

YANKTON & NORFOLK DECLARE WAR

Guatemala Reported as Fighting Honduras and Salvador.

TROOPS MASED ON FRONTIER.

Dispatch to London Paper Says Strife Has Begun—United States Will Have Warship on Scene—Blockade of Amapala Declared.

London, Feb. 10.—The Daily Mail publishes a dispatch from Guatemala declaring that war has been proclaimed between Guatemala on one side and Salvador and Honduras on the other.

According to Panama advices Guatemala and Salvador were on the point of war the beginning of this month. The Salvadorean and Guatemalan armies, led by their respective presidents, were on the frontier, accompanied by revolutionary refugees. Troops were constantly leaving the capital of Salvador for the Guatemalan frontier. Nicaragua was actively helping General Regalado, president of Salvador.

The Central American situation is further complicated by the intervention of Guatemala on one side and Nicaragua and Salvador on the other in the election of the president of Honduras. Guatemala is in favor of the president-elect, Manuel Bonilla, while Nicaragua and Salvador insist that the retiring president of Honduras, General Sierra, shall continue in the presidency. The latter has refused to give up the presidential post and Senator Bonilla has declared a civil war. President Bonilla has taken his stand on Amapala island and raised a force to maintain his claim to the presidency. A dispatch from the United States consul to Tegucigalpa announced that the Honduran government had declared a blockade of Amapala.

FIGHT NEAR MANILA CITY.

Insurgents Kill Two Members of Constabulary Force.

Manila, Feb. 10.—A force of 100 constabulary, under Inspector Keithly, yesterday defeated a body of 200 insurgents near Marikina, a small town seven miles from Manila city, after a severe engagement, in which Inspector Harris and one man of the constabulary were killed and two other men of the constabulary wounded. The enemy left fifteen dead and three wounded. Inspector Harris' home was at Atlanta, Ga.

The body of insurgents formed the main force of the irreconcilable general, San Miguel. The constabulary were divided into three detachments, which were scouting in the Marikina valley. The detachment commanded by Inspector Harris came upon the enemy, who were in a strongly entrenched position. Inspector Harris fell at the first volley, being hit five times. The detachment of constabulary, although outnumbered, held its position until Inspector Keithly, with the main force, arrived, when the enemy were put to rout. Their headquarters were captured and burned and the constabulary seized the records of General San Miguel, who claims that he succeeded to the command of the insurgent forces when the other generals surrendered. He has only a handful of men under him, and his operations have been of no consequence. The wounded Americans are all severely injured.

Troops Marching on Rio Chico.

Caracas, Feb. 10.—A force of 200 men, under command of Minister of War Ferrar, left Caracas yesterday afternoon in the direction of the seaport of Huiguerote, fifty-five miles east of Caracas. The object of the expedition is to attack a body of 1,500 revolutionists under General Monagas, who are reported to be too feeble to attack the government, but strong enough to devastate the district around Rio Chico, sixty miles southeast of Caracas, and daily enter and pillage the town. Even ardent revolutionists seem to recognize that President Castro is master of the situation. The governmental troops captured the town of Guatre at noon and are now marching on Rio Chico.

More Trouble at Barcelona.

Barcelona, Feb. 10.—The threatening attitude of bands of anarchists who are attempting to provoke a general strike has compelled the authorities to occupy the strategic points in this city by bodies of gendarmes and troops. Conflicts have already occurred, in which two persons were wounded.

Sheriff's Slayer Captured.

Eugene, Ore., Feb. 10.—Elliott Lyons, who killed Sheriff Withers last week, was captured by a posse at Creswell yesterday. He was brought to Eugene and placed in jail. Armed guards have been placed about the jail to hold the mob in check.

Passes Eight-Hour Bill.

Denver, Feb. 10.—The state senate yesterday passed the Moore eight-hour bill, limiting employment in smelters and mines to eight hours a day, in accordance with the constitutional amendment adopted by the people at the last fall election.

Pacific Squadron Ready to Sail.

San Francisco, Feb. 10.—Rear Admiral Glass has received his orders and the Pacific squadron will get away today. As has been stated, the squadron goes to Amapala, Honduras, where a Central American revolution is now threatening.

