

THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS-JOURNAL.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1906.

HAGERTY IS LOCATED

FUGITIVE O'NEILL BANKER IS TRAILED TO TEXAS.

BUT NOT YET UNDER ARREST

DES MOINES DEPUTY SHERIFF HAS BEEN ON HIS TRACK.

NEW COMPLAINT IS FILED

Reward for the Fugitive White Haired Bank Cashier Was Withdrawn When McGreevy Was Turned Loose—Sheriff, However, Wires to Hold Hagerty.

O'Neill, Neb., Aug. 9.—Special to The News: Patrick Hagerty, fugitive cashier of the defunct Elkhorn Valley bank of O'Neill, who has been missing since a year ago last Thanksgiving, has been located in Webb county, Texas, but has not yet been arrested.

Hagerty has been trailed for a year by a deputy sheriff, Des Moines, Iowa, and this officer just wired to O'Neill authorities inquiring about the reward and as to whether Hagerty is still wanted. The reward for Hagerty was withdrawn when Judge Westover dismissed the case against his partner, Bernard McGreevy at Basset last spring.

New Complaint Against Pat.

A new complaint against Hagerty was filed in court here on Monday of this week and warrants are out on both this and the former complaint for his arrest. Both complaints charge him with receiving money for deposits after he knew the bank to be insolvent.

Sheriff Hall has wired the sheriff of Webb county, Texas, to hold Hagerty and it is possible that he may be brought back.

May Not be Prosecuted.

It is possible that Hagerty, however, although he ruined the bank here and robbed poor orphans and widows as well as business men of O'Neill of their lifetime savings, may not be prosecuted.

After the county had gone to the expense of capturing McGreevy and holding him, he was summarily dismissed from court and all charges against him thrown to the winds in a day, before the trial had ever had a start. The county attorney declared he would not have anything more to do with the matter and it is not known that Hagerty could be prosecuted under conditions existing here.

In disgust, the county commissioners withdrew the reward offered for Hagerty, fearing that he might be caught by his friends for the sake of the reward and then turned loose in court.

It is therefore not yet known what action will be taken, even though he has been found and will be arrested. Hagerty is white-haired and eighty years old.

MUTINY ON LEAGUE ISLAND

Five Marines in Irons After Fight With Officers at Navy Yard.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—It became known that five marines are in double irons on board the receiving ship Lancaster at the League Island navy yard and ten sailors are under arrest as the result of a mutiny, in which two of the mutineers were badly injured.

A boating party, consisting of Privates Burnett, Kensey, Haggerty, Alderson, Erbe and Nowland, left the navy yard. They went to Gloucester and, it is alleged, sold their uniforms. With the money thus obtained beer was purchased and when the men returned they had two half barrels of beer in the boat. This they smuggled into camp and about a score were soon under the influence of the intoxicant.

While in this condition the men attempted to leave the yard and, when halted, attacked the corporal. The alarm whistle was sounded and the men of the Lancaster quickly responded. A general fight ensued, during which several shots were fired. Burnett, one of the ringleaders, had his throat cut and Kensey's right arm was fractured. After nearly an hour of fighting the mutineers were subdued and the principals placed under arrest.

Truce Between Shusha.

Tiffs, Aug. 9.—Reports received here from General Goloschalcov, at Shusha, declare that in spite of the pledges of the belligerent races to observe a truce during the negotiations for peace, Armenians have set the torch to several Tartar houses and killed a number of nomad Mussulmans who came to the assistance of the Tartars. A renewal of the fighting in the region along the Turkish frontier is imminent.

Labor to Oppose Longworth.

Cincinnati, Aug. 9.—Representative Nicholas Longworth will have the opposition of organized labor in his candidacy for re-election to congress from the First district. Frank Rist, an organizer for the American Federation, stated that Mr. Longworth has been placed on the federation's political blacklist.

Mutual Must Furnish List.

New York, Aug. 9.—The Mutual Life Insurance company was ordered by Justice Giegerich to furnish a correct list of its policyholders to the international policyholders committee and to file a similar correct list with the state insurance department at Albany within ten days. The order was issued in response to an application for a writ of mandamus made by Colonel A. M. Shook of Tennessee, a member of the committee, and was opposed by counsel for the Mutual Life Insurance company. Justice Giegerich denied the petition of the policyholders' committee that their circulars be sent to policyholders on the stencils prepared for the company.

STRIKE TIES UP FREIGHT

SEVERAL HUNDRED DECK HANDS ON TUG BOATS.

AFFECTS ALL NEW YORK ROADS

If the Strike Continues, Hundreds of Carloads of Perishable Food Products Will be Tied up—Men Demand Increase of \$5 a Month.

