LA FOLLETTE IS COMING

WISCONSIN SENATOR HAS NORFOLK CHAUTAUQUA DATE.

WILL ISLAND FOR CHAUTAUQUA.

Senator Dolliver, Another Chautauqua Speaker Here, May Nominate Taft at Chicago Convention—Chautauqua Dates August 1 5.

Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin will speak in Norfolk on August 4 at the Norfolk Chautauqua. The famous Wisconsin senator was not on the program as orig ly outlined but arrangements have just been made to have his name added. Senator La Follette has been on the chautauqua platform for several years and he is invariably received by recordday crowds.

LaFollette gained fame as the leader of the radical wing of the republican party in Wisconsin and as the fighting governor of his state but his election as United States senator and his conspicuous course in the senate together with his present candidacy for the republican presidential nomination has brought him even more prominently before the country.

Dolliver in Foreground Too.

Another United States senator, Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa, will deliver an address here during the chautauqua. In this connection the dispatches yesterday from Chicago announcing that if the present harmony plans of the Taft managers carry through Senator Dolliver will nominate Taft in the Chicago convention, are interesting.

In this connection there has been talk of the Iowa senator as the running mate for the secretary of war if it shall be thought wise to come west for the vice presidential nominee. The selection of Senator Dolliver as the man to place Secretary Taft before the convention is regarded in Chicago as a wise stroke of policy, as it tends to clear away certain local difficulties in Ohio. It had been expected that Congressman Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, would be the man selected to present Taft's name to the convention.

At any event the national convention will likely see the names of the two principal speakers at the Norfolk chautauqua prominent in the headlines.

Ideal Chautauqua Grounds.

The chautauqua will be held on the pretty island by the mill dam, the island being formed by the loop in the Northfork river and the mill race. The grounds make an ideal chautauqua park both in location, park facilities and natural beauty. A footbridge will be built across the mill race on First street, affording access to the chautauqua grounds.

The grounds have been contracted for and advance literature concerning the chautauqua is expected in a few days. The chautauqua grounds were secured through the mill company.

The chautauqua will be held here the first ten days in August. It will begin on Saturday, August 1, and will include two Sundays.

COMMISSIONER TAFT OBJECTS

He Says That Under the Law That $800 Could Not be Used on First.

Norfolk, Neb., May 28.—Editor News: I wish to call your attention to the telephone message received by you and printed in last evening's issue of The News, from John Malone, county commissioner, in which he says there are $800 inheritance tax that are available for use on First street.

Now that surely makes a fine spiel for political purposes but I cannot possibly stand back and let a commissioner come in from another district and without consulting or even mentioning the matter to the balance of the board, to deliberately misrepresent and mislead the people. Now in the first place, under the law this money cannot be spent on First street, for the law plainly says that you must commence at the city limits on a road leading out from the city limits. Furthermore, John Malone may be able, with the aid of one other member of the board to dictate where money will be spent in this district, but I am here to see that if he does do it it will at least spend it according to law. It may be all right for Mr. Malone to mislead the people for political purposes but it is not right in business matters.

Burr Taft.

FRIDAY FACTS.

Mrs. N. A. Huse is visiting her sister Mrs. A. L. Tucker, in Carroll.

F. V. Ransom, M. B. Irvin, and M. O.Ott arrived home from Omaha, where they had been to look up auto cars.

C. S. Parker arrived home last night from Omaha, where he has been giving examinations as a member of the state dental board.

Davis, state agent of the Amity company of Holy, Colo., was in town Thursday calling on the local agents, Foster, Williams & Co.

Buckendorf arrived in Norfolk yesterday from Fairfax, S. D., to spend a short time in Norfolk visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Buckendorf.

Union Pacific is to start work on its new cement walks on Madison avenue.

Petron, the Italian section foreman located at Foster, is coming out of the accident all right.

The Union Pacific bridge crew on the new bridge is still working on the bridge work, the iron not having arrived yet.

running a mile north of the hospital corner is receiving county attention. W. P. Dixon has started to work on the road with the dog grader.

The interior arrangement of the Lambert department store, formerly conducted by Authes & Smith, is being altered, the grocery department being moved into the main store room.

The difficulty of making arrangements for a Decoration day celebration is the principal thing that now stands in the way of the organization of a detachment of the Stanton militia company in Norfolk.

