

WOMAN IS BADLY INJURED

MRS. A. HOLZMAN OF VALENTINE SUFFERS SEVERELY.

SHE ALMOST BLED TO DEATH

As the Result of a Runaway Accident, Mrs. Holzman Was Thrown Violently to the Ground, and Many Injuries Were the Result.

Valentine, Neb., April 7.—Special to The News: Mrs. A. Holzman, wife of the bridge tender at the Niobrara railroad bridge, was very seriously injured in a runaway which resulted in the dislocation of her shoulder blade, the breaking of her collar bone, the pulverizing of the bones in the upper part of her arm, and the bursting of an artery in her arm from which she almost bled to death before medical attendance could be procured.

She was coming to town from her home about a mile and a half south of here and had just reached the edge of town when the shaft of the single buggy broke. This frightened the horse into a run and being unable to manage it, the buggy tipped over upon making a turn, which threw her to the ground. She was picked up and brought to town, where her injuries were attended to by Dr. Compton. Tonight, although she is in a very weakened condition from loss of blood and suffering from internal injuries, it is thought she will recover.

TUESDAY TOPICS.

George H. Smith is in Omaha. Burt Mapes returned at noon from Butte.

Miss Sophia Finkhouse went to Piller yesterday.

Mrs. Adam Pilger and daughter were up from Stanton.

J. C. Engelman went to Orchard at noon on business.

Frank Mohrman of Pierce was in Norfolk yesterday.

W. E. Buckendorf was in Norfolk on his way to Fairfax, S. D.

Miss Edith Viele has gone to Verdigré to visit her sister, Mrs. Fred Marshall.

Frank Davenport and John Decker went to Omaha yesterday to report for federal jury service.

Burt Mapes returned at noon from Butte, where court has been in session this week.

Sheriff Clements was in Norfolk Tuesday and availed himself of the opportunity to vote.

Ray Peterson of Madison was a guest yesterday at the home of Clarence and Warren Heltzman.

Miss Elizabeth Book of Osmond, who has been the guest of Miss Anna Hermann, returned home today.

Mrs. A. Heltzman is here from El Reno, Okla., on an extended visit with her sons, S. F. Heltzman and J. Heltzman.

Mrs. Walter Compton, who was called here by the death of her grandmother, Mrs. A. F. Tannehill, returned to Creighton.

G. B. Salter, M. C. Hazen and John Krantz were among the members of a Norfolk hunting party which took the noon train for Newport.

H. B. Bruce of Wayne county and B. Sanders, northwest of Battle Creek, were members of a Texas land party made up by Fred Harder.

Miss Lenora and Helen Hagel of Columbus returned home yesterday after a short visit in Norfolk with their sister, Mrs. Will Hall.

G. Ben Neeley, special agent for the Estes Pipe organ company of Vermont, was in Norfolk over Sunday a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Ray.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schmode arrived in Norfolk Saturday from Leavitt. Mr. Schmode leaving Monday afternoon for Fort Collins, Colo., where he goes to accept the same position with the Northwestern Sugar company which he held at Leavitt. Mrs. Schmode remains in Norfolk to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Among the day's out of town visitors in Norfolk were: Wm. Runge, Stuart; C. D. Parks, Kearney; R. E. Evans, Dakota City; J. L. Lindsay, Niobrara; N. Clements, Verdigré; H. L. Nelson, Niobrara; R. C. Anderson, Genoa; Charles H. Kelsey, Neligh; Carl Horst, J. Sachtjen, Madison.

F. E. Barnum, formerly of Madison, is editing the Geddis, S. D. Record.

Anton Jensen, a Winside butcher, has closed his shop and left town. He is said to have been unable to meet the demands of his creditors.

John Koerber of this city is under quarantine for small pox at Valley, Neb., and does not know when he will be able to get out.

Mrs. Burnham and Mrs. Reynolds will entertain the Ladies' guild of Trinity church at the home of Mrs. Burnham Wednesday afternoon.

Verdigré Citizen: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marshall were over from Center the latter part of last week. We understand that as soon as Mr. Marshall's school closes at Center he will move here and make his permanent home among us.

Gregory, S. D., is to have an opera house according to the Gregory Times. The new building will be used as an opera house and as a skating rink. It will be built by Culp Deerson who now runs a roller skating rink in Gregory.

