

## GIANT POWDER EXPLODES.

### Carload Breaks Away and Crashes Into a Freight.

### FOUR PERSONS WERE KILLED.

Engine and Cars are Piled up in a Mass of Wreckage—Ground is Shaken for Miles Around the Scene of the Disaster.

Winfield, Kan., Sept. 11.—Special to The News: A carload of giant powder broke loose at this place this morning and run down a grade where it crashed into a freight train. The shock of the collision exploded the powder, demolishing the engine and several cars.

Four persons were killed. An immense hole was torn in the ground and the shock of the explosion was felt for miles around.

### LAUNCH MARYLAND TOMORROW.

New Armored Cruiser to be Given Initial Dip at Newport News.

Newport News, Va., Sept. 11.—Special to The News: Everything is in readiness at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company for the launching tomorrow of the fifteen thousand ton armored cruiser Maryland. It will be a gala day at the yards and a large attendance of visitors is expected from Baltimore and other Maryland points and also a delegation of public men from Washington. The christening ceremony is to be performed by Miss Jennie Scott Waters, daughter of General and Mrs. Francis E. Waters of Baltimore.

### MINE CONGRESS RESUMES WORK.

Delegates Begin Discussion of Constitution—Present Officers Satisfactory.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 11.—After a day of sightseeing the American Mining congress resumed its sessions this morning, the first and principal business being the discussion of a constitution and bylaws for the congress.

In regard to the officers of the congress for the ensuing year, there is not expected to be any change in the offices of president or secretary, as it seems to be the general opinion among the members that both President Richards and Secretary Mahon should succeed themselves.

It seems very probable that Portland, Ore., will be named as the next meeting place. The chief event of the day of sightseeing was the stoppage of operations and throwing open for inspection in the afternoon of the various mines and plants of the Homestake company at Lead. This has not been done before in twenty-five years and great numbers of both visitors and residents took advantage of the courtesy, many going into the lower levels of the principal shafts, which have attained a depth of 1,100 feet.

### DOG KEEPS A LONELY VIGIL.

Refuses to Leave Its Dead Mistress and Dies of Starvation.

New York, Sept. 11.—In a gloomy, old-fashioned old street, Brooklyn, the police, who battered down the door, have found the body of Mrs. Margaret May lying on a bed in an upper room. At her feet lay the body of a fox terrier dog. Until recently the old house had been a Mecca for the poor of that quarter. Since the death of Mrs. May's husband, who was quite wealthy, the woman had distributed charity to all who applied.

She had not been seen for at least a month and weeds had grown high in the usually well kept garden where she formerly had spent much time. Finally, alarmed at her non-appearance, the neighbors notified the police and the doors were broken open. The woman had been dead nearly a month, evidently from natural causes, but the little dog had never quitted his vigil and died from starvation.

### WAS SUCCESSFUL THIS TIME.

At Third Attempt, Miss Clark Ends Her Life at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—Miss Isabella Dunn Clark, daughter of the late William Squire Clark, the San Jose millionaire, committed suicide in her apartment at the McNeill hospital early today. On a stool by her side she placed a small gas stove, from which the steadily escaping gas caused death. There was no doubt that the deed had been deliberately planned, for the dead woman was partially disrobed and dressed in a dressing sack, and on a stand nearby was an envelope addressed to Dr. McNeill, and containing a holographic will. The dead woman was one of the four handsome Clark sisters, well known in this city and San Jose and was thirty-two years of age. Miss Clark suffered frequent spells of melancholia and had twice before attempted suicide.

### Brother Cause of Failure.

New York, Sept. 11.—Isidor Michelson, for thirty years a jewelry manufacturer in John street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, showing liabilities of \$53,000 and assets of \$10,000. According to his attorneys, Michelson was forced into bankruptcy through the embezzlement of \$17,000 by a brother whom he employed and trusted implicitly.

## MEETING OF RURAL CARRIERS.

Government Servants Meet to Consider Wages and Other Matters.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: A national convention of rural free delivery carriers, the first meeting of its kind to be held, is in session in this city. The purposes of the gathering are to consider ways and means for improving this branch of the postal service and incidentally the conditions of labor, wages, etc. of those engaged in the work. Delegates are in attendance from Missouri, Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Michigan and a number of other states.

