

POPE LEO IS BARLEY ALIVE

Patient is Now Practically Kept Up on Stimulants.

DISSOLUTION BELIEVED NEAR.

Hopeful Feeling of Past Few Days Gives Way to Alarm—Morning Hours Bring Relapse and Pontiff's Hours Now Seem Numbered.

Rome, July 14.—"While there is life there is hope," was all the consolation that Dr. Laponi could give in admitting that Pope Leo's condition was "very grave."



DR. LAPONI AND MAZZONI

morning, accompanied by still greater depression than during yesterday, are regarded as symptoms of the gravest nature and as pointing to an imminent dissolution.

Dr. Mazzoni expressed the belief that unless the disease took an unexpected turn there was no reason to apprehend death for two or three days. This statement, however, did not relieve the anxiety of those who know what powerful stimulants are being constantly administered.

For the first time since his illness the pontiff asked to have the shutters almost closed, as the light hurt his eyes, and at the same time, contrary to his custom, he begged to be left as quiet as possible.

Another noteworthy symptom of his weakening condition was the docility with which he took his medicine and nourishment. Previously, indeed during his whole life, Pope Leo has been against prescriptions of doctors or anything which had the aspect of being forced upon him.

Dr. Laponi has succeeded in reanimating the pope with stimulants. He also gave him a little nourishment. The patient's breathing is again difficult. He says he feels very tired.

At the American embassy it was stated no request had been received for information regarding the pope's condition. King Edward has instructed the British ambassador, Sir Francis Bert, to telegraph twice daily the state of his holiness.

The Tribune printed a statement that the pope's real ailment was cancer of the liver. Dr. Mazzoni characterizes the statement as a stupid falsehood without an atom of foundation.

Pope is Sinking.

London, July 14.—A dispatch from Rome says: "The pope is rapidly sinking. All his relatives have been summoned. It is reported that he has lapsed into unconsciousness."

To Bar Foreigners from Manchuria. St. Petersburg, July 14.—According to the newspaper Nordkal, published at Port Arthur, Russia has informed China that she is compelled to exclude foreigners from Manchuria and postpone the opening of Manchuria in ports owing to the presence of Englishmen and Americans who, in disguise, are engaged in espionage.

The Poo, China, July 14.—General Kuropatkin, the Russian war minister, and his staff, who have been present at the conference at Port Arthur of the Russian minister to China, M. Lessar and all the high Russian officials in north China and Manchuria, at which the Russian position in the far east was discussed, left Port Arthur on their return to St. Petersburg.

Plot to Avenge King Alexander. Bucharest, July 14.—It is said that the Servian authorities have unearthed a conspiracy to avenge the late King Alexander. A lieutenant of a frontier garrison has been arrested, charged with making threats against Colonel Maschin. A search of the lieutenant's quarters disclosed evidence that twelve officers had formed a league to take vengeance upon the regicides.

Rain Revives Corn Crop. Lincoln, July 14.—The long spell of excessive heat and dry weather in southeastern Nebraska was broken last night by a generous fall of rain and a drop in temperature. The rainfall was general and comes in time to revive the corn crop, which was suffering.

Majority Favor the Treaty. Bogota, July 14.—A rough canvass of the Colombian senate seems to show that most of the members are favorable to the Hay-Herran canal treaty without amendment.

DOUBLE CRIME SUSPECTED.

Slayer of Roxbury Thought to Have Murdered Woman.

New York, July 14.—In the opinion of the police the murderer of Charles W. Roxbury, the tea expert, who was fatally beaten late Friday near his home in The Bronx, concluded his crime by putting his woman accomplice to death.

That a second crime, and one of a revolting nature, has been committed, the officials say there is every reason for believing. A careful search of the entire city is being made to discover whether any young woman is missing. Another search is being made, and that over a territory wider than the city, for the body of a murdered woman.

There is but a vague clue upon which to base a search for the woman or her body. This is the description furnished by the young woman with whom Roxbury was walking when he was assaulted by a man and woman.

The bundle of woman's clothing of fine texture, soaked with blood, which was found near the scene is the basis for the belief that the man who murdered Roxbury killed his companion later to destroy all evidence against him.

EXPLOSION IN POWDER MILL.

Three Men Killed and Two Others Seriously Hurt at Laffin, Pa.

Wilkesbarre, July 14.—Alexander Moore, Joseph and Arthur Gray were killed, Thomas Haines and Joseph Twist seriously injured, and three buildings destroyed by an explosion at the Laffin powder works. The force of the explosion shook every house in the town of Laffin.