York, Aug. 9.—A strike of several hundred deck hands, oilers and firemen on the New York harbor tugboats here today badly tied up freight coming from the railway terminals in Jersey City to this city.

Nearly all roads are affected by the strike.

The men demand an increase of \$5 a month in their wages.

If the strike is prolonged, hundreds of carloads of food supplies will be tied up. Some of the dockmen have already struck in sympathy and more are expected to follow.

Policyholders Attach Deposit.

San Francisco, Aug. 9.—The \$565,000 deposited in New York by the Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance company of Hamburg, which has disavowed liability for its losses here, has been attached by policyholders of San Francisco to prevent the German corporation from withdrawing from the United States.

COMES TO RESCUE OF DEPOSITORS

Young Stensland Will Turn Over His Father's Property to Receiver.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Theodore Stensland, vice president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank and son of the fugitive president of that institution, has come to the rescue of the 22,000 depositors and it is the general belief of those who are endeavoring to straighten out the affairs of the bank that there is an excellent chance that all those who have deposits in the failed institution will receive almost dollar for dollar when a final settlement is made. The improved condition of the bank's affairs was brought about by young Stensland, who announced that he would turn over to Receiver Fetzer today all the real estate and personal property of Paul O. Stensland, his father. The son places a valuation of \$600,000 on this collateral and he stated that he had full authority to make the transfer of the property for the benefit of the depositors.

Paul O. Stensland, president, and Henry W. Hering, cashier, are still at large and search for these fugitives is being made all over the country. Five thousand pictures of the two officials are being prepared, with full descriptions of both, and these will be spread broadcast throughout the entire world. At one time it appeared as if there would be serious trouble with the depositors, who swarmed around the doors of the failed bank. While fully 1,000 of the depositors shouted their protests, over \$300,000 was removed from the vaults of the institution to those of the National Bank of the Republic, where it will be held for safe keeping until next Tuesday, when, it is said, distribution to the depositors will be made. The removal of the money put the crowd in an angry mood and it took a big police detail to keep the excited throng from upsetting the patrol wagons, which were filled with bluecoats.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD

Peasants of Tchermernik Poland, murdered four socialists upon their arrival in the village for the purpose of inciting the peasants against the landlords.

A cloudburst and flood at Durango, Mex., caused the death of three persons. Water was six feet deep in the streets of the town and many houses were badly damaged.

William Esler of Downville, Wis., killed his seven-year-old daughter by striking her over the head with a galton jug. He says he killed the child because the mother did not want it.

Rams Horn, a four-year-old colt, winner of this year's \$25,000 Brighton handicap and of last year's Crescent City derby at New Orleans, died in his stall at Gravesend race track of inflammation of the bowels.

Several members of the Grand Trunk Pacific survey camp, fifty miles south of Vermillion, Alberta, were taken violently ill after partaking of canned salmon. Major Herbert J. Smith is dead and others are seriously ill.

FIVE CHILDREN CREMATED

GASOLINE CAN EXPLODES AND NEARLY WIPES OUT FAMILY.

MOTHER IS FATALLY BURNED

Father and Oldest Child Were Out of the House and Escaped—Tragedy at Country Place of Dr. George L. Miller of Omaha.

Omaha, Aug. 9.—Five out of the six children of Thomas O'Donnell, a farmer living at Seymour Park, the country place of Dr. George L. Miller of Omaha, three miles east of South Omaha, were burned to death. Mrs. O'Donnell, the mother, was probably injured, and Mr. O'Donnell and the remaining child, a daughter of eighteen years, were slightly burned. The tragedy was caused by the explosion of a five-gallon can of gasoline, on which a lighted match had been carelessly dropped by one of the unfortunates. The house in which the family lived was destroyed by the flames and three horses owned by Dr. Miller also perished. Since the burning of Dr. Miller's country home on the place a few years ago the O'Donnells had occupied the barn, which had been fitted up as a habitation. Just how the accident occurred is not known exactly, as the survivors, O'Donnell and his oldest child, were out doing the milking when the accident occurred. The bodies of the five victims were charred beyond all semblance to human beings. Mrs. O'Donnell was frightfully burned over her entire body.

The dead: Willie, aged 15; Inez, 9; Bertha, 7; Earl, 4; Florence, 3.

