

# THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS-JOURNAL.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1906.

## KILLED WHILE AT LUNCH

### STAG HOTEL IN BLACK FOREST COLLAPSED AT NOON.

#### MANY PEOPLE IN THE BUILDING

Wreck of the Hotel is Complete—Several Bodies Have Already Been Recovered and Many Victims are Still in the Ruins.

Magold, Black Forest, Germany, April 5.—The Stag hotel collapsed today while the guests were at lunch, killing and injuring many. Several bodies have already been recovered and many victims are still in the ruins. Wreck of the building is complete. Cannot be told how many people were in the building at the time of the catastrophe, but many are known to have been killed.

## CRITICISES ROOSEVELT

### Fitzgerald Takes Umbrage at President's Action on Grazing Bill.

Washington, April 5.—The house during its session listened to a criticism of the president on the part of Fitzgerald (N. Y.) for the failure of the chief executive properly to advise the house as to the objections he had to the bill opening 605,000 acres of land for grazing purposes in Oklahoma territory instead of advising the members of the Indian affairs committee as to the weakness of the measure so that it might be amended to meet the wishes of the commissioner of Indian affairs. Fitzgerald, in the course of his strictures on the president, said:

"This is not Russia. The president is not like the czar, who originates and enacts legislation. The president may recommend, but he can neither originate nor enact legislation. Somebody may say this is trivial. The history of all governments with parliamentary institutions shows that the failure to resist trivial encroachments on the part of the chief executive has led to vast encroachments, until the legislative branch of the government existed in name only."

The postoffice appropriation bill was then taken up, but beyond the explanation of the bill by the chairman of the postoffice committee, Overstreet, no headway was made.

## NEWLANDS SPEAKS ON RATE BILL

### Advocates Amendments Providing for Government Ownership.

Washington, April 5.—In the senate Newlands discussed the railroad rate bill and Daniel the question of the lack of representation by the southern states in the public service. Newlands advocated amendments to the rate bill providing for the national incorporation of railroads and announced himself as favorable to the governmental ownership of those utilities. Daniel's speech was based on a provision in the urgent deficiency appropriation bill for the representation of the United States at the next pan-American congress, to be held in Rio Janeiro, next July. He said that the plans of the state department did not contemplate representation of the south of the far west, and then entered upon a general consideration of southern participation in public affairs, contending that political differences should not be permitted to prevent such participation on a broader scale. The deficiency bill was amended so as to provide for more delegates, and, as amended, was passed.

The senate passed a bill increasing the limit of cost for the public building at Yankton, S. D.

## Rural Delivery Service.

Washington, April 5.—A statement concerning the operations of the rural free delivery division of the postoffice department, covering the period ending March 31, shows the number of petitions received for the establishment of rural free delivery service to have been 52,611, upon which 14,040 adverse reports were made. The number of routes in operation June 30, 1905, is stated to have been 32,055, while on April 2, 1906, it had increased to 35,205. The balance available for the service April 2, 1906, aggregated \$889,750.

## Republican Congressional Committee.

Washington, April 5.—The Republicans of the senate and house of representatives met in joint caucus at the close of the session of the house and selected members of the Republican congressional campaign committee, among them being the following: Iowa, A. F. Dawson; Nebraska, J. J. McCarthy; Kansas, J. W. Miller; South Dakota, C. H. Burke.

## Street Car Union Wins.

Oakland, Cal., April 5.—The carmen's union unanimously adopted the agreement reached between its leaders and representatives of the street car company. Under the new order of things the traction company recognizes not only the union, but grants all discharged employees the right to appeal before the directors of the corporation through the union. All discharged employees who secure reinstatement through appeal are to receive full pay for the time lost between date of their discharge to date of their return to work.

## Says Americans Are Money Mad.

Lincoln, April 5.—"A whirlwind of 'money madness' has swept the country. The American people have been overwhelmed by it," so declared Professor E. A. Ross at the State university convocation. His remarks were enthusiastically cheered by the students. "Men just after wealth because of the standing which it gives," he declared. "Great corporations attain their ends and 'protect' their interests by corruption," he asserted. Professor Ross has accepted a position at Wisconsin university. He left Leland Stanford on account of his views on the accumulation of wealth.

## Memorial to Susan B. Anthony.

Toledo, April 5.—The National Council of Women adopted a plan presented by Mrs. May Wright Sewall as chairman of a special committee, setting aside a memorial day for the late Susan B. Anthony, to be observed by every organization of the council. Also to collect at that time the sum of \$1,000 with which to purchase a bust of Miss Anthony to place in the national capitol.

