

SATURDAY SIFTINGS.

Henry Haase went to Madison. Mrs. Jos. Pilant went to Stanton. Miss Leona Thatch of Battle Creek was here. H. S. Thorpe returned from Dallas yesterday. Glen Green of Hoskins is visiting with friends here. Albert Degner returned from a business trip to Lincoln. D. D. Brunson was in Norfolk from Ewing, on business. E. G. Barnum of Dallas transacted business here Saturday. William Stafford went to Meadow Grove and Battle Creek. Mrs. J. A. Ballantyne of Tekamah is in the city visiting friends. Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Butterfield are expected to return from Chicago today. Frank Henderson returned from a week's fishing trip to Goose Lake, and brought back a 22-pound catfish and a three-foot pickerel. Mrs. Albert Miller and Mrs. Fred Degner of Hadar were here yesterday. Rev. Thomas D. Davis, district deputy of the Woodmen of the World, went to Wayne. Millard Green, who went to Omaha as delegate to the Eagles' convention, returned yesterday. A. E. Ward and Frank Dowling, candidates for county superintendent and county judge on the republican ticket, were in Norfolk from Madison. There will be a special meeting of the Elks lodge tonight. Arthur L. Rice, postal clerk on the M. & O., has purchased a 6-room cottage on South Fourth street from Mrs. Briggs. The sale was made through the agency of Gow Bros. The German Lutheran church at Hoskins will hold a missionfest September 26. Rev. Mr. Aaron will have charge of the ceremonies. Services will be held both in the forenoon and afternoon. Shipments of stock from Norfolk to the South Omaha market were lighter than any week of this year, not a single car being shipped. Farmers being very busy is said to be the cause of the non-shipments of the hogs. The Salter Coal and Grain company received a car of oats for the Norfolk market. The Farmers elevator reports much corn being shipped to them. Al. Ritchie, the fakir showman who attracted a number of performers to Norfolk with advertisements for a big show, and who disappeared in this week advertising similarly in the Billboard, the national circus magazine, Ritchie is now located at St. Paul, Minn., and advertises under the auspices of the St. Paul Baseball association. The announcement says the show will start out in the near future. Miss Hattie Karo left Norfolk at noon for Sioux City, where she will be united in marriage Monday with William Braden, a blacksmith of Sioux City. Miss Karo is a daughter of August Karo, a prominent business man of Norfolk for years, and she has lived here all her life. After the wedding ceremony the young couple will probably take a short trip and then return to Sioux City to make their home. Dirt is being sought in Norfolk. As a result of its scarcity the excavation for the Beeler building will probably be done gratis or for the exchange of the dirt. At the present time John Krantz is getting most of the dirt and is filling up the yard in the rear of his livery stable. The Haley building has already been moved from Norfolk avenue and is now facing Third street. A raise of sixteen inches will be made of Third street and already the filling-in has started. The fill will probably be from Madison to Norfolk avenue. J. S. Mathewson bought the property of Jacob Beeler at a guardian sale which was held on Norfolk avenue and Fourth street. Burt Mapes acted as auctioneer. The property was sought by several men, among whom were D. Rees, W. H. Blakeman and James Rouse, who were outbid by Mathewson. He paid \$2,100 for the property, which consists of forty-nine lots, a six-room house and a good barn. The place is valuable to Mathewson on account of joining land belonging to him. L. H. Lederer was guardian of the Beeler estate. Out of 153 assessments which were sent the different business men of Norfolk asking their support for good roads, only thirteen have responded. The committee in charge are disheartened over the proposition and declare if the people do not respond in the next week the matter will be given up entirely. The farmers are now very busy, but at the same time reports are coming in that they are heartily in favor of the good roads and will do whatever they can to aid the Norfolk business men in this proposition, but more financial aid is necessary from the business men here to carry on the good roads campaign, a movement which nearly every city of this size is now carrying on. It is something which would benefit Norfolk more than any other proposition at this time, the committee feels. Unless more enthusiasm is shown by the Norfolk business men the "good roads day" will probably be forgotten altogether. A temporary line-up of the first team of the high school football team has been announced and shows a strong aggregation. Although the second team is doing remarkable work, the first team has a little better of it so far, but many changes are expected before actual work is commenced. John Lynde is captain and half-back of the second team, Guy Parish making a fine showing at quarter-back of the same team. Lowell Erskine and Roy Hibben, who go to the university this year, have been coaching the local aggregations and already the good work they have done is shown in the practice games of the two teams. Following is the line-up of the first team, which is subject to change: Weaver (captain) full-back; Warren Beeler,