Creighton Liberal: The executive officers of the Nebraska state band are sending out a letter of thanks to those who contributed towards securing the honor from Governor Sheldon. A very unselfish spirit was shown by the local towns in this section of the state. The business men of Bloomfield and Norfolk aided very materially.

Atkinson Graphic: Mrs. Alice A. Scott took a much needed vacation on April 1, by visiting relatives in

Norfolk and the eastern part of Nebraska and later in Illinois. She will be gone about six weeks and during her absence her music pupils will be taken care of by Miss Phoebe at her home as usual.

Wayne Herald: All roads led to Norfolk last week for the school folks and Wayne was well represented both from the college and public school.

Automobile Topics: The tire chains are undoubtedly doomed. A Chicago physician has discovered that they stir up the germs in the street dust, and he calls for the passage of a city ordinance forbidding their use. This physician's motto evidently is, "Let Sleeping Germs Lie." Of course, the small amount of agitation due to horses and wheeled vehicles does not stir up the germs sufficiently to do any damage! Another way to deal with these refractory germs would be to have the water in the sprinkling carts so treated that it would kill the germs as soon as the liquid reached them.

"A great deal of unnecessary tire expense is borne by automobilists because they do not keep their tires pumped hard," said a motor expert. "The damage done by running tires insufficiently inflated," he says, "is due to the fabric in the casing. The play of the side walls in a soft tire has a tendency to separate the several plies of friction fabric so that they shuffle, as tire men call it. This shuffling cuts the threads and permits of a blowout. No tire in the world can stand being run only partly inflated. Motorists will get from 10 to 25 per cent more service out of tires if they are kept good and hard."

Real Estate Transfers. Real estate transfers for the week ending April 3, 1908, compiled by Madison County Abstract and Guarantee company, office with Mapes & Hazen: Reinhard H. Freericks to James E. Ryan, W. D., consideration \$8,000, NE 1/4 of 32-2-4. Frank E. Rurhan to John C. Foster, W. D., consideration \$4,000, part of lot 8, block 2, Pasewalk's addition to Norfolk.

Herman Hogrefe and wife to John E. Reeter, W. D., consideration \$1,125, lots 9 and 10, block 33, Pioneer Town Site company's second addition to Battle Creek.

Joseph W. Jones and wife to J. H. Fichter, W. D., consideration \$1,700, lot 8, block 41, Clark & Madison Mill company's addition to Madison.

Hattie B. Davis and husband to J. F. Wells, W. D., consideration \$850, NW 1/4 of block 9, Mandamus addition to Madison.

Henry Clausen and wife to Charles H. Harris, W. D., consideration \$15, lot 6, block 7, Clausen cemetery.

Andrew D. Carlson and wife to the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran church of Zion, W. D., consideration \$285, lot 16, block 4, Hauges addition to Newman Grove.

Godfrey Krowels and wife to Joseph M. Albracht, W. D., consideration \$11,130, part of SW 1/4 of 29-2-2.

Frank A. Peterson to L. L. Stewart, tax deed, lot 32, block 8, Railroad addition to Newman Grove.

E. D. Ressegule to Clara Ressegule, W. D., consideration \$200, east 32 feet of lot 8, block 17, F. W. Barnes' first addition to Madison.

August Droscher and wife Bertha to August Oertwich, W. D., consideration \$850, lots 13 and 14, Nenow's addition to Norfolk.

August Schumacher and wife to Lois Shelton, Q. C. D., \$1,000, part of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of 23-2-1.

Roland Segar and wife to John H. Harding, W. D., consideration \$1,000, lots 19 and 20, block 4, Dorsey Place addition to Norfolk Junction.

Ellen Kennedy and husband to Pearl E. Barritt, W. D., consideration \$260, lots 6, 7 and 8, block 14, Western Town Lot company's addition to Norfolk Junction.

James A. Read and wife to Ray Park, W. D., consideration \$150, lot 2, block 2, C. S. Hayes addition to Norfolk.

Adam Dorr and wife to Franz Dittrich, W. D., consideration \$4,450, S 1/2 of SE 1/4 of 9-2-4.

Adelbert Rakowsky and wife to Theodore Tetsloff, W. D., consideration \$1,200, E 1/2 of lots 6 and 7, block 31, F. W. Barnes Third addition to Madison.

Theodore Tetsloff and wife to A. E. Wells, W. D., consideration \$1,400, E 1/2 of lots 6 and 7, block 31, F. W. Barnes Third addition to Madison.

Robert P. Pearson and wife to William H. King, special W. D., consideration \$5,159, part of S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of 32-2-4.