RACE WAR NOW THREATENED.

Trouble Brewing Between Whites and Blacks at Fayette.

Fayette, Mo., Feb. 10.—A race war has been started here as the result of the public whipping of three negroes on the court house steps Friday night. A committee of the Law and Order league took three negroes from their homes and whipped them publicly for alleged misconduct. Two of them were women. Since then the negroes and white people have been at swords' points and it is said twenty-five negro families have been frightened into leaving this vicinity. The recent killing of Harry O'Donnell, a reputable citizen, was charged to negroes and did much to stir up enmity. The whites have openly threatened to battle with negroes and drive them from Fayette and vicinity.

The one negro man who was whipped made a desperate resistance. It took several men to carry him to the whipping post. He cursed his captors as the lash was applied, which resulted in the whip being wielded only the more vigorously. When the ordeal was ended the negro was so weak from the loss of blood that he was put to bed instead of being driven from town. The women, who were not whipped severely, were taken to the outskirts and told to go. There is much excitement here and a clash is feared.

DYNAMITE CONCEALS A CRIME.

House Is Blown Up After Occupants Have Been Murdered and Robbed.

Johnstown, Pa., Feb. 10.—A dastardly attempt to hide robbery and murder resulted in the wrecking by dynamite of an Italian boarding house at Portage, early yesterday. Tony Grillo and his wife are dead and Ralph Tellidillo and George Destavo were seriously injured. The scene of the affair was a boarding house occupied by Grillo, his wife, three daughters and about twenty-five boarders. When the explosion occurred the inmates were hurled in all directions, but the most of them escaped serious injury. The bodies of Grillo and his wife were found buried beneath the ruins of the building, which was demolished. Grillo had about \$1,000 in the house, but none of the money has yet been found, and the theory is that it was stolen by someone who killed the couple and then exploded the dynamite to cover the crime.

Blow May Prove Fatal.

Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 10.—Late yesterday afternoon Benton Blanton, a private of company C, Sixth infantry, stationed at Fort Leavenworth, who is a prisoner in the guard house, while under the influence of liquor, which had been in some manner smuggled to him, refused to obey a trivial command of First Sergeant Knox, company M, and then slapped Knox. The sergeant raised his gun and dealt the prisoner a stunning blow on the left side of the head, knocking him unconscious. Blanton has not regained consciousness and no hopes are expressed for his recovery.

Woman Uses a Pistol.

Monongahela, Pa., Feb. 10.—During the night an unknown man forced his way into the telegraph office at Walsington station and assaulted Mrs. Wilson, the operator. Mrs. Wilson shot the man, and this so enraged him that he beat her almost into insensibility and then tried to burn her to death by forcing her head into a stove. The arrival of a freight train, however, frightened him and he fled, leaving his victim unconscious. Her condition is critical.

Roosevelt to Visit Colorado.

Denver, Feb. 10.—John W. Springer, president of the National Live Stock association, announced yesterday that he had advised from Washington to the effect that President Roosevelt will visit Colorado some time in March for a hunting excursion in the northwestern part of the state.

Mad Dog Bites Live Stock.

Superior, Neb., Feb. 10.—Charles H. Malsbury of Cadams has been obliged to kill a steer and hogs to the value of \$250, bitten by a mad dog. Malsbury himself had a narrow escape from being bitten, the dog grabbing his coat sleeve.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

There were four deaths from the plague at Mazatlan Monday. There are forty-four patients in the lazaretto.

Several shocks of earthquake, accompanied by subterranean noises, were experienced at San Luis de Guerro, Mex., Monday.

A disastrous fire broke out in the town of Krutz, Galicia, Monday and wiped out 370 homes and many public buildings. Five hundred families are destitute.

William Hooper Young, on trial at New York for the murder of Mrs. Anna Pulitzer, pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree and was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Dr. Herman Mynter died at his home in Buffalo Monday. Dr. Mynter was one of the surgeons who attended President McKinley after he was shot at the Pan-American exposition.