There were three buildings, each about 100 feet from the others. The explosion occurred in what is called the press, in which the powder was compressed into a solid mass. The men killed were in the press mill at the time of the explosion and no one can tell what caused it, though there is a theory that it was caused by friction of some of the machinery. The three buildings were demolished and the engine and boiler room, situated a long distance away from the scene of the explosion, also were wrecked.

The bodies of Moore and Arthur Gray were found under the debris and were badly burned. Joseph Gray was found 200 feet from the mill, his body literally blown to pieces, scattered here and there.

FLOODS IN SILESIA.

Thirty People Drowned and Several Killed by Lightning.

Berlin, July 14.—The highest floods known in the region for many years are reported from Silesia. Nearly the whole town of Troppau was under water for many hours. The crops of the entire district have been destroyed and traffic at several points on the Schauben-Troppau railway is interrupted owing to the destruction of bridges and embankments. In the Sudeten valley all the villages were flooded so rapidly that thirty of the inhabitants were unable to escape in time and perished. Fifty houses were destroyed. Even the town of Breslau is reported in danger and firemen have been called out to repair the dykes protecting the city from the overflowing River Oder. The surrounding country has become one large lake.

Terrible hail storms have devastated the country along the lower Rhine. The damage to the wine crop is incalculable. Several persons were killed by lightning.

Hides in Burning Barn.

Perry, Ia., July 13.—Frightened because he had set fire to his father's barn, Abner Carpenter, Jr., five years old, hid away in the haymow of the burning building and was consumed by the flames.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Exchange bank of Caro, Mich., of which Charles Montague is president, has suspended payment.

Francis G. Adams is dead at his home near Comstock-on-the-Hudson. Mr. Adams was one of the pioneers to California in 1849.

The political crisis in Japan resulting from the resignation of Premier Katsura has been settled and the premier has resumed office.

A terrible cyclone ravaged the French possessions of Tonquin. One hundred and fifty natives were killed and many villages laid in ruins.

Attorney L. E. Conner shot J. R. Crews, a furniture dealer of Fairfield, Ill. Five shots were fired, three taking effect. Crews may recover.

The conflict between President Nord of Hayti and the chamber continues. A state of siege has been proclaimed and the national guard has been summoned to arms.

Mrs. James Alton broke down the door of Charles Quall's saloon at Wheatland, Ind., forced her husband to leave the saloon and then smashed the mirrors with beer bottles.

Four deaths from tetanus of boys ranging in age from eight to sixteen years occurred in Harrisburg, Pa., Monday, resulting from slight wounds inflicted on the Fourth of July from toy pistols.

United States Minister Beupre has cabled the state department from Bogota that the Panama canal treaty is dragging along before the Colombian congress. He does not indicate its chance of ratification.

Masked cattlemen visited a small stockmaster near Gillette, Wyo., and dynamite his sod house, windmill and watering tank. He was bound to a post while the work of destruction was going on and when the cattlemen departed they admonished him to leave the country.

BIG TENT IS BLOWN DOWN

Catastrophe Overtakes Christian Endeavor Convention.

NEARLY A SCORE ARE INJURED.

Eight Thousand Persons Are Buried in Canvas Folds—Denver Woman is the Most Seriously Hurt—Delegates Give Praise for Escape.

Denver, July 14.—The big Tent Endeavor, where the Christian Endeavor convention has been held for the past four days, was blown over while more than 8,000 were attending the proceedings. The injured numbered nearly a score, but fortunately, none of them was seriously hurt. Mrs. Jessie M. Thornburg of Denver was the most seriously injured, her nose being badly gashed and her scalp suffering several wounds.

The presence of mind of A. M. Ramsey of Chicago, who sprang to a chair and called to the people to hold up the canvas and poles, undoubtedly prevented many from suffocating. As it was many women fainted and were extricated from the folds of the canvas with much difficulty. A feature that showed the religious nature of the participants was seen when the majority were extricated from the canvas folds. Led by an eastern delegate all gathered around in the open air and an impromptu prayer service was held in the open air.

The convention was in full progress and although there were signs of rain and some wind was blowing, no trouble was anticipated. The sides of the tent were up to admit air and this enabled the equal to lift up the big canvas as if it were a balloon. The gust of wind that turned the tent over came so suddenly that no preparation could be made to forestall the consequences. The wind swept under the tent, the roof of which immediately belched out like an immense sail. The smaller guy ropes were pulled from their places and in a moment more the big poles were drawn from the ground.

Immediately the 8,000 persons were in a panic, which was heightened by the screams of hundreds of women. It was then that Mr. Ramsey sprang to a chair and called loudly on the men to hold up the canvas and catch the large supporting poles as they fell. Hundreds of men sprang to their feet and successfully carried out the Chicago man's suggestion, and thus averted a calamity. Women who had fainted and those suffering from slight injuries were quickly removed to the hospital tent.