Mary B. Galpin and husband to Robert P. Pearson, W. D., consideration \$4,841.50, part of S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of 32-2-4.

Fritz Kamrath and wife to Charles Kamrath, W. D., consideration \$13,200, SE 1/4 and S 60 of NE 1/4 of 29-2-4.

Carl Zessin and wife Lena to John Weiland, Jr., W. D., consideration \$9,050, SE 1/4 of 2-2-4.

George M. Farley and wife to Ellwood Duffy, W. D., consideration \$1,550, S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of 10-2-2.

E. Crook and wife to Edward H. and G. T. Crook, W. D., consideration \$2,500, lot 5, block 3, Meadow Grove.

Gustav Bathke and wife to Gustav Schoenfeldt, W. D., consideration \$850, lot 5, block 4, Heilman's addition to Norfolk.

Ellwood Duffy to George W. Hill, W. D., consideration \$5,000, S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of 10-2-2.

P. E. McKillip and wife to Hilger Greisen, W. D., consideration \$11,150, SW 1/4 of 26-2-1.

Horace B. Curtiss, et al to Fanny B. Curtiss, Q. C. D., consideration \$1, NE 1/4 of 9-2-1.

It is said that a sharp nose and sharp elbows are unfailing signs of an inquisitive woman.

PUMPING PROPOSITION

FULL CONTEXT OF THE PLAN OF MR. BULLOCK.

TO OPERATE BY ELECTRICITY

Proposition Now Before the City Council to Install Electrical Machinery at the Pumping Station Has Many Good Features.

The proposition of E. A. Bullock to do the pumping at the city water station, which is before the city council at this time, has been stated in so many different ways and so many constructions have been put upon the terms of the proposition, that The News herewith publishes the document just as it was presented to the city council on March 5:

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council, Norfolk, Neb.—Gentlemen: In compliance with your request we are pleased to submit the following proposition to you for furnishing the power and labor and maintaining the present pumping station intending to include in this all items of expense for maintaining and operating except repairs and insurance on the buildings. We agree upon our part to install a belt pump in the place of the small pump that you now have, making all connections at our own expense, and to also install an electric motor of suitable size to drive this pump to its full capacity, which shall not be less than five hundred gallons per minute.

We agree to maintain the water at not less than twenty feet from the top of the stand-pipe at all times and to furnish the water commissioner with a daily chart showing the pressure maintained for each of the previous twenty-four hours if desired.

We agree to keep the large pump and one boiler in readiness for any emergency that might arise so that it can be fired up and put in operation in a very short time and in case of any accident to our machinery to furnish the coal and labor to operate it.

We agree to install the fire whistle at our station and have a man in attendance twenty-four hours daily to operate the same whenever an alarm is turned in.

The city to furnish us the residence building on their lot at the pumping station without cost to us and to pay us for fulfilling the foregoing part of our proposal the sum of \$189.00 per month.

Or if the city purchases and installs a pump suitable for this work then they are to pay us for fulfilling the foregoing part of our proposal the sum of \$170 per month.

Or if the city will furnish and install the pump and motor both, selection of which are to be suitable and acceptable to us, they are then to pay us for fulfilling the foregoing part of our proposal \$150.00 per month.

Or if the city will furnish and install pump and motor both, selection of which are to be suitable and acceptable to us, they may pay us the rate of five cents (5c) per thousand gallons for fulfilling the foregoing part of our proposal.

All of the above prices being based upon a contract for six years.

The city is to agree to enforce the present ordinances in relation to the use of water and not to change the ordinances during the term of this proposed contract without our consent.

The city is also to agree that no consumer having a sewer connection shall have a "flat rate."

The city is also to agree to maintain the same diligence in stopping leaks in mains, hydrants and connections that they do now or should if they were pumping the water themselves.

The city is also to agree that hydrants and sewers are not to be flushed more often than they have been in the past and in no different way and that we are to be notified the day and the time that hydrants and sewers are to be flushed.

The city is also to agree that for the water furnished new consumers, that is consumers connected after the beginning of the proposed contract, that they will pay us at the rate of five cents (5c) per thousand gallons for the water so furnished as shown by the consumer's meter in addition to the rate per month above specified.

It is understood that if for any reason the wells do not furnish sufficient water for the needs of the city that the city will remedy this deficiency at its own expense.