## TERRIFIC GALE IN ENGLAND.

Wind is Creating Havoc to Shipping and it is Supposed that Many Lives Have Been Lost.

London, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: The terrific gale that commenced some hours ago, continues with increasing fury throughout England. There have been many accidents along the shore, and the amount of wreckage being washed ashore by the waves indicates great disaster to shipping.

It is supposed that many lives have been lost, but it is impossible to ascertain results until after the wind abates.

## REVOLUTION BEING PLANNED.

Strong Interests in Panama Will Try to Overthrow Government.

New York, Sept. 11.—Representatives of strong interests on the isthmus of Panama, who make their headquarters in this city, are reported to be considering a plan of action to be undertaken, with men of similar views, in Panama and Colon, to bring about a revolution and form an independent government in Panama, opposed to that in Bogota.

There is much perturbation on the isthmus on account of the failure of the canal treaty, which is ascribed to the authorities at Bogota, and the natives of Panama think it is for their best for a new republic to be formed on the isthmus which may negotiate direct with the United States for a new treaty.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

A new Panama canal treaty probably will be negotiated with the United States directly by President Marroquin.

Edward C. Shevlin, the Minneapolis lumberman, was declared not insane by a Racine court and his release ordered.

Nonunion girl employees of the Berry Candy company, Chicago, were assaulted by women strikers. A riot call was issued for police.

According to official statements from the Yucatan government, there were 128 cases of yellow fever in Merida during the month of August.

Railroads composing the Central Passenger association have decided to discontinue the practice of granting reduced rates for merchants' meetings.

The British government is urged by Sir Norman Lockyer, in an address to spend more money for education if it would compete with the United States and Germany.

The jury in the case of Walter Jackson, charged with the murder of Fannie Bucks, a six-year-old boy at Hamlet, Mont., brought in a verdict of first degree murder.

Dr. Edward C. Rushmore of the Tuxedo colony was fatally injured and Miss Cornelia Herrick, his niece, was instantly killed in an automobile accident at Arden, N. Y.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed by Joseph H. Louison, a large wool manufacturer of Wales and Monson, Mass. The liabilities amount to \$321,963, with assets of \$316,617.

Della Walton, a young woman of Aurora, Ill., attempted to kill Ernest Berry and then shot and killed herself. The girl had for some time insisted that Berry marry her and he had refused.

Hugh H. Price, surveyor general of Arizona, has been removed from office for receiving illegal fees for expediting work in the office. Frank S. Ingalls of Yuma has been appointed surveyor general in Price's place.

At the closing session of the National Wholesale Druggists' association at Boston resolutions were adopted denouncing "cut rate" druggists and urging wholesalers to co-operate in abolishing the feature of trade objected to.

Bank robbers broke into the bank of Downs, Wash., and blew the doors off the safe. The explosion was so great that the heavy safe fell forward on the floor. The robbers were unable to raise it to get at its contents and left without their booty.

## FINE CIGARS DISAPPEAR.

Fifty Thousand Taken from the Pennsylvania Penitentiary Factory at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: Fifty thousand fine cigars have disappeared from the penitentiary here.

The state is investigating the case and hopes to expose those guilty of the theft.

## PRESBYTERIANS TO UNITE.

Moderator Coyle Says That All Branches Will Unite.

### MERGER TO TAKE PLACE SOON.

Movement that Has Been Under Way for Some Time Seems About to Succeed—A Million and a Half Communicants are Concerned.

Denver, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: Moderator Coyle of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, gives out the statement that all Presbyterian churches will soon be united under one general organization. The movement looking toward such a merger has been under way for some time, and the announcement that it is apparently successful will be received with pleasure by Presbyterians in all parts of the country.

At present there are twelve branches of the Presbyterian church, with more than a million and a half communicants. The principal assemblies are those of the Presbyterian church, north, Presbyterian church, south, Cumberland Presbyterians and United Presbyterians. With a merger of these a powerful denomination would be formed, and it is anticipated that much good will result in the growth of the church, temporally and spiritually.