MAKES REPORT TO TOKIO

Government Will Express Regrets for Killing of Japanese Poachers.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Although taking the position that the killing of the five Japanese poachers within the territorial limits of the United States in Alaska was justified, this government in all probability will extend to Japan its regrets for the fatal clash between the native lookouts of the North American Commercial company and the Japanese raiders. This statement was made by Acting Secretary of State Bacon. Meantime the district attorney for Alaska is making preparations for the speedy trial of twelve Japanese who were taken prisoners. The prompt action of this government in notifying Ambassador Wright at Tokio of the facts as reported by Solicitor Sims of the department of commerce and labor was designed to give to Japan information first hand of the occurrence. After a careful investigation by the Japanese charge here the conclusion was reached that the case was one involving no international incident.

STATISTICS OF IOWA STOCK.

Assessors Find Over Million Horses, With an Average Value of \$62.14.

Des Moines, Aug. 9.—The state auditor's office completed the tabulation of the assessors' returns on live stock. According to these figures, Iowa has 1,081,724 horses of all ages, of an average value of \$62.14 and a total adjusted value of \$67,225,235; 3,543,182 cattle of all ages, of a total value of \$73,550,850 and an average value of \$20.75; 4,232,901 swine, of an average value of \$5.64 and a total value of \$23,879,779; 538,096 sheep, of an average value of \$3.44 and a total value of \$1,853,090; 12,363 goats, of an average value of \$2.44 and a total value of \$30,743. The total value of the live stock in the state is \$166,641,637. This is a very substantial increase over the value of last year.

BOY BURGLAR BLAMES SHOW.

Says He Was Led to Crime by Moving Picture of Train Robberies.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 9.—Leon Young, aged ten, was arrested, charged with burglary, and confesses the crime. The boy says he was taught to be a burglar by going to a moving picture show, where he saw pictures which showed train and bank robberies. He went home, he says, with a desire to become a great robber.

Dies While Preparing for Wedding.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—While preparing for his wedding, Dr. Samuel B. Crawford, thirty-two years old, died suddenly at the home of his prospective bride, Mrs. Rose Sykes. Mrs. Sykes was in her room donning her wedding garments when she heard a moan from Dr. Crawford's room. Hurrying to the room, she found him lying on the floor scarcely able to speak. A physician was immediately summoned, but Dr. Crawford died within a few minutes.

Hartje and Friend Held for Trial.

Pittsburg, Aug. 9.—Augustus Hartje and his friend, John L. Welshons, who, with Clifford Hoze, the former negro coachman of Hartje, who are charged with conspiracy in connection with the Hartje divorce case, appeared before Alderman F. M. King for a hearing and, waiving all procedure, were held for court under bonds of \$3,000 which were furnished by Attorney Edward H. Hartje, a brother of one of the defendants.

SNEEZING LESE MAJESTY, TOO?

It's an Offense to Do It in the Street in Berlin and a Crime in Army.

Berlin, Aug. 9.—The citizen who recently was punished for the crime of sneezing in the street has a companion in misfortune. The new victim is a lawyer named Schmidt, who, as a military reservist under periodical inspection with his regiment at Magdeburg, committed the offense of blowing his nose while standing in line before the reviewing officer. The following day Schmidt was arraigned before a court-martial. He pleaded he suffered from catarrh. The inspecting officer, however, swore Schmidt blew his nose in a manner betraying either scorn or disrespect of military command and the court was so shocked it ordered the offender to be placed under arrest for ten days.

DOUMA MEMBER IS HELD

M. ONIPKO MUST STAND TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE.

MILLIONS FOR FAMINE RELIEF

Immediate Aid to Be Given Stricken People of Russia—Ministry Begins Campaign for the Election of a More Tractable Parliament.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 9.—M. Onipko, the peasant member of the late parliament, who was captured re-handed at Cronstadt after the mutiny there, will be tried, it is semi-officially announced, according to the rules of war for inciting and participating in an armed revolt, the penalty for which is death. The authorities are convinced that they have a good case against Onipko and hope that it will involve several other prominent extremists in the late parliament to such an extent as to prevent their re-election to any further parliament.

The ministry already is beginning a far-reaching campaign preparatory to the election of a more tractable parliament in December. The ministers insist on a program that will consist of the promulgation of definite reforms and the nomination of candidates who will represent these instead of letting the elections go by default, as was the case in the defunct assembly. They disclaim all intention of attempting to throttle public sentiment, but it is noticeable that their first step was taken through the police, who were asked to report on the possible candidates for seats.

The session of the cabinet was devoted to measures of famine relief, which is recognized as one of the most urgent problems in the administration as well as being an eloquent campaign argument. It was decided to recommend to the emperor an additional credit of \$27,500,000 in addition to the \$7,500,000 voted by parliament for this use, \$25,000,000 of which sum is to provide food and employment to keep the stricken population from starvation and the remainder for the purchase of seed grain.

