

BLIZZARD MOVES EAST

Fierce Snow and Wind Storm Sweeps Across Northwest.

MUCH DAMAGE DONE BY WIND.

South Dakota and Minnesota the Worst Sufferers from the Storm. Railroads Are Tied Up and Wires Down—Cuts Drifted Full of Snow.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—The blizzard which prevailed in the Dakotas passed eastward yesterday, the storm extending into Wisconsin and south into northern Nebraska and Iowa. Throughout the storm-swept district the telegraph service has been badly disorganized and railroad traffic has been badly delayed, trains being abandoned in many districts. In southern Minnesota the storm has been unusually severe. Albert Lea reports business practically suspended on account of the blizzard.

Mankato reports the gale abating somewhat in the southern part of the state, though the temperature is rapidly getting lower. The snow, which was extremely heavy, drifted badly and all trains on the Mankato branch of the Chicago and Northwestern were abandoned.

Brown's Valley, Minn., reports the storm the worst that has occurred in the last ten years. A heavy fall of snow and a northeast wind, blowing about forty miles an hour, makes travel of all kinds impossible. All trains are abandoned on account of the storm and no mails have been received or dispatched from Brown's Valley since Tuesday morning. Some farmers who left Brown's Valley Tuesday evening have not been heard from, but as the weather is not very cold, it is believed they have not perished. Snow cuts on the Great Northern road are reported from ten to fifteen feet deep. At Luverne, Minn., the roofs were blown from several buildings. The storm was the most destructive to property that ever visited that locality in the winter time. Chimneys and small buildings were blown down. Reports received from the country indicate that the loss to farm buildings was heavy.

MUCH DAMAGE AT HURON.

Fierce Midwinter Storm Sweeps South Dakota City.

Huron, S. D., Jan. 8.—The most severe windstorm ever known here began Tuesday evening, continuing twenty-four hours, the wind reaching a velocity of seventy-two miles an hour. Most damage was done to buildings and trees. Telegraph and telephone wires were down and railway trains were abandoned during the fury of the storm. Huron was entirely cut off from outside communication for a time. Snow plows are endeavoring to clear the tracks of the Chicago and Northwestern in all directions. No trains from any direction have arrived and no more will be sent out until the blockade is lifted. A message from Wolsley says the roof was lifted from the Stock Growers' bank there and other buildings were much damaged.

Worst Storm in Years.

Aberdeen, S. D., Jan. 8.—Tuesday's chinook turned suddenly into a fierce northwest wind early Tuesday evening and then to the worst storm in years. Great damage was done throughout the surrounding country, windmills being levelled and stacked hay and straw being blown away. Several roofs were blown from houses, windows were broken and chimneys blown down. No snow fell here, but in the hills east of here a regular blizzard raged for hours. Telegraph and telephone wires are down and train service is badly crippled.

Thirteen Deaths From Plague.

Mazatlan, Mex., Jan. 8.—Thirteen deaths, all certified officially to have been due to the plague, occurred yesterday. Thirty-six persons are in the lazarettos. The corpse of a young girl, who, while stricken with the plague, fled from the city, was found on the outskirts of the city under a tree, where she had expired with no one to mitigate her sufferings. More than half the population has fled. The situation is very bad and business is suspended.

Steamer Strikes an Obstruction.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 8.—The steamer James A. Carney struck a submerged "deadhead" in the river yesterday on its trip to Mobile and stove a big hole in the bow. The boat soon began to sink and the captain ordered full speed and made to shallow water, where the boat was beached. The passengers were transferred to tugs and brought to the city. No lives were lost, but the passengers were badly frightened.

Cattle Embargo to Be Lifted Soon.

Boston, Jan. 8.—Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, expresses his belief that before the end of this week all cattle suffering from the foot and mouth disease in Massachusetts will have been destroyed. It is expected that within two weeks the cattle embargo will have been lifted from New England.

Endeavorers to Celebrate.