## POWERS GIVEN WARNING.

Bulgaria Can Not Long Remain Neutral—Temper of People Has Become Aroused.

London, Sept. 11.—The temper of the Bulgarian people and government, according to telegrams from Sofia, is rising to danger point. All indications tend to show that however long the government desires to observe a neutral attitude it will be forced ere long by pressure from the people into a formal declaration of sympathy with the Macedonian Christians. Premier Petroff's informal intimation to the diplomats in 1902, that unless some means of restraining Turkey's territorial measures to suppress the uprising in Macedonia will be forced to depart from strict neutrality, is regarded as a warning in this sense to the powers. A committee representing all classes has been organized by the professors of the Sofia universities, and is sitting daily to discuss the matter. Denunciations of Prince Ferdinand are indulged in for his action in dissolving the so-called neutral attitude, which is criticized as treason to the people. Recommendations were submitted to this committee, suggesting the mobilizing of the army against Turkey.

Hitherto promising European intervention and suppressing the details of the Turkish atrocities the government has succeeded in allaying popular indignation, but such temporary expedients can no longer avail and nothing short of international intervention can dispel the storm clouds now fast gathering.

A curious story appears in a Vienna paper that the sheiks of Medina are spreading the report that the Prophet Mahomet rose from his tomb and exclaimed in solemn tones: "Allah save thy people," whereupon the six guardians of the tomb expired from terror. The legend has excited Constantinople and is regarded as an intrigue to compel the Ottoman government to undertake an anti-Christian campaign.

## ATROCITIES AT MONASTIR.

Turkish Soldiers Accused of Rape, Pillage and Murder.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 11.—A European merchant who left Monastir Sept. 8 has given the Associated Press correspondent an account of the terrible conditions prevailing in the vilayet of Monastir. Hilma Pasha is following the lines of his predecessors and the greatest excesses that have ever been committed have happened since his arrival. Throughout the vilayet of Monastir the Turkish soldiers are daily perpetrating almost inconceivable atrocities. They dishonor the young girls in the presence of their parents and pillage and murder everywhere. The informant of the Associated Press says the Christian inhabitants are terror-stricken, hourly fearing a general massacre by the Mussulmans, whose fanatical hatred of the Christians has reached the highest point. The shops are closed in Monastir, business is suspended and the streets are deserted. Even the consuls do not dare to venture outside their homes.

Official reports arriving here are suspiciously reticent, but no doubt exists regarding the terrible barbarities practiced by the Turkish regulars and Bashi-Bazouks on helpless women and children in Macedonia.

Fighting is reported to be taking place near Melnik and another fight is going on in the vilayet of Monastir. At Bukovitz the insurgents surprised a body of Bashi-Bazouks pillaging the village. The latter were attacked and many killed. Near Medisch it is reported that a band, led by Tokakaloff, has defeated a detachment of Turkish troops, who had about sixty killed. Many wounded Turks are arriving at Monastir, filling the district hospitals. The population in the district

of Veles are reported to be in a terrible condition. Nearly all their villages have been plundered and destroyed.

## Situation at Beyroot.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Minister Leishman transmitted to the state department a communication from Consul Ravendal, at Beyroot, in which the latter said the situation there was quieter. Many shops, he said, were still closed, but the people were getting over the scare of Sunday. The text of the dispatch was not made public, but it was explained that this was all the news that it conveyed relative to conditions at Beyroot.

## Leishman Makes a Demand.

Constantinople, Sept. 11.—United States Minister Leishman has presented a demand to the Turkish government for the dismissal of Reshid Pasha, vail of Beyroot, on the ground that so long as he is retained in the office the lives and property of Americans in Beyroot are insecure. The Porte has not yet replied to the demand nor has there been any development in connection with other American claims.

## MURDERS WIFE'S FATHER.

Illinois Man Gives Deadly Vent to His Drunken Frenzy.