right half-back; Ben Willey, left half-back; Morrison, quarter-back; Rome Kelleher, right end; R. Willey, right tackle; Fred Peters, right guard; Klesau, center; McWharter, left guard; John Rice, left tackle; Charles Durland, left end; Fred Ingles, left guard; Odmore, sub end; Rex Beeler, sub half-back. A ball was given in the railroad hall last evening, which drew a large crowd, as it is the first one of the dancing season. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hanger went to Neligh yesterday to visit relatives. Mrs. Otto Rankin has arrived home from a visit in Scribner. William Sporn has been taking in the Stanton fair. Engineer E. G. Woods scolded his right hand badly yesterday while coming up on No. 1. A. J. and C. A. Grey are off on a hunting trip to Ell. John Oams went to Oaks, S. D., yesterday on business. Miss Alberta Case and brother, Albert, returned to their home in Tilden last evening. Madison Chronicle: In the case of the state vs. Emery Bonney, the one-legged Norfolk youth who was said to be the leader of the Norfolk boy bandits, the gang which was broken up there some time ago and who is now in jail awaiting the action of the district court at the November term, having been bound over by Justice Elsevier, Bonney's attorney, M. D. Tyler, wished permission for his client to enter a plea of guilty and accept a stipulated sentence. County Attorney Nichols, however, objected to any irregular proceedings, and insisted that Bonney be regularly tried at the November term of court, to be acquitted or convicted and sentenced, as the case might be. And so the matter stands. Among the day's out-of-town visitors in Norfolk were: Virginia Hale, Atkinson; W. H. Power, Naper; Mary Gibson, Creighton; L. M. Tjomsen, Battle Creek; Miss M. E. Brainerd, Oakdale; Mrs. E. H. Brainerd, Oakdale; A. C. Westerlund, Humphrey; F. Weller, Plainview; Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Hamen, Tilden; James Garvie, Niobrara; James Garvie, Jr., Niobrara; Florence Brees, Gordon; George Bucher, Lynch; L. O. Liger, Lynch; H. E. Worcester, Gregory; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Barnum, Dallas; Thomas Roberts, Butte; Miss Chace, Stanton; Miss Horton, Stanton; O. K. Barto, Gordon; C. D. Johnson, Battle Creek.

SOCIETY

Pleasures of the Week. Mrs. C. E. Burnham entertained the Bridge club on Monday afternoon. Mrs. N. A. Rainbolt, Mrs. D. Mathewson and Mrs. E. A. Bullock were guests of the club. The honors for the afternoon fell to Mrs. Mathewson. Mrs. Burnham served light refreshments at the close of the games. Mrs. S. M. Braden entertained a company of twelve ladies at bridge on Wednesday afternoon. The honors went to Mrs. E. A. Bullock. The hostess served a lunch after the pastebards were laid away that was thoroughly enjoyed. A slumber party was given by Miss Edith Herman to a few of her girl friends, Tuesday night. The party attended the theater after which refreshments were served by Miss Herman. The birthday of Ed Wegner was celebrated Thursday night. Friends were invited in to help do justice to the occasion and a delightful evening resulted.

Personals. Miss Killian of Wahoo visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Killian over Sunday. Miss Killian is a student at the University of Nebraska, and a member of the Pi Phi sorority. Mr. and Mrs. George Davenport of Madison were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Maylard on Tuesday. They saw "The Third Degree" at the Auditorium in the evening.

