

NORTH NEBRASKA RESULT

RETURNS FROM VARIOUS COUNTIES IN THIS SECTION.

REPUBLICANS ARE VICTORIOUS

In Most of the Counties of Northern Nebraska the Republicans Carried the Head of the Ticket and a Majority of Offices.

Northern Nebraska returns show that the counties have gone republican for the most part, by small majorities. Nearly all counties have been heard from.

It is understood that Rock county went republican by a safe lead on nearly all offices and that Brown county is also republican in many offices.

REPUBLICANS WIN IN KNOX.

Judge is the Only Office Taken by the Fusionists.

Creighton, Neb., Nov. 8.—Special to The News: Knox county, with but five precincts to hear from, is all republican except on the county judge. Those elected are: Treasurer, Danfelson; clerk, Charles Ruden; coroner, W. E. Clark; surveyor, Mippell; sheriff, Burns; superintendent, Marshall. The majorities are all small. Judge Barge is the only democrat who pulled through.

SPLIT IN WAYNE.

Mostly Republican, But a Few Democrats Pulled Through.

Wayne, Neb., Nov. 8.—Special to The News: The ticket was split here. The following are elected. For clerk, C. W. Reynolds, dem.; for sheriff, Grant S. Mears, rep.; judge, Enoch Hunter, rep.; superintendent, A. E. Littel, rep.; surveyor, Robert Jones; coroner, J. J. Williams; treasurer, J. M. Cherry, dem.

BOYD COUNTY SPLITS TICKET.

Head of Ticket is Republican—Manville Gets Majority of One.

Lynch, Neb., Nov. 8.—Special to The News: Boyd county went republican by 200 majority on the head of the ticket, Letton, and university regents. The county ticket was split. The closest election is that of C. A. Manville of Spencer for county superintendent, who received a majority of 1 vote and the democrats are hoping that the official count will yet give them victory. The majorities are: Treasurer, J. A. Snider, rep.; clerk, D. A. Stuehler, dem.; 251; sheriff, Thomas Coteman, dem.; 251; judge, J. D. Lee, dem.; 287; superintendent, C. A. Manville, rep.; 1; coroner, Dr. P. H. Howard, rep.; 225; surveyor, Henry Brandvig, rep.; 225.

HOLT IS REPUBLICAN.

All But Surveyor and Coroner Captured by the Republicans.

O'Neill, Neb., Nov. 8.—The republicans won out for the most part in Holt county. The results, with but two precincts to hear from, show that the republicans have gained the treasurer, sheriff, clerk judge and county board. The fusionists have the surveyor and coroner. The county superintendent is an even break with the two precincts to hear from. Those elected are R. E. Chittick, treasurer; William P. Sinar, clerk; C. E. Hall, sheriff; Judge, C. J. Malone; superintendent, still in the air, either Miss Pink or Miss Hurley; coroner, P. J. Flynn; surveyor, M. F. Norton.

ANTELOPE MOSTLY REPUBLICAN

M. B. Huffman is Elected and Beckwith Leads His Party.

Neligh, Neb., Nov. 8.—Special to The News: Eighteen precincts in Antelope county, leaving but six to hear from, give the following majorities: Clerk, Beckwith, rep.; 477; treasurer, Niess, rep.; 402; superintendent, Ward, rep.; 410; sheriff, Miller, dem.; 352; judge, Wilson, rep.; 290; coroner, Fletcher, rep.; 278; surveyor, Staples, dem.; 153; representative to fill vacancy caused by resignation of N. D. Jackson, Huffman, 122.

SPLIT TICKET IN PIERCE COUNTY

Nelson and Hiron, Republicans, Rest Democrats Elected.

Pierce, Neb., Nov. 7.—Special to The News: The election in Pierce county resulted in a split ticket. Republican treasurer and clerk were elected and the remainder of the ticket are democrats. The majorities stood: Treasurer, Nelson, rep.; 238; clerk, W. G. Hiron, rep.; 189; judge, Kelly, dem.; over Williams, 190; sheriff, Dwyer, dem.; over Chamberlain, 213; county superintendent, Pilger, dem.; over Cole, 192; commissioner, Steinkrause, dem.; 221.