A meeting of the Norfolk branch of the agricultural association was to have been held in the city Saturday but went over until the last of next month on account of Saturday falling on Decoration day.

C. M. Thompson, the Newport lumber, while in Norfolk this week stated that renewed activity was noticed in north Nebraska land. Rock county land he said has been bringing $20 and $25 an acre in recent transactions.

A car of chickens of this vicinity is speeding across country to San Francisco. The car was shipped from the Norfolk branch of the Armour company and held between 5,000 and 7,000 chickens. H. Hunlocum accompanied the car. The freight on the car to the coast is $452.55.

A month ago Mr. Murphey, a farmer living north of Battle Creek, lost a pocket book containing a number of papers and $34.75 in cash. The pocket book was found the other day in the gutter in front of the Krantz livery barn, where it had dropped under the drive way. The pocketbook has been returned to Mr. Murphey.

Rev. Thomas Bithell, presiding elder of the Neligh district of the Methodist church, will deliver the decoration day address at Atkinson Saturday afternoon. Dr. Bithell in a way speaks in competition with Mr. Bryan who delivers Decoration day addresses at O'Neill, Long Pine and Ainsworth.

Congressman Boyd will return to this district directly after the adjournment of the republican national convention. As soon as congress adjourns Mr. Boyd intends to go to Henry county, Illinois, to pay a brief visit to a couple of brothers who are farmers in that section of the state. He will then attend the convention in Chicago and return to Neligh.

Fred Boche, the Madison county giant who has lived out of doors for eight days, is building a house on his place down on the Elkhorn. Mr. Boche says that he is not building the house because he has forsaken tent life but because he has a plentiful supply of lumber at hand. Not being a house enthusiast he is not putting up a very large structure. He recently cut down a large number of cottonwood trees and a surplus of lumber.

Within the next fortnight or so most of the Norfolk students away to college will be returning for the summer rest. Most of the colleges and universities close about the same time. Many of the students wait each year to attend the commencement week exercises while others hurry home with the ending of the examinations. Oberlin college in Ohio, where Miss Rosella Cole is a student, celebrates the seventy-fifth anniversary of its founding this year and the special exercises will keep Oberlin students in the east.

Something like half a hundred Norfolk people are engaged in liquidating some old patent medicine debts now of five years standing. Some five years ago the sale of a certain patent medicine put up by a Nebraska firm was pushed very hard in this vicinity. Agents covered the country and left various quantities of the medicine "on trial" or on credit,—the purchasers do not agree which. Meanwhile the company's collections were neglected until the bankruptcy process started. Now the old debts are being collected, fifty-six of the bills having been sent to a Norfolk justice of the peace. The bills range in amounts from thirty cents to $12. Some of the patent medicine users are paying without protest, some are complaining and a few are bringing the old medicine left by the agents back into court.

BRYAN VISITS THE NEWS

CAME INTO OFFICE TO ANSWER TELEPHONE CALL.

THANKS PAPER FOR COURTESY

"I Wish to Thank You For the Way The News Has Treated Us." He Remarked—"Give My Love to Them All at Home," He Said Over Phone.

Immediately after finishing his speech in the Auditorium, Mr. Bryan was a visitor in the editorial rooms of The News, where he had been summoned to answer a long distance telephone call from Lincoln.

"I wish to thank you for the way The News treated us today," said Mr. Bryan.

"It was a splendid meeting," he said, over the telephone, to his secretary in Lincoln. And then, after answering the questions that his secretary put to him, the great democratic leader hung up the telephone with a "Give my love to them all."

Outside, below, the honk-honk of the waiting automobile called the famous orator and he hurried down the stairs and to the train.

A good want advertiser does'nt need much "storage room" about the house. He trades the unused things for useful things.

BRYAN, DEMOCRATIC CHIEF, IN NORFOLK

DEMOCRATIC LEADER SPENDS THREE HOURS IN NORFOLK.

AND MAKES TWO ADDRESSES

GREETED AT DEPOT BY BAND AND CHEERING CROWD.

HIS TRAIN AN HOUR LATE

William J. Bryan, Accompanied by Senator Allen, Arrived in Norfolk at 11:30 a. m.—Auditorium Secured for Both Speeches.

