

Our Colleges Have Fallen.

Denver, July 7.—The American college of liberal arts has lamentably failed as a popular institution of higher education in that it trains less than 1 per cent of our young men and women, but one-tenth of 1 per cent of the population. It has permitted various institutions, notably correspondence schools, private business schools, industrial and agricultural schools to usurp its functions, because of illiberality. So declared Prof. Samuel Wendell Williston, of the University of Chicago, at a meeting of the department of higher education, held in connection with the convention of the National Education association. "It has lost discipline, both mental and moral," continued the speaker, "until the charge is freely made, and in a great measure truthfully, that a very large proportion of its students are seeking merely the diploma rather than an education which will fit them for higher pursuits in life; who work upon an average, but three or four hours daily, and who acquire habits neither of industry nor application; that there has been a decided lowering of the moral standard among college students; that, upon the whole the bachelor degree is losing its significance as an indication of fitness for most of the pursuits of life.

Elective System Demoralizing.

"Undoubtedly the college has lost discipline by the general adoption of the system of electives, which leaves so much to the caprice and unintelligent choice of the inexperienced student. There has been, also, a demoralization both of discipline and requirements as a result of the rivalry among institutions, especially the state institutions for numbers; institutions are still for the most part gauged by their size, rather than by their product. Furthermore, the elective system has lowered the discipline by the rivalry among the different teachers in the same institutions for large classics with the development of soft courses—concessions to the all too obvious inclination of most students to seek the easiest way to their diploma with little regard for the value of the work accomplished.

High School On Wrong Track.

"Perhaps the gravest charge which may with justice be laid against the college is that it has hindered or retarded the best development of the high school, or has perverted it from the highest uses to the people. Most high schools still arrange their course of study chiefly for the needs of the 3 or 4 per cent of its pupils who are preparing for college, to the detriment, or at least discouragement, of the 96 per cent who have neither the desire nor the opportunity to continue their education. The fact that only 12 per cent of those who enter the high school ever graduate is also largely due to the influence of the college."

The speaker said he believed that the only hope for the regeneration, not only of the high school, but the college also, lies in this complete severance of this control; that the leveling of the whole system of higher education must begin from below, instead of from above, as has been the case hitherto; that the high school should seek the highest and widest field for development without regard to the college, whose field of usefulness is still far too narrow to permit it to denigrate the whole province of education.

Need More Men Teachers.

He also believed that the discipline of the high school has largely suffered by its aping the methods of the college, and that this discipline must be regained at all cost, first by a return to the most essential disciplinary and useful studies which should be made compulsory for all; and by the abandonment of many of the educational experiments introduced either at the behest or in imitation of the college, and especially by the elevation of the standard of the high school teacher and the employment of a larger proportion of men as teachers, teachers who are trained as teachers and not as research men. He also said that when this regeneration of the high school has been effected, secondary education, so-called, will not only broaden out greatly, but that it will reach upward to include all the disciplinary and cultural work of the college. In other words, the democratization of secondary education will drive out the so-called college of liberal arts, which occupied no indispensable place in American education.

"Whenever every pupil who leaves the disciplinary high school is compelled to choose some definite course of study leading to some definite end, and not be permitted to spend four years more in aimless work, the problem of the American college will have been solved, and not until then," said Professor Williston in conclusion.

The Hooligans.

"The English problem of how to eliminate the 'Hooligans' does not yet confront us seriously, but intelligent and systematic action along well defined lines covering the whole country through the common school is necessary to prevent a degenerate class, the individual of which has been aptly described as too heavy for light work and too light for heavy work," said S. Wessells, of Grand Rapids, Mich., in an address at a department meeting.

"It is time," the speaker continued, "that the child was treated as a unit by other than standard methods and subjected to a scientific inquiry both from the physiologists and the pathologists' point of view. These experiments should be employed by the state and sent to all communities and conduct the examinations necessary to inform the local school boards of the exact condition of every pupil reported delinquent and backward in grade work.

"Delinquent mental or physical defects should be separated from the normal children for a sufficient length

of time to bring them back to a normal condition if possible. It is needless to say that incurables should be segregated permanently and perhaps in the state institutions for the feeble minded. The employment of trained experts constantly for this purpose may be advisable and this can only be determined when the extent of the work to be undertaken is known."

Commissioners' Proceedings.

Madison, Neb., July 1, 1909, 1 p. m.—The board of equalization met pursuant to adjournment. Present, County Commissioners Burr Taft, Henry Sunderman and John Malone, County Assessor P. W. Ruth and County Clerk Geo. E. Richardson.