In general the city is to agree on its part to maintain the same general diligence in looking after the economical use of water for all purposes that it would if it was operating the plant itself and any unusual use of water for purposes other than those occurring in the past is not to be allowed except by mutual consent.

On our part in general it is intended that our part of the contract shall cover all expenses incident to pumping water, maintaining the machinery and all labor necessary for said purposes and as diligently or more so than the city if operating the plant itself.

Above "flat rate" per month is based upon the expense of operating, maintaining and repairing the plant by the city for the last ninety-three months less salary of engineer at pumping station and less repairs to the buildings, sidewalks, etc. If this estimate is found incorrect we agree to accept amount found to be correct in lieu of amounts above specified.

Respectfully submitted, Norfolk Electric Light & Power Co., By E. A. Bullock, President.

In presenting his proposition to the council, Mr. Bullock made a statement explaining its meaning as follows:

There is no sentiment nor should be none about this proposition. It is just a cold blooded business deal on both sides. If the city can save money or increase the efficiency of the plant, or both, it should accept it—but it should not accept it simply because I desire it nor refuse it for this or a similar reason.

The question of whether the city shall hire its own fireman and purchase coal and hire its repairs to its own machinery and operate in this

way its plant or whether it shall purchase all of these things from one company is a question all are vitally interested in whether he is a consumer of water or is a taxpayer and one entitled to fire protection.

I would not say as a general proposition that because our proposition costs the city less than your present method that the city should accept it unless on the other hand there was no lessening of the protection given by the water system against loss by fire.

Fire protection should be given the first consideration in weighing this matter. I therefore ask that you consider the benefits accruing in this direction from having a man in attendance for all and each of the twenty-four hours and the pump running and maintaining almost a constant pressure, it being our intention to run the pump slowly for not less than twenty hours.

In making this estimate of the city's expense of operation of the plant I have taken the last seven years and nine months.

This is giving the city the "long end of it" for the following reasons:

1st. During the first three or four years of this period many of the expenses were paid out of the general fund.

2nd. During the first four years coal was about \$1.00 cheaper per ton than now which would add \$30.00 per month to the cost of running the plant figuring the present cost of coal.

3rd. Several of those years the labor of engineer was only \$45.00 per month, now it is \$60.00 per month and some months more.

4th. The consumption of water has greatly increased and we have figured the average for all the years together.

5th. The forming of the new sewer districts and the compelling of citizens to put in the inside closet systems will greatly increase the use of water by the present consumers. We will get nothing for that.

6th. Each new sewer district will probably have a flushing tank flushing the sewer twice in twenty-four hours. We have figured nothing for that.

7th. As the city increases in size there will be more frequent, therefore more water, than heretofore.

On the point of our asking five cents per M. gallons for water furnished to absolutely new consumers we mean at a new location, not a change from flat rate to meter nor an increased use by present customers.

I figure that the difference between what the consumer will actually use and your minimum will pay all of this, so the city will practically get 15c per M. gal. net out of this.

The question of course will be raised as to the accuracy of my statement of the expenses for the past seven years. If you should ask me if it is correct I should be compelled to answer, No! It is not—but it is a "mighty good" guess.

The reason for this is that there are many items on your record that do not show where the money was spent, whether on the mains or hydrants or in the station. Some of those items are in my tabulation and some are left out. It would be necessary in some cases to go to the original bills to be absolutely sure on some of the items.

The last nine months are the only ones that are absolutely correct. These are taken from the stubs of the warrant book and your water commissioner stated where the expense was incurred.

So from the city's standpoint you have a guaranteed saving of the cost of labor and you are right now up to the question of having two men instead of one at the station.

This city is growing and what was satisfactory for a city of 3,800 people will not be for five or six thousand people.

Some people have asked me, how can you do it, save the city so much money and still make anything your self? I have explained it this way.

If the R. R. Co. had a train going from Norfolk Junction to Long Pine with thirty cars, engine all steamed up, full crew, engineer, fireman, conductor, two brakemen and a caboose, engine with a capacity of fifty cars.

If there were three more cars standing on siding going to same destination, they would not fire up another engine just because they had it and had the round-house built to keep the engine in and get out another crew to take those three cars, they would put them on this train with the "stand by" losses all taken care of.

It is this way with us. We have steam up and the capacity and the men all put for and can take your load without figuring any of those losses.