William J. Bryan, the great "commoner" of the democracy and in all probability the democrat who will run against Secretary Taft for the presidency, spent over three hours in Norfolk Friday, delivering two addresses, a short talk for the Y. M. C. A. following his arrival just before noon and a political address in the afternoon. Both speeches were made in the Auditorium, the condition of Norfolk avenue still unpaved, making an open air meeting impossible.

Mr. Bryan and his party arrived in Norfolk about 11:30 Friday morning. Bryan came by way of Columbus. His train was about an hour late.

At the station Bryan was met by a reception committee headed by ex-Mayor C. R. Durland. The Norfolk band and a section of the cheering multitude completed the background at the Union Pacific depot. The central figure was Bryan—and his smile. With Mr. Bryan was former United States Senator W. V. Allen of Madison and C. M. Gruenther of Columbus, secretary of the Bryan Volunteers. Arthur Mullen of O'Neill, president of the latter organization, was in Norfolk to greet his chief.

Mr. Bryan was escorted to a big Jackson touring car in charge of C. J. Bullock and whirled up town through the mud.

Between speeches Mr. Bryan ate dinner at the Oxnard hotel. A number of Norfolk democrats took dinner with Mr. Bryan at the hotel.

The address delivered by Wm. J. Bryan in Norfolk Friday afternoon was one of the most important speeches made by Mr. Bryan in his north Nebraska trip. The trend of his speech indicated that if the Lincoln statesman is nominated at Denver he will fight the campaign on the recent panic and on tariff reform.

Bryan spoke in the Norfolk Auditorium, the rain having made an outdoor meeting impossible. His political speech of the afternoon lasted an hour and a half.

Before Mr. Bryan rose to speak the Auditorium was packed with people, many standing up.

Senator Allen Introduces.

Mr. Bryan was introduced by former United States Senator William V. Allen of Madison, who only spoke a few words. Senator Allen said:

"Col. Bryan has only until 3 o'clock to address you. I will not intrude on his time. You know him. I take pleasure in introducing him."

Mr. Bryan was greeted with applause.

The Afternoon Address.

"When you understand that I am to be here until 3 o'clock," Mr. Bryan began, "You will remember that Senator Allen once spoke fourteen hours in the senate and you will understand why he regards an hour and a half a short time. (Laughter) But I will say for that speech that it was as great in quality as it was remarkable in quantity."

Continuing Mr. Bryan said:

Senator Allen today reminded me that I am now a year older than he was when he was elected to the senate. I thought I was a young man then and considered the senator rather venerable. Yet I rather enjoy being older because twelve years ago they said I was too young.

We are not in the heat of the campaign, although we are near enough to tell the issues under which it will be fought out, even if we can not tell into whose hands the standards will be placed.

Not knowing whether or not I will be here later I am glad to speak now while your minds are free from feelings of a partisan nature.

There should, I think, always be calmness when we are about to discharge our duties as citizens. When we think what free government has cost we should prize the opportunity of citizenship. It behooves us to approach a campaign as though we were discharging a sacred duty.

Doesn't it seem strange that two farmer's living on adjoining quarter sections for a generation, having everything in common, will persistently kill each other's vote on election day? Yet there can be no real difference between our interest. A law hurtful to a democratic farmer must be hurtful to a republican farmer.

Government a Great Corporation.

I want to speak just as plain and elementary as I can. I want to talk on the assumption that government is a great corporation and that the officials elected are directors. When you remember that $1,000,000,000 is being spent a year you will understand the enormity of the business transacted by your representatives. These expenditures have increased out of proportion to the growth in population. I am hoping that we can reduce them. But whether reduced or not the men you elect have charge of collecting and expending these great amounts.

We have two great parties and I want to compare their policies.

A Citizen of Nebraska.

I am a citizen of Nebraska. I have lived here a little over twenty years. I do not know of anything that will not affect us all alike.

Jefferson said that there was always two parties and that where speech was free these two parties would manifest themselves. One party, he said, would be the democratic party, the party the aristocrats party. What Jefferson said was true then and now, here and in other countries.

You will find everywhere that the party which pleads the cause of the people is the growing party. With the increasing knowledge and consciousness of the people their power to control government is increasing. That which is right is going to triumph. Nothing is permanent which is not good. That which is right will some day overcome all obstacles.

I want to show you that the democratic party is nearer the people than the republican party. I am not going to quarrel over history but I will talk in the present.