The minutes of June 15, 16 and 17, 1909, of June 21, 1909, and of June 29, 1909, were read and approved. The matter of the assessment of Mr. Gus Teske came up for hearing. Mr. Teske appeared before the board and was sworn and examined, and on motion it was voted that the assessment of Gus Teske, personally, stand as returned by the assessor, and that Gus Teske, as guardian of Carl Teske, be assessed with \$4,000 in money and \$500 corn, said assessment having been omitted through a misunderstanding.

On complaint of Gus Teske, guardian of Carl Teske, that 46 acres, including the improvements, had been set off by the courts from the n.w. 24-21-2, assessed as an entry, and asking for a division of said land, on motion the assessment of said land was divided as follows: Martha Dittberner, east 46 acres n.w. 24-21-2, \$3,760.

Carl Teske, west 114 acres n.w. 24-21-2, \$6,755. On motion the county clerk was instructed to divide the taxes on said land on the 1908 tax list.

On motion the assessment on the s.w. n.w. 4, block 4, Mandamus addition to Madison, Neb., was reduced from \$1,350 actual value to \$800, on account of gross injustice in overvaluation. There being no further complaints before the board, the board declared the equalization of assessments of individuals closed. The board then took up the equalization between precincts and upon comparison of the assessments in the various precincts it was voted to leave the assessments as returned by the assessors.

On motion the board then adjourned subject to the call of the county clerk, pending the receipt of the report from the state board of equalization and assessment.

Geo. E. Richardson, County Clerk.

DOCTORS MEET NEXT WEEK

Midsummer Meeting of Elkhorn Valley Society at Fremont Tuesday.

Programs have just been issued for the midsummer meeting of the Elkhorn Valley Medical society, which is to be held at Fremont next Tuesday, July 13. The session will be called to order at 10 a. m. at the Fremont hospital. A luncheon and a smoker in the evening will be features.

Following are the papers listed on the program: "The Value of Chemistry to the Physician," Carl G. Johnson, Creighton.

"Appendicitis Complicating Pregnancy, Labor and the Puerperium," Palmer Findley, Omaha.

"The Differential Diagnosis in Appendicitis, Ulcer of Stomach and Gallstone," W. F. Conwell, Neligh.

"Syphilis of the Liver Stimulating Gall Bladder Diseases With a Report of the Cases and a Review of the Literature to Date," M. J. Ford, Omaha.

"Hemorrhages Following Infectious Diseases, With Report of Two Cases," P. H. Salter, Norfolk.

"Senile Dementia," F. H. Kuegle, West Point.

"The Surgical Treatment of Displaced Uterus," R. H. Rhoden, Fremont.

"The Time to Operate in Suppurative Inflammations of the Fallopian Tubes," Indications for the Selection of the Abdominal and Vaginal Routes," J. E. Summers, Omaha.

"The Diagnostic Value of Blood Examination," Rodney W. Bliss, Omaha.

"Practical Suggestions for the Summer Feeding of Infants," H. M. McClanahan, Omaha.

"Obstruction of Large Intestine, With Cases," L. J. Townsend, Fremont.

"The Action of Drugs," A. L. Muirhead, Omaha.

"Syphilis of the Aorta," A. D. Dunn, Omaha.

Officers of the society are: President, Jos. M. Alkin, Omaha; vice presidents, A. B. Tashjian, Norfolk, and C. G. Peterson, Creighton; secretary, W. R. Johns, Stanton; treasurer, Walter Pilger, Norfolk.

Committees are: Credential, Long, Kindred, Salter; arrangements, McDonald, Metzinger, Overgaard; grievances, Beattie, Conwell, Summers; necrology, Williams, McKay, Johnson; auditing, Gilligan, Tanner, Minton.

RAISE ASSESSMENT.

Indicates Gain of \$25,000,000 Actual Value—Argument Coming.

Lincoln, Neb., July 7.—Though only about one-third of the county assessors have made their returns to the state board of equalization, the indications are the increase over the assessment of last year will not be more than \$5,000,000, exclusively of railroad property. This would be an increase of \$25,000,000 actual value. In the county real estate was returned at a valuation less than last year, but as the board believes this was due to an error the report has been sent back for verification.

has always been followed, but the last legislature enacted the board's usual methods into law, so it is law now for the board to send for the county officials when a raise in assessment is contemplated.

The supreme court probably will meet this week to listen to arguments in the case wherein the secretary of state has been mandamus to place the name of John M. Reagan on the republican primary ballot as a candidate for supreme judge.

