

NEBRASKA PROGRESSIVE LEAGUE

Fifty Men Meet at Omaha, Adopt Resolutions and Elect Officers.

Lincoln, Feb. 14.—The Nebraska Progressive league meeting at the Lindell hotel appointed a committee to draw up resolutions. Fifty men were present and to preside over the meeting E. E. Cowell of Hebron, was appointed chairman and F. A. Shotwell of Omaha, secretary.

The following permanent officers were elected: President, E. E. Cowell, Hebron; vice-president, D. C. Vandusen, Blair; secretary, F. A. Shotwell, Omaha; assistant secretary, Charles E. Foster, Omaha; treasurer, U. S. Rohrer, Hastings. Executive committee: First district, Charles O. Whedon, Lincoln; second district, John L. Kennedy, Omaha; third district, A. W. Ladd, Albion; fourth district, Harry Sackett, Beatrice; fifth district, Charles Skalla, McCook; sixth district, W. S. Mattley, Ainsley. The executive committee was given power to formulate and promulgate plans for county organizations.

I AM POOR, ROOSEVELT SAYS.

New Orleans Republicans Told They Must Pay His Expenses.

New Orleans, Feb. 14.—"I am a poor man; if you want me to come you must pay my expenses."

This was the response of Theodore Roosevelt to the invitation of the local Progressive Republican league to be the league's guest of honor at a banquet March 11.

The league will pay the expenses of bringing the Roosevelt private car from Jackson, Miss., here. The banquet will cost \$10,000 and will be followed by a speech from Roosevelt in the historic French opera house.

Mrs. Stehr Taken Also.

Mrs. Henry Stehr was quietly arrested last Saturday and taken to Madison with her baby, according to Night Patrolman O'Brien at whose home Deputy Sheriff Monroe Smith visited Sunday. Mrs. Stehr was again brought to the city yesterday noon and her baby remained in the care of the deputy sheriff's wife at Madison. Mrs. Stehr is packing up her clothing and will be returned to Madison today.

It is said that no charges were filed against the woman as yet but it is reported the same charge of murder in the first degree, placed against her husband, will be filed against her. A number of county officials and many neighbors of the Stehrs believe the mother is as much at fault for the death of little Kaurt Stehr as the father.

GRANGE OPPOSES RECIPROCITY.

National Master Says Agreement is Unfair to Farmers.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 14.—The proposed Canadian reciprocity agreement was attacked in a letter sent to Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson by former Governor Nabum Bachelier of this city, national master of the National Grange. The letter is a reply to the communication favoring the agreement sent by Secretary Wilson to Mr. Bachelier on February 2. Mr. Bachelier says the agreement is unfair to the farmers of the United States, "who ask for nothing but a square deal—equal protection for all classes and interests."

The letter addressed Secretary Wilson says in part:

"You attempted to defend the cause of a high tariff for manufacturers along with free trade for the farmers by claiming it is the protected workers who find the farmers with their chief market. You are claiming what is exactly the reverse of actual conditions."

"It is on the prosperity of the farmers that the welfare of all other classes—manufacturers, merchants, transportation interests and factory workers depends."

"The sole question before the American people is whether we shall have free trade in all farm products and high protection for manufactured articles. You know the price of farm land is much lower in Canada than in the United States; you know the Canadian farmer buys his manufactured articles cheaper because his tariff duties on foreign goods are lower and yet, knowing all this, you would strike down the very tariff of about 25 percent which they now receive without giving them the benefit of any real reduction in duties on manufactured goods."

"We can only conclude that you have been deceived by the special interests which have cunningly plotted to ally the country's wide clamor for an honest revision of the tariff, by making the farmer the scapegoat for the sins of his protection system."

Rebels Burn a Town.

Cape Haitien, Feb. 14.—A courier who has returned from Trou, reports that Ouanaminthe has been completely burned by the revolutionists. After setting fire to the town, the revolutionists withdrew to Fort Vallieres with arms and supplies. General Jean Gilles is now encamped at Trou. Every man here without exception is under arms. The consulates are caring for several refugees.

BOLD JEWELRY THEFT.

Burglars Throw Bricks Through Window and Take Diamonds.

Omaha, Feb. 14.—Jewelry valued at \$600 were stolen from the store of Emil Zelke. A brick was thrown through the window and all of the goods on display, including a number of diamonds, were taken by the robber or robbers.