RESULTS IN STANTON COUNTY.

Mostly Democratic—The Republicans Saved Two Candidates.

Stanton, Neb., Nov. 8.—Special to The News: Stanton county went democratic as usual, though two republicans were elected. The candidates elected and their majorities, approximately, are: Clerk, Albert Pilger, dem.; 500; treasurer, Fred Feyerhelm, rep.; 400; superintendent, Charles Conroy, rep.; 238; clerk, W. G. Hiron, rep.; 189; judge, Kelly, dem.; over Williams, 190; sheriff, Dwyer, dem.; over Chamberlain, 213; county superintendent, Pilger, dem.; over Cole, 192; commissioner, Steinkrause, dem.; 221.

We pay 7 cents for No. 1 hides; 6 cents for No. 2 hides. Cash. Palace Meat Market.

ANTI-MORMONS WIN IN SALT LAKE.

Salt Lake, Nov. 8.—The American party, of which former United States Senator Thomas Kearns is a leader, elected Ezra Thompson, mayor, after a bitter campaign, to which the opposition to the Mormon was the sole issue. Mayor Richard P. Morris, Mormon and Democrat, ran ahead of Chief of Police William J. Lynch, Republican and gentle, for whom United States Senator Reed Smoot made a personal campaign. Except some aldermen, the whole American ticket probably is elected. Returns from twenty-five of the fifty-three precincts give Thompson 3,889, Morris 2,342, Lynch 1,904.

EACH CLAIMS IT IN OHIO

BOTH PARTIES CLAIM COMPLETE VICTORY THERE.

BUT NEITHER GIVES FIGURES

At Noon Today Both the Chairman of the Republican State Committee and the Chairman of the Democratic Committee Claimed the Election.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 8.—Both Chairman Dick of the republican committee and Chairman Garber of the democratic committee claim the election for their entire state ticket today but neither will give a statement on figures.

Columbus, O., Nov. 8.—The result of the election in Ohio might still be considered doubtful, although the Democratic leaders claimed the election of Pattison and the entire Democratic ticket by substantial pluralities, while the Republicans simply refused to concede such a claim, insisting that the returns were insufficient to indicate anything except that the vote had been very heavy and that the amount of scratching had made counting very slow. In the cities the Republican loss exceeded 100 to the precinct, but as the loss outside of the large cities was, so far as reported, only about thirty per precinct, there was no certainty that the loss would run high enough to wipe out the 230,000 Republican plurality, with which comparison were made.

The State Journal has estimated pluralities from 63 out of the 80 counties in the state showing a net plurality of 820 for Herrick for governor. The Republican pluralities are 31,670 and the Democratic pluralities 30,850.

Pattison's Election Not Certain. Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—Since the early reports, which estimated the plurality of Pattison (Dem.), for governor, at 10,000 or 12,000 in Hamilton county, and a like amount in Cuyahoga county, the returns have failed to indicate the election of Pattison. Taking 220 precincts in Cincinnati, 49 in Columbus, 60 in Cleveland and 16 in Toledo, the average Democratic gain is 106 to the precinct. In 120 precincts received outside of the above cities the Democratic gain average thirty-three to the precinct. Estimating the 733 precincts in the above cities and the 339 precincts outside gives a Democratic gain of 189,568, or 40,821 votes less than Laylin's (Rep.) plurality in 1904.

Johnson Elected Mayor of Cleveland. Cleveland, Nov. 8.—The returns from only ninety precincts out of 240 in Cleveland have been received, the delay in the count being caused by the general scratching of ballots. In these ninety precincts Pattison (Dem.) for governor, had a plurality over Herrick (Rep.) of 2,245. The Republican leaders concede that with the possible exception of Alexander Hadden (Rep.), for probate judge, the Democrats have made a clean sweep of all city and county candidates. The Leader (Ind.) says Johnson (Dem.) for mayor, will have a plurality of 12,000.

