

THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS-JOURNAL.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1909.

FIGHT WITH BANK THUG

BOLD HOLD-UP AT WHITE BEAR, MINN., STARTS BATTLE.

POSSE BATTLES WITH ROBBER

ONE CITIZEN OF TOWN

ONE DYING, TWO WOUNDED

ROBBER RIDDLED WITH BULLETS

Pursued, the Robber Took Refuge in a Shed and Opened Fire on Posse; Leader of Posse Falls Dead With Bullet in Heart—Fought Two Hours.

White Bear, Minn., Aug. 5.—Following a bold holdup of the First State bank of this village today, Henry Paul, the robber, and Fred Larkins, one of a posse of pursuing citizens, were shot and killed and William Butler, of the posse, was shot through the abdomen and is said to be dying. Two other citizens were painfully wounded.

The robber, who had been employed as a laborer on some building work at White Bear for the last three days, received his payment—a check for \$6,000—this morning, and when he went to the bank to get it cashed, Cashier Alfred Auger was the only man in the bank. The man offered Auger the check and while the cashier was examining it drew a six shooter and commanded Auger to hand out all the cash in the bank. The cashier passed out all the currency in the office, amounting to \$750.

Robber Opens Fire.

The robber fled through the streets of the village to the outskirts. Auger gave the alarm and in a few minutes the posse of pursuing citizens, were shot and killed and William Butler, of the posse, was shot through the abdomen and is said to be dying. Two other citizens were painfully wounded.

Leader of Posse Falls Dead.

Larkins, who was leading the posse, went boldly into the shed. He dropped dead on the threshold with a bullet in his heart. The robbers fell back to a sheltered point and opened fire on the posse with rifles and revolvers. The fire was briskly returned by the posse, who in a few minutes fell, shot through the abdomen. He died in a few moments.

Fight Lasts Two Hours.

The fight lasted two hours and a quarter and during that time a constant fusillade was kept up by the posse and the robbers. The latter was armed with a repeating rifle. Fifteen bullet holes were found in the robber's body.

To Change New Pennies.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Secretary of the Treasury McVeigh announced today that initials of the designer of the new Lincoln pennies are to be removed. The secretary said none of the pennies issued would be recalled and the minting of them would not be stopped, but new dies without the initials will be prepared as soon as possible.

Czar Leaves England.

Cowes, Aug. 5.—Emperor Nicholas concluded his visit to King Edward this afternoon and on board the imperial yacht Standart he left for Kiel escorted by Russian and British cruisers.

MOORS DRIVEN BACK

Riffs are Digging Up Old Legend Against Spain, Urging War.

Melilla, Morocco, Aug. 5.—The Moors who yesterday attacked a Spanish commissary's convoy obliged the Spaniards to retire until the arrival of reinforcements. Then the Spaniards advanced and drove the enemy back.

Preach Holy War Against Spain.

Ahucemas, Morocco, Aug. 5.—The Riffs are preaching a holy war against Spain, and a picturesque feature of their arguments is a revival of the old legend according to which the Riff Arabs, who are descendants of the Moors, driven out of Spain by Isabella and Ferdinand, are destined to clear the Spaniards out of Africa, cross Spain and reconquer the country over which Boabdil, the last king of Granada, ruled. Every Riff family is being visited by the priests and told that the time for the fulfillment of this legend is now at hand and urged to enter the war to regain the Alhambra.

ANDREW FOR MINT DIRECTOR

Massachusetts Man Nominated by President Taft for Big Job.

Washington, Aug. 5.—President Taft today sent to the senate the nomination of A. Platt Andrew of Massachusetts to be director of the mint.

VOTING ON BIG CAR STRIKE

Chicago Street Car Men are Casting Their Ballots Today.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Balloting on the strike proposition was begun here today by employes of the various sur-

face street car lines. As fast as the men finished their shifts they visited headquarters and deposited their votes.

This process will continue until early tomorrow morning and after that several hours must elapse while the votes are being counted. Official announcement of the result is set for Saturday night. There are 9,000 members of the union entitled to vote. A two-thirds majority is required to carry the strike proposition. Union officials watching the balloting said the early vote was heavily in favor of a walkout.

FOOD RUNS LOW AT STOCKHOLM

BREAD ALMOST EXHAUSTED, MEAT SCARCE AND DEAR.

