

THE NORFOLK NEWS

W. N. HUSE, Publisher.

DAIly. [Established 1857.] Every day except Sunday. By carrier per week, 15 cents. By Norfolk postoffice delivery, per year, \$1.00. By mail on rural routes and outside of Norfolk, per year, \$2.00.

WEEKLY NEWS-JOURNAL. The News, Established, 1851. The Journal, Established, 1877. Every Friday. By mail per year, \$1.50.

Entered at the postoffice at Norfolk, Neb., as second class matter.

Telephone: Editorial Department, No. 22. Business Office and Job Rooms, No. 22.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- National. For President—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, New York For Vice President—CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS, Indiana For Senator From Nebraska—E. J. BURKE, Lincoln For Presidential Electors—F. A. BARTON, Pawnee. A. C. SMITH, Douglas. A. C. ARBON, Dodge. T. L. NORVAL, Seward. W. P. HALL, Phelps. M. A. BROWN, Buffalo. H. H. WILSON, Lancaster. J. C. ROBINSON, Douglas. For Governor—J. H. MCKEY, Oconto. For Lieutenant Governor—E. G. MCGILTON, Omaha. For Secretary of State—A. GALUSHA, Red Cloud. For Auditor—E. M. SEARLE, Jr., Ogallala. For Treasurer—PETER MORTENSEN, Ord. For Superintendent—J. L. MERRIN, Geneva. For Attorney General—NORRIS BROWN, Kearney. For Land Commissioner—H. M. EATON, Fremont. Congressional. For Congressman Third District—J. J. MCCARTHY, Ponca.

Republicans County Convention. To the Republican electors of Madison county, Nebraska. Notice is hereby given that a Republican delegate convention of the Republican electors of Madison county, Nebraska, will be held at Madison, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 14th day of September, 1904, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of placing in nomination one candidate for the office of county attorney, one candidate for representative to the state legislature, and one candidate for county commissioner from the Third commissioner district, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. The several voting precincts are entitled to the following representation: Battle Creek 7, Burnett 9, Deer Creek 14, Shell Creek 9, Emerick 6, Fairview 3, Grove 4, Green Garden 3, Highland 5, Kalamazoo 4, Madison City 12, Madison Precinct 5, Meadow Grove 7, Norfolk 7. First Ward 7, Second Ward 10, Third Ward 14, Fourth Ward 4, Outside 8, Schoolcraft 3, Union 7, Valley 5, Warnerville 6. Total 145.

It is further recommended by the committee that the primaries for the selection of the delegates from the various precincts be held not later Monday, September 12, 1904.

Witness our hands this 20th day of August, 1904, at Norfolk, Nebraska. S. R. McFARLAND, Chairman. JACK KOENIGSTEIN, Secretary.

After the fairs are over politics should certainly be given a chance.

Some democrats should provide a means for leveling the Hill in the way of that party's success.

Just two months from tomorrow the votes will be cast that will place Roosevelt in the presidential chair for another four years.

Dave Hill may be retiring at 61 for fear that when he gets old and feeble like Mr. Davis, his party might thrust the vice presidential nomination upon him.

About the time it was thought that some political interest might develop the school boy and school girl come along and demand the center of the stage—and get it.

It would be a great piece of war news if the leaders of both sides would divulge the number of men and officers placed out of action since the conflict at Liao Yang started.

If David Bennett Hill had only announced his retirement from politics when people seemed to think he was retired Judge Parker might have stood a better chance of an election.

Since the visit of Senator Fairbanks to Kansas there has sprouted a boom in that state for his nomination to the presidency in 1908. They like him in Kansas and think first place none too good.

Norfolk has a circus and a baseball tournament on for September, while there are an abundance of amusement events on in various parts of this section to interest the people between waits.

The Sioux City Journal thinks that when the babies named "Alton B." arrive at the age when they begin to question one of their first will be to learn the identity of the gentleman after whom they were named.

The democrats in a brutally republican Iowa district have induced a man by the name of Green to make the race for congress, and he will need to depend on his name for an excuse for accepting.

The fusionists do not like to admit that Nebraska is as certainly in the Roosevelt column as though the votes have been counted, but they know it to be true, and are not offering

any money that it is likely to be any other way.

The time is almost past when the democrats can reasonably expect a drouth to come to their assistance, and with the aid of the strikers produce a dissatisfaction that might result in a desire on the part of the public to change the administration.