Boston, Jan. 8.—The twenty-second anniversary of the formation of the first Christian Endeavor society, in February next, will be celebrated by at least 4,000,000 members in all parts of the world, according to expectations of the officers of the United Society of the Christian Endeavorers.

STATEHOOD BILL DISCUSSED.

Nelson Resumes Speech in Opposition to Omnibus Measure.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The senate yesterday discussed the bill for the reorganization of the militia and also the statehood bill. Mr. Mallory (Fla.) led the Democratic senators in opposition to the section of the militia bill providing for a reserve force of trained men, the contention being that it not only infringed the rights of the several states, but increased the standing army by a hundred thousand men. When the statehood bill came up, Mr. Beveridge had read a number of resolutions adopted at a recent convention in Oklahoma favoring single statehood with the Indian territory. Mr. Quay, who is leading the fight for the admission of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico, criticized the resolutions, saying the people who adopted them had not acted intelligently, because the single statehood bill had been withdrawn. He further charged that they did not represent the sentiment of a majority of the people of Oklahoma.

Mr. Nelson (Minn.) continued, but did not conclude his speech in opposition to the omnibus statehood bill.

The session of the house lasted a little more than two hours. The senate bill for the redemption of the silver coinage of the Hawaiian islands and its recolonization into United States coin was passed after an hour's debate. Several bills of minor importance also passed. The Philippine constabulary bill was made a special order for today.

EARLY ACTION POSSIBLE.

President Insists Upon Trust Legislation During the Present Session.

Washington, Jan. 8.—President Roosevelt had a conference yesterday with Speaker Henderson and Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, with regard to proper anti-trust legislation. The conference lasted for a considerable time, the situation in the house being discussed thoroughly.

It is understood that the president impressed upon his callers who went to the executive mansion at his request his desire that some legislation dealing with the trust question should be enacted at the present session of congress. No particular measure was under discussion, and, of course, none was agreed upon.

"The trust question is a most difficult one to handle in a legislative way," said General Grosvenor, as he left the executive offices, "but I think some measure will be enacted into law at this session. It will be necessary to steer a middle course between the desires of the radical anti-trust people and those who profess to see little evil in trusts or combinations of capital. That such a course will be adopted by congress, I have no doubt."

GRAZING BILL FOR NEBRASKA.

Conference is Held in Washington on the Matter.

Washington, Jan. 8.—A conference was held at the interior department last night on the subject of legislation governing the fencing and leasing of grazing lands in Nebraska. There were present Secretary Hitchcock, members of the senate and house committees on public lands and a portion of the delegation in congress from Nebraska. It was agreed that the Nebraska delegation, in conjunction with Chairman Lacey of the house committee on public lands, should make an effort to agree on the details of a bill to serve as a basis for prospective legislation on the subject. There are 10,000,000 acres of grazing lands in the state and the desire is to prepare a measure, if possible, that will permit of their leasing for grazing purposes in small holdings.

Carnegie Library Dedicated.

Washington, Jan. 8.—A throng of persons of note assembled yesterday afternoon to attend the ceremonies incident to the dedication of the Washington public library. The participants in the exercises included the president of the United States, Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie, the donor of the building, and members of the cabinet and of the senate and house of representatives. The library building is a beautiful white marble structure, occupying the center of Mount Vernon square. For its construction Mr. Carnegie donated \$350,000.

China is Given Notice.

Peking, Jan. 8.—At a meeting yesterday all the foreign ministers except United States Minister Conger signed the joint note informing the Chinese government that a failure to fulfill its obligations in refusing to pay the war indemnity on a gold basis, as provided for by the peace protocol, would entail grave consequences.

Maaked Men Release Lynchers.

Lewisburg, Tenn., Jan. 8.—At midnight thirty marked men released W. P. Hopwood and W. H. Johnson from the Marshall county jail. The prisoners were charged with lynching a negro named John Davis and a numerous signed petition to Judge Houston to grant a special term of court to try them had been refused.