An injunction order issued by Judge Tuley a year ago, restraining the Chicago Telephone company from charging more than the franchise rate for the use of telephones, was affirmed by the appellate court Monday.

The River Clyde burst its banks above Glasgow Monday and inundated the industrial district of Ruthglen. Elsewhere in Scotland traffic on the railroads has been stopped, bridges swept away and homes have collapsed.

POWERS ASK TOO MUCH

Germany and Italy Will Have to Modify Demands.

WANT LARGE SUM IN ADVANCE.

Protocols Are So Worded as to Require Preferential Treatment at Once—Bowen Refuses to Sign Until Some Changes Are Made.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Although Mr. Bowen and the other negotiators are closely guarding the provisions of the several protocols, it is understood that the demands which are known to exist in the German and Italian agreements, as they are at present drafted, which Mr. Bowen cannot agree to, conceded an increased payment by Venezuela prior to the handing down of The Hague's decision regarding the allies' contention for preferential consideration in the settlement of their claims. It is reported that Germany asks that she derive, in addition to the \$27,500 cash that Mr. Bowen has agreed to pay, a certain percentage of the customs receipts until the remainder of the \$40,000 demanded in the original ultimatum addressed by Germany to President Castro last autumn is paid. Italy, it is believed, is insisting on a similar demand, though the amount asked for in her ultimatum was more than \$500,000. Both Germany and Italy suggest that this money be paid in monthly installments out of the customs duties, but even under this arrangement it would require eight months for the payment of the entire sum.

It is the principle, however, to which Mr. Bowen so strenuously objects and which he has informed the German and Italian envoys he cannot subscribe to. Until their protocols are relieved of these objectionable demands, Mr. Bowen says, they must remain unsigned. He contends that Germany and Italy are insisting on preferential treatment, a question which they agree in their protocols shall go to The Hague.

It is the firm opinion of both the Italian ambassador and the German minister that the insertion in their protocols of these demands is the result of a serious misunderstanding on the part of their foreign offices of certain phases of the negotiations, which were supposed to be settled. They are using every effort to have this misunderstanding cleared up and have informed Mr. Bowen that they hope to submit their conventions to him in a few days. Mr. Bowen has made it plain to the allies that he will consider any plain request they may advance, but will not yield to the extent of signing the present German and Italian protocols.

CARMACK RENUEWS CHARGES.

Talks of Treatment of Filipinos by Army in Islands.

Washington, Feb. 10.—In the senate yesterday Carmack spoke on the Rawlins resolution, calling on the secretary of war for reports from certain courts-martial. He charged that murders in the Philippines had become so common that they would not bear investigation and that this answer was entirely satisfactory to "our noble, generous and humane secretary of war." He also criticized the president for never having heard of the Captain Brownell case after having announced his intention of probing conditions in the Philippines. Keane spoke on the statehood bill, when he yielded to debate over the question of the interference of the Mormon church in politics. Elkins also spoke at length in defense of New Mexico's claims to statehood. The house spent practically the entire day on two District of Columbia bills, one to authorize the government to advance \$6,000,000 to the District, and the other the conference report on the Union station bill. The former was defeated and the latter sent back to conference after a motion to recede from the amendment of the house to cut down the appropriation for the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore railroads' demands from \$1,500,000 to \$1,000,000 had been voted down. The approval of the house of the action of Hepburn in presenting the conference report on the department of commerce bill at the memorial session Sunday resulted in postponement of action on the report for a day.

Charter for Missouri Road.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 10.—Secretary of State Cook yesterday issued a charter to the Central Missouri Electric company, with a capital of \$4,000,000. The road is to extend from Brookfield to Glasgow and thence to St. Louis, a distance of 194 miles. Colonel W. H. Chase of New York is the principal financier of the road. The road is to be completed in time for the World's fair.

Strike at St. Louis Fair.

St. Louis, Feb. 10.—Dissatisfied because of the alleged employment of nonunion laborers in driving bolts, 130 union carpenters engaged in the construction of the educational and manufacturers' building at the Louisiana Purchase exposition grounds struck yesterday and walked out. It is expected the trouble may extend to the other building gangs.