Bullock-Bridge. The marriage of Miss Helen Margaret Bridge to Clyde Johnston Bullock was celebrated in the home of the bride's father, C. S. Bridge, last Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock in the presence of a company of relatives and friends. Rev. Mr. Booth performed the ceremony. The young couple were attended by the bride's sister, Miss Melle Bridge, and Spencer Butterfield. The home was very attractive in decorations of green and white. A dainty supper was served after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Bullock left on the early morning train for a trip to Chicago. On their return they will be at home to their friends after November 1 in the R. A. Mittelstadt home, on Koelgenstein avenue.

Miller-Schwenk.

At the Catholic parsonage Wednesday at 10 o'clock Miss Jennie Augusta Schwenk and Victor Edward Miller were united in marriage by Father Buckley. Paul Zuelow was best man and Miss Nelle Schwenk, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. Immediately after the ceremony the wedding party, which consisted only of members of the immediate family, returned to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Schwenk, where a four-course dinner was served. The bride couple left for the home of Mr. Miller at Letleton, Okla., where they will reside.

North Nebraska Weddings.

Patrick J. Allen and Ida Conn were married at Butte. E. A. Doyle and Miss E. P. Lynn were married at Herrick. Rev. T. J. Vogel and Miss Elizabeth Eyll were married at Tilden. Miss Ethel Bae and Alva D. Nicholas were married at Oakdale. Louis B. Grasser and Miss Nellie Whitley were married at Fairfax. Miss Bertha Frank and Reinhold Anhorn were married at Herrick. Sherman S. Cooley and Mrs. Agnes O. Bryant were married at Butte. George Moore and Miss Bessie Yokum of Frenchtown were married at Neligh. Arthur E. Hartung and Miss Sybilla B. Bohlig of Wisner were married at Omaha. W. A. Schauppner of Plainview and Miss Mary Ristel of Raymond, Kan., were married at Belden.

Wayne Normal Notes

Several new students enrolled Monday. Mesdames Martiny and Miller, of Winside, were college visitors Tuesday. Miss Charlotte M. White was a college visitor one day this week. Rev. Kirkpatrick, of the Methodist church, addressed the joint meeting of the Christian Associations last Sunday. All present enjoyed the address and went away feeling that they had learned something. A football team has been organized and Prof. Huntmer has them hard at work with their practice. We expect to hear of them doing some clever work along this line. Miss Loretta Cullen, a member of the Scientific class, was called home on account of the death of her brother last Sunday. She has the sincere sympathy of us all in her bereavement. Prof. Bright gave the 1 o'clock talk Saturday to a most enthusiastic audience. At the close of the lecture, Miss Kingsbury explained the reading course of all members of the graduating class. Mrs. Pile is enjoying a visit from Mrs. Munn, of Portage, Ohio. Mrs. Munn and Mrs. Pile were classmates in college, and had not met in twenty-four years. To say this is an enjoyable visit puts it very mildly. The social held in the gymnasium Saturday evening was well attended. A special committee was in charge. These social affairs are a part of our education and it is gratifying to see how well the students are attending them.

Saved From Rattler Bites.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 18.—Twice bitten by a huge rattlesnake and saved

from a horrible death only by the speed with which a physician answered a hurry-up summons from another town, was the experience of the six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. K. L. Tonsik, who reside at the little town of Stamford, one of the new towns between the Missouri river and the Black Hills in western South Dakota. VALENTINE-FAIRFAX LINE. Will Soon Have Survey for Proposed Electric Line. Valentine Republican: W. K. Palmer of Kansas City, head of the engineering company which is doing the engineering work of the proposed water power here, and line of electric railway between Valentine and a connection with the Dallas branch of the Northwestern railroad, arrived here Monday morning, bringing with him blueprints, map, profile and estimate sheets of the railway extending from Valentine to Fairfax. The survey is satisfactory from Valentine to a point about five miles east of Naper, but from there to Fairfax the line detours and encounters a very heavy grade across Ponca creek; therefore, another party will be put in the field before long, which will undertake to find a more satisfactory connection with the Northwestern railroad in that vicinity. Mr. Palmer says that he has quite a large amount of work yet in bringing out details relative to stations, road crossings, bridges, culverts and the necessary information as to the probable amount of business the territory will provide. Also considerable work will be necessary yet before details in regard to the water power will be reached. He, therefore, thinks that it will be the middle of October at least before the result of his survey will be ready for investigation on the part of promoter and investor. The grades between Valentine and Naper are all kept below 1 per cent at a reasonable cost, which is quite satisfactory from an engineering and investing point of view.