Let me take the election of senators by direct vote. It is the most popular reform before the people. This reform has grown. When I went to congress about twenty years ago it had never been acted on. But the first congress I served in voted to submit it for amendment. Four times since it has passed the house and been killed in the senate. It voted on nine-tenths of the voters of the country would vote in favor of a direct election of senators.

For Direct Senatorial Election.

The next democratic platform will contain a plank favoring the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. From your vote by raising your hands here, you are unanimous in favor of that. The country is unanimous. Yet no such plank ever got into a republican platform. Why? For two reasons: first, whatever of Hamiltonianism there is in this country, is in the republican party; whatever of fear in the masses there is, is in the republican party; second, the corporations don't want senators elected by direct vote, it's easier to control the election through legislatures. We've had it in Nebraska—one time the Burlington elects the senator, the next time the Union Pacific.

In New York, the New York Central has its Chauncey M. Depew, the express companies have their Platt. The result is that the United States senate is so packed with trust attorneys that no bill in favor of the people against the corporations can get through. The republican senators conspired to defeat the president's railroad rate bill. If you want to know what a time that bill had in the senate, read the story of the Good Samaritan in the bible. (Applause.) Finally the president turned over the bill to Ben Tillman and by a combination of democrats and Roosevelt republicans, the bill got through against that conspiracy, though even then the president had to compromise.

La Follette Greatest Reformer.

I consider Senator La Follette the greatest republican reformer. There is better feeling between democrats and republicans today than ever. Democrats helped Roosevelt's reforms. That's why. I helped him, in house and senate, even though, when I ran for president, he made some of the bitterest speeches against me. But I like to see a man in earnest.

The Recent Panic.

We've had an object lesson. They used to say that panics and democratic administrations went hand in hand. Democrat meant panic. I had to carry the panic of 1896 on my shoulders, although the democratic president under whom the panic came was trying to elect a republican president. But the democrats no longer have any monopoly on panics. The argument started then that a panic was caused by the party in power, will be hard to stop until after election this year. They used to say that if I was elected president, a panic would follow. I can prove, by events that have happened, that I was elected president. The panic was due to watered stock. I have never criticised banks for suspending currency payments. But there never was a panic before so severe that the banks had to refuse to pay out the money that depositors had placed with them.

I want the public to know what railroads are worth. On this account those favoring my nomination have had to fight railroad interests to win.

Speaking of Trusts.

Nothing has been done against trusts under this republican administration. Why? The president has been hampered. He tried to put an anti-trust bill through the senate and failed. How long will we have to wait? He hasn't put any trust magnates in jail. And the republicans never had so great a majority in congress.

True, the Standard Oil company was prosecuted. A republican attorney general brought the suit, a republican judge assessed the fine, but the fine hasn't been paid and there's a well founded suspicion that when the fine is paid we'll know it by the rise in the price of oil.

But though the Standard Oil company refuses to pay its fine to the government, the people go on paying fines to the Standard Oil. We continue to protect them with a tariff.

Some high officials have said that I want to exterminate the trusts when it would be best to regulate them. They have tried regulating and we find that the trusts regulate the government. One trust can give more money to a campaign fund than can be collected from all the people.

We must exterminate the trusts. How shall we do it? By passing a law that no company can control more than a certain percent of the general output. Then the trust must break off some of its factories from the parent company and competition will result.

We are in favor of tariff reform. When a manufacturer sells abroad for less than he charges at home it is time to act in his case.

I might take up the question of labor and capital but my time is nearly up.

I want to say a word on a new question that has just entered into politics. I believe that the time has come when we must pass a law that when a man puts money in a bank he knows he can get it out. I am proud of what Oklahoma has done. Down in Oklahoma their stockings are now used only for their original purposes and not as safety deposit vaults.

The democrats look at these questions from the viewpoint of all the people. They believe that society is built from the bottom the aristocrat that it suspends from the top.

I have been here in politics twenty years and some of you have been told that I was a demagogue. It is not true. I was pleading for what I thought was right. Now I have the joy of seeing what I fought for endorsed by those in high places. I believe drawn the Aaronic tax bill four years ago and they called me a disturber of the peace. Now President Roosevelt has endorsed this measure.

Let us put the government back on its old foundation and make it a people's government with equal rights for all and special privileges for none.

PRAISE FOR Y. M. C. A.