Baseball Peace Conference Assured.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—A peace conference between committees representing the American and National leagues is assured. Ban Johnson, president of the American league, announced that the session would be held in Cincinnati tomorrow.

Prominent Cattleman Killed.

Chepota, Kan., Jan. 8.—Abraham Mills, at one time the principal cattle owner in this section, was killed yesterday at his farm in the Indian territory, just south of here, by being thrown from his wagon.

TRAIN SMASH KILLS SEVEN

Pennsylvania Passenger Collides With a Freight.

VICTIMS ARE TERRIBLY BURNED.

Wreckage Catches Fire and the Injured Are Tortured in Flames—Disaster Occurs Near Pittsburg—Missing Brakeman is Blamed.

Pittsburg, Jan. 8.—As a result of a collision between a passenger train and the rear end of a freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad last night, at Cochrane station, just above Duquesne, seven men are dead, one is dying and five others injured.

The dead: C. E. Stroud, baggage-master; C. M. Boehner, brakeman; John Stewart, passenger; four unknown foreigners.

T. D. Cook, conductor of the accommodation, will probably die.

The passenger in the wreck was the West Elizabeth accommodation from Pittsburg. It was on time and had a clear track, according to the signals displayed. At the siding at Cochrane it ran into the rear end of an extra freight, which had taken the switch, but had failed to clear the main line.

The officials of the road attributed the disaster to the failure of Patrick Quinn, the rear brakeman of the freight, to see that his train had fully cleared. Quinn has not been located. In the collision the tender of the passenger engine was forced back upon the combination baggage and smoking car with terrible force. The thirteen passengers were jammed against the rear end of the car into almost a solid mass. Almost immediately after the impact, fire from the stove in the smoker communicated to the wreckage and the imprisoned victims were tortured beyond description. All of the victims were badly burned.

When the wrecked car began to burn, one man's body extended half way out of the rear window of the car. His feet were pinioned by a piece of wood in the car. He was alive, and thoroughly conscious of his peril. He was a foreigner and in broken English, yelled for some one to release him. "Chop here," he would shout, pointing back into the car at something which held him. Heroic efforts were made to release him, but finally the poor fellow had to be deserted, and he slowly burned to death.

EXPLOSION SHAKES A TOWN.

Disastrous Fire at Hobart, Okla.—University at Norman Burns.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 8.—A terrific explosion, followed by a disastrous fire, occurred at Hobart, wherein the total damage will exceed \$50,000. The fire started in a hardware store, where dynamite was kept. This exploded, the force shocking towns like an earthquake thirty miles from Hobart, Cordell, Mountain Park, Mangum and Harrison reporting earthquakes.

The town of Vista, in southeastern Oklahoma, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$25,000.

The State university building in Norman was totally destroyed by fire, which is supposed to have originated in the laboratory among explosives.

MINE MANAGER SHOTS SIX MEN

Turns Tables on Strikers Who Try to Run Him Out of Town.

Eureka, Nev., Jan. 8.—J. A. Traylor, manager of the York and Nevada Copper company mine near Ely, White Pine county, was attacked in the company's office at Keystone by twelve men, said to be members of the miners' union, who intended running him out of town. They caught Traylor and threw him down, but he managed to break away and commenced shooting, killing James Stagg, Sam Johnson and J. S. Smith, and wounding three other members of the party. A strike has been on against the company for several weeks on account of a reduction in wages ordered by Manager Traylor.

Mitchell Wins Out.

Mitchell, S. D., Jan. 8.—News was received in this city yesterday that Mitchell had won out in its fight for a resubmission of the question of the location of the state capitol. Although the telegraph wires, on account of the storm, were down between this city and Pierre, telephonic connection was made in a roundabout way and the information sent out. The news was received with great rejoicing and a jollification was held.

Mine Fire Extinguished.

Jerome, Ariz., Jan. 8.—The mine of fire that has been threatening to destroy the great United Verde copper mine at this place for the past four months was found to be extinguished. The method of fighting the fire was to place in the mine heavy carbonic acid gas, which displaced the oxygen and finally smothered the fire in the ore and timbers of the mine.