SOLDIERS DISTRIBUTE MILK

Inmates of Poor Houses and Paupers Under State's Care are Digging Graves—Stretchers Used Instead of Hearse for Funerals.

Stockholm, Aug. 5.—Stockholm today is suffering seriously from a shortage of food, which so far is the most notable result of the labor conflict that reached its acute stages the beginning of this week. The stock of bread already is almost exhausted and meat is scarce and expensive.

People Living on Fish.

The restaurants have raised their prices and the figures today are prohibitive except for persons possessed of ample means. The strikers themselves are living practically on fish. Thousands of them are camping out, some in tents but many without shelter on the shores of lake Halar and the islands of the archipelago, where they spend their time in angling.

Soldiers Distribute Milk.

The authorities have taken charge of the milk supply of the city and soldiers are distributing milk in limited quantities and supervising the sale from milk cars at the railroad stations. The deliveries of ice have ceased. This is especially trying as the weather is unusually hot.

Poor House Inmates Dig Graves.

Paupers from the state poor houses have been enlisted to replace the striking grave diggers and undertakers and instead of hearses stretchers are being used to carry corpses through the streets to the cemeteries. The funerals proceed under military escort. The employes of the gas works and the electric light plants have gone out on strike and as a result a military guard has been placed over the establishments.

Attempt to Blow Up Gas Works.

The authorities contend that this portecution is necessary and assert that last night they frustrated an attempt to blow up the gas works with dynamite. A gunboat has been stationed opposite the gas works and no boats are allowed to pass between it and the shore. A battalion of grenadiers from Linkoping and a detachment of 250 men from the Vestergratland regiment has been ordered to Stockholm.

At Gotenburg work at all the slaughter houses has come to an end and the general strike committee has called upon the railroad men and the printers to join the movement.

The ranks of the strikers are being augmented hour by hour and according to the leaders of the movement their total now reaches 300,000, about one-twentieth of the population of the country.

Spain Threatened With Strike.

Cerbere, France, Aug. 5.—It is reported here today that a general strike is likely in Spain owing to the refusal of the authorities to permit pacific demonstrations against the war in Morocco and in favor of the release of the men confined in the fortresses since the rioting at Barcelona last week.

WOULD OUST FROM NEBRASKA

ATTORNEY GENERAL ASKS ORDER FROM COURT.

AFTER SURETY BOND CONCERNS

The Companies Recently Sought to Enjoin the State From Enforcing Certain Rulings Regarding Maximum Rates.

Lincoln, Aug. 5.—Attorney General Thompson today asked in district court for a writ enjoining the American Surety company from doing business in this state because of its alleged failure to file a statement as provided by the Junkin anti-trust law. Similar writs will be asked for against nineteen other foreign bonding companies. Only two state companies will escape this prosecution. The companies recently sought to restrain the state from enforcing certain maximum bonding rates and the attorney general has retaliated with his sweeping suits.

PASS BILL IN SENATE

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON NEW TARIFF.

SOME INSURGENTS AGAINST IT

NEBRASKA AND SOUTH DAKOTA MEN VOTE FOR BILL.

CUMMINS AND DOLLIVER NAYES

LaFollette Votes Against the Measure Also—The Bill Was Passed at 2:10 Thursday Afternoon and is Now Up to the President.

Washington, Aug. 5.—At 2:10 p. m. today the senate adopted the conference report on the tariff bill, which effects the final passage of that bill through congress.

The vote was 47 ayes, 31 nays. The bill received all the republican votes except those of Bristow, Clapp, Cummins, Dolliver, LaFollette, Beveridge and Nelson.

The senate then took up the concurrent resolution reducing the rates in the leather schedule.

Senator McNary (La.) democrat, who was absent, was paired for the bill. He was the only democrat favoring the measure.

Senate Reduces Leather Rates.

At 3:14 p. m. the senate adopted the concurrent resolution reducing leather schedule rates.

CUMMINS ROASTS THE BILL

Iowa Senator Won't Vote for It—Wants Taft to Sign It, Though.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Senators were tardy in their attendance on the meeting of the senate last night.

The session was consumed by speeches of Senators Cummins of Iowa and Daniel of Virginia. During the evening a political debate was projected into the meeting and "regulars" and "insurgents" handed words and accusations as to the effect their course will have on the political future of their party.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Senator Cummins of Iowa last night discussed paragraphs of the tariff bill generally, not presenting his objections in detail. He sought to establish his contention that no substantial tariff reform is accomplished by the changes the bill makes.