The bold bandits dashed up the street pursued by a member of the police force and succeeded in getting away.

Hack Throws Cutler. Chicago, Feb. 14.—George Hackenschmidt defeated Charles Cutler of

Chicago in straight falls. He pinned Cutler's shoulders to the mat for the first fall in 1:03:04 with a toe and body hold and secured the second with a toe lock after ten minutes and twenty seconds.

For the first half hour Cutler worked Hackenschmidt with his skillful offensive tactics, but the Russian's strength proved to be too great, a handicap and Cutler was forced to assume the defensive.

Cutler secured several headlocks on Hackenschmidt and used these punishing holds to delay defeat.

Chicago Boy Beats Englishman.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 14.—After eight rounds of rough and tumble fighting before the National Athletic club, Jimmy Howard of Chicago was given the decision over Bill McKenna of England. Howard forced the fighting from the start.

Ten Fast Rounds.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 14.—Willie Gibbs of Philadelphia and Tommy Dixon of Memphis, featherweights, fought ten fast rounds to a draw here. This was the third meeting between the fighters. The battle was fast and filled with slugging. Little visible damage was done by either man.

JUST GUERRILLA WARFARE.

American Government Tells What Our Troops are on the Job For.

Washington, Feb. 14.—In the opinion of the state department officials the revolutionary movement in Mexico has degenerated into a mere guerrilla warfare, the so-called insurgents being hopelessly divided, with each would-be leader acting on his own initiative.

The main concern of the department is that some of these irresponsible elements may fall into ways of mischief and be led into an infringement of the rights of American citizens, which is one explanation of the gathering of United States troops along the western end of the boundary line between California and Arizona and Mexico.

These troops have a double function. In the first place, if the disorderly elements south of the line attempt to work any harm to the construction of the dike which is to govern the waters of Colorado river, the American troops may be sent across to guard the property. This would only be done with the consent of the Mexican government. The second is to execute the neutrality laws probably in a manner that has not yet occurred to the insurgents. This involves not only the prevention of organization of American soil of hostile expeditions against Mexico but also the "internement" of any of the insurgents who are driven across the line by the Mexican government troops and seek to return to Mexico to renew their campaign against the government.

MRS. CHRIS LOEBEL IS DEAD.

Pioneer Creighton Resident Succumbs Suddenly From Stomach Trouble.

Creighton, Neb., Feb. 14.—Special to The News: Mrs. Chris Loebel of this city died suddenly last night, having been ill only since Thursday from stomach trouble. She is survived by a husband, four sons and a daughter, all living here. The funeral will be held Thursday. Mr. Loebel has lived here since the town was started. Mrs. Loebel was about 45 years old.

Bonesteel Observed the Day.

Bonesteel, S. D., Feb. 14.—Special to The News: Lincoln's birthday was observed in this city. Former State Attorney P. J. Donahue delivered the oration in the opera house in Bonesteel, and it was a most masterly and eloquent address. The opera house was filled. Rev. Paul M. Spangler of the Baptist church spoke on the dedication of Gettysburg by Abraham Lincoln. Rev. John J. Jeffers of the Congregational church made a few brief remarks in praise of observing Lincoln's birthday.

THE HONDURAN WAR.

Bonilla Won a Decisive Fight—Finally Yields to Arbitration.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, Feb. 8.—Via New Orleans, Feb. 14.—With Manuel Bonilla in control of the entire north coast of Honduras, the revolutionists are prepared to carry the fight into the interior and to advance upon Tegucigalpa, the capital, in the event the peace negotiations initiated by the United States fail. As the situation stands it appears the fight at Ceiba two weeks ago, in which the revolutionists won a sweeping victory, was the decisive battle of the war.

It was no easy matter to get two sides to agree to an armistice. Bonilla, encouraged by victories, at first appeared anxious to press his advantage, but when shown the same result might be obtained by conferences and with economy of human life and property, he yielded.

FIRE AT DECATUR.

Five Business Houses Are Wiped Out by Flames.

Tekamah, Neb., Feb. 14.—Fire destroyed five business houses in Decatur, sixteen miles north of Tekamah. The origin of fire is unknown. The buildings burned down were the Farmers and Merchants bank, Martins Bros. store, Ferdig & Case store, Heltebride drug store, and Napier's undertaking establishment.

SO ALL MAY READ THE WORD.