The refusal of Judge Parker to make any speeches this campaign is an indication that it has been suggested to him that Dave Hill was abundantly capable and willing to do all the talking for the party and especially for the candidate, that is necessary.

The newspapers that pretend to give birdseye views of the battlefields at Liao Yang do not agree in all the essential particulars, which leads readers to wonder which camera is at fault and which is right. Perhaps they were taken at such a distance from the scene of action that none are reliable.

It is suggested that if Mr. Parker were elected he might be willing to include the negroes of the south in his independence program. Charity begins at home, and it would not look well to give something to a people way across the ocean that he refused to a better class of people right in the country that the judge aspires to govern.

To the people living in town or country where there are no labor organizations, labor day is not different from the others and is what its name indicates—a day of labor. The banks are about the only institutions that observe the holiday, and the person who envies the banker is inclined to look upon his vocation as one continual round of holidays anyway.

A Sioux City man who sells shoe strings, and presidential badges on the side, claims to have sold 300 Roosevelt and Fairbanks badges, and but four of the Parker and Davis type. It is not considered that that portion of Iowa will go republican quite that strong, but it is judged that it is a straw to indicate the sentiment.

A democrat has figured out 256 electoral votes for Parker and but 210 for Roosevelt. Those whose humor is sufficiently developed to see the point of the joke are wondering why he didn't make it a good one. To take Parker into office, the dealer in election figures has taken in half of the Iowa electoral vote. He might just as well have had them all—at this date.

It is sometimes tough to be a candidate, as Judge Parker is undoubtedly willing to admit. He and his wife had their trunks all packed for a trip to the St. Louis exposition when the judge was informed that it would not be politic for him to go to St. Louis, and now it is said that he will not leave Rosemont during the balance of the campaign, nor will he make any speeches. There is sympathy for him in the hearts of some and this inspires The News to suggest that he might slip out "incog" and have a good time while his political monitors are away or asleep.

With Dave Hill arranging things at the democratic convention and taking a leading part in the affairs of his party since, there is no one high enough in his party to call him off, and he will probably continue to furnish inspiration to his friends, the enemy, until the polls close two months hence. He has undoubtedly anticipated that this is the last time he will lead his party in the merry whirl of politics and announced his determination to retire in advance, so that no bridge would be left over which he might retreat. He is determined to make or break the party, and to the man up the tree it looks very much like a break.

Director Loveland says that the average date for killing frost in Nebraska is October 8 as the experience of twenty years of observation, and that the earliest frost in that time was September 12, 1902. It will be well for the people in this section of the state to know that this average is based on the portion of the state south of the Platte quite largely, and at almost any time now when the wind blows chilly from the north they will be justified in making preparations to prevent damage by a killing frost. It usually comes in this section about the middle of the month and the corn that is not out of the way by that time might better be in the shock where it will cure into good fodder.

If the girls of the present generation are butting in to the young men's field of endeavor, the following from the Minneapolis Journal will indicate that the young man may occasionally take honors in the young ladies' sphere: "A young man who lives in Minneapolis has beaten the girls of the northwest at their own game. He has taken the first prize at the fair for 'fancy work,' a term which includes all kinds of tidies and dollies, and centerpieces, and pin cushions, and embroidery and every other kind of dainty work with the needle. There is an element of retribution in this. The girls have been beating the boys in school and in the university, and taking their jobs away from them in all kinds of business—it serves them right to have a boy get even with them on their own ground and beat them all hollow at their own game."

The democrats in Vermont must have intended the same kind of victory that has been Kuropatkin's in the far east.

The people will have about two months in which to observe the "straws" then the real thing will be handed down.

When Kuropatkin figured on luring the Japanese to the north it is possible that he had no idea that his bait would attract so many of them.

This is a great and growing season for Nebraska and the northeast portion is getting a just share of the enviable reputation for good crops.

Four of Nebraska's principal crops brought to the state last year \$148,940,445, or \$137.40 for every man, woman and child in the state.

Mr. Hill would not have been likely to make such an announcement if there had been any chance for a cabinet position in sight.

The luring program of the Russians is still being practiced in Manchuria. Perhaps the Japs will be enticed clear into St. Petersburg and locked in the city jail before the game is played.

The time is about here when Nebraska will roll into her corn eribs that crop that will make the eyes of the balance of the world stick out with envy. The people here have the best state in the union and they know it.