North Nebraska Deaths. Louis Gunter died at Ewing. Zella Allen died at Long Pine. August Block died at Walnut. Francis Walter died at Stuart. John Hotskin died at Thurman. Mrs. Abner Bates died at Neligh. Mrs. William Rice died at Royal. Mrs. W. L. Lowery died at Winside. James Louis Hill died at Creighton. Amos Arthur Antrim died at Creighton. Karl Frederick Sydow died at Stanton. Mrs. Edith W. Tierney died at Tilden. Cora Luella Fairchild died at Valentine. Daniel Stephen Miller died at Newport. Mrs. LeGrant Ludwick died near Neligh. Mrs. Albert Anderson died at her home near Wayne. Mrs. C. W. Gigg formerly of Beemer died at McClure, S. D. Mrs. W. D. Fink died at Princeton. Mrs. Fink was the wife of the former agent of the Union Pacific at Madison.

Millers Raise \$50,000. Trade Exhibit: Backed by the Millers' National federation, the Updike Milling company of Omaha will institute suit in the federal court in Des Moines against the department of agriculture asking for an injunction to restrain the enforcement of the rules against bleached flour on the ground that the department of agriculture has acted without authority. The millers have begun collecting a fund of \$50,000, to be used in fighting the government in defense of the millers who may be prosecuted for selling bleached flour. The millers are raising their fund by taxing each user of the patented machinery 25 cents a barrel. The company which controls the patents will add \$50,000 to the millers' fund. The bleaching process by machinery is said to be used by two-thirds of the millers in the United States.

Dakota Watermelons. Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 18.—The experience of J. N. Bowell, a rancher residing in Fall River county, in the extreme southwestern part of South Dakota, in raising watermelons this season demonstrates what can be accomplished by dry farming in that part of the state. Bowell now is marketing his watermelon crop. He will have a total of about 5,000 melons, which were raised on bench land where it was impossible to irrigate them. Nevertheless, the melons are fine ones and are as good in quality as those shipped in from the great melon states of the south. The entire crop was apparently wiped out by hail about July 10 last, and he thought at the time that the melon crop was gone beyond redemption, but they recovered and the present great crop is the result. The crop of melons will bring him a revenue which will about twice over pay the cost of the land upon which they were raised. Because of the extent of the crop Bowell now is referred to as the watermelon king of Fall River county.

Omaha to Play Gregory Maybe. It is said to be probable that the Omaha Western league team will go to Gregory for three games within the next few weeks. Gregory has offered the Omaha team \$1,500 for the three games. It is reported. Value of Good Roads. Trade Exhibit: Commercial clubs in the towns and smaller cities could make no better investment of an equal sum of money than to purchase several good road drags. Live farmers would be glad to haul them back and forth between farm and town occasionally when making market trips. The result would be greatly improved roads in every direction, practically at no expense.