New Jersey. Trenton, Nov. 8.—The election in New Jersey increased the Republican hold on the state legislature and makes it impossible that a Democrat should succeed United States Senator Dryden in 1907. In the state senate, Republicans made a gain of three, electing Republicans from Gloucester, Salem and Somerset counties, which for the last three years, have had Democratic senators. Only four of the twenty-one state senators will be Democratic. Colby, the independent Republican in Essex county, whose fight against the machine of his party attracted wide interest, was swept into office by a majority which approached that which his county gave a year ago, when the local ticket had the help of the national ticket to carry it along. He carried his ticket through with him. The Republican wave swept into Jersey City again, and Mayor Fagan, who is an independent Republican of the Colby stripe, was again elected and carried his ticket through with him.

Y. W. C. A. CONVENTION. Came to an End at Fremont Last Night—Best Yet Held.

Fremont, Neb., Nov. 6.—The Young Women's Christian association closed here last night at the Congregational church at which brief talks were given by delegates. The convention was pronounced as the best that has ever been held.

WANTED—By manufacturing corporation, energetic, honest man to manage branch office. Salary \$185.00 monthly and commission minimum investment of \$500 in stock of company required. Secretary, Box 401, Madison, Wis.

LETTON ELECTED JUDGE

REPUBLICANS CARRY NEBRASKA BY LARGE MAJORITY.

PARTIAL RETURNS FROM STATE

Abbott and Lyford Defeat Cole and Lightner for Regents of University. Republicans Elect Every Man on Ticket in Douglas County.

Lincoln, Nov. 8.—Returns from the elections in Nebraska are sufficiently complete to indicate with certainty the election of Charles B. Letton (Rep.) over William G. Hastings (Fu.) as associate justice of the supreme court by a plurality greater than that given Judge Barnes for the same office two years ago, which was 9,127. The Republican candidates for regents ran slightly behind Letton, but the returns show that the pluralities will not be materially reduced from those received by the regents in 1903.

It was a quiet election day in Nebraska and a light vote was polled. Especially was this the case in Lincoln, where there was much scratching. The Republicans elect all their candidates in this county but two, probate judge and coroner, win by narrow margins. Chairman Warner of the Republican state central committee said this morning he was not prepared to give an estimate, but that Judge Letton was elected by a greater vote than given the ticket two years ago.

Chairman Allen of the Democrats said the scattering returns indicated a Republican plurality of 12,000 for the state, which, compared with the vote of a year ago, he regarded in the light of a fusion victory.

Republicans Win in Omaha. Omaha, Nov. 8.—Substantial majorities are given to every Republican candidate, from top to bottom, in Douglas county. The only Democrat who has saved himself is Pat King of South Omaha, who was re-elected police judge of that city.

The Bee says: "Returns indicate the election of Letton to the supreme bench by a plurality of about 30,000. The World-Herald says: "Returns indicate that Letton is elected judge over Hastings by a plurality of about 19,000."

RESULT IN COOK COUNTY

Republicans Make a Clean Sweep of the Election in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—The Republicans made a clean sweep of the election in Chicago and Cook county, electing all of their candidates, with the exception of one man. The sole Democrat to reach the promised land was Webb, a candidate for trustee of the sanitary district.

The Republicans elected four judges of the superior court by pluralities ranging from 20,000 to 25,000, one judge to fill a vacancy on the bench of the superior court by a plurality of about 1,000, a judge of the circuit court by 10,000, and eight out of nine members of the board of sanitary trustees by pluralities ranging from 1,000 to 5,000. A strong fight was waged for the presidency of the board of trustees between McCormick, the Republican candidate, and Wenter, the Democratic nominee. McCormick was successful by about 4,000, and Wenter failed to gain a position as a member of the board by at least 1,000 votes. The race between Webb, the high man on the Democratic ticket, and Baker, the low man on the Republican side, was very close, with the chances in favor of Webb.

A number of important questions were up for consideration by the voters and all of them were carried by large majorities. They included an amendment to the charter of the city by virtue of which the term of the mayor of the city is lengthened from two to four years, the abolishment of the present system of justice courts, the creation of a forest reserve in Cook county, the right of the city to regulate the prices of gas, and authority to operate an electric light plant and sell to private consumers all of the current not used for municipal purposes.

Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 8.—Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, the Republican candidate, was elected governor of Massachusetts in the state election by a plurality of 29,435 over General Charles W. Bartlett of Boston, the Democratic candidate. For the second place on the ticket, for which there was an unusually warm contest, Eben S. Draper of Hopkinton, the Republican candidate, won over Henry M. Whitney of Brookline, his Democratic opponent, and the leading advocate of reciprocity, by a plurality of 3,942. The Republicans also elected seven of the eight members of the executive council, and the usual large majority in both branches of the legislature.

Schmitz Re-elected Mayor of Frisco. San Francisco, Nov. 8.—For the third consecutive time Eugene E. Schmitz, the Union Labor candidate, was re-elected mayor by a majority of at least 15,000 over John S. Partridge, the joint nominee of the Republicans and Democratic parties.

In addition to Mayor Schmitz, the Union Labor party has elected its entire municipal ticket by a majority ranging from 19,000 to 15,000. Voting machines were used for the first time in both the precincts. Very little scratching was done.

REFORM IN PHILADELPHIA

CITY PARTY HAS MAJORITY OF OVER SIXTY THOUSAND.

LANDSLIDE IN PENNSYLVANIA

Democratic Candidate for State Treasurer Wins in Republican Stronghold—Plurality Estimated at One Hundred Thousand Votes.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—Philadelphia has been swept by the reform movement, the city party ticket winning by a surprisingly large plurality. Returns indicate the defeat of the Republican local ticket by from 60,000 to 75,000 plurality.

The victory of the city party carries with it the election of William H. Berry, the Democratic and reform candidate for state treasurer. J. Lee Plummer, the Republican candidate for that office, was badly cut through out the city and state, and he lost his own county, which is usually Republican. The result has every appearance of a landslide for reform, not only in Philadelphia, but throughout the state.

Estimates from possibly every county in the state indicate the election of Berry (Dem.) for state treasurer, by from 75,000 to 100,000 plurality. Official returns will probably increase the figures.

United States Senator Penrose's ward, the Eighth, which gave over 4,000 Republican majority last year, was carried by the city party by 50 majority. Berry, Democrat for state treasurer, had 52 plurality in the ward.

Returns show that the Republicans carried only a few wards, and these were held by narrow margins. One year ago President Roosevelt carried the city by 189,831 plurality. None of the Republican leaders had much to say on the result. The city party sympathizers celebrated their victory by parading the streets. As soon as the result was definitely known, hundreds of them formed in line and marched down Chestnut street. An unusual turnout was that of the campaign committee of the city party made up of some of the wealthiest and most influential people in the city. They marched behind a band to the tune, "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

State treasurer was the only office for which there was a contest at the election in Pennsylvania. Judge John W. Stewart, an appointee of Governor Pennypacker, was re-elected Associate Judge of the supreme court for the full term of twenty-one years. Judge Charles E. Rice and Judges George B. Orady and James A. Beaver of the superior court were elected for a term of ten years. John B. Head (Dem.) was elected a superior court judge, to succeed Judge Peter P. Smith, the minority member of that body, who failed of renomination.

Maryland. Baltimore, Nov. 8.—The election in Maryland was for a state comptroller, legislature and county officers, and in Baltimore for a judge of the supreme court, sheriff, city clerk and surveyor. The issue which engrossed popular attention was a proposed constitutional amendment, the avowed purpose of which was to disfranchise negro voters, but which aroused widespread opposition among many Democratic voters. The returns make certain the defeat of the proposed constitutional amendment by a decisive majority of 20,000 or more, and the election of McCullough (Rep.), state comptroller, over Atkinson (Dem.), and the election of Republicans in three out of four of the city legislative districts. The Republican candidates for sheriff, city court clerk and city surveyor in Baltimore are also elected. Chief Justice Harlan (Dem.) is re-elected by 10,000 majority. The political complexion of the next legislature is uncertain and will not be known until the official count has been completed.

The body of Miss Emily Ensign of Youngstown, O., a member of the freshman class at Vassar college, was found in the college lake.