Should the court fail to meet and pass on the appeal it will be the duty of the secretary of state to put the name of Reagan on the primary ballot, and under the decision of the Lancaster district court candidates for regents and for supreme judge would be selected by a primary.

The supreme court, however, has indicated that it will hold a special session for the purpose of hearing the appeal. This session will doubtless be held this week, because the conventions to draft platforms are to be held under the law on the last Tuesday in July. If the nonpartisan law is declared unconstitutional, then these conventions shall draft a platform and select state committees, while if the law is declared valid, the conventions this year may only select state committees.

Woman in Jail Pleads "Guilty."

Mrs. Virginia Anderson of 414 South Second street was fined \$20 and costs in Justice Eiseley's court Wednesday morning charged by Officer O'Brien with being an inmate of a house of prostitution.

Neighbors for the past ten days have been complaining of the conduct of Mrs. Anderson and she had been warned a number of times, but has taken no heed of the warnings.

Late Tuesday night Officer O'Brien found her in company with W. F. Blitts, of South Fifth street, and he was also fined \$20 and costs Wednesday morning. Blitts is married and has a wife and child in Norfolk.

It is said Mrs. Anderson has been a little stage struck and for some time has been doing a turn in one of the local vaudeville.

Mrs. Anderson is the wife of a Northwestern fireman and has as yet been unable to pay her fine. Pleading guilty to the charge she will have to remain in the city jail until the fine is satisfied.

Blitts is trying to get bonds.

Bassett's Celebration.

Bassett, Neb., July 7.—Special to The News: The celebration here was in every sense a success. It is conceded by all that it was the most enjoyable of any ever held in this part of the state. The business men of our little city made up their minds that this year they were going to occupy the whole day with the best clean, free attractions that could be obtained. No gruffs were allowed. The forenoon was taken up with a program consisting of music by the Bassett Juvenile band and choir, followed by a beautiful rendition of the Declaration of Independence by Miss Elizabeth Hale of Atkinson, Neb. She was called back twice, and all agree that her readings alone were worth coming miles to hear. This was followed by a fine address by Rev. Wm. Vandinker of Alnsworth, Neb. After dinner a free vaudeville, free slack wire performance, free baseball game, all kinds of small sports, horse races, foot races, etc., were pulled off.

Fifteen hundred people saw Alnsworth and Bassett play a good game of ball, Alnsworth taking the purse by a score of 7 to 2, but up to the seventh inning Bassett goose-egged them. Bassett had only a few days before gone to Alnsworth and beat them by a score of 3 to 5. Bassett does not feel bad in the least to be beaten by so good a team as Alnsworth has, and there is no team that we would rather give our money to.

Everyone had a great time, with not an accident to mar, or one drunk to arrest.

Lynch Beats Butte.

Bristow, Neb., July 7.—Special to The News: Butte and Lynch contested at Bristow in one of the fastest baseball games of the season, Lynch winning out by a score of 2 to 1. The Butte team was composed wholly of home men, while Lynch was strengthened by an imported battery. The batteries were: Butte, Tingle and Tingle; Lynch, Richter and Richter. Strike-outs: Richter, 17; Tingle, 16. Hits: Lynch, 3; Butte, 5.

Governor On Guaranty Law.

Omaha, July 7.—In a letter to the Nebraska press Governor Shallenberger has this comment on the issuance of a federal court order restraining the operation of the bank guaranty law: "I have all possible respect for our courts, but believe the law passed at the last session of the legislature expresses the will of the people of Nebraska. The legislature is solidly for the law, and as that body is the only voice the people have its mandate should be supreme. If a federal judge can set aside the expressed will of the people of a sovereign state when legislating upon a matter regulating purely state corporations, a single judge has a power more potent than the voice of a million and a half people expressed through constitutional authority. This should make plain to the people of the state the necessity for nonpartisan judges on the bench. I want the people to know that I shall exercise every constitutional right given me under the constitution before their expressed will shall be defeated."

THE BLIND SENATOR A "FAN."

How He Enjoys Baseball and the Wrights' Aeroplane Practice.

Washington, July 7.—Through go-

ing to Fort Myer repeatedly to "see" the Wright brothers fly in their aeroplane, Senator Gore, the blind statesman from Oklahoma, is becoming one of the most enthusiastic aeronauts in Washington.