Water Power Trust Gifford Pinchot Tells of Its Peril at Irrigation Congress. HE ADVISES SPEEDY PROTEST National Forester Asserts That a Combination is Forming and That the Time to Fight its Schemes is Now. Points Out the Country's First Need. At one of the sessions of the recent irrigation congress, held in Spokane, Wash., Gifford Pinchot, the chief of the forestry bureau, directly charged that there was a water power trust in process of formation. "Not only this," he said, "but this water power trust does not have any hesitancy about appearing before this congress, in the persons of its attorneys, to seek to break down the last remaining opposition to ownership of all the power in the country. "In fact, I know one genial and urbane gentleman who is now here helping the trust's cause. The time for protest is very short, and the water power trust will show but little consideration to the common people if once the power of the country is centralized. In power there is life, and the water power trust will eventually control all other trusts." Equality of Opportunity For All. Mr. Pinchot named one power corporation which, he charged, was after the control of water power. His speech was in part as follows: "The first thing we need in this country, as President Roosevelt so well set forth in that great message which told what he had been trying to do for the American people, is equality of opportunity for every citizen. No man should have less and no man ought to ask for more. Equality of opportunity is the real object of our laws and institutions. "It goes without saying that the law is supreme and must be obeyed. Our civilization rests on obedience to law. But the law is not absolute. It requires to be construed. Rigid construction of the law works and must work in the vast majority of cases for the benefit of the men who can hire the best lawyers and who have the sources of influence in lawmaking at their command. Strict construction necessarily favors the great interests as against the people and in the long run cannot do otherwise. Wise execution of the law must consider what the law ought to accomplish for the general good. The great oppressive trusts exist because of subservient lawmakers and adroit legal constructions. Here is the central stronghold of the money power in the everlasting conflict of the few to grab and the many to keep or win the rights they were born with. Legal technicalities seldom help the people. The people, not the law, should have the benefit of every doubt. Water Power Trust Now Forming. "There could be no better illustration of the eager, rapid, unwaried absorption by capital of the rights which belong to all the people than the water power trust, not yet formed, but in rapid process of formation. This statement is true, but not unchallenged. We are met at every turn by the indignant denial of the water power interest. They tell us that there is no community of interest among them, and yet they appear year after year at these congresses by their paid attorneys asking for your influence to help them remove the few remaining obstacles to their perpetual and complete absorption of the remaining water powers. "They tell us that there is no significance that the General Electric interests are acquiring great groups of water powers in various parts of the United States and dominating the power market in the region of each group. And whoever dominates power dominates all industry. Have you ever seen a few drops of oil scattered on the water spreading until they formed a continuous film, which put an end at once to all agitation of the surface? The time for us to agitate this question is now, before the separate circles of centralized control spread into the uniform, unbroken, nation wide covering of a single gigantic trust. There will be little chance for mere agitation after that. No man at all familiar with the situation can doubt that the time for effective protest is very short. If we do not use it to protect ourselves now we may be very sure that the trust will give hereafter small consideration to the welfare of the average citizen when in conflict with its own. "The man who really counts is the plain American citizen. This is the man for whom the Roosevelt policies were created, and his welfare is the end to which the Roosevelt policies lead. As a nation we are fortunate at this time in this fact above all others that the great man who gave his name to these policies has for his successor another great president whose administration is most solemnly pledged to the support of them. "It is on account of this speech that the belief is expressed in Washington that Mr. Pinchot has imperiled his chances of long remaining in the government service. Taft's Sunday Hair Cut. The Massachusetts law forbids all work except for necessity or charity on Sunday, but President Taft had his hair cut on last Sunday at Beverly. Both the barber who did the work, Mattis S. Enos, and the president would have been subject to a fine of \$5 each if the Beverly police could have heard of the dark, secret goings on at the Taft home. "Mr. Taft is a very fine man," said Enos afterward. "He smiled and joked and talked with his family while I cut his hair and was very zealous indeed."