Mr. Cummins announced his determination to vote against the bill, though he confessed the belief that it was superior to any bill framed for revenue purposes, and so far as the schedules go, better than the Dingley law.

"I am opposed to the conference report and to the bill which it embodies because it is not such a revision of the tariff as I have expended the best years of my life in fighting for, and is not a fair and reasonable performance of the promise of our platform," he said, and added:

"This is not a court of bankruptcy, and I am not willing to accept ten cents on the dollar in discharge of the obligations of the republican party. It always has been and is now a solvent organization, and it is not only able, but its rank and file will insist upon paying its debt in full. Its pledges will be redeemed at par, and, although the blindness of some of its leaders may at this time postpone the day of redemption, I shall await with patience, confidence and serenity the hour at which it will keep full and complete faith with the American people."

He expressed his admiration and applause for the courage and persistence of the president "in attempting to secure, and to a degree in securing, lower rates in the range of dispute between the house and the senate," he said:

"The range was very narrow and the president has done all that one man could for the betterment of the bill."

Speaking "with the full consciousness that the president will sign the bill and that it will become a law with his assent" he recognized, he said, that there is a fundamental difference between the veto power and the vetoing power. "An executive ought not," he said, "to veto a measure simply because he would have voted against it had he been a member of the legislative body that passed it."

"I have always admitted," said the senator, "that with respect to those commodities of which we are capable of supplying the home demand, duties, however high, do not harm, so long as there exists effectual competition between our own producers; and I repeat that admission now. I have seen, however, competition in the most important fields of production grow weaker and weaker, until it has been easy to perceive that with many things prices have not been fixed by the fundamental and essential law of commerce, but have been fixed by the arbitrary will of the producer, and solely with reference to the utmost profit that trade would bear."

"Under these conditions, it seemed to me that excessive duties would necessarily become a shield for a variety and greed. It seemed to me that du-

ties should be so adjusted as to prevent the domestic producer from raising his price above a fair American level without exposing himself to foreign competition.

"These were the only reasons known to me for a revision of the tariff; and I will never vote for a revision that does not follow, or attempt to follow, these lines of economy through."

Copies of the translation of the much discussed German report on wages appeared on the desks of the senators a little more than twenty-four hours in advance of the time set for the final vote on the passage of the tariff bill. The pamphlet was made up of denials on the part of German manufacturers of statements presented by American manufacturers to the ways and means committee of the house in favor of raising duties on various articles that are imported from Germany, on the ground that the cost of production is cheaper in that country.

KIDNAP SUSPECT WANTS TO SUICIDE

ITALIAN AT ST. LOUIS MAKES CONFESSION TO POLICE.

ANOTHER ASKS TO END HIS LIFE

The Rumor That the Fathers of the Kidnaped Children Had Received Received Communications From the Abductors, is Dispelled.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 5.—Rumors that the Vivianos, fathers of Grace and Tommaso Viviano who were kidnaped from their homes here Monday, were communicated secretly with by the children's alleged abductors, were dispelled today by Pietro Viviano calling at the police station and telling Captain Schoppe he would prosecute the abductors when they are captured. He told the police he and his cousin of the same name did not have \$25,000 which the special delivery letter demanded as a ransom.

The police are holding Joseph Pagono and Lamancia Girolma, the latter having confessed last night that Pagono, Marchese Benedetto and Samuel Turrisi, who was last seen with the children, and Vincenzo Ricardo arranged with him last Sunday to hide the trunks, which were found in Chicago, hauled to an express office here.

When Pagono was told of Girolma's confession, he pleaded ignorance and begged to be allowed to end his life.

Benedetto, Turrisi, Ricardo, his wife and mother-in-law, are being sought and it is thought they are in Chicago, having reached there by electric and steam roads through Illinois.

Appears in Strange Garb.

As the trembling wretch stepped out of the wagon following a priest, who was holding a crucifix before him, it was seen that, according to the law dealing with paricides, he was barefooted and his head was covered with a transparent black veiling, while a cape of crude material but half concealed his naked chest. Before the onlookers had time to express their wonderment at this strange and disgusting garb, which gave one the impression that the victim was a woman instead of a man, the flowing veiling fell from the head, the cape from the shoulders and the victim was seized and thrown under the knife.