Senator Gore's substitute for the eyes he lost in his youth, is his wife and a keen sense of hearing. From them he obtains the same thrill of excitement that others experience through sight. Few men in Washington are affected by the "atmosphere" of an event as Senator Gore. It helps him to comprehend the quiet words of his wife as she explains every movement of the aviators.

The Oklahoma senator also is very fond of "watching" a baseball game. He is a frequent patron of the American league games, where Mrs. Gore, who knows baseball, helps him to follow the play closely.

South Nebraska Is Under Water.

Lincoln, July 7.—Train service is demoralized in southeast Nebraska on account of the floods. Three days of heavy rainfall have caused all the small streams to leave their banks. Six and a half feet of water cover the Union Pacific tracks south of Beatrice and there is another washout between Beatrice and Lincoln. The Burlington has a washout near Beatrice, but trains are able to run by making detours. Water is over tracks of the Burlington at Elk Creek, and there are small washouts on the same line between Tecumseh and Table Rock and Tecumseh and Auburn. The Missouri Pacific has a bad washout on its Crete branch. Farm lands have been flooded and damage done to crops.

Washout East of Fremont.

Owing to a washout east of Fremont, due to rain amounting to more than three inches, the westbound Northwestern train was delayed four hours yesterday.

Land Troops at Teheran.

Teheran, Persia, July 7.—The Russian troops were being landed at Enzeli. There is an unconfirmed report here that the force consists of 3,000 infantry and 800 Cossacks. No news has been received as yet of a junction of the Bakhtiari tribesmen with the nationalists under Siphard.

London, July 7.—Some protests are being voiced by the newspapers and in parliament against what is characterized as unwarrantable interference by Great Britain and Russia in Persian domestic affairs. Special attention has been directed to the attempts of British and Russian representatives to prevent the constitutionalists from marching on Teheran and the dispatch to Persian territory of a Russian force.

Answering many questions in the house of commons Sir Edward Grey, foreign secretary, emphasized the fact that in the advance of Russian troops he was exclusively concerned in the protection of European life and property.

The latest dispatches from Teheran report a great state of tension and excitement in anticipation of an advance by the nationalists. Many residents are said to be fleeing from the city but there is no confirmation of the report.

CLAIMED HE WAS DEAD.

And the Letter Brought About Embazzler's Arrest at Lincoln.

Columbus, O., July 7.—It developed when a requisition was issued for the return to Marietta, O., of Everett J. Bennett, under arrest at Lincoln, Neb., on a charge of embezzlement, that Bennett's seizure was brought about by letters which he is claimed to have written to his alleged victim at Marietta announcing his suicide.

STORK DOESN'T STOP.

Fashionable Chicago Suburbs Have Pets But no Babies.

Chicago, July 7.—Is the stork angry at the folk of Oak Park and River Forest?

Has its strong, conical bill, in which since the days of long, long ago, it has been supposed to bring pink, pretty and chubby babies to the homes of hopeful parents, lost its carrying power?

This ancient bird flies high when it passes over Oak Park and River Forest. All this sad state of affairs and set back to the increase of future suburbanites is set forth in the report of Winthrop J. Kendall, census taker, who visited the homes in these villages and learned of the failure of the stork to make frequent stops.

There is, however, humor as well as pathos in the report of Mr. Kendall's annual canvass. While child life seems to be at a discount, animal life is at a premium. Dogs, cats, canary birds, parrots and pet rabbits are numerous in both villages. He found one woman whose home abounds with all the comforts to be found in mansions of the wealthy—but no babies.

The establishment consists of its mistress, three maids, a few butlers and cooks, a dog, two cats and a husband. Another woman in whose home the joy of a prattling baby is unknown has a little, shaggy dog. She calls it "Baby," and the neighbors say she utters the name frequently and at times with a tone of sadness. She has taught "Baby" to stand on its hind feet, sit up and look wise. Lying on a pink cushion, "Baby" drives out every fine afternoon in an open carriage.

"One of these big-hearted women," said Mr. Kendall, "has adopted four orphans and says she is the happiest woman in the world. She has both hands full of childish trials and tribulations, instead of cards and novels, and she is the happier for it."

MARRIAGE ON DALLAS STREET.

Parcel Shower Accompanied by Hall Storm of Dollars.

Dallas, S. D., July 7.—Everybody loves to witness a marriage and everybody was here to witness a ceremony on the most public corner of the main street which joined the lives of John Ham and Lucy Fagley. The couple consented to the publicity act as a part of the three days' celebration.

Mayor Rose presided over the important public function and gave the bride away while a local magistrate tied the nuptial knot.