The official telegraph agency reports the formation at Yekaterinoslav of a reactionary organization whose purpose is to exact life for a life for every official killed by the revolutionists. The murder of the ex-deputy, Herzerstein, is an example of this procedure. The agency also reports an encounter between police and workmen at Kostroma, during which Cossacks were summoned and dispersed the crowd with a volley. No mention of the casualties is made.

The official telegraph agency has issued an authorized statement declaring the statement published by the Novoe Vremya that the emperor intends to place Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholavitch in immediate command of the whole army to be devoid of all foundation.

Police Capture Revolutionists.

Moscow, Aug. 9.—The police have captured a store of Mauser rifles and automatic pistols and a number of revolutionary proclamations and posters issued by the revolutionary fighting legion. Several members of a new revolutionary committee were also captured and thirty-six suspects have been expelled from the city.

Major MacBride Loses.

Paris, Aug. 9.—The civil tribunal of the Seine confirmed its decree granting Mrs. Maud Gonne MacBride (known as the "Irish Joan of Arc") a judicial separation from her husband, Major MacBride, but the tribunal refused to grant her an absolute divorce on the ground of her Irish nationality. Mrs. MacBride was awarded the custody of her child. The major's cross-bill was overruled.

Wreck on Missouri Pacific.

Armour, Kas., Aug. 9.—Two Missouri Pacific passenger trains collided here, injuring Conductor William Welch, who was taken to a hospital in Atchison. Governor Folk was on the train, en route for a picnic at Stewartsville, Mo., but was uninjured.

Umbrella is Deadly Weapon.

Minneapolis, Aug. 9.—Frank Staffler died at St. Mary's hospital after his brain had been pierced by the point of an umbrella which had been poked into his eye by John Harris during a fight.

STANDARD OIL IS INDICTED

GRAND JURY AT CHICAGO BRINGS IN TRUE BILL.

CONTAINS NINETEEN COUNTS

Charged With Receiving Rebates in the Form of Non-Payment of Storage Charges to Railroads—Judge Bethea Summons Second Grand Jury.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—The federal grand jury returned an indictment against the Standard Oil company, charging it with having illegally received a railroad rebate on storage charges.

Details of the system by which the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad company handled the products of the Standard Oil company were laid before the federal grand jury by two officials of the railroad and one government attache. J. L. Clark, western freight agent, and C. A. Slauson, local freight agent of the Lake Shore, and George T. Roberts, tariff schedule expert for the interstate commerce commission, were the men who testified. Mr. Roberts, the first witness, was given a large number of tariff schedules of various railroads handling Standard Oil business which were taken before the grand jury at Cleveland, and he identified them and at the same time explained the method of apportioning rates on oil between Whiting, Ind., Chicago and St. Louis. Mr. Slauson identified voluminous documents, concerning which he testified previously before the Cleveland grand jury.

The indictment contains nineteen counts, each count constituting a separate charge. The true bills come under the Elkins law, which provides a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000 for each violation. Under this indictment, should the government procure a conviction on the trial of the issues, a fine of \$380,000 as a maximum under the Elkins law may be assessed.

The indictment alleges that by a system of granting the Standard Oil company certain concessions the oil company benefited to the extent of \$8,566,722 during a period of time from August, 1903, to February, 1905. The indictment, as explained by the government attorneys, means that in nineteen instances certain consignments of oil for the Standard Oil company were stored by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad company and that the railroad company received no payment of 5 cents per ton per day from the oil company for such storage, but that its competitors were compelled to pay this amount. This is equivalent to granting a concession. It is charged, the non-payment of storage charges being practically a rebate in favor of the oil company. Each count sets up a discrimination of from \$300 to \$500 a month in favor of the oil company. It will be necessary for officials of the Standard Oil company to appear in court and present bonds of \$25,000 for the corporation.

By order of Judge Bethea, a second grand jury was drawn and summoned to appear next Tuesday morning. This body will take up the investigation of the business methods of the Standard Oil company where the present inquisitorial body was compelled to leave off. The second jury will begin its investigation with March, 1905.

SPLIT IN TEAMSTERS' UNION

Convention at Chicago May Elect Two Sets of Officers.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—A strong effort was made to get the warring factions of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, who are holding their fourth annual convention in Chicago, together in harmony for the election of officers today, but it was without success. Several conferences between emissaries of both factions were held, but neither side was willing to compromise, and unless President Shea or Albert Young, leader of the seceders, recedes from his present position there will undoubtedly be two sets of officers elected.

A message was sent to President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor to come to Chicago and make an effort to bring about an amicable settlement of the difficulty, but it is not believed he will be able to reach the convention in time to prevent the split in the organization unless the election of officers is postponed.