## MCCARTHY SERIOUSLY ILL

### THIRD DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE DANGEROUSLY SICK.

#### HE IS AT HIS HOME IN PONCA

#### Mr. McCarthy Returned a Few Days Ago From Washington and is Now at His Home in Ponca—Alarm is Felt for His Serious Condition.

Lincoln, Neb., April 5.—It is reported here today in a telegram from Ponca that Congressman J. J. McCarthy, representative from the Third congressional district of Nebraska, is dangerously ill at his home in Dixon county.

Mr. McCarthy recently arrived at Ponca from Washington, having come home to look after his political interests.

## PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

### Arbitration One of the Subjects to be Considered at Rio Janeiro.

Washington, April 5.—The program of subjects to be considered by the pan-American conference, which meets at Rio Janeiro in July, was unanimously approved by the bureau of American republics. This program was prepared by a committee, of which Secretary Root is chairman, and included the ambassadors from Brazil and Mexico, and the ministers from Costa Rica, Chile, Cuba and the Argentine republic.

Probably the most interesting of the subjects are embraced in resolutions affirming the adherence of the American republics to the principle of arbitration for the settlement of disputes arising between them, with an expression of hope that the coming Hague conference will agree upon a general arbitration convention; also a resolution recommending that the Hague conference be requested to consider the extent to which the use of force for the collection of public debts is admissible.

## RECEIVER FOR ZION CHURCH

### Voliva Says Drastic Measures Will be Taken Against Dowie.

Chicago, April 5.—It was decided by Overseer Voliva of Zion City that in view of the announced return of John Alexander Dowie from Mexico and his declared intention of making a fight against the action suspending him from office, that the present overseer shall be appointed receiver of the Church of Zion and of all the public properties standing in the name of the church. The courts will probably be asked to name Voliva as receiver within the next few days.

It was also asserted by the officers of Zion City that if Dowie returns and commences legal action against the present officers of the church or attempts to oust them, they will cause his arrest and prosecution on the charge of misuse of funds.

## Captain Greene on the Stand.

Savannah, Ga., April 5.—Captain Benjamin D. Greene, one of the defendants in the Greene-Gaynor trial, occupied the witness stand, and the court was crowded. He denied most emphatically that Carter was interested financially or otherwise in any of the firm's contracts. Captain Greene testified that the contractors made about half a million dollars out of the Savannah 1892 contract, saying that it was one of the rare cases where the contractors make money and in which the government is correspondingly benefited.

## St. Louis Block Sinking.

St. Louis, April 5.—Since the beginning of March a block of ground bounded by Bittman, Esther and Sulphur avenues, in the southwestern portion of the city, has been slowly sinking into a supposed subterranean cavern, until it is now fifteen feet below its original level. Several families have been forced to remove from homes, buildings have fallen down and damage has resulted to the extent of \$25,000. Ten homes that are located around what is now the edge of the depression are in great danger.

## EXCITEMENT IN REICHSTAG

### CHANCELLOR VONBUELOW FAINTED ON THE FLOOR.

#### DURING THE MOROCCO DEBATE

#### It Was First Thought That the Chancellor Had Been Stricken With Paralysis But It Was Soon Found That He Was Only Exhausted.

Berlin, April 5.—Chancellor Vonbuelow fainted in the reichstag this morning during the debate on the Moroccan question, causing great excitement. It was first thought that the Chancellor had been stricken with paralysis. Medical attention was given immediately when it was found that he had become exhausted and fainted.

## ULTIMATUM OF IOWA OPERATORS

### Will Fix Scale Independent of Action of Other States

Des Moines, April 5.—Iowa coal operators agreed on a policy by which they will be governed in their conferences with the miners regarding the wage scale. Although the details of the agreement are kept secret, it is known that the operators contemplate the framing of a scale independent of the action of Illinois or any other state. It is also stated that the operators are not willing to grant the return to the 1903 scale, but they claim that their proposition is a fair one and one that the miners can accept honorably. The operators say that their proposition will be final and that the miners must accept it or there will be no settlement.

## Pardon Board Refuses to Act.

Des Moines, April 5.—Unless Governor Cummins commutes the sentences of Louis Russe and James Smith, under sentence of death April 29, they must hang. The legislative board of pardons decided that it could do nothing in the matter, leaving it entirely in the hands of Governor Cummins. Both are wife murderers.