An Indian feast and war dance which was on at the same time failed to attract the attention of the crowds from the blushing bride and diffident groom who, however, did not lack the courage to live up to the contract, and the shower that followed, unlike the weather conditions which have prevailed here recently, was a mixture of kitchen utensils and silver dollars, which were liberally strewn over the platform by an admiring audience willing to pay for the performance.

PRISON FOR "DIAMOND MAKER."

Frenchman Accused by Head of De Beers Company Convicted.

Paris, July 7.—Henri Lemoine, self-styled diamond maker, was sentenced to six years' imprisonment, to pay a fine of \$600, interdiction de séjour for five years, and the payment of \$2,000 damages to Sir Julius Wernher, whom he is alleged to have defrauded out of \$320,000.

This sentence marks the end of a trial which began in May and aroused the interest of practically the whole of Europe. The jewelers and scientists of France still are divided as to whether Lemoine has found the formula for making diamonds by a chemical process for which the learned men have been searching for centuries or whether he is a trickster who succeeded in bunking Sir Julius Wernher, head of the great De Beers diamond syndicate, out of hundreds of thousands by a smoothly worked piece of conjuring.

Those who have faith in the claims of the prisoner say that the paper which he deposited in a London bank and refused to produce at the demand of the courts really tells the secret of producing precious gems from common metals; others claim that the "diamond faker" used trick crucibles in his experiments and that the diamonds which were brought to light before the eyes of spectators were hidden in a secret compartment before the tests began.

Lemoine himself claims he is the victim of a plot to gain possession of his secret and use it for the benefit of the plotters.

Watch May Convict.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 7.—The chain of evidence implicating Emil Victor, the farm hand now under arrest here as the man who murdered the Christie family and Michael Ronayne, is slowly being weighed.

The watch and knife in the prisoner's pocket have been identified as the property of Christie. A sum of money, insurance papers, etc., belonging to Christie, were found in a bureau drawer, where they had been overlooked by the murderer in his hurried search of the house.

The 41-caliber revolver with which the shooting was done has not yet been found, nor has the 38-caliber revolver which Christie was known to have possessed.

Michael Ronayne, one of the victims, was buried. The Christies were buried today.

Large crowds continually lined up in front of the undertaking rooms striving to get a look at the greswome sight.

Threats of lynching have died out and yesterday was quiet, despite the circus bringing large crowds here.

No Booze on Dining Cars.

Prohibition is in effect in Nebraska so far as the sale of liquor on Burlington dining cars is concerned. An imperative order has been issued that beginning with July 1, 1909, the sale of liquor on diners will be stopped.

Wife of South Dakota Supreme Judge Succumbs in Chicago.

Yankton, S. D., July 7.—Mrs. E. G. Smith of this city, wife of Judge E. G. Smith of the state supreme court, is dead in a Chicago hospital. She leaves two sons and one daughter.

TUESDAY TOPICS.

A horse belonging to T. C. Cantwell was driven to death last night near Norfolk and Hadar. Gustav Schultz hired the horse early in the evening.

George H. Beels left on the morning train for Yankton to attend the waterways convention. Mr. Beels is one of the three delegates appointed from Madison county.

Mayor Friday says that the engineer whom he had contracted for has notified him of his inability to be here at the time contracted for and another engineer will be employed. The engineer was employed for sixty days to work under the direction of the mayor. The contractor for the sewer and water extension is expected in a few days and work will be begun immediately and will be finished by September.

Among the day's out-of-town visitors in Norfolk were: J. C. Walker, Pierce; J. H. Winner, Pierce; H. E. McDonald, Pierce; O. W. Rice, Creighton; E. C. Mertz, Battle Creek; W. E. Taylor, Madison; M. H. Saul, LeBlanc; W. E. Campbell, Creighton; Jessie Corey, Elgin; Geo. W. Hutton, Orchard; A. Smith, Albion; E. C. Sandz and wife, Verdigris; M. Fox, Belgrade.

John F. Klug went to Dallas on business this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Claus of Battle Creek visited in Norfolk over Sunday.

Miss Minnie Maas and her mother left at noon for a month's visit in Denver.

Rev. Martin Raasch of Leavenworth, Wash., is spending a short vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Raasch.

M. Halpin and wife have gone east on a visit which may be extended to a year or more.

Miss Martha Winter left for Sioux City this morning to visit Mrs. Winkler for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Broecker and son Raymond of Randolph are visiting Norfolk relatives.

Alma Ellerbusch of the Wayne normal school has been visiting the Jonas family for a few days.