Fierce Fight With Thieves.

Eagle, Wis., Jan. 8.—As a result of an encounter between a posse of Eagle citizens and four burglars who had robbed a livery stable, one robber was shot probably fatally. Two of the four were captured, but the other two escaped to the woods.

Senator Perkins Renominated.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 8.—George C. Perkins was last night renominated United States senator to succeed himself by the Republican caucus. The vote in caucus stood: Perkins, 68; Irving M. Scott, 1.

CHILD TELLS OF A TRAGEDY.

Trial of Herman Borchers for Murder Begins at Columbus, Neb.

Columbus, Neb., Jan. 8.—John, the eight-year-old half-brother of Herman Borchers, on trial for the murder of his step-father, was the first witness called by the state and told, in his own childish fashion, the story of the crime.

He told how Herman purchased the gun with money stolen from his father, saying it was to shoot his father with, and of the shooting which occurred in the house while the victim was reading, the shot taking effect in the back of the head; how Herman then hit a team to the remains and dragged them to a straw stack, afterward plowing a furrow around the stack, piling his father's Sunday suit and the blood-stained chair on top of the corpse, covering them all with straw and burning the stack.

John told how Herman threatened to shoot him, too, if he told of the crime, and that at the time of the shooting, August, the second son, who is held as an accessory, was in the yard picking up cobs. He told of men hunting in the straw stack, of the finding of the foot and bones, and asserted that they were those of his murdered father.

The defense occupied only three hours in presenting all its evidence. The opening argument has been made and the case will probably go to the jury this afternoon.

STARTS WAR ON GRASSHOPPERS.

Secretary Wilson Ready to Help Farmers Kill Off Locust Plagues.

Washington, Jan. 8.—There will be no more dreaded plagues of grasshoppers or locusts. This is all because the department of agriculture has discovered a plague to kill the plague—the germ of an extremely contagious insect disease that can wipe out the greatest swarm of locusts or of grasshoppers in a single night.

The next time a locust or grasshopper plague prevails in any section of the United States tubes of gelatine containing the germs of the plague will be sent to farmers in the afflicted districts.

It has long been known that when grasshoppers and locusts appear in enormous numbers they sometimes die off as a result of some contagious fungus or bacterial disease. The germs of this plague have been discovered. The disease is caused by fungi and the cultures are much more easily made than the name would imply. Farmers after using one tube from the department's laboratory may make their own cultures by grinding the dead bodies of infected insects and producing the destructive fungus in as large quantities as they desire.

TO HASTEN A SETTLEMENT.

Powers Anxious to Adjust the Trouble in Venezuela Soon as Possible.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—That portion of the joint reply of the powers to Venezuela suggesting a settlement without arbitration only goes so far as to offer to treat for a sufficient guarantee for the payment of \$335,000 to each power. This reservation remains as the fixed and only condition precedent to arbitration or negotiations direct for a supplementary agreement. The German government would much prefer to close up the matter by negotiations through Minister Bowen while the blockade continues than withdraw the blockade and adjust the claims through The Hague arbitration court.

Ready to Make Terms.

Caracas, Jan. 8.—The answers of the powers to President Castro's last proposal relative to arbitration were delivered to President Castro yesterday by United States Minister Bowen. A meeting of the cabinet was at once called to consider these communications. It is expected that the president's answer will be handed to Minister Bowen today. It will be forwarded by him at once to Washington. It has been learned from an authoritative source that the answers of the powers have created a feeling of depression in Venezuelan government circles.

Negroes Sail for Liberia.

New York, Jan. 8.—In the steamer of the Teutonic, which sailed yesterday for Liverpool, were thirty-two colored men, twelve women and ten children, who are going to Liberia to settle. They come from Irwin county, Georgia.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The American garrison at Ormok, island of Leyte, has been attacked by cholera. Nine men of company B, Eleventh Infantry, were seized by the disease and five of them died.