In short, the proposition is to furnish power to operate the pumping station at a total cost to the city that will effect a saving over present plan of operation of the wages of one man. Under the proposition, Mr. Bullock will install electrical machinery, keep all the help necessary to maintain good service at a cost of \$189 per month, which is claimed to be the average cost for the past seven years, exclusive of wages of the fireman. If these figures are correct, then the proposition of Mr. Bullock is certainly a good one, because it means a saving of at least \$720 a year to the city. If on further investigation it appears that the cost in the past has not been figured correctly, then it is understood that Mr. Bullock stands ready to revise his figures to correspond with what may be found by competent accountants to be true, deducting wages of the fireman. Summarized, the proposition is to operate the plant by electricity at a cost to the city \$60 a month less than it can be operated by the city through the present method of buying coal, hiring help and maintaining the steam equipment.

Mr. Bullock is able to do this because he is maintaining a 24-hour service at the electric light station, and has not now sufficient load to run his plant during a portion of the time at a profit, and he can therefore supply the additional power needed to operate the water plant at small additional expense. This makes it possible for the city to share in the advantage to the electric light plant of having a full load all the time.

As a matter of principle, if the electric light plant will operate the water

plant even as cheaply as it can be done by the city, it is right to patronize a home industry. It is better to build up a Norfolk institution than to contribute to the enrichment of coal mines in a distant state and the railroads which bring the coal to the city. The money sent to those coal mines is lost to this community, while the money expended at home is contained in circulation right here where it is wanted. A number of smaller plants in the city have adopted electricity as a power, and what would be of advantage to a small plant would apply with equal force to a larger one. The News last year put in motors throughout. Power is supplied at practically the same cost that it was when using gasoline engines, with the advantage that it is always ready for use, there is never a loss of time in cleaning up, and The News figured that it was much better from the standpoint of helping to build up Norfolk to pay the money into a home institution than it was to send it to Mr. Rockefeller for gasoline.

The principle in the proposition is right. All the council should be careful about in adopting it is that the estimate of cost in basing the amount to pay is figured correctly.

SQUAW GETS LOST IN TOWN

OMAHA INDIAN WOMAN "ALL TURNED AROUND" HERE.

RUNS INTO CRAVEN'S HOUSE

A Stranger in Town, Mrs. Indian Became Confused and Fled Down South Fifth Street for Protection—Then Refused to Leave.

An Omaha squaw, who would never have missed her way on the reservation prairies, became thoroughly alarmed in Norfolk last evening and fled for refuge into a South Fifth street residence, the home of Councilman Dan Craven. Mystified at the strange town she was in, terrified and bewildered, the squaw could not be forced to leave the house and the police had to be called to remove her.

After the Indian woman had been removed from the house by force she was taken to the police station overnight and this morning placed on the right train.

The squaw came from Niobrara and was on her way to Bancroft. All during the noon hour she lingered about the Northwestern depot. She left the depot as her train, the Sioux City passenger, came in and came back in time to try and board the Bonesteel train for the north. When she was not permitted to get back on this train she was thoroughly confused and as out of place in her city surroundings as a wild animal. When darkness came she sought refuge in an inviting looking house, which happened to be the Craven residence.

THURSDAY TIDINGS.

The front of the Ahlman garage is being remodelled to afford an automobile entrance to the building from Norfolk avenue.

The new Norfolk Commercial Auxiliary has started a ten days membership campaign. Last evening the auxiliary had a membership of twenty-eight.

Gay Halverstein, who had a very bad attack of blood poisoning in his hand, is getting over the effects of the attack. Dr. Tashjian thinks that the hand will be healed up by next week.

Smith Brothers' horse sale Monday was another successful sale with good offerings from Sioux City and western Nebraska. The market was good, the large attendance of buyers from away being a prominent feature. The market was topped at \$175.

Word received from Columbus as to the condition of Mrs. H. E. Hardy, who underwent a very serious operation in a Columbus hospital, has been such as to greatly alarm her Norfolk friends during the last few days. Mrs. Hardy's sister, Mrs. C. W. Landers, and Mr. Hardy have been at Columbus the greater part of the time. Mrs. Hardy rested easy during the night, according to word received Thursday morning.

Rev. A. K. Myattway, who is preaching each night at the Christian church, will deliver a sermon tonight on "Heaven: What is it? Where is it?" Saturday night he will appear in the costume of his native tribe and will tell how it happened that he became a Christian. All are welcome to the meetings.

The Smith Brothers' Land & Live Stock company announces a special range horse sale for May 25. Seven hundred horses will be put in the sale ring. The sale will open the range horse sale in Norfolk. The sale ring at the new stock yards will be used for the remaining sales of native stock.

