, and endeavor to keep it shut in with their constant doses of potash and mercury. The mouth and throat and other delicate parts then break out into sores, and the fight is continued indefinitely, the drugs doing the system more damage than the disease itself.

Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J., says: "I had spent a hundred dollars with the doctors, when I realized that they could do me no good. I had large spots all over my body, and these soon broke out into running sores, and I endured all the suffering which this vile disease produces. I decided to try S. S. S. as a last resort, and was soon greatly improved. I followed closely your 'Directions for Self-Treatment,' and the large spots on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I was soon cured perfectly and my skin has been as clear as glass ever since. I cured myself at home, after the doctors had failed completely." It is valuable time thrown away to expect the doctors to cure Contagious Blood Poison, for the disease is beyond their skill. Swift Specific—S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD—sets in an entirely different way from potash and mercury—it forces the poison out of the system and gets rid of it entirely. Hence it cures the disease, while other remedies only shut the poison in where it lurks forever, constantly undermining the constitution. Our system of private home treatment places a cure within the reach of all. We give all necessary medical advice, free of charge, and save the patient the embarrassment of publicity. Write for full information to Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

A HUSBAND SAYS:

"Before my wife began using Mother's Friend she could hardly get around. I do not think she could get along without it now. She has used it for two months and it is a great help to her. She does her housework without trouble."



Mother's Friend

is an external liniment for expectant mothers to use. It gives them strength to attend to their household duties almost to the hour of confinement. It is the one and only preparation that overcomes morning sickness and nervousness. It is the only remedy that relaxes and relieves the strain. It is the only remedy that makes labor short and delivery easy. It is the only remedy that puts the breasts in condition so that swelling or rising is impossible. Don't take medicines internally. They endanger the lives of both mother and child.

Mother's Friend is sold by druggists for \$1. Send for our free illustrated book. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Pullman Sleeping Cars and Free Reclining Chair Cars Through to

Christian Endeavor Convention

DETROIT, MICH.

Via Illinois Central Railway.

For the accommodation of parties going to Detroit to attend the Christian Endeavor convention, the Illinois Central will run through to Detroit via Chicago and Mich. Central Free Reclining Chair Cars on train No. 6, leaving Sioux City at 7 p. m., July 4th and leaving Chicago on the Michigan Central Ry. at 10:30 the next morning, arriving at Detroit at 6 p. m. July 5th in ample time for the opening session of the convention.

Also Pullman sleepers through from Sioux City to Detroit on the same trains the following date, to leave Sioux City at 7:00 p. m. July 5th and arrive at Detroit 6 p. m. of July 6th.

A postal card addressed to the undersigned will secure for you full particulars as to this service, sleeper rates, reservations, railway fare, limits of tickets, excursion rates for side trips from Detroit, and folders descriptive of the beautiful city of Detroit.

J. F. MERRY, A. G. P. A., Ill. Cent. R. R., Dubuque, Iowa.

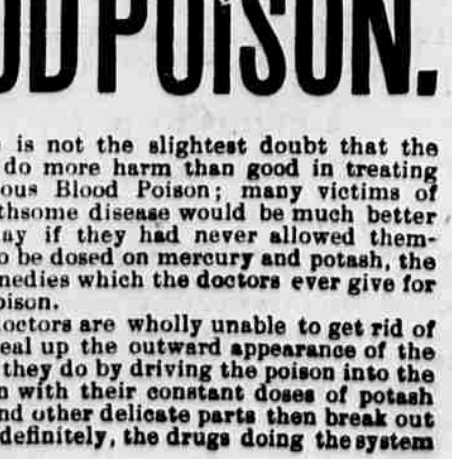
PATENTS U. S. AND FOREIGN PROCURED.

EUGENE W. JOHNSON, Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes, 1729 New York Ave., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Established 1868. Charges moderate. Correspondence requested.

TURTLE OIL

An Antiseptic Anodyne Embrocament. It should be kept in every home for accidents, such as Burns, Cuts, Poison Wounds, Blood Poison, Sore Throat. Best thing known for Barb Wire Cuts. Try it once and you will never be without it. Sold by dealers and druggists.



There is not the slightest doubt that the doctors do more harm than good in treating Contagious Blood Poison; many victims of this loathsome disease would be much better off to-day if they had never allowed themselves to be dosed on mercury and potash, the only remedies which the doctors ever give for blood poison. The doctors are wholly unable to get rid of the disease—the sores and eruptions. This they do by driving the poison into the system, and endeavor to keep it shut in with their constant doses of potash and mercury. The mouth and throat and other delicate parts then break out into sores, and the fight is continued indefinitely, the drugs doing the system more damage than the disease itself. Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J., says: "I had spent a hundred dollars with the doctors, when I realized that they could do me no good. I had large spots all over my body, and these soon broke out into running sores, and I endured all the suffering which this vile disease produces. I decided to try S. S. S. as a last resort, and was soon greatly improved. I followed closely your 'Directions for Self-Treatment,' and the large spots on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I was soon cured perfectly and my skin has been as clear as glass ever since. I cured myself at home, after the doctors had failed completely." It is valuable time thrown away to expect the doctors to cure Contagious Blood Poison, for the disease is beyond their skill. Swift Specific—S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD—sets in an entirely different way from potash and mercury—it forces the poison out of the system and gets rid of it entirely. Hence it cures the disease, while other remedies only shut the poison in where it lurks forever, constantly undermining the constitution. Our system of private home treatment places a cure within the reach of all. We give all necessary medical advice, free of charge, and save the patient the embarrassment of publicity. Write for full information to Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.