25,000 "Gideon" Bibles to Be Placed in Hotels of California Cities.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—The biggest order for bibles since the "Gideons" began a campaign to place copies in the hotel headquarters of this commercial travelers' organization in Chicago today. Los Angeles and adjacent towns ask for 25,000. Religious interests in

charge of the campaign in California plan a parade through the main streets of Los Angeles in which 5,000 men, each carrying five "Gideon" bibles, will march.

Six thousand bibles were distributed in Chicago on December 31, 1910, at a cost of \$2,100. Of this amount only \$426 was contributed by Chicagoans. This in face of the fact that St. Paul paid for 1,280, Minneapolis for 2,500, Toronto for 2,000, Toledo for 1,500 and Kansas City for 1,700.

BAILEY DEFENDS LORIMER.

The Texas Democrat Resorts to Bold Move in His Speech.

Washington, Feb. 14.—By resorting to the bold device of asking his antagonists in the senate to stand up and testify, Senator Bailey of Texas developed a dramatic situation in his discussion of the case of Senator Lorimer of Illinois.

Mr. Bailey is a member of the committee on privileges and elections, and coincided with the report declaring that nothing invalidating Mr. Lorimer's title to his seat had been developed by the committee's investigation. His argument in support of Mr. Lorimer had been anticipated with much interest and when presented it received the thoughtful attention of many senators.

The Texas senator's remarks were devoted largely to the substantiation of his contention that a sufficient number of votes must be shown to have been bought to effect the result unless it is proven that the official whose election is challenged personally participated in the offense.

Senators Root, Cummins and Borah, all opponents of Mr. Lorimer, were each in turn requested to stand up and express their opinions as to the legal soundness of this proposition.

Dealing first with the general aspects of the case, Senator Bailey entered upon the consideration of the law involved. He laid down these two propositions:

"First, if the officer whose election is challenged personally participated in, or encouraged, or sanctioned the bribery, then his election is void without reference to the extent of the bribery."

"Second, if the officer whose election is challenged did not personally participate in, or encourage, or sanction the bribery, then his election cannot be avoided unless it is shown by sufficient evidence that enough votes were bribed to effect the result."

The first of these propositions was dismissed with the declaration that there was not a word in the testimony to show that Mr. Lorimer had had any knowledge of any bribery in his behalf. He asserted that the Chicago Tribune had been compelled through its attorney to exonerate the accused senator in this respect, notwithstanding an unusual effort to connect him with it. True, the senator said, in the heat of debate some senators had sought to connect Mr. Lorimer with the alleged wrongful transaction, but he was sure they would repent of that course.

Mr. Bailey contended that even if the seven votes of White, Browne, Beckemeyer, Link, Wilson, Holstlaw and Brookerick, were not counted, Mr. Lorimer still had been legally and properly chosen.

"Deducting these seven votes from Mr. Lorimer's 108 would leave him 101, and deducting these seven votes from the total vote of 292 would leave 195, of which the 101 votes received by Lorimer would constitute a clear majority, and he was therefore duly and legally elected," insisted Senator Bailey.

NEW INDIAN CONTRACT PLAN.

Hereafter There Will be Only Two Places for Opening Bids.

Washington, Feb. 14.—An innovation in the matter of letting contracts for supplies for the Indian service, established it is said "in the interests of economy and good business," has been instituted by the bureau of Indian affairs. Instead of having four "openings and lettings," as has been the case heretofore, there will be only two—these to be at Omaha and Chicago. Contracts for goods let at Omaha will not be duplicated at Chicago or vice versa.

The new system will do away with a double inspection which has been in vogue heretofore. An inspector at San Francisco might differ in his ideas of standards from an inspector in the eastern warehouses, thus establishing different standards of quality.

The estimated cost of supplies, bids for which will be let next March and April, amounts to about \$4,000,000.

Our Peacemaker on the Way.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Thomas C. Dawson, who will act as the American delegate to the peace conference in Honduras between representatives of President Davilla and General Bonilla, left Washington to execute his mission. He will sail from New Orleans Wednesday. Details of the instructions given him by the state department are withheld for the present, but it is known his purpose is to reconcile the opposing factions in Honduras and to give the people an opportunity to express their preferences absolutely without duress in the selection of a president a congress.

New Salvador President.

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, Feb. 14.—The election of Dr. Manuel E. Araujo to the presidency and of Oneiro Duran to the vice presidency was ratified by congress today. They will assume office on March 1.