Waterloo, Ill., Sept. 11.—William A. Hoffman, a young farm hand living near here, called his father-in-law, Dr. William Brandt, to the door of his house and shot him to death. Then he rode back to his home, told his wife that "he had killed the old bound her father," gave her \$2 which he said he wanted her to spend on the christening of their baby, kissed her and their four children and rode into the woods. "There are two men I must kill before I kill myself," he said to his wife, before leaving.

The family of Dr. Brandt offers a reward of \$200 for Hoffman's capture. Sheriff Rich and a large posse are searching for him. He is heavily armed. Just before killing his father-in-law, he purchased fifty rounds of cartridges. Hoffman is an unscrupulous marksman and the officers believe he was driven to recklessness by whiskey and his imaginary troubles.

## Milwaukee's Kansas City Short Line.

Kansas City, Sept. 11.—The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul has just completed its short line to Chicago from this city, placing it on a parity with other quick service roads. The distance is lessened fifty miles, and two new lines have been constructed, one from Muscatine to Rutledge, Ia., a distance of seventy-five miles, and the other from Ashdale to Thompson, a distance of fourteen miles. Local trains are now running over the new lines and through service will be in operation from Kansas City to Chicago over the short line in a very short time.

## WAYNE MAN STABBED.

Two Tramps Attacked Him in Butte, Mont., Because he Refused Them Money.

Wayne, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: George Purdie, a ranchman living at this place, was stabbed at Butte, Mont., yesterday morning and is now in a hospital in a serious condition, according to a telegram received from that city. He declined to give 25 cents to two tramps and they set upon him. A knife blade entered the breast just to the left of the breast bone, and it is believed penetrated the pleural cavity. Purdie fell to the sidewalk and bled profusely. His condition alarmed his assailants and both tramps fled. Purdie managed to drag himself to the nearest patrol box, where he met a policeman. The police are now in search of the tramps, but at last accounts no arrests had been made.

## SOME PENSION STATISTICS.

Beneficiaries Drop Below the Million Mark.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The annual report of Commissioner of Pensions Ware places the total number of pensioners now on the rolls at 996,545, of which 725,356 are soldiers and 271,185 are widows and dependants. Mr. Ware announces that it is not probable that the pension roll will again cross the million line, the high water mark having been reached a year ago. Five of the pensioners are on the roll on account of the war of the revolution, 1,116 on account of the war of 1812, 4,734 on account of the Indian wars and 13,874 on account of the Mexican war. The average annual value of each pension is now \$153. The total annual value of the Spanish war pension roll has reached \$1,765,310.

## THREE MEN SHOT IN FIGHT.

Trouble Starts Over Effort to Enforce Sunday Law in Ohio Town.

Murray City, O., Sept. 11.—John Mamet, a saloon keeper, was shot by Marshal Surtees, and G. W. Vansickle and William McComb were wounded. Mamet was arrested by the marshal on a charge of keeping his saloon open on Sunday and the saloon men swore vengeance. The men met at Vansickle's saloon and Mamet at once drew his revolver and shot at Surtees, the ball striking him in the wrist. Surtees then fired, killing Mamet. Vansickle was shot in the thigh and McComb in the hand by Mamet, while trying to take the marshal's revolver away from him.

## WAR IN FURNITURE TRADE.

Dealers Object to Hotels Receiving Factory Prices.

### MANUFACTURERS STUBBORN.

The Two Associations May Get Together for a Joint Discussion of the Subject—Retailers Threaten a Boycott Against Manufacturers.

New York, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: Furniture purchases by hotel men are threatening the peace of the furniture trade of the United States. It has been the custom of furniture manufacturers to treat with purchasers of hotels on the basis of wholesale buyers. Retailers have taken formal action to force the manufacturers to consider the hotel men as retailers and quote prices accordingly. While there has for a long time been grumbling by the retailers, the matter has not taken the form of an organized movement until this week, when the National Association of Retail Furniture Dealers sent formal notification to the manufacturers or furniture throughout the United States that any further sales to hotel men at wholesale rates will be considered an "unfriendly act" and treated accordingly.