Secretary Taft has designated the democratic party as "organized incapacity," but to the onlooker of their campaign the question of dropping the "organized" part of the description becomes an open one.

According to the figures of Commissioner Bush, Nebraska did something handsome in the way of crop production last year, but if nothing happens to the corn crop this year the figures will be at least duplicated and perhaps a better showing made.

Only two months more until President Roosevelt is elected for another term, then the democrats will know just how much they have lost by turning down Mr. Bryan who had ideas and policies, and substituted Judge Parker, who is perfectly willing to permit others to think and speak for him.

Nebraska is turning out bumper crops with commendable regularity, and the farmers and other people of the state are reaping profits that are paying them handsomely. The thing to do for those in eastern states who are not accumulating a fair share is to come to Nebraska and take a hand. There is room and opportunity for all.

If Dave Hill was only permitted to allow his statements to go unchallenged he might have much better success in stirring up campaign thunder for his candidate, but unfortunately there are a number of "buntinskys" in the republican party who will attempt to hold him down to facts and a grade of argument that will not be agreeable.

The national committee has arranged for five speaking dates in Nebraska for Speaker "Uncle Joe" Cannon and the task of the state committee will be to reduce to five the great number of places that would like to hear him talk. Norfolk should certainly draw one of them, and would be well pleased to play the host for the well known statesman.

Before the democratic prognosticator gets to work at telling by how much and how Judge Parker is to sweep the country, the brakes should be applied to David B. Hill, to give them a little touch of consistency. This should not be a handicap race, the opposition to President Roosevelt need a straight-away and clear track if they are to be anywhere in sight at the finish.

Neligh and Tilden are this week entertaining the people of northeast Nebraska and those who visit either place will undoubtedly find the program well worth while. They are both wideawake towns and intent on attracting the attention of the public for a few days. They will undoubtedly reap advertisement and honor and the people attending will reap satisfaction and amusement in the attractions offered.

When Mr. Hill as leader of the democratic campaign, starts the ball to going by stating what is not true of the president, it is to be expected that the smaller fry will follow suit and a campaign of falsehood will not be unexpected by the republicans though it is realized that this will be the easiest sort of argument to fight against, and it will as in the past, work more to the injury of the democrats than to the hurt of the republicans.

The Russians are in a fair way to equalize distances from base of supplies and reserves with the Japanese, and may be able to defeat them when they have them where they want them, provided the Japanese do not get them in the process. A great deal depends on the swiftness with which the Japanese can move. It is certain also, that the further north and west the Russians move, the more of the disputed territory comes under the

control of the Japanese forces, and the only question is whether they can hold out long enough to drive the Russians entirely beyond the borders of Manchuria.

The Vermont and Arkansas elections may give an indication of political drift on national affairs, but there is not a positive indication of the tide of things political as there may be state questions that would overshadow anything of a national nature and as both were purely state elections the local questions would undoubtedly cut quite a figure. There are many in both parties who will not permit themselves to be influenced in opinion one way or another by the returns from these two states, one of which is hopelessly democratic, anyway, and the other as positively republican.

The democrats are astonished at the way Chairman Cortelyou starts in to do things to them and keeps on doing them. The Roosevelt strenuousness in evidence in the campaign of four years ago is now eliminated but there is a very faithful reflection of it in the activities brought about under the direction of the new chairman who is accomplishing wonders in the face of discouraging obstacles. He has been associated with the president so long that he has become just such a worker as the president himself and is having a vital influence on the campaign that cannot be minimized.

The way the editors have been influencing the action of Parker and the influence taken by Mr. Hill in promoting his campaign are indications that the democratic candidate is not a leader. He may possibly be exerting an influence in the campaign, but it is unrecognized. With Roosevelt, it is different. The president has established his ability to lead in national affairs and his retirement to the back ground in the present contest cannot work against him. Judge Parker has no such record and his subordination is unfavorably interpreted by the voters who seek a leader rather than a follower of other leaders.

Those who have been telling that with the new arms of modern nations opposing armies would wipe each other from the face of the map when they were still many rods apart may be surprised to learn of the Japanese and Russians coming in hand to hand combat and using bayonets and swords in the present conflict, but they did find accomplished considerable execution with cold steel. The time when opposing armies cannot approach closer than a mile of each other without suffering annihilation, has evidently not yet arrived except in the imagination of builders of fairy tales.