Bryan in Noon Address at Auditorium Urged Cause of Association.

Ten minutes after his arrival in Norfolk Friday Mr. Bryan was addressing a Norfolk audience in the Auditorium under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. movement in Norfolk.

A good sized audience gave Mr. Bryan close attention. The speaker was introduced by Burt Mapes, chairman of the executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. building campaign. He introduced Mr. Bryan "not as a great political leader of a great political party, but as the foremost platform lecturer of the age."

Mr. Bryan was greeted with a round of applause. He said in part:

We are all of us connected with definite enterprises that claim our time, our attention and our interest. I find I have to spread my efforts over several fields. My main purpose in coming to Norfolk was to deliver a political speech. But the same one who taught me that the science of government was a noble and worthy field of work led me to religion. I believe that there is no inconsistency between politics and religion. I would not carry politics into religion but I say that the same fundamental principles ought to govern church, society and state.

I am glad to speak here as a citizen to citizens. Religion must occupy a part of the attention of all of us. Though we find the christian church divided into many branches I have found satisfaction in a defense of christianity which I have delivered in many parts of the world so fundamental that I can deliver it before any denomination.

In all churches there is a stimulation noticed, especially among men. It is not limited to denominations. I recently attended a Knights of Columbus banquet, a Catholic society. The speeches dealt with the same fundamental principles of life that we are all interested in.

An ethical awakening is shown in several great movements. One of these great movements is the Young Men's Christian association. It is one of the great influences of good.

I once had occasion to look up the subject of civilization and was surprised to find how little had been written on it. I found no definition of civilization and had to construct one for myself. Civilization, I decided, is the harmonious development of the human race, physically, mentally and morally.

The work of the church is for morality, the work of the school room for the development of the mind, the work of the gymnasium for the body. The Y. M. C. A. supplements the work of school, gymnasium and church. I know of no institution that is trying harder to give us the well rounded man. I do not claim that it can monopolize the whole field. But in proportion as we improve the individual we improve society and nothing is more valuable than a conception of life that turns boys' steps upward instead of downward.

I joined the Y. M. C. A. when a young man. I can speak now as a father—I can even speak as a grandfather.

No amount of money or comfort that money brings can compensate for the loss of a child or the sorrow of a child not trained as it should be—of a child failing to accomplish those things we have wished.

We can't guarantee anything; but we can surround young men with the best influence, uplifting surroundings. If we can help any young man in the community to be better we have helped the whole community.

All this money that is spent in buildings at least yields a return and if only for a portion of those we would like to reach, it is yet a rich return. No one can measure the value of a young man's life.

Sometimes little things change the whole course of a life. That is where the influence of the Y. M. C. A. constantly enters. A life may be for a time so balanced that a kind word spoken, a generou deed done will change the whole course of that life. It is the purpose of the Y. M. C. A. to supply these influences.

When I traveled around the world I found that the Y. M. C. A. encircled the globe. I am glad in Norfolk to speak a word for the Y. M. C. A., for its high purpose and good object.

BRYAN STATES ISSUE.

Pushes Corporation Influence to Front As Possible Issue.

Asked to name the issue on which the coming campaign would be fought out on, W. J. Bryan in Norfolk Friday afternoon dictated the following statement:

"Several questions will be prominent but no one question is likely to be paramount unless it is a question which runs through all of them, namely, whether favor seeking corporations shall control the government through campaign contributions and influence over employes."

Did You Get the Wrong Spoons?

Spoons! Spoons! Who's got the spoons?

Some of the ladies of Norfolk are scratching their heads and worrying their brains, trying to figure out just who took their spoons—by mistake—from the recent U. C. T. banquet.

WANTED--A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for our special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, freight prepaid, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time we may ride the bicycle and put it to the test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied we do not wish to keep the bicycle either back freight or express charges. Write us at once.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save from $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying of us and have the satisfaction of knowing exactly what you are buying. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and special offers to rider agents.