The injured: Mrs. Thornburg, Denver, very serious; Miss Powers, Trenton, Neb., knee injured, body bruised; J. C. Peters, Alamosa, Colo.; Miss Mary Ellis, Denver; Mrs. I. N. Johnson, Denver; K. C. Patterson, Alamosa; Miss Etta Ward, Chicago.

The closing meeting in Tent Endeavor was devoted to consideration of great problems of the day affecting the nation, and was one of the most interesting and enthusiastic of the entire convention. Delegates from foreign countries outlined "What We May Learn Along Social, Industrial and Religious Lines." Rev. F. J. Horsefield of Bristol, England, the last speaker to be heard on that subject, was just closing his remarks when the tent collapsed, terminating the meeting suddenly.

At the Central Presbyterian church banners made by Christian Endeavorers in oriental countries were presented to state unions showing as large as 10 per cent increase in membership in the past year. The first prize went to the Nevada union. The other state unions receiving banners were Colorado, Ohio, Utah, Oregon, Alabama, Maryland, Wisconsin, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Indiana, Missouri, Georgia, Alaska, Washington, West Virginia and New Mexico.

Gould Talks of Wabash. Pittsburg, July 14.—George J. Gould, who, with a party of Wabash and Missouri Pacific officials, spent the last thirty-six hours inspecting the Wabash extension to this city, in an interview said: "It is our purpose to weld the Wabash road into one grand system before long that will reach from Ogden, Utah, and El Paso, at the Mexican border, on the west, through Kansas City, St. Louis and Pittsburg to Baltimore."

Negro Assailant Disappears. Madison, Ga., July 14.—Cleveland Kelly, the negro who attempted a criminal assault upon Mrs. Will Robertson of Newborn several days ago, has disappeared. He was last heard from going in the direction of a swamp, with a posse of determined men on his trail. The men returned a few hours later stating they had lost Kelly in the swamp and had abandoned all efforts to capture him.

Baseball Results. National League—Cincinnati, 5; New York, 4. Pittsburg, 3; Boston, 3; Chicago, 4; Brooklyn, 6. St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 6.

American League—Washington, 4; St. Louis, 2. New York, 3; Detroit, 4. American Association—Minneapolis, 6; St. Paul, 3.

Western League—Omaha, 2; Kansas City, 7.

Cloudburst and Tornado. Newport, Neb., July 14.—A cloudburst and a heavy windstorm prevailed here. The storm was accompanied by hail, which broke hundreds of windows. Seven buildings were wrecked by the wind. No loss of life was reported. There is great destruction of crops in the farming districts.

EXPECT TROUBLE AT CHICAGO.

Police Anticipate Strike Riots Today. Switchmen May Be Called Out.

Chicago, July 14.—Numerous clashes between the teamsters and the police are anticipated today, when the movement of freight commences from the Kellogg Switchboard and Supply company to the several freight depots. The Kellogg company, whose 1,900 employees have been on strike for the past two months, announced that freight would be sent through the picket lines commencing this afternoon, and all the extra police on the West Side are being held in reserve for the struggle that is expected. The railroads will take all the freight that is sent to them. The chief of police will furnish protection to the wagons bearing it. Once on the platforms of their freight warehouses, the railroads will see that the freight is cared for, sending it to its destination even if all their freight handlers go out.

Grand Master Frank Hawley, national president of the Switchmen's union, arrived from Buffalo and held a two hours' conference with President Curran and some of the teamsters. The switchmen have been asked to refuse to handle the cars of the Terminal Transfer company and the cars in any freight yards where the Kellogg company may send loads of freight in the future. Hawley refused to state whether the switchmen would enter the conflict.

PASSENGERS JUMP FROM CAR. In Anxiety to Get Out of Reach of Fire Land in Excavation.

New York, July 14.—Fifteen persons have been hurt by falling into the subway excavation at Lenox avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, after jumping from a burning trolley car on which they had a thrilling ride for several blocks, while the motorman was making desperate efforts to reach a fire engine house.

The car was filled with about eighty passengers, mostly women and children. When they discovered the fire many tried to jump, but the motorman put on full power. He had not gone two blocks before the car was enveloped in flames. The car came to a stop right over the excavations for the subway. The passengers piled off on top of one another. The planking over the hole collapsed and about twenty-five persons were carried down. Those at the bottom were severely bruised, but only one was in a serious condition.