In a flash all was over and the crowd disappeared without disorder.

Earthquake at Brest.

Paris, Aug. 5.—An earthquake has been reported from Brest and vicinity. A number of buildings were rocked and the people thrown into a stage of panic, but so far as is known, the disturbance was not serious.

11 RICH PERSIANS EXECUTED

Tribal Chief Kills Dozen of Them, Sells Bodies for \$60,000.

Tabriz, Persia, Aug. 5.—Alkadhani, a well known tribal chief, recently raided twelve Armenian villages in Kara-Dagh, a district of the province of Azerbaïjan. The Armenian bishop has referred the matter to the Russian consul.

It is reported here that Mohammed Kulkham, the representative of Ardabil of Sipahdar, one of the nationalist leaders who was active in the deterioration of the late shah, has caused the execution of eleven rich relatives of the shah, after which he handed over the bodies to relatives in return for the sum of \$60,000.

BRITISH STEAMER WRECKED

It is Feared the Loss of Life Will be Heavy—Six Dead Known.

Capetown, Aug. 5.—The British steamer Maori foundered last night off Slane Bay. It is feared the fatalities will be heavy as the vessel carried a large number of passengers.

Nine survivors have thus far been landed and six bodies have been washed upon the beach.

It was reported that the Maori had a considerable number of passengers on board but later information is that the Maori carried no passengers. Six bodies have been washed upon the beach.

Vessel on the Rocks.

St. Davids, Wales, Aug. 5.—A large four-masted steamer ran on the submerged rocks under St. Davids head last night in a heavy fog and she is still fast. The fog still holds and the vessel has not yet been identified. A life boat is alongside the steamer.

BEHEADED IN PUBLIC

FIRST PUBLIC BEHEADING IN FRANCE IN FIFTEEN YEARS.

CREATES SENSATION IN PARIS

MAN BEHEADED MURDERED HIS MOTHER FOR MONEY.

STABBED, THEN STRANGLED HER

Although There Has Been Strong Sentiment Against Public Executions, President Fallieres Refused to Commute Sentence of Butcher.

Paris, Aug. 5.—A sudden official announcement that a public beheading would take place at 4:30 o'clock this (Thursday) morning in the Boulevard fronting the Sante prison created a sensation in Paris, which had not seen an execution in fifteen years.

Crowds Kept Back From Knife.

Immediately immense crowds gathered at the scene, but were kept back from the guillotine by heavy details of police and municipal guards. Parisian sentiment has long been opposed to public executions, for in the past they were accompanied by scandalous scenes of revelry.

Murdered His Mother.

Despite this sentiment parliament refused to abolish the death penalty in France and in view of the revolting crime of the man executed this morning, President Fallieres refused to commute his sentence to life imprisonment.

The victim was named Duchemin, aged 23, a butcher. In 1908 he stabbed his mother and this not resulting in her death quickly enough, he finished her by strangulation. The motive for the crime was robbery.

The crowds were unable to get within two blocks of the guillotine, which was erected beneath the trees beside the prison wall. There were some jeers as the wagon containing the condemned man left the prison yard by a side street and then drove up the boulevard 2,000 yards to the guillotine. The only spectators of the execution were a number of officials and a large crowd of journalists.

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WELLMAN TO START SOON

Tromsø, Norway, Aug. 5.—Certain members of Walter Wellman polar expedition have arrived here from Spitzbergen. They say Wellman probably will start in his balloon for the pole next Wednesday.

American Aviator Sails.

New York, Aug. 5.—Expressing himself as confident of upholding the Americans' reputation abroad in the field of aviation, Glenn H. Curtiss sailed today on LaSavoie for France with his aeroplane.

Roosevelt at Kijare.

Kijare, British East Africa, Aug. 5.—Theodore Roosevelt and his son Kermit arrived here early from Nairobi where he performed the laying of the corner stone of a new mission church and school for white children.

Declines Police Chiefship.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Bernard J. Mulaney, formerly a newspaper man of Minneapolis and Chicago and at present private secretary to Mayor Busse, today declined to accept the position of chief of police offered to him by the mayor.

WIDEN SCOPE OF THAW HEARING

LETTER WRITTEN TO GIRL BY STANFORD WHITE, ADMITTED.