Louis Parker Wins Will Case. Beatrice, Neb., Nov. 8.—The jury in the Parker will case returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, Louis Parker.

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RESULT IN NEW YORK CITY

M'CLELLAN HAS PLURALITY OF ABOUT THREE THOUSAND.

HEARST ANNOUNCES CONTEST

Municipal Ownership Candidate Does Not Admit Defeat—Jerome Elected District Attorney by Three Thousand—Analysis of Vote.

New York, Nov. 8.—Complete but unofficial returns at noon today give McClellan a plurality of 3,485 over Hearst.

New York, Nov. 8.—Returns this morning are complete in greater New York in the mayoralty contest, with the exception of fifty-one election districts scattered through the city. The vote on these returns gives McClellan (Dem.), 221,815; Hearst (municipal ownership), 218,337; Ivins (Rep.), 132,317; a plurality for McClellan of 3,485. Returns for district attorney give Jerome (Ind.), 191,587; Osborne (Dem.), 190,220; Shearn (municipal ownership), 55,949; Flammer (Rep.), 129,774, making Jerome's plurality 1,277.

Jerome's triumph was almost entirely a personal one, and showed that an appeal may be made successfully to voters on the strength of personal honesty and persistent, systematic denunciation of graft and political bossism. Mr. Jerome's campaign was conducted with special opposition to Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and his reputed wealth, and the result practically is a defeat for Murphy as well as for Osborne.

The following statement was issued by W. R. Hearst: "We have won this election. All Tammany's frauds, all Tammany's corruption, all Tammany's intimidation and violence, all Tammany's false registration, illegal voting and dishonest count, have not been able to overcome a great popular majority. The recount will show that we have won the election by many thousands of votes. I shall fight this to the end, in behalf of the people, who cast their votes for me and who shall not be disfranchised by any effort of criminal bosses."

An analysis of the vote for mayor shows that Hearst polled a little more than 200,000 votes, and that apparently these votes were drawn almost equally from the Democratic and Republican parties. McClellan's vote this year was about 11,000 smaller than his vote of two years ago, while Ivins' vote was about 25,000 smaller than Low's vote of two years ago. These figures, however, may not be entirely accurate, in view of the fact that a number of Republicans voted for McClellan in order to aid in the defeat of Hearst. Hearst's large vote shows that the Municipal Ownership League must be reckoned with as a factor in the city's politics. Coler's election as the president of the borough of Brooklyn gives the league representation on the board of estimate and apportionment, which has control of the city expenditures. It is estimated that this board will direct the outlay of \$900,000,000 during the next four years.

The weather was ideal, aiding greatly in the polling of a large vote. There was little disorder, and although many arrests were made, they frequently were due to misunderstanding or clerical errors, and only a few men were held for trial. More splitting of tickets was done probably than ever before, yet the voting was unusually rapid. An incident of the day was the desertion of several hundred of Mr. Hearst's poll watchers, who went over to the opposition.

Indiana. Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—Returns from 58 cities in Indiana indicate that the Republicans have been victorious in 26 and the Democrats in 20. The tickets named by the citizens' organizations carried in ten municipalities. The elections in many cities developed surprises, chief among which was the defeat of the Republican tickets at Evansville and Richmond. Mayor Bidaman, candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket at Terre Haute, was defeated by James H. Lyons (Dem.), who conducted his campaign on the issue of municipal ownership.

The early reports, though very meager, were so strongly in favor of Pattison that his election was but a foregone conclusion in many of the extras, but as fuller returns came in showing reduced ratio of gains the Republicans became more hopeful and the Democrats refused to give out any statements, although they still maintained that they had gained a notable victory.

Virginia. Richmond, Nov. 8.—Claude E. Swanson (Dem.) was elected governor of Virginia by about 20,000 plurality over Judge L. L. Lewis, the Republican candidate. The vote everywhere was exceedingly light, but Democratic apathy was offset by unfavorable conditions on the other side. The negroes throughout the state abstained from voting almost entirely. The Republicans gain a few members of the legislature.