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DEALERS, you can sell your bicycles under your own name at our factory prices. Write for our special dealers' proposition.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not specially handle second hand bicycles but we have a number of them taken in exchange. Do not buy a second hand bicycle until you know what we can offer you. We can usually offer a good second hand bicycle for $3 to $8.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported rubber clearance tires, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES NAILS, tacks or glass will not let the air out. Six thousand are sold last year. Over Two Hundred Thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is self and everything very durable and flexible, allowing a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have not been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. Tires weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting quality being given by several layers of tissue, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $4 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found the goods as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent if by making the price $4.56 per pair you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES you should take advantage of the special introductory price quoted above, or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

For there are some unidentified spoons left—and some of the owners haven't been able to locate theirs.

So if you're one of the women who joined spoons, and got the correct number when you came to take them home, you're requested to look again to see whether or not you got somebody's else spoons mixed up with yours, by mistake. The unidentified spoons are to be found at the home of Mrs. A. Morrison. You're asked to notify Mrs. J. R. Maylard if you find somebody's else.

WEARS BRYAN'S HAT.

Senator Hale of Atkinson Trades "Lids" With W. J. Bryan.

Senator F. J. Hale is wearing Bryan's hat. Mr. Bryan is wearing the hat of the Atkinson senator.

The exchange was made at the Y. M. C. A. mass meeting at the close of

F. J. Hale.

Bryan's address. The men picked up their hats. Senator Hale, who was on the stage and who always has an eye for a trade, proposed to swap hats with Bryan. Bryan took him up.

As the democratic leader gave an added twist to his new headpiece, he remarked, "This is, I think, the first time that Hale ever got the worst of a trade."

So if Mr. Bryan doesn't look like his pictures it's the hat.

Thousand Heard Bryan.

The number of people who came from away to hear Bryan speak in Norfolk Friday afternoon were placed at about 300. These men came in on the noon trains. The audience that heard Mr. Bryan in the Auditorium numbered about 1,000. Men predominated in the crowd.

Wayne Commencement.

Wayne, Neb., May 30.—The twenty-fifth commencement exercises of the Wayne high school were held at the opera house and despite the stormy weather a good sized audience was present. The decorations of flowers and class colors were beautiful and the exercises throughout a success.

Those graduating were Dora M. Lewis, Mary V. Lovitt, Linnie M. Abbott, Hazel E. Weber, Pearle M. Hughes, Laura Mae Conover, Minnie A. Nelson, Kenneth Holtz, Harry Ringer, Frank Ford Northrop, Weldon F. Crossland and Carl Braunger. Mr. Crossland and Miss Weber won first and second class honors.

Gettinger-Shaw.

Mr. F. G. Gettinger and Miss Kathryn M. Shaw were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Shaw, on South Eighth street at 5:30 o'clock Monday morning. An early breakfast followed the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Gettinger leaving on the early morning train for a two week's trip through Missouri.

Only relatives were present at the wedding. The full ring service was used at the ceremony, Rev. J. C. S. Weills, rector of the Trinity Episcopal church, officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Ruth Shaw, the groom by C. S. Steen of Kansas City. The bride was attired in white satin messaline, the bridesmaid in pink silk.

Miss Shaw is a young lady who has been popular in Norfolk society. She attended school at Brownell hall and is a musician of talent.

Mr. Gettinger travels in this territory for J. Grainger & Co. of Lincoln and is one of the most prominent of the younger traveling men in this section. He is highly esteemed.

Mr. and Mrs. Gettinger will be "at home" after July 1 at the new home which the groom has had erected on South Eighth street.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that, on and after May 8, 1908, the partnership hitherto existing between O. S. Strain, J. C. Foster and W. C. Williams, under the firm name of Foster, Williams & Co., is dissolved by mutual consent of all parties concerned. O. S. Strain having associated himself with the Paine Investment company of Omaha.

O. S. Strain,
J. C. Foster,
W. C. Williams.

Seeds, including snake and other cucumber, prehistoric and other corn, both sweet and field, penellaria, squash, melon, mammoth sunflower, and hundreds of other seeds, 1 cent and up per packet, (also seed in bulk) direct from grower to planter. Garden Guide and descriptive price list free. Address H. M. Gardner, seed grower, Marengo, Nebraska.

BOOK That Will Open YOUR EYES FREE

Talks how to cure Nervous Debility and Hidden Weaknesses, at home, privately and secretly. Describes best and most effective home treatment known. If you desire more vigor, more vitality, more nerve-force and perfect manhood, send for this book today. Mailed free in plain sealed envelope. Address the author: Dr. G. H. Robertz, Robertz Bldg. Detroit, Mich.

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