The Russian authorities give it out that the plan of Kuropatkin in evacuating Liao Yang, marching on to Mukden and passing on through that city was premeditated, prearranged and a carefully planned plot against the Japanese aggressors, but the intelligent Russians are not grasping the intelligence with the same eagerness they did when that sort of thing was fresh and new from the war office. They are skeptical and rather inclined to doubt the necessity of all these movements to whip the Japs. What they have wanted and never received is news of a genuine victory for the Russian arms by land or sea, but that has persistently evaded them and the subterfuge of the war and naval officers no longer fill in with the satisfying manner they once possessed.

TWO LIES NAILED.

The days of the campaign lie are upon us. President Roosevelt, who seems to be the one issue of the campaign, has already been the target for two baseless canards, and the hostilities are only beginning.

David B. Hill made the direct assertion, with circumstantial exactness, that when Roosevelt assumed the presidency after the death of McKinley, he then pledged himself not to be a candidate. On this showing he made his famous break, calling the president a "fraud." The Hill story has been nailed by Secretary Wilson as a plain lie. The secretary was present at the occasion referred to, and says that Roosevelt made no remark that could be tortured into such a construction.

Then came the Morgan story, also sent out by the New York papers hostile to Roosevelt, with every appearance of newspaper exactness. It told of a visit paid by J. Pierpont Morgan to Oyster Bay, and a long tete-a-tete, at which they reached an understanding and all past differences were patched up. The inference was that the president gave assurances that he would relax his campaign against the trusts.

Now comes Secretary Loeb with an absolute denial of the whole story. "Neither Mr. Morgan nor any representative of Mr. Morgan has seen the president," says Mr. Loeb, "or communicated with him directly or indirectly at Oyster Bay or anywhere else."

That leaves no ground for the Morgan story to stand on. Doubtless the fabricators hoped it would prove a "good enough Morgan till after election," but the prompt denial makes it necessary for them to produce proof, or keep still. Many sincere friends of Roosevelt were a little alarmed at the story, and will be gratified to know that it has absolutely no foundation in fact.—Minneapolis Journal.

If it is true that anything above a 25,000 majority in the Vermont election would show well for the republican national ticket, Roosevelt and Fairbanks are about 8,000 votes to the good in the race.

Hill and Belmont and Wall street are evidently finding it more of a task to swing the people toward the support of the democratic ticket than was the job of swinging the democratic convention toward their preferred candidate.

James K. Jones has been employed by the democratic national committee in an advisory capacity, but there is as yet no evidence that they wished him particularly to give election forecasts to the people favorable to the democratic cause.

Mr. Bryan may consent to speak for the democrats, but it may be believed that a rousing republican victory will not warm the heart of any democrat as much as his. He argued that the party was in the wrong at St. Louis and naturally looks to the public to sustain his contention.

If the Russians and Japanese do not soon resume business at the old stand and furnish some readable war news the fellows in South America will have forged to the front in the estimation of readers of war intelligence and the far easter belligerents will be compelled to put up a strong fight for the place they have been neglecting.

According to the war reports from Manchuria the Russians are expected to arrive at Mukden today; they have reached Mukden; they passed through Mukden yesterday and have abandoned that point. It is up to the reader to believe whatever of the intelligence he desires, but it is somewhat confusing to the strategist who desires the real facts to figure out just where the Russians are.

The average per capita deposited in Nebraska is \$95.84, which means that every man, woman and child should have that amount of money on deposit if he had his share of the wealth of Nebraska but there are those who have more and others less. Anyway it is in the state and the ambitious person can assuredly accumulate his share if he sets about it.

In 1899 the fusion plurality in Nebraska was above 15,000, but it rapidly dwindled and at the next election the state went republican by a plurality of 861. In 1901, the republican majority was above 12,000 and the prospects are that this year it will be greatly increased, if not doubled. Anyway the fusionists who are not claiming much are among the wise ones of the state.

It is presumed that about the time the people begin to feel good over the settlement of the stockyards strike in the packing house centers, the word will come that everything is off and the strike is more active than ever. That has been the experience up to the present time, and there are many readers who will await the official statements of the striker leaders and packers before they will believe that the end of the battle is in sight.

The slowness with which the war news comes and its unsatisfactory character after it reaches the public, incline a person to the belief that the censors are saving the best part of it for the writers of histories or historical novels. Enough is permitted to sift through to spur on the interest that should make the business of the publishers and book agents lively when they are able to get at the facts and get them in the hands of the printers.