STRAW HATS IN WINTER.

New York Man Will Wear One All Winter For Baldness.

Dr. J. Conger Bryan of this city has a radical cure for baldness, and in order to show the benefits of it he goes about the streets of the city every day with the remedy in plain sight,

says a New York dispatch. It is a straw hat. When Dr. Bryan meets a doubter he promptly doffs his summery topee, displays a thick head of hair that is fast turning white, and says proudly: "My straw hat grew this hair, and I can prove it." Dr. Bryan believes his remedy for baldness should be worn the year round. When the mercury crawls down around the zero mark, Dr. Bryan promises to make Fifth avenue and Broadway sit up and take notice of him this winter.

Mrs. Wantz is Injured.

Ainsworth, Neb., Nov. 6.—Special to The News: Last evening Peter Wantz and wife were driving home from town late when one of the horses lost its bridle and became unmanageable. The team ran away, upset the buggy and threw Mrs. Wantz upon her head. For some time she was supposed to be dead but today she is getting along all right. Mr. Wantz is the wealthiest ranchman in the county.

HE LEFT AMERICAN SOIL

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SMASHED ALL PRECEDENTS ON TRIP.

WAS TWENTY-FIVE MILES OUT

Technically, it is Claimed by the Experts, the President Was Not Outside United States Territory Because He Trod a Man of War.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The old theory that the president of the United States is barred from going outside the country has received a good deal of a jolt, now that President Roosevelt has made the trip from New Orleans to the mouth of Chesapeake bay by warship. At times the boat was considerably farther away from shore than the three miles which measure the jurisdiction of this country on the water, and this was especially the case during the heavy gale which blew while the West Virginia was coming up the coast off the Carolinas. The situation demanded that the vessels take to the open water to avoid the shoals, and at one time it is said that they were easily twenty-five miles from land.

Technically, it is claimed by the experts, the president was not outside the jurisdiction of the country, since he was treading the deck of an American man of war, and was thus, strictly speaking, not on foreign territory; but the old precedent dies hard, and many people in this city say the president had no business to make this trip by sea, and that when he made it he ran counter to the unwritten law of the country, and perhaps to its written law also.

Commander of Navy.

The reply to this objection is that the president is the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, which position gives him the right, when he so desires, to assume in person the active direction of the forces, either on land or sea. Obviously, he could not exercise this right on the sea without going outside the country, and so the constitutional experts claim that the makers of the constitution never intended to put into that instrument anything which would render it out of the question for the president, at will, to go aboard a war vessel, and direct the movements of a fleet, whether in American waters or on the high seas.

Roosevelt Luck.

President Roosevelt's proverbial luck followed him during his southern trip. He came within an ace of a serious accident when he was being conveyed to the West Virginia at New Orleans, and coming by the Carolina capes and shoals a terrific gale began to blow, compelling the squadron to turn out the high seas.

In New Orleans he ran the risk of yellow fever contagion, and whether the risk was small or great, the fact that he ran it at all caused many of his friends to be anxious. But he has escaped without hurt, and when he stepped off the Dolphin at the Washington navy-yard he looked as trim and fine as he ever looked in all his life, and showed by his every movement that the trip had done him much good physically.

It is now his plan to settle down and be president without taking any more trips. The recent visit to the old south took him through the remaining states which he had not seen while president, and thus rounded out his national itinerary.

His Narrow Escapes.

President Roosevelt, it will be remembered, had a narrow escape from serious accident while riding in a coach through Massachusetts a few years ago. Secret Service Officer Craig who was in the same coach with him, was instantly killed, and several others of the occupants were more or less severely injured; but the president escaped without a scratch.

His horseback experiences on the country roads about Washington have been thrilling. Once his horse fell while jumping a fence, and came near pinning him to the ground. At another time he was almost run down by an automobile while making a sharp turn on one of the country roads in the Chevy Chase neighborhood. And on still another occasion he was on a fractious horse which seemed determined to jump off a bridge with him. His escorts on all these occasions trembled for his safety, and he was the only person in the party, each time, who apparently did not recognize the immediate presence of danger.