Total Abstinence Society Meets.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 9.—The national convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America began here, when a majority of the 800 delegates assembled in Music hall for the formal opening exercises. The delegates represent a membership of about 100,000 in the United States, and they are headed by Bishop J. F. R. Canevin of Pittsburgh, as president.

Railroads Fall to Reach Agreement.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Executive officers of the Western Trunk lines met here to consider the differential between the gulf and seaboard on shipments of export grain from points west of the Missouri river, but were unable to reach a settlement. Another conference will be held next week to further consider the subject.

THE CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Temperature for Twenty-four Hours. Forecast for Nebraska.

Conditions of the weather as recorded for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. today:

Maximum	84
Minimum	63
Average	74
Barometer	29.74

Chicago, Aug. 9.—The bulletin issued by the Chicago station of the United States weather bureau this morning gives the forecast for Nebraska as follows:

Fair tonight and Friday.

FOUR REFUSE TO BE SWORN

Witnesses in Denver Fraud Cases Sent to Jail for Contempt.

Denver, Aug. 9.—Refusing to be sworn in the franchise election contest case in the Denver county court, George N. Ordway, president of the city election commission; Henry L. Doherty, president of the Denver Gas and Electric company; Fred A. Williams, former chairman of the Republican central county committee, and J. Cook, a real estate dealer, were committed to the county jail by Judge Ben B. Lindsey until they paid fines of \$500 each for contempt of court.

William Lail and Theodore Griffin, watchers appointed by the election commission, who forebore prevented Sheriff Alexander Nisbet from getting the ballot boxes which Judge Lindsey had ordered him to bring into court, were fined \$25 each and their fines paid.

The ballot boxes wanted were delivered to the sheriff after Justice Bailey of the supreme court refused to interfere with the contest proceedings in the county court. The ballot boxes were opened and the ballots examined. Only the ballots on the franchise were counted. While the poll book showed 256 votes were cast, 280 ballots were found inside the boxes. The ballots were counted and the results showed a slight loss for both corporations, four for the tramway and seven for the gas company. The difference in the number of votes cast and the number of voters as reported by the poll books has not been explained and will be examined into later.

LYNCHERS CASES ARE BEGUN

Missouri Men Accused of Killing Negro Face Court at Springfield.

Springfield, Mo., Aug. 9.—The trial of the lynching cases resulting from the lynching of several men here several months ago after an assault committed by a negro was begun in the Green county circuit court. The defendants are Galbraith, charged with murder in the first degree, and Gooch and Haacker, Assistant Attorney Kenneth is conducting the prosecution for the state.

Soon after the trial was begun J. L. Maxey, one of the regular panel of jurors, received word that his house, fifteen miles west of Springfield, had been struck by lightning, his two children killed and the house destroyed. He was excused from further service.

The case of Hill Gooch was taken up first. He is charged with murder in the first degree in that he is designated as having been one of the leaders in the mob which hanged and burned three negroes—Fred Coker, Horace Duncan and Will Allen—in the public square on the night of April 14. C. T. Hamlin, attorney for Gooch, pleaded not guilty in behalf of his client.

Killed During Maneuvers.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 9.—Another enlisted man in the regular army was killed during the maneuvers at Camp Mabry. Jesse Cantis of Fort Worth, attached to troop K of the First Cavalry, was shot during the maneuvers in the mountains and died shortly after noon. Immediately following his death the maneuvers were called off. All the men are supposed to have had blank cartridges in their guns at the time and it is not known how the killing occurred.

Prefers Death to Selling Whisky.

St. Louis, Aug. 9.—After writing a note stating that he took his life rather than again earn his living by selling liquor, Ernest Steinhart, whose home is supposed to have been in New York City, committed suicide by drinking morphine. Steinhart was formerly a traveling salesman for a Kentucky whisky house, but resigned at the request of his wife. He tried other lines, but failing to make a success, became despondent.

Effort Wins Royal Cup.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 9.—F. M. Smith's little sloop Effort won the race for the King's Cup. The new schooner Queen, owned by J. Rogers Maxwell, led the fleet at the finish, but lost the race by nine seconds on time allowance.

BASEBALL RESULTS

American League—Cleveland, 1-0; Boston, 3-1. Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 0. St. Louis, 2; New York, 1. Detroit, 0-4; Washington, 0-7.

National League—New York, 2; Chicago, 3. Boston, 0; Pittsburg, 2. American Association—Indianapolis, 3; St. Paul, 2. Louisville, 0; Minneapolis, 2.

Western League—Pueblo, 4; Des Moines, 3. Denver, 4; Sioux City, 3.