Students Back at Desks.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.—With the help of the police, lectures at the university were read as usual. A single attempt at disturbance in the lecture room by the song of Marsalleis led to the arrest of several students whose identity was established. They are liable to expulsion from the univer-

sity and be handed over to the courts to be dealt with. All were released temporarily except the ringleaders. The university had been closed for several days, owing to determination of the students to remain away from lectures as a protest against the deprivation of certain privileges by the government. The announcements of the government's intention to close the women's university for four or five years unless studies were resumed, has had a salutary effect.

New Army Judge Advocate.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Colonel Enoch H. Crowder today became judge advocate of the army with the rank of brigadier general. He will succeed General George B. Davis, who retires on account of having reached the statutory age of 64 years.

CREIGHTON BUSINESS CHANGE.

M. C. Theisen and George Masters Buy Out Healy Hardware Store.

Creighton, Neb., Feb. 14.—Special to The News: M. C. Theisen and George Masters, a traveling man, bought the Healy hardware store this morning. They take possession at once.

IT TOOK THREE MEN.

John Kinnan of Neligh Has to Pay \$20 and Costs for Disturbance.

Neligh, Neb., Feb. 14.—Special to The News: Officer Jackson arrested John Kinnan last Saturday night on the charge of fighting and drunk and disorderly conduct. In order to get the young man to jail it required the assistance of three men. He was allowed to remain in the county bastille until Monday afternoon, when he was brought before Justice of the Peace McAllister, who gave him a fine of \$20 and costs. Being unable to liquidate, he was taken back to jail, where he will be a star boarder under Sheriff Miller. This is the first disturbance that the officers of Neligh have had to contend with for several weeks.

HOW MAUPIN MET DEATH.

Story of the Vigilantes' Work in Keya Paha County is Recalled.

John R. Hays tells an interesting story of Keya Paha county twenty years ago, which illustrates the fact that cattle stealing in that country was more offensive than the killing of a human.

About twenty years ago, while Mr. Hays was practicing law and had been appointed to aid the state in several criminal cases, both in Pierce and Keya Paha counties, he had occasion to drive to Springfield to take depositions in a case being tried in Pierce county. While seated at the hotel Mr. Hays became very interested in watching a man busy washing himself at a washstand. The man wore a leather belt around his coat to which was attached a large revolver. After the man had passed out of the hotel Mr. Hays made several remarks to the landlord about the uncivilized ways of the country and said that the time had come when the carrying of such weapons should cease.

"Don't you know who that is?" asked the landlord. Mr. Hays replied in the negative.

"Well, that's Maupin," explained the landlord.

The name Maupin did not seem such a charm to Mr. Hays, who had no knowledge of that gentleman and then was a "cattle hustler" or cattle thief. Seeing Mr. Hays uninterested the landlord told the Norfolk attorney a story probably not told during the investigation of Maupin's death, which occurred some time afterward.

A merchant of Springfield, who owned a large number of cattle which were cared for at a ranch not far from town, found that some of his "critters" had been driven away and indications pointed strongly toward Maupin. The merchant, getting the direction the cattle were driven, followed the trail to the ranch of a stockman, whom he asked where the cattle came from.

"I bought them from a man yesterday. I don't know his name, but I guess they were his all right," was this ranchman's explanation. The merchant then told of the theft and claimed the cattle, and to prove the ownership of the stock both men rode back to Springfield and were in a consultation in the merchant's store when Maupin strode in and inquired for the merchant. The following conversation then took place:

"I understand, Mr.—, that you are reporting around town that some one stole your cattle?"

"Yes," replied the merchant, "and this man has them and I am proving to him that they belong to me."

"Well, do you know who stole them, or the man's name who took them?" asked Maupin.

"No, not exactly, but I think his name was Maupin," replied the merchant.

"My name is Maupin," said the "hustler," but that don't make any difference. I am here to settle for those cattle and I want you to keep quiet about them."

The settlement was made the day before Mr. Hays made the remarks about Maupin's gun.

Later in Keya Paha county people became dissatisfied with the vigilantes and an organization called the "rustlers" was formed. Both organizations were ridding the country of cattle thieves, but members of both parties were opposed to each other for various reasons. Maupin was still under suspicion and he was finally captured in a canyon, where he lived, and taken to Springfield and placed in a jail constructed of heavy planks.