MURDER IS JURY'S VERDICT. St. Louis Woman Gets Ten Years for Killing Her Husband.

St. Louis, July 14.—The sealed verdict of the jury, read in court, finds Mrs. Minnie Cummings, charged with killing her husband, Dennis Cummings, April 13, 1903, is guilty of murder in the second degree. The penalty was fixed at ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Cummings will, on July 20, be tried for the alleged murder of her third husband, Edward M. Harris, who died October 5, 1901. His death was first termed suicide, but a later investigation, after the death of Cummings, led to an indictment charging murder in the second degree.

Collins Trial to Proceed. Union, Mo., July 14.—George Collins, who was brought here from St. Louis today to be tried on the charge of having robbed the bank here last December, was arraigned in the circuit court this afternoon. His attorneys requested a continuance on the grounds that Collins had been in jail out of the county and they had had no opportunity for consultation with him and prepare for his defense. The court overruled the motion for a continuance and the case was set for trial tomorrow. William Rudolf Collins' partner, who escaped from the St. Louis jail recently, is still at large.

Propinquity. Crawford.—Why do lovers sit and sit and sit in blissful silence? Crabshaw.—Because, as a general thing, there isn't room for either of them to get a word in edgewise.—Judge.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD. Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways, has resigned his position in the Canadian cabinet.

Thomas Chalmers, one of the founders of Fraser & Chalmers, Chicago, died Monday, aged eighty-eight years.

Marie Gibbons, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Judge W. J. Gibbons of Chicago, was drowned at Camp Lake, near Kenosha, Wis.

Soledad, which is a strategic position opposite Ciudad, Bolivar, on the Orinoco river, has been taken by Venezuelan government troops.

Some 20,000 skilled mechanics in the skilled trades went to work Monday under the modified plans of the New York Employers' association.

Miss Lavinia Wheeler is dead in Oakland, Cal., at the age of 102 years. She was in full possession of her faculties up to the moment of her death.

Heritage & Hurst, woolen manufacturers of Monson, Mass., filed a petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities amount to \$48,468, and assets to \$27,552.

The executive board and officers of the Iron Molders' international union are in session at Cincinnati. Trade demands and grievances affecting over 7,000 men in all sections of the country will be considered.

In the United States circuit court at Wilmington, James Smith, Jr., of Newark, N. J., took the necessary oath before Judge Bradford as receiver of the United States Shipbuilding company for the district of Delaware, and gave bond in \$50,000.

OLIVER SUCCEEDS SANGER

President to Appoint Him Assistant Secretary of War.

CHANGE WILL TAKE PLACE SOON

New York National Guard General to Be Root's Aid—Present Incumbent Resigns on Account of Ill Health of His Wife.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 14.—At the conference between President Roosevelt and Secretary Root it was decided to appoint Robert Shaw Oliver of Albany to be assistant secretary of war, vice William Cary Sanger, resigned. Mr. Sanger has decided to retire on account of the ill health of his wife.

General Oliver has had a military career of distinction. He served in the civil war as a volunteer officer and subsequently served as an officer of the regular army establishment in both the infantry and cavalry branches. For many years he has been identified with the national guard of New York and is a brigadier general in command of the brigade with headquarters at Albany. General Oliver is engaged in the iron business.

It has not been definitely decided when General Oliver will assume his new office, but as Colonel Sanger desires to relinquish his duties as soon as possible the probabilities are that General Oliver will undertake them as soon as he can arrange his affairs.

The appointment of General Oliver, it can be said, is quite satisfactory to Senators Platt and Depew, who were consulted regarding it.

THINKS LYNCHING WILL STOP. Judge Brewer Says There Will Be Reaction Against Mob Law.

Milwaukee, July 14.—"Every man who participates in the lynching or the burning of a negro is a murderer, pure and simple." This opinion was given by Associate Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court, who is in the city on private business.

"Of course," explained Judge Brewer, "there may be extenuating circumstances which would vary the degree of the crime, but the principal participants in the crime can be held by any court in the land for murder in the same degree as if the crime was committed by an individual. There is going to be a reaction against the atrocious crimes with which the papers have been filled. The fact that the people are now interesting themselves in the discussion of this problem makes manifest the fact that there is a tendency toward a change. I expect that it will come soon."

ODELL HAS COSTLY BLAZE. Five Buildings Destroyed, Entailing a Loss of \$35,000.

Odell, Neb., July 14.—The worst fire in the history of the town started about 10:15 and burned for an hour in spite of all efforts to head it off. The town is without any means to cope with a fire of such magnitude and it practically burned itself out. It started in the Durtee livery barn from an unknown source and spread with great rapidity. The total loss is estimated at \$35,000, partly insured. The following are the places destroyed: Durtee livery barn, together with seven horses; Charles Walker & Co., lumber yard; John Fyerdend, general store; Dr. Woodward, office; Henry Kasparek, furniture.