## MAY MODIFY DEMANDS

### ANTHRACITE MINERS TO SUBMIT NEW PROPOSITION.

#### HARD COAL PEACE IS IN SIGHT

#### It is Believed if Operators Meet Them Half Way Trouble Will End. President Mitchell Says Situation is Satisfactory.

New York, April 5.—It is the general belief of those who are closely watching the situation about the anthracite miners' headquarters in this city that the miners have definitely decided to modify their demands, and will present them to the operators probably this afternoon. Some of the members of the committee privately admitted before coming to New York that the original demands were greater than the miners really expected to get and the leaders could afford to trim them down and still leave the workers enough to be satisfied. It is believed that if the operators will meet the men half way on some of the demands they have made, such as a reconstruction of the conciliation board, an eight-hour day and an increase in pay for some classes of labor the miners would seriously consider the proposition of renewing the strike commission award for not more than one year. The miners have all along asserted they would not bind themselves to any agreement for three years.

All the district leaders received reports from the anthracite fields and notwithstanding reports that more coal was mined than yesterday, they declared the situation was satisfactory to them. President Mitchell is devoting almost as much time to the situation in the bituminous field as he is to the hard coal region. He is hourly in receipt of telegrams from the west. When asked how matters stood in the soft coal fields, he said: "Entirely satisfactory to me. Everything is turning out as I expected, and I believe the situation in the west will soon be cleared up."

When President Mitchell was informed that President Roosevelt had declined to interfere with the soft coal troubles, he showed great interest and inquired if the text of the president's communication had been made public. He refused to comment on the president's action, but he plainly showed he was much gratified at the stand the president has taken.

In the bituminous field there were more mines in operation than on the previous day, and many more are to resume within a day or two. The number of men at work in the Pittsburgh district, however, was not as large as was expected. This was due, it is said, to the factional troubles within the miners' union in that territory. Negotiations are under way between the miners and operators in several districts outside of the central and southwestern territories, and while no agreements have yet been reached, no serious trouble is anticipated.

## Predicts Early Settlement.

Indianapolis, April 5.—An early settlement of the coal strike is predicted by the United Mine Workers' Journal, the official organ of the United Mine Workers of America. According to reports received from district officials of the miners' organization, it is stated that 70 per cent of the tonnage of the bituminous fields has either signed the scale granting an increase in wages or has signified an intention of doing so.

## Two Striking Miners Shot.

Johnstown, Pa., April 5.—Two striking miners at the Berwind-White works near Windber were shot by guards. They were not seriously hurt. The situation has grown so serious here that national officials of the mine workers have been appealed to to come and assist in attempts at a settlement. It was stated that coal was being shipped, although in reduced quantities.

## Hunter Fatally Shot.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., April 5.—By the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of Charles Privotsky, a companion with whom he was hunting, Joseph Kloube was mortally wounded in the abdomen.

## LOSS OF LIFE IN TAHITI

### AND TWENTY-ONE VICTIMS. HURRICANE CLAIMS HUNDRED

#### MOST OF THE VICTIMS NATIVES

#### Signals for Assistance Seen, but Help Could Not Be Sent Until Storm Abated—Fears Entertained That Vessel Was Lost.

Honolulu, April 5.—The steamer Mona reports that 121 persons were drowned during the hurricane which recently swept over Tahiti and the neighboring islands.

Of these victims, one perished on Tahiti, ninety-one natives and four whites on the Puamotu and twenty-four natives and one white on the other islands.

Before the windstorm broke over Papeete the water rose steadily after a high tide to twenty feet above the normal mark, and by midnight was wrecking the wooden buildings and splashing between the American and British consulates. At first no alarm was felt, but the continuation of the rise caused a panic. The wind blew in brief hurricane blasts every few minutes, tearing up trees and sending roofs flying through the air. Signals for assistance were seen in Papeete from Leblloc, a white resident of Motuta island, but it was impossible to render any help until morning, when the floating body of his wife was rescued from the top of a coconut palm.

Fears are entertained for the safety of the schooner Fimeo, with seven persons on board.

## ANOTHER MINER IS SAVED

### Man Entombed in France Early in March Comes Out Alive.

Lens, France, April 5.—Another living survivor of the mine disaster at Courrières March 19 was discovered and brought out of the pit.

The finding of another miner alive after twenty-five days' entombment caused intense excitement. The man was found in pit 4. He was in good condition. According to his first statements this man, Auguste Berton, suffered less than the preceding rescued men. He is thirty-two years old and was born in the same place as Nemy, the leader of the thirteen men rescued March 30.