SEES ANOTHER CIVIL WAR. Outcome of Tariff Problem and Only Cure For It, Claims John Bigelow. From another civil war, due this time not to slavery, but to the tariff, the United States may be saved by national insolvency, toward which it is rapidly drifting, says John Bigelow, the aged Democratic statesman, in a letter to the tariff reform committee of the Reform club, in reply to one calling for financial assistance. Nothing else will save the country from civil war, he thinks. All appeals for a real revision or a reduction of the tariff, Mr. Bigelow says, are like appeals to drunkards not to drink to excess or to burglars not to steal so often. He goes on: In each and every case these appeals are not merely to toleration of crime, but an excuse for it, just as the toleration of slavery blinded more than half the nation to the fact that slavery was not only a disgrace to those of New Jersey or the divine law, which had to be expiated by trials proportionate to its enormity. When your reform committee is prepared to take a broad stand against the tariff upon imports, to make every harbor upon our 600 miles of seacoast as free to the commerce of the world as those of New York and those of New Jersey or those of Pennsylvania are to those of Virginia, I shall be happy to join you and do what I can to promote the success of your labor. In such a work I should have the satisfaction of knowing that I was not even indirectly countenancing a vicious system of taxation, which I was helping to put our statesmen upon an inquiry for sources of revenue that were not tainted with every crime, save murder, of which highwaymen have been condemned by the laws of God and man. Your hope from the division of the administration party over the Payne-Adair tariff bill is, I think, largely a delusion. No one can count the number of people that are willing to steal or go on the highway for a living whenever public sentiment or the law will say or even countenance the implication that the modes of living are not disreputable. We have before us in the tariff precisely the same issue that confronted us in the rebellion of 1861. To me it appears that protection is even more firmly fixed in its saddle than ever slavery was, because the property it gives to the protectee exceeds the total value of the slave property of the United States at its maximum. I make no pretensions to being a prophet, and therefore I will only ask you to reason there is for hoping for a deliverance from the unrighteous burden of protection by any less severe trials than those by which we effected the total emancipation of the slave property of the United States provided by our conscript fathers who framed it. What motive had the southern planter to go to war for the protection of slavery that the Republican party has not in far greater degree to fight for protection?

THE TROUBLE IN PERSIA. Shah's Disregard of the Constitution Led to the Outbreak. The recent occupation of Teheran, the Persian capital, by the Nationalists is a direct result of the insistence of the Persian people that the shah govern the country under the constitution that was granted on Jan. 1, 1907. The shah has ignored and withdrawn the constitution, which he signed when he ascended the throne. His course has resulted in widespread unrest in Persia, which in some sections has approached anarchy. The movement to compel him to observe the constitution gained force until, following the dissolution of parliament in 1908, a great part of the country broke out in insurrection, particularly at Tabriz, which fell into the hands of the Nationalists after fierce fighting. While the shah was trying to cope with this situation in the north the Bakhtiari tribesmen, the fighting race of Persia, rose in the south and early this year captured Ispahan, 210 miles south of Teheran. The tribesmen then began the long march to the capital, and their advance guard arrived in front of Teheran last month. Persia has been beset by serious situations on her frontiers. On one side Turkey has invaded Persia, in the direction of Drumbah, her ground of long standing, and the city has been surrounded by Kurdish bandits and Turkish troops. The British and Russian governments have been exerting their influence to induce the shah to summon a representative assembly to bring the state of anarchy to an end, and Russia, acting in full accord with Great Britain, has sent a military expedition into Persia from Baku for the protection of foreigners. This force was recently at Kazvin, eighty-six miles from Teheran. The Persian empire is divided into British and Russian spheres of influence, and these complications, together with the Turkish aggression on the western frontier, have served to increase the hostilities between the internal factions. THE DENTISTS EXTRACTED. No Laughing Gas Used in International Row in Berlin. The sessions of the fifth international dental congress, held in Berlin, have been enlivened by an unexpected diversion, owing to the refusal of the American dentists resident in Berlin to have anything to do with the affair. The local Berlin committee which organized the congress decided that the privilege of membership should be granted only to dentists who practiced in the countries where they had procured their diplomas. This excluded about all the American dentists in Europe. When the delegates from the United States arrived and began to inquire why their Berlin colleagues were absent the committee tried to rescind its ruling, but to no avail. The resident practitioners declined to accept the belated invitation. The American dentists of Berlin have obtained a position which their native competitors could not reasonably be expected to regard with unalloyed satisfaction. The Kaiser, the Kaiserin and most of the aristocracy have American dentists, and the German practitioner has to take what is left.