It is something of a coincidence that Ed Harter was elected city clerk of Norfolk on the forty-sixth anniversary of the great battle of Shiloh, where his father was wounded and captured by the southern forces. Mr. Harter's father was a member of the Forty-first Illinois Infantry and was kept in the confederate prison at Andersonville for six months. The anniversary of the day which brought such trouble to the father saw the son elected city clerk by the largest majority ever given any candidate for any city office on any party in all the history of Norfolk.

This is the season when the festive chicken burries forth in the early morning to find the choicest digging in the nearby gardens. Several indignant citizens have already fled violent protests against the disregard of one of Norfolk's city ordinances which prohibits chickens from running at

Advertisement for Calumet Baking Powder. It makes you long for dinner time. Best for flaky pastry, wholesome bread and biscuit—best for crisp cookies—best for delicious cakes, toothsome muffins, doughnuts that will melt in your mouth. Everything you make well, it will help to make better, because it's "best by test." Anybody can cook well if they use Calumet Baking Powder. Failure with it is almost impossible. It is chemically correct and makes Pure, Wholesome Food. Price is Moderate.

large. Chickens are classed in this ordinance with horses, cattle, sheep and other animals. Chickens found running at large may be taken up by the chief of police the same as loose horses are taken up and impounded. Down in Kansas they have an "open season" for domestic chickens, any fowl found running at large after April 1 being the legitimate prey of the public at large.

An old violin, said to be 204 years old, was in Norfolk for a day, G. A. Volden of Minneapolis being in the city with the old instrument. Mr. Volden was in Norfolk on his way back from Fairfax, S. D., where he has a daughter, Miss Marie Volden, a Roseland school teacher. He has visited relatives in Colorado and he left Norfolk for another visit to Spearfish, S. D. Mr. Volden lives west of Minneapolis and when he started out on his long trip to visit a daughter, a sister and other relatives he took the old violin along for company. The violin was formerly in the hands of an impoverished Frenchman who gave it up to secure a board bill. Volden purchased it from the rooming house man.

From the Fourth ward comes the story that C. R. Kampman, the democratic candidate for the council from that ward, openly supported his republican opponent, C. J. Hibben. While hot contests were being pulled off in the other wards, down in the Fourth all was harmony. In the Fourth C. R. Kampman, as a private citizen exercising his private right to do as he pleased decided, so it is said, that he would rather see C. J. Hibben on the council than the democratic nominee. So Kampman got out and worked for Hibben. For the first time in a good many years the Fourth ward came in solidly republican. Outside of City Engineer Salmen, only one democrat carried the Fourth and that was Pat Killoran for the school board.

Pat Dolan, a prominent democratic citizen of the ward, refused to be interviewed, but Pat Dolan, as the republican councilman from the Fourth ward, said that he was satisfied with the returns. What Pat Dolan as a democratic citizen thought doesn't make any difference. He may be able to vote but he isn't a councilman—as a democrat.

South Dakota Democrats. Mitchell, S. D., April 7.—South Dakota democrats are in session at Mitchell to select eight delegates to the national democratic convention at Denver. Bryan will be endorsed.

South Dakota News Notes. Henry L. Hendrickson, on trial at Plandreau for the killing of Harney Bradford at Trest, was convicted of manslaughter.

El Burr was fatally stabbed by his brother, Arthur Burr, in a fight near Aberdeen.

The state treasurer has issued a call for \$285,000 of general warrants.

W. W. Hughes, who was rescued from a cave-in well at Spearfish some days ago, died of his injuries.

Fillings for 32,000 acres of land were recorded in the Pierre federal land office during March.

When we so forget ourselves as to attend a convention, we shall not go into a strange family to board.

A man never got off a joke so stale that he couldn't laugh at it himself.

WEDNESDAY WRINKLES. N. A. Rainbolt returned last night from Omaha.

Mrs. G. T. Sprecher is home from a visit in Council Bluffs.

Mrs. Mount and daughter returned from Omaha last evening.

Miss Edith Viele is home from a short visit at Verdigré.

Mrs. August Ruhlow of Hoskins was on Norfolk on her way to Pierce.

Miss Beulah McDonald has returned to Pierce after a visit in Norfolk.

Miss Ida Chapman of Spencer, Iowa, is in Norfolk visiting Miss Nona O'Brien.