The Nebraska fusionists have made a sort of attempt to get in line with the new condition of affairs in their party which is shown by the adoption of the gold standard and other matters tending to lend to things imperialistic and plutocratic. They have opened headquarters in Lincoln at the Royal hotel, and if that does not serve to queer the "great common people" of the state, \$500 blooded heifers and other incidents cannot be expected to phase them.

If the Japanese are not soon successful in heading the Russians they will be led on to Harbin and perhaps after that to St. Petersburg. Kuropatkin is evidently not desirous of meeting the enemy again, and will need to be driven to desperate straits if he does not get his men as near home as possible. If the Japs succeed in driving him out of Manchuria and then fix themselves to prevent his re-entering the disputed territory, their work will have been well done.

The war in the far east is now a race between the opposing forces for Mukden, with the Russians apparently in the lead. The supposition is that when the Moscovites get to that base of operations there will be another battle like that at Liao Yang and other towns that they have been forced to evacuate by the aggressive Japanese. The Japs are evidently determined to do what they can to their big foe in the shortest possible time and give them no further chance for rest and recuperation and drill of reinforcements.

It is now said that the populists hope to show a greater vote for their presidential electors in Nebraska than the democrats for their's and in

this way give a basis for influence that must be recognized by the democrats in the future. With the years of fusion that have passed the democrats have been inclined to belittle the populist strength thinking that they had been almost entirely absorbed by the democrats, but now the populists have an opportunity to show just what their strength is and propose to make it a good one.

How's This.

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's family pills for constipation.

The Stomach is the Man.

A weak stomach weakens the man, because it cannot transform the food he eats into nourishment. Health and strength cannot be restored to any sick man or weak woman without first restoring health and strength to the stomach. A weak stomach cannot digest enough food to feed the tissues and revive the tired and run down limbs and organs of the body. Kodol Dyspepsia cure digests what you eat, cleanses and strengthens the glands and membranes of the stomach, and cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Sold by Asa K. Leonard.

Pink cheeks and golden hair. Blue eyes full of glee; The secret of her prettiness, Is Rocky Mountain Tea. The Klesau Drug Company.

From 148 to 92 Pounds.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by Asa K. Leonard.

Makes rich, red blood, and muscles more rapidly than any known remedy. That's what's Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. The Klesau Drug Company.

What's in a Name?

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co., of Chicago, discovered some years ago how to make a salve from witch hazel that is a specific for piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases, DeWitt's salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Sold by Asa K. Leonard.

A Power for Good.

The pills that are potent in their action and pleasant in effect are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. S. Philpot of Albany, Ga., says: "During a bilious attack I took one. Small as it was it did me more good than calomel, blue mass or any other pill I ever took and at the same time the effect was pleasant. Little Early Risers are certainly an ideal pill." Sold by Asa K. Leonard.

S. J. Sampson, Newport—Our daughter was pale and sickly. Gave her Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Now she's rosy cheeked, healthy and happy. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. The Klesau Drug Company.

ONLY \$21.00 PER ACRE

INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS. A beautiful level stock and dairy farm of 480 acres in Wisconsin, on the main line of the Northwestern railway, and on a main traveled highway; 100 miles from the Twin cities and 6 miles from good town of 1,200 people.

It almost surrounds a fine deep lake, a mile and one-half long and half a mile wide; fine wells and several fine springs; nearly all fenced with barbed wire and 350 rods of woven wire five feet high.

100 acres cleared of timber, broken and mostly seeded to clover and timothy; plenty of fine timber and no cut-over land.

Barn 38x48, 16 feet high; house 16x24, 14 feet high, and 10x24, 7 feet high; all plastered and finished; fine stone cellar; good granary, stables, chicken house, hog house and sheds.

With the farm goes the following: \$75 worth of tame grass seed for sowing, good team of young horses and harness, 25 head of young cows, 15 fine calves, 1 full-blooded Shorthorn bull, 7 full-blooded Poland China hogs; pure-bred turkeys and chickens, 80 tons of fine clover and timothy hay in stack, second crop cut; 15 acres of oats and 10 acres of fodder corn.

Also the following implements: New Deering binder, mower and rake, two fine wagons, one platform buggy, seeder, plow, harrow, corn drill, corn cultivator, bobbeds and numerous small tools. No such bargain has been offered in years. \$21 per acre takes everything on your own time and terms. ASHLEY COFFMAN, 401 Andrus Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.