One night shortly after his arrest a mob formed and, poking their rifles and revolvers through the small windows of the jail, they riddled Maupin with bullets. Over 100 bullets, it is said, took effect.

Mr. Hays was engaged in Springfield not long afterward in some jury cases, and remarked to his associate, a well known Keya Paha county at-

torney, about the trouble they were having in securing jurors who belonged both to the "vigilantes" and the "rustlers," during which discussion the death of Maupin was told Mr. Hays.

The cattle thief, according to the story, begged pitifully of the sheriff to allow him to retain his gun. "It is the only source of protection I have, and you know I am in great danger here," he told that official. His request was refused and then he asked for an official of a fraternity to which he belonged. Speaking to this official through the jail window he made the same request to be allowed to keep his weapon. His fraternal brother refused, declaring that he was in no danger and that he would be the first one to protect him. That night Maupin was killed.

TRIES TO PERISH.

Adams County Man Saturated Clothing in Kerosene.

Hastings, Neb., Feb. 14.—Ex-State Senator Hart of Adams county yesterday made a sensational attempt to commit suicide by firing his clothes with a match after pouring a gallon of kerosene oil over himself.

He ran from his home with his body wrapped in flames. Members of the family and neighbors pursued him, and overtaking him, put out the fire by rolling him in a snowdrift.

Ex-Senator Hart was so badly burned that he will probably die. He went from this district to the state senate six years ago. Lately he has been showing signs of insanity.

Sweetheart of a Bank Robber.

Sensational facts have developed in Norfolk after it was learned that the charges against Ruby White, proprietress of a resort in the east portion of the city, and a male inmate have been withdrawn. The sensation has to do with one of the two women evicted by the White woman through the medium of the Norfolk police. One of the women, whose name is given as "Vivien," is, according to one member of the police staff, a professional shoplifter and has the honor of having her photograph adorn the walls of many a rogue gallery, including those at Kansas City and Omaha. She is also declared to be a sweetheart to one of the Randolph bank robbers who is being shadowed by a Pinkerton detective who has been making Norfolk his headquarters at times.

It is also learned from this source that Vivien was "thrown out" of the McDonald house because Fern McDonald found out who she was. Fern McDonald, however, sold out her resort a few weeks ago to another woman and has moved out of town.

It was because the White woman discovered through some means part of Vivien's history, it is said, that she wanted her thrown out of her house. "I believe she wanted her thrown out on the quiet, for the reason she did not want any other officer than Saxe," says this officer. "I suppose she didn't want anyone to know anything about it. The Pinkerton man who is looking for the Randolph bank robber has in his possession photographs of both the Vivien woman and the robber, whom Sheriff Smith and I located one night but we did not make an arrest because we could not find the detective at the time. The man carried a large revolver at the time and I suppose we could have held him for carrying concealed weapons. We could not hold him for vagrancy, because he has several large diamonds and plenty of money."

"I know the Pinkerton man by sight but he has not left his address with me. We have been watching this Vivien woman. The robber came here often to see her and sent her numerous letters. I think she and the girl Margaret, whom she chummed with, went to Omaha."

It is believed that the bank robber's sweetheart had just returned from a trip in the west, where she visited with the robber, when the trouble between her and the White woman occurred. The Vivien woman left here for the west about two weeks ago, owing the White woman about \$30. Her trunk was retained and the girl Margaret, referred to by the officer, "stood good" for the \$30. Later Margaret paid the amount and when Vivien returned from her visit in the west, Margaret demanded back her money, and then trouble commenced. The White woman confided to one official that she was terribly afraid of Vivien and all she wanted was to get her out of the house. She called for Saxe and when he came out, the male inmate consented to O'Brien's making the arrest.

TUESDAY TOPICS.

C. J. Bullock went to Lincoln.

E. A. Bullock went to Chicago on business.

E. G. Barnum of Dallas was a visitor in the city.

August Hoelck of Hoskins was a visitor in the city.

The Cook brothers have returned from an extended visit to Illinois and Iowa.

Ernest Olson of Creighton was a visitor in the city.

L. Luby, a Creighton telegrapher, was a visitor in the city.

J. H. Slusher of Oakdale was in the city transacting business.

Alec Shulz of Stanton was in the city visiting with friends.

Mrs. Frank Haase of Hadar was in the city visiting with friends.

John Hinz and daughter Gertrude returned from a visit with friends at Omaha.