TO BRING OUT WHITE'S TACTICS

The Name of the Girl to Whom the Letter was Written by the Dead Architect, was Not Disclosed in the Court Room.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 5.—By admitting in evidence a letter written by Stanford White to a young woman, Justice Mills today widened the scope of the hearing on the petition of Harry K. Thaw for release from Matteawan asylum.

The name of the person to whom the letter was addressed did not transpire. Its identification was in furtherance of the declared purpose of Thaw's counsel to show that the beliefs of the prisoner regarding practices of White and some of his wealthy associates were based on facts and were not, as the state holds, simple delusions of a disordered mind.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska.

Condition of the weather as recorded for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. today:

Maximum 87
Minimum 67
Average 77
Barometer 29.88

Chicago, Aug. 5.—The bulletin issued by the Chicago station of the United States weather bureau gives the forecast for Nebraska as follows: Generally fair tonight and Friday, preceded by showers north portion tonight.

THE ZEPPLIN II SAILS TO COLOGNE

AIRSHIP MAKES DISTANCE OF 110 MILES THROUGH FOG.

50,000 PEOPLE SAW IT START

The Vessel Ran into a Thick Fog Approaching Cologne and Was Deviated From Its Course Ten Miles—Progress Telegraphed Down.

Frankfort, Aug. 5.—The airship Zeppelin II started from here at dawn today on its third effort to reach Cologne, 110 miles away. The lines were cast loose at twenty minutes before 5:00 and even at that early hour a crowd of 50,000 people had assembled to cheer the departure.

Reaches Cologne.

Cologne, Aug. 5.—The Zeppelin airship arrived here at 10:15 a. m. today, two hours and a quarter later than expected. The vessel was delayed by unfavorable weather.

The ship circled the tower of Cologne cathedral flying low and then sailed to the suburb of Bickendorf to come down. The landing place and the balloon shed were surrounded by immense crowds.

The progress of the vessel was reported by telegraph as it came down. Crowds witnessed the passage from Limburg, Remagen and Bonn.

The airship ran into a thick fog as it approached Cologne and deviated from its course to the southwest and missed Cologne by ten miles or so. It got its bearing again near Deuren and when the fog lifted it headed straight for the city and came in rapidly.

Balloon Goes 217 Miles.

The military dirigible balloon Gross II, after an endurance flight of 15 hours and 40 minutes came to earth at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The ship made its way to Halle and returned 217 miles.

OMAHA GRAIN MARKET

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Following are quotations from Chicago markets today:

Wheat—Open 10:30 a. m.
Dec. 99 1/2-100 1/2
Sept. 1.01-1.01 1/2
High. Low. Close.
Dec. 1.00 98 1/2 98 3/4
Sept. 1.01 1.00 1.00 1.00 1/4
Corn—Open 10:30 a. m.
Dec. 51 1/2-52
Sept. 62 1/2-63
High. Low. Close.
Dec. 52 1/2 51 1/2 51 3/4
Sept. 64 62 1/2 63
Oats—Open 10:30 a. m.
Dec. 36 3/4-37 1/2
Sept. 36 1/4 36
High. Low. Close.
Dec. 37 36 36 1/2-36 3/4
Sept. 36 3/4 35 3/4 36 1/4
Pork—Open 10:30 a. m.
Sept. 20.62 20.50 20.50
Jany. 16.47 16.35 16.37

Declines Police Chiefship.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Bernard J. Mulaney, formerly a newspaper man of Minneapolis and Chicago and at present private secretary to Mayor Busse, today declined to accept the position of chief of police offered to him by the mayor.

KENTUCKY WHEAT FLOODED

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Wheat showed some strength during the early part of the session on the report that there had been 1,000,000 bushels of wheat taken for export. The Kentucky state crop report shows wheat in stocks in bad condition, due to too much rain. The average is about 10 bushels per acre, or 1 1/2 bushels less than last year.

Corn is good, but oats are in bad shape.

THE MARKETS AT NORFOLK

Prices Being Paid for Staple Products in Norfolk Today.

[This market furnished by the Satter Coal & Grain Co., Norfolk.]

Wheat	.....	.92
Corn	.....	.56 and .58
Oats	.....	.31
Rye	.....	.60
Barley	.....	.35
Hogs	.....	\$.670