CUPID'S STRONG ALLY Unique Society That Is Booming Matrimony in Iowa. AIMS TO DISCOURAGE DIVORCE Des Moines Organization, Now State Wide, to Show Old Maids and Bachelors People Are Happier Married Than Single—Embrassing Questions Are Asked. To encourage marriage and to discourage divorces a number of young married couples of Des Moines recently formed an organization known as the Waka Foo Kawai, Japanese words which in English mean "Young Married People's society." The organization followed a sermon by the Rev. A. C. Hagerman of the First Methodist church of Des Moines, who spoke on the divorce evil. It was then some of the more practical minded men of the audience determined to take this step. G. I. Huffman, a prominent young business man of Des Moines, was instrumental in securing new members and in making the organization a success. The society has proved a winner in the catching of old maids and bachelors. The object of the young married people is to be happy. If they are not really happy they are to appear happy. In this way they expect to show the bachelor who boasts he would rather be home reading his sporting paper than the center of a bunch of howling kids that he is entirely mistaken and that, after all, married life is the only happy one. Informal Parties Arranged. The society's members make it a special point to tell all of their old bachelor and old maid friends what a splendid time they enjoyed when they assembled to spend the evening at the home of one of their members. The parties arranged are very informal. The men are expected to take their wives and gather up the kids, if they be so fortunate, and to make their way to the scene of the evening's reception. If the husbands neglect to bring the children a fine is imposed, which is sent to the treasurer, who deposits the same in the general treasury. At the beginning it was decided to admit only married couples who lived in Des Moines, but the success of the new organization attracted the attention of outsiders, and it was decided to admit all married people provided they had not been married over ten years. At present similar organizations have been planned and are in force all over the state of Iowa. All report splendid progress, and it is predicted the little society organized in Des Moines will soon be a national affair. "You may not believe it, but we have succeeded in roping in quite a few old maids and bachelors of the most pronounced type," explained Mr. Huffman, the founder of the unique organization. "You know these old maids and bachelors can't resist the temptation when they see us and learn how we cut up. Consequently they easily fall victims to Cupid's darts, and some day we read where and how they were married. "Is Your Wife the Boss?" "When we have a prospective member we embarrass him with such questions as these: Number of children? Do you roost supreme in your household, or is your wife the boss? If you do not rule your household, who does? Are your domestic relations pleasant? If not, why not? Do you know anybody else who should become a member of the Waka Foo Kawai?" Like all societies, this one has its committees. The most important committee is one on matrimony, although the members of the domestic trouble committee dispute this statement. The two committees on matrimonial encouragement and divorce prevention have their hands full. The regular meetings are held the last Monday in each month. Often and whenever a new member is initiated he is forced to read a paper on some ridiculous question—"How to Prevent Babies From Crying When You Have Company For Dinner" or "How to Train Your Husband to Care For Baby When Shopping."—Omaha (Neb.) World-Herald.

MONSTER CHEESE.

Largest Ever Made in the Mohawk Valley Weighed 1,500 Pounds. The largest cheese ever manufactured in the Mohawk valley, in New York state, was recently shipped to a Chicago firm by a Utica cold storage company. The cheese was built in the usual shape, but it measured 32 inches high, 45 inches in diameter, contained 41,728 cubic inches and weighed 1,500 pounds. It took about ten tons of milk to produce it, and it was pressed into shape by a specially constructed press in a Lowellville cheese factory, where it was bought by the Chicago firm through the cold storage company. The company has shipped quite a number of cheeses weighing as much as 1,200 pounds, but this was the largest one it ever tackled. It has a tank which is large enough to paraffin a half ton cheese, but the monster cheese was paraffined outside the tank by carefully pouring the molten liquid over it. After the air tight liquid had cooled the cheese was incased in a sheet iron covering. Hoping For the Best. Even when a man hopes for the best he begins to wish he had hoped for something better.—New York Times. Novelty in Drinking Glasses. Drinking tumblers of ice, which may be frozen in simple molds in any household, are a novelty.