Miss Marguerite Bithell from Fremont is visiting a week with her friend, Miss Myfamyw Solomon.

Charles H. Gerecke, who is making a success at Hastings, is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gerecke.

M. Halpin and wife left for Scranton, Pa., Tuesday afternoon for a two-year visit with friends. While in the east Mr. and Mrs. Halpin will visit Buffalo, Boston, New York city and Washington.

A regular meeting of the Degree of Honor lodge will be held at the G. A. R. hall Wednesday evening.

Frank Cummings, who has been chosen by the wholesale firm of Beebe & Runyon Furniture company to go with them to market, started Sunday for Chicago and other eastern points.

Sam Noon and his wife were arrested last night for fighting. They were fined \$7 by Judge Eiseley and discharged on the promise that they would fight no more in public, or elsewhere.

S. W. Warner, Mel Henderson, Frank Henderson and Adolph Moldenhauer were fishing yesterday at Reed's pond, six miles south of Norfolk, and brought in thirty-five pounds of fine catfish.

A. D. Worrick of Foster pleaded guilty to a charge of drunk and disorderly in Justice Eiseley's court, and was fined \$7. Being without funds, Worrick will remain under the direction of the street commissioner and work out his fine.

City Clerk Ed Harter is in receipt of an inquiry from Two Rivers, Wis., regarding one Henry Schwartz, said to be a liveryman, who is wanted by his aged mother. No letter has been received from him in nine years. He is understood to be in this vicinity.

The Union Pacific is placing an extra brakeman on its Norfolk-Columbus passenger train to meet the new law requirements of five men on a passenger train. The Northwestern already have this number of men manning trains carrying passengers on this division.

A special meeting of the fire department was held Monday evening to investigate the carnival company that was to be here July 5. A committee of two, Herman Winter and E. A. Amerine, were appointed to go to Columbus Tuesday morning to verify some of the reports that have been circulated in Norfolk as to the standing of the carnival company.

On July 1 a telegram was received from this carnival company stating that their tents were blown to pieces in a heavy windstorm at Fremont, and it was necessary for them to go to Kansas City for new tents, and they would be unable to be here to show July 5, the time contracted for, and would be here July 12.

Not long after the telegram was received reports began coming in that the carnival's tents at Fremont were not destroyed and were all in good order, and many other reports of their unfaithfulness in keeping contracts.

The two delegates left at 11 o'clock this morning for Columbus, where the carnival company is showing.

Notice.

The State of Nebraska, Madison county.—ss. To whom it may concern and more particularly to Rome Miller.

Be it known that T. E. Odiorne having on the fourth day of November, 1907, purchased at public sale in the county of Madison and state of Nebraska of the then treasurer of said county, for the delinquent tax assessed thereon for year 1906 the following described property:

Lots 19 and 20 in block 7 of Dorsey Place addition to Norfolk Junction, Norfolk, Madison county, Nebraska, assessed and taxed for said year in the name of Rome Miller; the delinquent taxes assessed thereon for years 1907 and 1908 in the name of Rome Miller all having been paid by the undersigned as subsequent to said sale.

The title to said real estate appears of record in the register of deeds office of said county in name of Rome Miller. The said purchase being evidenced by tax certificate of purchase No. 232 and the undersigned now being in possession of and owner of said certificate of purchase.

Therefore, notice is hereby given as required by the compiled statutes of 1905 and 1907 of the state of Nebraska, that after the expiration of three months from the date of the service of this notice, particularly on or after the fourth day of November, 1909, unless redemption be sooner made, the undersigned will apply to the county treasurer of Madison county, Nebraska, for a deed for above described property.

Witness my hand this seventh day of July, 1909.

T. E. Odiorne.

Statement

of the condition of the Elkhorn Building and Savings association of Norfolk, Nebraska, on the thirtieth day of June, 1909:

ASSETS.

First mortgage loans.....\$22,970.48
Furniture and fixtures..... 93.00
Cash..... 1,767.94
Delinquent interest..... 114.11
Expenses and taxes paid..... 134.05
Total.....\$25,079.58

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid up.....\$23,490.15
Reserve fund..... 750.00
Undivided profits..... 839.43
Total.....\$25,079.58

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand July 1, '08.....\$ 2,952.96
Dues..... 7,876.32
Interest, premiums and fines 1,729.21
Loans paid..... 5,950.00
Bills payable..... 2,000.00
Other items..... 48.00
Total.....\$20,556.49

EXPENDITURES.

Loans.....\$ 9,800.00