As the news spread through the region it caused extreme exasperation against the engineers who have been directing the salvage work. M. Leon, the state engineer, when he arrived at the pit was surrounded by a crowd of people, who cursed and swore at him, one woman going so far as to strike the engineer.

Berton described his experience as follows: "I found some lunch bags which had belonged to the men who had been killed by the explosion, and I lived on the food I found in them. I suffered from the cold and took clothing and shoes from the dead." The crowd several times during the day broke through the cordon of troops surrounding the pit and excitedly questioned the salvagers, who stated that no further traces of survivors had been found. Several bodies of miners, with the appearance of not having been dead long and a living horse were discovered.

## Russo-Chinese Deadlock.

Peking, April 5.—The Russo-Chinese negotiations appear to have reached a deadlock. Russia has the upper hand because she holds nearly all the privileges she contends for while demanding that China officially grant them. The Chinese, on the contrary, were never so determined to withstand all foreign encroachments. Both parties are trying to keep the details secret, as was the case with the Chinese-Japanese treaty.

## Maniac Suspected of Cremating Wife.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 5.—Martin Van Thof, said to be demented, is being held, charged with burning his wife to death in their home here.

## ANOTHER REVOLT IN SOUTH

### SANTO DOMINGO AGAIN A SCENE OF TROUBLE.

#### NAVY DEPARTMENT IS NOTIFIED

#### Cablegram Received This Morning Gives Announcement of the Trouble. It is Not Stated How Serious a Matter it is.

Washington, April 5.—A cablegram received at the navy department today says that a revolution has broken out at Samana, Santo Domingo.

## SHIP SUBSIDY HEARINGS

### Shipbuilders in Favor of Plan of Government Aid to Companies.

Washington, April 5.—Ship subsidy hearings were begun by the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries. John McNeill, past national president of the boiler-makers' association, stated that workmen engaged in shipbuilding were in favor of a subsidy.

George R. Duval, chairman of the ship subsidy committee of the New York Merchants' association, drew a rapid fire of questions from Representative Humphrey of Washington, the latter stating that he wanted to show that Mr. Duval was simply representing foreign shipping interests. This the witness hotly denied. His association was in favor of a subsidy, but he had opposed bills so far brought forth, as they would have allowed some of the subsidy to get to foreign-owned ships. With several amendments which J. H. Dockery, legal adviser of the association, would present, the association was prepared to support the bill. The amendments were later presented by Mr. Dockery. They related to the tonnage tax provision of the bill and were discussed at length.

## VALUATION OF RAILROADS

### Commissioners Desire to Know What Roads Are Worth.

Washington, April 5.—By unanimous vote the National Association of Railroad Commissioners adopted the resolution of A. B. Myer of Wisconsin, declaring it to be the sense of the association that the congress of the United States should authorize and direct the interstate commerce commission or some other department of the federal government to ascertain the inventory value of all railroads in the United States and to fix a valuation on the railway property of each state separately.

Further consideration of the report of the committee on railroad taxation, presented by Andrew F. Gates of Connecticut, was postponed until the next convention.

## Famous Broncho Buster Killed.

Cheyenne, Wyo., April 5.—Duncan Clark, a famous broncho buster, for years holder of the title of champion steer roping of the world, was accidentally killed while hunting with two friends. The three were crawling along the ground toward a herd of antelope when a gun carried by a man immediately behind Clark was discharged. The charge entered Clark's body, causing instant death.

## Death of Colonel John H. King.

Huron, S. D., April 5.—Colonel John H. King, founder of Chamberlain, S. D., died here. He had a wide acquaintance among public men.

## Six Red Men Hurt in Wreck.

Richmond, Va., April 5.—As the result of the caving in of one side of a heavy fill on the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville railroad, a special train bearing 300 Richmond members of the Order of Red Men was wrecked. Six passengers were injured, none fatally.

## Troops Called to Colors.

Budapest, Hungary, April 5.—A royal decree was published formally calling out the supplementary reserves of the 1904 contingent of Honved troops. The extraordinary measure of summoning to the colors this class of reserve men is necessitated by the failure of the Hungarian parliament to pass the recruiting bill.

## Rogers Goes to Sing Sing.

New York, April 5.—Larry Rogers, who recently perjured himself, telling the district attorney of a "plot to assassinate Rev. C. H. Parkhurst," was sentenced to seven years and six months in Sing Sing.

## TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD

### General Blanco, formerly governor general of Cuba, died at Madrid.

Miss Ethel Barrymore, the actress, was taken suddenly ill of appendicitis at Boston.

While saying requiem mass at the funeral of one of his parishioners Rev. John Dempsey of Crawfordsville, Ind., dropped dead at the altar.

At Pontiac, Mich., fire destroyed the buggy and wagon factory of R. D. Scott & Co. and seven residences, occupying half a block, causing a total loss of \$120,000.

The declination of Senator Chauncey M. Depew to stand for re-election to the Yale corporation was announced from the office of the secretary of the university.

## THE CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

### Temperature for Twenty-four Hours. Forecast for Nebraska.

Condition of the weather as recorded for the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m. today.

Maximum	41
Minimum	30
Average	35
Barometer	30.00
Rainfall	.27

Chicago, April 5.—The bulletin issued by the Chicago station of the United States weather bureau this morning gives the forecast for Nebraska as follows:

Generally fair tonight and Friday.

### Indian Territory Banker Assassinated.

Muskogee, I. T., April 5.—J. Burdett, president of the Eufala National bank and one of the most prominent and wealthy men of the Creek nation, was shot and killed at his home in Eufala. His body was found near a well in the rear of his residence, a portion of his head being torn away by a bullet. There is no clue to the assassin. Mr. Burdett carried life insurance policies aggregating \$250,000.

## BODY OF AERONAUT FOUND

### DEATH ENDS BALLOON ASCENSION OF PAUL NOCQUET.

#### LANDS SAFELY WITH HIS CAR

#### Searchers Find Remains of French Sculptor Near Collapsed Balloon on the Marshy Shore of Long Island. Had Struggled for Hours in Water.

New York, April 5.—Death in the waters of Bass creek, on the south shore of Long Island, ended the daring balloon ascent of Paul Nocquet, a French sculptor of note, and an enthusiastic amateur aeronaut. The body was found on the muddy shore of the creek, where the tide had left it, and not a great distance from where Nocquet's collapsed balloon was discovered by the lifesavers of Jones' beach.

The discovery of the body put an end to a search which included ocean, land and marshes and which had been begun under the direction of Nocquet's associates of the Aero club of New York as soon as word was received that the balloon had been found, with no trace of its missing occupant.

Nocquet apparently landed safely with his car, and in fighting his way out of the meadows in the darkness, had traversed about two-fifths of the distance from Jones' beach to Amityville, several miles, when he died. He had crossed thirteen or fourteen islands and had swam or waded the runlets between them. That Nocquet traveled as far as he did is considered wonderful. He must have struggled the last mile of the two he traveled under fearful difficulties. He essayed a trip that few men could complete in daylight. The valve-controlling ropes of the balloon when found indicated that the descent had been started by Nocquet's action and that it must have been gradual.

When Nocquet started on his flight Tuesday afternoon the wind was blowing out to sea. This meant that unless he should come down after being up but a short time—having started from the Bronx—he would surely be blown across Long Island and out over the ocean. A life preserver was strapped inside the basket and the word to let go was given. The balloon, in its flight, passed over Jamaica, Garden City, Westbury, Jerico and Cold Spring Harbor; then darkness came and shut it from view.

## E. C. SWIFT IS DEAD

### Well Known Meat Packer Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Boston, April 5.—E. C. Swift of Chicago, a member of the packing firm of Swift & Co., died early today at the Quincy house, where he engaged rooms about two weeks ago. Pneumonia was the cause of death. Mr. Swift was taken ill with pneumonia on March 27. He grew rapidly worse and his daughter, Mrs. Clarence Moore of Chicago, was summoned. His physician, Dr. Johnson, also was called from Chicago and watched by the sick man's bedside until he died. Mr. Swift's wife was traveling in Europe when her husband was stricken and it is thought she is now on her way to America. Mr. Swift was a native of Sandwich, this state. He left home when but a boy, and with his brother, Gustavus, did much to develop the packing industry, one of the prominent features of his work being the perfecting of the system of refrigerator cars.

## Over-Exertion Kills Student.

Iowa City, Ia., April 5.—Lee Struble, nineteen years old, an engineering student in the State university from LaPorte City, Ia., died in the university gymnasium from heart failure, brought on by over-exertion. He ran around the two-fifths track in the athletic park and after returning to the gymnasium showed signs of distress. Director Rule worked over him for forty minutes before a physician came. Struble died twenty minutes later.