Death of General Lane. Philadelphia, July 14.—General John Q. Lane of this city died at the home of his son-in-law at Atlantic City, N. J. General Lane fought throughout the civil war at the head of an Ohio regiment. He was wounded a number of times and early in the war was brevetted brigadier general for conspicuous service. On one occasion, with 800 men, he blocked the advance of the confederate army under General Hood, and received credit for saving the union army of the west.

Convention Week at Detroit. Detroit, July 13.—This is to be one of the greatest convention weeks in the history of Detroit, and it is expected that the city will be crowded to its capacity with strangers. Three large conventions will be held during the week, the sixth international convention of the Epworth league, the reunion of the Society of Santiago de Cuba and the Fifth Army corps, and the annual convention of the American Electrical association.

Leprosy in South Dakota. Sioux Falls, S. D., July 13.—A case of genuine leprosy has developed in Marshall county, the victim being a veteran of the civil war. Doctors whom he has consulted refuse to reveal his name. He is sixty years of age. The spots have for some time been spreading over both his limbs and his body, the flesh in spots being entirely dead and devoid of feeling.

Burglars Operate Near Marshalltown. Marshalltown, Ia., July 14.—Burglars blew up the safe in the general store of M. J. McCabe at Quarry last night and secured a small amount of money. The safe was ruined and considerable merchandise damaged. No clue. The postoffice at Luray, this county, was broken into and robbed of a small sum last night.

Drowned While Bathing. Marshalltown, July 14.—Solomon Hilsaheek was drowned while bathing in the Iowa river near Abilene. The body has not been recovered.

HOSPITAL SECRETS.

A Nurse Says: "Pe-ru-na is a Tonic of Efficiency."



MRS. KATE TAYLOR.

Mrs. Kate Taylor, a graduated nurse of prominence, gives her experience with Peruna in an open letter. Her position in society and professional standing combine to give special prominence to her utterances.

CHICAGO, ILL., 427 Monroe St.—"As far as I have observed Peruna is the finest tonic any man or woman can use who is weak from the after effects of any serious illness."

"I have seen it used in a number of convalescent cases, and have seen several other tonics used, but I found that those who used Peruna had the quickest relief."

"Peruna seems to restore vitality, increase bodily vigor and renew health and strength in a wonderfully short time."—MRS. KATE TAYLOR.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some form of female disease and yet unable to find any cure, Dr. Hartman, the renowned specialist on female catarrhal diseases, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as make application to him during the summer months, without charge. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

RAIN BREAKS LONDON HEAT.

Moisture Comes After Twenty-two Days of Drouth.

London, July 14.—The heat wave has suffered an interruption. Thunder and hailstorms have brought the temperature to below normal for the time of the year. London's absolute drouth of twenty-two days was broken.

In Matlock and the neighborhood a thunderstorm was followed by blinding showers of large hailstones. The ground was soon covered as though with snow. The rainfall rushed down the hills into the valley, literally making a river, flooding the streets and houses. A large part of Lincolnshire felt the effects of the storm to an extraordinary extent. Hailstones broke the lamps and house windows.

The wreckage at Newark, where the storm extended over an area of four miles, included the smashing through of the glass roof of the railway station and much damage was done to growing crops throughout the storm area.

WILD SCENES IN DUBLIN. De. ate of Welcome to King Edward is the Cause of It.

Dublin, July 14.—Wild scenes marked the second debate by the municipal corporation on the question of presenting an address of welcome to King Edward on his arrival in Dublin. Lord Mayor Harrington made a violent speech against the address and compared the nationalists who favor it to the men who had "sold the Irish parliament." Maud Gonne (Mrs. M. B. Gonne) was among the demonstrators, who continued the uproar until the lord mayor finally called in the police who cleared the hall.

After a stormy session of four hours the motion in favor of the address was defeated by 40 to 37 votes.

To Shut Off Ore Supply. Colorado Springs, July 13.—Action in relation to shutting off the ore supply of the Standard mill of the United States Reduction and Refining company will be taken this week at a meeting between President Moyer and other officers of the Western Federation of Labor and the Cripple Creek District union. This statement was authorized by President Moyer after a meeting of the Colorado City Mill Men's union, at which it was decided that the only way to make the strike against the Standard effective was to shut off its ore supply.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it.

Cures all stomach troubles. Prepared only by F. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Each bottle contains 31 times the strength of the original.