The manufacturers do not relish what they term the attempted dictation of the retailers and say they will make sales at such prices to hotel men as the trade warrants. On the side of the manufacturers the claim is set up that hotel furniture is, in a measure, a class by itself; that the buyer is not purchasing for his own personal use, or profit, but for the accommodation of the public. That no private individual boys or can be expected to buy on the scale or in the quantity that the hotelman does; that he is to all intents and purposes a wholesale buyer, and in consequence is entitled to the same consideration.

The retailers' association claims that the hotel man purchases for his own use and for his own house; that in affording him wholesale rates the manufacturers are deliberately discriminating against the retailers and taking from the retailers a considerable source of profit; that such action will not be further tolerated, and that the manufacturers who recognize the retailers' rights will receive the bulk of the trade. The situation has assumed so serious a phase that it is now proposed that a meeting of the committees of the National Furniture Manufacturers' association and the National Retail Furniture Dealers' association be held and a thorough discussion of the rates had.

Milwaukee Athletics Win. Milwaukee, Sept. 11.—The Milwaukee Athletics club was an easy winner in the national junior championship of the Amateur Athletic club at the state fair park, taking five first, four seconds and two thirds, making thirty-seven points. The University of Chicago captured second honors, with thirty-two, and the Central Y. M. C. A. of Chicago, third, with twenty points. The muddy condition of the track and field kept many athletes out of the events, thus enabling the local club to win many points through the non-entrance of other clubs. There was much trouble experienced in running off the field events, especially in the jumps. The pole vaulters sank deep into the mud and the broad jumpers were literally covered with mud when they sprawled upon landing. Poague was the biggest winner for the local club. A crowd estimated at 20,000 persons witnessed the contests.

England Claims Islands. London, Sept. 11.—The British foreign office is said to have made representations at Washington anent the recent seizure of two or three islands off the northeast coast of British North Borneo by the United States gunboat Queros. These islands are not connected with those off the coast of Sandakan, capital of British North Borneo, over which the American flag was recently hoisted.

## Baseball Results.

National League—Philadelphia, 3; New York, 5. Pittsburgh, 3; Brooklyn, 2. American League—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 5. Boston, 3; Washington, 0. American Association—St. Paul, 8; Minneapolis, 7. Milwaukee, 2-6; Kansas City, 9-2. Louisville, 7; Columbus, 3. Western League—Kansas City, 8; Colorado Springs, 5. St. Joseph, 3; Denver, 2. Milwaukee, 2; Omaha, 1.

## EFFECTIVE WORK OF FIREMEN.

Save a Hundred Women and Children From Tenement House Blaze With Injury to None.

Long Island City, Sept. 11.—Special to The News: Fire destroyed a six-story tenement house in this city today. One hundred women and children were rescued from the burning structure by the firemen, who worked with energy and caution.

There were many narrow escapes, but not a single person was injured.

## BRANDYWINE ANNIVERSARY.

American Flag First Went Into Battle 126 Years Ago Today.

West Chester, Pa., Sept. 11.—Special to The News: The one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the battle of Brandywine was celebrated today on the battlefield, where on September 11, 1777, for the first time the continental army carried the stars and stripes into battle. The exercises included several orations interspersed with music, and the participants consisted of members of various patriotic orders from Philadelphia and nearby points.

## ORDERED BACK TO WORK.

Mitchell Tells Missouri Miners They are Wrong and That They Have Violated Their Agreement.

Kansas City, Sept. 11.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, after a conference with the mine owners and mine workers of district No. 25, in an effort to settle their differences which caused the strike of 829 miners at Nowinger, Mo., gave an ultimatum to the striking miners in the form of an order for them to go back to work in obedience to the contract of their own representatives with the operators, which contract, Mr. Mitchell says, they have disobeyed by striking, and remain at work until the mine for the coming year, dating from Sept. 1, can be agreed upon. Mr. Mitchell further told the representatives of the strikers that no effort would be made to adjust the scale for the coming year until the men go back to work. President Mitchell ordered the men back to work, not at the request of the operators, but upon his own initiative, because he believes that the miners by striking have violated their agreement with the operators.