Revenue Bill Not Ready.

Lincoln, Feb. 10.—The joint revenue committee, for the completion of whose work a week's adjournment was taken at the committee's special request, reported yesterday that it had failed to complete a revenue bill and would be unable to submit one to the legislature for a few days.

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.

Congressman Geo. H. White's Case. A Noted Sculptress Cured.



The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh. - Medical Talk.

LA GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip." Without intending to do so a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful GRIP had

CHANCE FOR HOMESTEADERS.

About 400,000 Acres in Nebraska Thought to Be Open.

Omaha, Feb. 10.—Within 140 miles of Omaha there are nearly 400,000 acres of fertile, arable homestead land that is open for settlement at any time and has been for years. This discovery has just come to the knowledge of Jolt Francis, general passenger agent of the Burlington and Missouri railroad, who is taking preliminary steps toward a settlement boom. The land is in Loup, Garfield and Wheeler counties.

This information of almost half of three entire counties being open for settlement came to Mr. Francis accidentally a short time ago. He at once communicated with D. Cam Deaver, register of the land office at O'Neill, Neb., on the matter. Mr. Deaver verified the tale. Then Mr. Francis began work on his project to have the land taken up.

NINE COAL DEALERS FINED.

Chicago Jury Mulcts Fuel Men in \$500 Each for Restraining Trade. Chicago, Feb. 10.—Nine officers and directors of the Retail Coal Dealers' association of Illinois and Wisconsin, lately indicted by the special grand jury, which was called to investigate the fuel shortage and prices, were yesterday fined \$500 on a verdict of a jury in Judge Horton's court, which found them guilty of conspiring to do an illegal act in restraint of trade. The formal verdict was returned only to pave the way for a new trial. The case will probably be tried Monday. This was the first verdict in the coal cases.

Trainmen at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Feb. 10.—Many of the members of the wage increase committees of trainmen and conductors departed from the city last night. The final negotiations with the Wabash, St. Louis Southwestern, Missouri Pacific and St. Louis and San Francisco railroads will be conducted by Messrs. Morrissey and Garretson, who are still here. The conference with the Wabash officials has been postponed until Friday, to permit of the presence of President Ramsey.

To Build Suburban Lines.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 10.—It is stated authoritatively that the Henry syndicate of Denver intends, in case it buys the Atchison street railway plant, to construct an electric line to St. Joseph and Leavenworth, and also to Bean Lake, Mo. It also is proposed to build a number of shorter suburban lines. Negotiations for the sale of the plant are pending.

Jeweler Is Found Dead.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Feb. 10.—A local jeweler named Anton Kleiser was

Mrs. Celeste Covell writes from 219 N. avenue, Aurora, Ill.:

"Only those who have suffered with la grippe and been cured can appreciate how grateful I feel that such a splendid medicine as Peruna has been placed at the door of every suffering person."—Mrs. C. Covell.

Noted Sculptress Cured of Grip. Mrs. M. C. Cooper, of the Royal Academy of Arts, of London, England, now residing in Washington, D. C., is one of the greatest living sculptors and painters of the world. She says:

"I take pleasure in recommending Peruna for catarrh and la grippe. I have suffered for months, and after the use of one bottle of Peruna I am entirely well."—Mrs. M. C. Cooper.

D. L. Wallace, a charter member of the International Barber's Union, writes from 15 Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.:

"Following a severe attack of la grippe I seemed to be affected badly all over. "One of my customers who was greatly helped by Peruna advised me to try it, and I procured a bottle the same day. Now my head is clear, my nerves are steady, I enjoy food and rest well. Peruna has been worth a dollar a dose to me."—D. L. Wallace.

Lieutenant Clarice Hunt, of the Salt Lake City Barracks of the Salvation Army, writes from Ogden, Utah:

"Two months ago I was suffering with so severe a cold that I could hardly speak. "Our captain advised me to try Peruna and procured a bottle for me, and truly it worked wonders. Within two weeks I was entirely well."—Clarice Hunt.

Congressman White's Letter.