Miss Doris Letzke of Stanton county was here visiting with her uncle, W. M. Lehman.

Ed Hans returned from Schuyler, where he has finished painting a full set of stage scenery.

The Girls club of Norfolk have completed arrangements for their St. Valentine's dance, which will be held in

Marquardt hall tonight. The hall has been beautifully decorated.

Frank Phillips, Frank Hart and David Ziemer of Hoskins were in the city transacting business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bland and daughter, Miss Eloise, spent Sunday in Fremont visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Broecker and son Raymond of Randolph, Neb., were in the city visiting with the B. W. Jonas family.

Mrs. J. H. Kierstead and Mrs. Ed Thoms, who have been visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Kierstead, have returned to Tilden.

Carpenters are constructing a new front door to the Fleming pharmacy. Born, to Councilman and Mrs. John Koerber, a daughter.

Norfolk sunsets are not a thing of the past. The sunset Monday evening was up to the standard.

Four members of the Beeler Bros. staff failed to report for duty yesterday on account of illness.

George Stalcup is moving the Thomas Malone house from Enola to a farm west of Warnerville.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Braden will entertain the West Side Whist club at their home Thursday evening.

An automobile coming up Norfolk avenue ran into a farmer's buggy yesterday morning, tearing from the buggy one wheel and damaging the frail vehicle otherwise. The farmer declared he had the number of the automobile and would prosecute the owner.

The Presbyterian missionary society will meet with Mrs. Percy on South Ninth street tomorrow afternoon at 2:30.

Charles Bernhardt has traded two of his Norfolk residence properties for a Holt county farm, to which place he will move next summer.

The special meeting of Mosale lodge No. 55, A. F. & A. M., called for February 14 for work in E. A. degree, has been postponed to February 21.

Judge Anson A. Welch passed through the city enroute to Pierce, where he is holding a term of the district court. W. H. Powers, the court reporter, accompanied the judge.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the Norfolk Associated Board of Charities tonight in the office of the Durland Trust company. The meeting was to have been held Monday night, but owing to the absence of several members from the city the meeting was postponed.

H. A. Haley has moved from the E. Nightingale piano store in the Richards block to the office formerly occupied by J. C. Engelman in the Engelman building. The five and ten cent store manager, who will open up in the Richards block, is expected in the city within the next few days.

William Currier, formerly night clerk at the Oxnard hotel, holds membership No. 1 in the Order of Owls which will be organized here by Messrs. Heigle and Pray in the Sons of Hermann hall Thursday evening. The organizers are satisfied that they will initiate a large number of Norfolk citizens into the fraternity.

"Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Lyon, a daughter," says a telegram received by F. A. Lyon, who recently accepted a position as salesman for F. E. Davenport's shoe store. The birth of a new daughter to the Lyon family occurred at Bismarck, N. D., Mr. Lyon's home and from which city Mrs. Lyon expects to start for Norfolk within three weeks.

T. E. Odorne has sold his residence property on West Norfolk avenue to Edward Skiff, who will occupy the place as soon as Mr. Odorne moves to suitable quarters closer in the city. Mr. Skiff for a number of years has lived on a twenty-acre farm about four miles west of the city, which he sold to Mr. Letzke of Stanton county. Mr. Odorne declares it is very difficult to find a suitable vacant house in Norfolk.

Large eastern magazines are expending big sums of money for telegrams which they are sending to their agents in every part of the country. Most of the telegrams instruct their agents to use their influence with their acquaintances and business men, whom they are to request to send telegrams at the magazines' expense to senators and representatives at Washington protesting against the proposed measure which will require higher rates of postage on advertising sections of the magazines.

COULD CLEAN STREET.

Paving Job Has Been Finished and City is in Control of Avenue Now.

"There is no reason whatever why the city should not make some effort in cleaning Norfolk avenue, now that it is paved," says John Stanton, local agent for the Katz-Craig Construction company. The city officials some time ago complained that they should not be blamed for the street not being cleaned, "because it was still in the hands of the contractor and not turned over to them." The street was turned over to the council last week and the ice and dirt still remain in the middle of the thoroughfare.

An interview with a city official develops the fact that the city is waiting sixty more days to make final acceptance of the work, and if it is supposed until that time has elapsed no effort will be made by the street commissioner to remove the ice and mud from the paving.

"If that ice and dirt is allowed to remain in the middle of the street," the official said, "you will see it there on July 4."

New Alliance Register.