## Make Attack on Train Crew.

Marshalltown, Ia., Sept. 11.—P. Anello, an Italian laborer with the Northwestern track gang, while crawling under the cars at the Center street crossing was run over and instantly killed. The wheels passing over his head. His fellow workmen thought the train crew to be blame and made an attack on the engineer and brakeman with drawn knives and revolvers. The engineer was compelled to stop the train, but officers rescued them.

## Fitzsimmons and Coughlin Matched.

New York, Sept. 11.—Robert Fitzsimmons, ex-champion heavyweight of the world, and Con Coughlin, the "Irish Giant," were matched to meet in a six-round bout before the Industrial Athletic club of Philadelphia on the evening of Sept. 25.

## THE MARKETS.

### Yesterday's Quotations.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Corn and wheat were weak the greater part of the session, the former showing a little at the close at a loss of 1/8¢ for December, the latter showing a net loss of 3/8¢ for the same option. Oats ruled strong, December closing 1/2¢ higher, while provisions were up 1/2¢ to 2/8¢. Closing prices: Wheat—Sept., 80 1/2; Dec., 81 1/2; May, 82 1/2. Corn—Sept., 50 1/2; Dec., 50 1/2; May, 50 1/2. Oats—Sept., 37 1/2; Dec., 37 1/2; May, 37 1/2. Pork—Sept., 13 1/2; Oct., 13 1/2; Jan., 13 1/2; May, 13 1/2. Lard—Sept., 30 1/2; Oct., 30 1/2; Dec., 30 1/2; May, 30 1/2. Eggs—Sept., 27 1/2; Oct., 27 1/2; Jan., 27 1/2; May, 27 1/2. Hogs—Sept., 22 1/2; Oct., 22 1/2; Dec., 22 1/2; May, 22 1/2. Cattle—Sept., 10 1/2; Oct., 10 1/2; Dec., 10 1/2; May, 10 1/2. Sheep—Sept., 10 1/2; Oct., 10 1/2; Dec., 10 1/2; May, 10 1/2.

### Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,000, including 1,500 Texas and 200 westerns; active and strong; good to prime steers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; poor to medium, \$4.00 to \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$3.00; cows, \$1.50 to \$2.00; heifers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.00; bulls, \$2.00 to \$2.50; calves, \$2.00 to \$2.50. Texas fed steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; western steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Hogs—Receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 15,000; opened 1/2¢ higher, closed lower; mixed and butchers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; good to choice heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50; rough heavy, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Light, \$3.50 to \$4.00; bulk of sales, \$3.50 to \$4.00. Sheep—Receipts, 24,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; fair to choice mixed, \$2.50 to \$3.00; western sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; native lambs, \$3.50 to \$4.00; western lambs, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

### Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,000; active and firm; choice steers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; fair to good, \$4.00 to \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$3.00; western steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; native cows, \$1.50 to \$2.00; native heifers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.00; bulls, \$2.00 to \$2.50; calves, \$2.00 to \$2.50. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; 15,000; higher; top, \$6.15; bulk of sales, \$5.00 to \$5.50; heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50; packers, \$5.00 to \$5.50; light, \$5.00 to \$5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; steady; native lambs, \$3.50 to \$4.00; western lambs, \$2.50 to \$3.00; fed ewes, \$2.50 to \$3.00; Texas clipped sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

### South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; active and strong; native steers, \$4.00 to \$4.50; cows and heifers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; western steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; Texas steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; western cows and heifers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$2.50; calves, \$2.00 to \$2.50. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; 15,000; higher; top, \$6.15; bulk of sales, \$5.00 to \$5.50; heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50; packers, \$5.00 to \$5.50; light, \$5.00 to \$5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 10,500; steady; native lambs, \$3.50 to \$4.00; western lambs, \$2.50 to \$3.00; fed ewes, \$2.50 to \$3.00; Texas clipped sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

### St. Joseph Live Stock.

St. Joseph, Sept. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,477; steady to strong; natives, \$4.00 to \$4.50; cows and heifers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 2,084; 10,000; higher; light, \$5.00 to \$5.50; medium and heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50.