Tarboro, N. C. Gentlemen:—I am more than satisfied with Peruna and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy. —George H. White, Member of Congress.

Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer Independent Order of Good Templars, of Everett, Wash., writes:

"After having a severe attack of la grippe I continued in a feeble condition even after the doctors called me cured. My blood seemed poisoned. Peruna cured me."—Mrs. T. W. Collins.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Per-na for Grip. Mrs. Theophile Schmidt, wife of the Ex-Secretary of the German Consulate, writes the following letter from 3417 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.:

"I suffered this winter with a severe attack of la grippe. After using three bottles of Peruna I found the grip had disappeared."—Mrs. T. Schmidt.

found dead yesterday in apartments at the rear of his place of business under circumstances which indicate that he committed suicide by drinking a quantity of poison. He was evidently insane. He has a brother living at Grand Junction, Ia.

Wabash After Chester Road.

Carbondale, Ill., Feb. 10.—Negotiations are pending for the purchase by the Wabash of the Chester and Western railroad, which runs from Chester to Mount Vernon. The line, with an extension to either Altamont or Effingham, would give the Goulds connections at Thebes, the outlet to the southwest and to Chicago. At altamont the Wabash system is met, while at Thebes the St. Louis Valley, the Iron Mountain and the Cotton Belt systems are joined.

Stanley Will Not Accept the Place.

Medicine Lodge, Kan., Feb. 10.—Ex-Governor W. E. Stanley has declined the appointment as member of the Dawes commission to succeed the late Senator Dawes. Mr. Stanley said: "I declined to accept a place on the commission for the reason that I am not familiar with the duties of the commission, nor do I know the tenure of the office. I have gone back to my law practice and will accept no minor position that will take me away from it."

Car Demolishes a Depot.

Washington, Ia., Feb. 10.—Freight train No. 95, westbound, on the southwestern branch of the Rock Island, owing to the spreading of the rails, jumped the track at Buffalo, thirty miles east of here, at noon. A car loaded with rails struck the station and totally demolished the building. The family of Agent S. H. Croft lived over the depot and their five-year-old daughter was killed. Mr. and Mrs. Croft are seriously injured and the latter may die.

Wheeler Goes Free.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Luke Wheeler, convicted of conspiracy to "fix" the Masonic temple taxes, was yesterday allowed to go free by Judge Chetlain. He was placed under \$5,000 bonds and was warned to so conduct himself that he should not again fall within the jurisdiction of the court. Wheeler's original punishment was placed at imprisonment for two years and a fine of \$3,500.

Kendrick Confers With Trainmen.

Topeka, Feb. 10.—Vice President Kendrick of the Santa Fe is here in conference with the trainmen of the road in regard to an increase in wages. Twenty per cent is demanded by the men, but it is thought a compromise will be effected on a basis of 15 per cent.

PROTEST AGAINST SMOOT.

Utah People Object to His Being Seated as Senator.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, has received a protest against the seating of Hon. Reed Smoot as a senator from Utah on the ground that he is an apostle of the Mormon church and that as such he should not represent the people of Utah in the senate. The document is very voluminous and quotes liberally from sermons, speeches and other Mormon utterances showing the power of the priesthood of the Mormon church over all matters spiritual and temporal. Senator Frye, as president pro tem of the senate, received a copy of the protest. It was decided by Senators Burrows and Frye not to present the protest to the senate until Mr. Smoot's credentials are presented, when both will be referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

Union Veterans Split.

Springfield, O., Feb. 10.—Fifty delegates to the national convention of the Union Veterans' union are in the city, representing all parts of the United States. At the meeting today they will attempt to reorganize the union along the lines which were intended when it was established twenty years ago. This meeting is the result of a split in the national convention held in Washington last September, when R. G. Drydenforth was elected commander over General F. B. Hutchinson and his adherents withdrew from the convention. They claim the delegates here represent two-thirds of the entire organization. They propose to eliminate from membership all veterans who did not see six months' service and one engagement. Hutchinson will be elected commander.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. Cures all stomach troubles. Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Each bottle contains 2 1/2 times the bic. strength.