A movement is on foot by the managers of the western railroad lines to lengthen the schedules of fast freight trains between Chicago and Missouri river points by at least six hours.

An unknown man about twenty-five years old was killed by a Burlington train twelve miles south of St. Joseph Wednesday. He was well dressed and is supposed to have been a passenger aboard a preceding train.

Lena Miles, aged seven, while crossing a part of Lake Conroy, near St. Joseph, on the ice, in starting to school, broke through in shallow water, but was unable to reach a point of safety. The body was found frozen stiff.

In a shooting affray, in which rifles were used, near Connersville, in the case of Harry A. Faulkner and Julius Lehmann, members of the St. Louis house of delegates, convicted of perjury in connection with street railway franchise deals, was argued and submitted. A decision is expected next month.

NONUNION MEN TESTIFY

Continue to Give Evidence Concerning Lawlessness.

SEPARATE A BRIDAL COUPLE.

Mob During Late Anthracite Coal Strike Sends New Made Wife Home Alone Because Groom Was a Strike Breaker—Many Acts of Violence.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—The nonunion men continue to occupy the attention of the coal strike commission in presenting evidence of lawlessness in the anthracite coal region during the strike. The testimony includes many acts of violence, from murder down to plain assault and petty larceny. Dynamite played a leading part in the alleged persecution of nonunion men and their relatives. Five witnesses testified to their houses being more or less seriously damaged by high explosives. Other witnesses told of bridges and fences damaged by incendiary fires and attempted wrecking of trains. One witness said he was stabbed. Several of the witnesses were boycotted and several others told of being beaten by crowds and of their houses being stoned. Besides this a young woman told the commission that she was dismissed as a school teacher because her brother chose to work during the strike. Thomas Washanski testified that he was attacked as he was coming out of church after being married, forcing him to seek refuge in a colliery, while his bride got home as best she could, and Charles Carl said he was afraid to attend the funeral of his mother, who had died while he was working behind a colliery stockade. Other testimony was also presented in the endeavor to show that a reign of terror existed in the strike affected territory of the state and that members of the union were largely responsible for it. While much of the testimony given by the most of the witnesses was of the same character heard heretofore by the commission the arbitrators were greatly interested in each of the twenty-seven stories told on the stand. Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories, but they did not succeed in shaking the testimony.

DEMAND IS FLATLY REFUSED.

Railroads Will Not Grant Trainmen Twenty Per Cent Advance.

St. Louis, Jan. 8.—P. H. Morrissey, grand master of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, and A. B. Garretson, assistant chief counselor of the Order of Railway Conductors, have arrived in St. Louis to confer with the committees of their respective orders in regard to the increase of 20 per cent demanded from the western roads, which the roads have refused. It was understood that the point-blank refusal of the railroad officials to grant the increases asked necessitated the presence of Messrs. Morrissey and Garretson in St. Louis before further action could be authoritatively taken. In addition to the 20 per cent increase asked, it is learned that a demand was made on the roads for an additional man on a train of thirty cars, or a train hauled by two locomotives. This was also refused. Mr. Morrissey declined to make a statement further than to say that he believed that an amicable adjustment would be soon reached by the trainmen and railroad officials.

Death of William H. Bradley.

Milwaukee, Jan. 8.—William H. Bradley, the aged multi-millionaire lumberman, is dead. He died in the same invalid chair in which he sat on Monday last when Judge Halsey performed the marriage ceremony which united him to Miss Marie Hannmier, his private secretary. News of the marriage caused a sensation in this city. His wife and his adopted son, William T. Bradley, were present when he breathed his last. Mr. Bradley was one of the most successful lumbermen in Wisconsin. He founded the towns of Tomahawk and Spirit Lake, Wis.

Mrs. Tingley Entitled to Damages.

San Diego, Cal., Jan. 8.—When the plaintiff in the Tingley-Times case rested in rebuttal yesterday Judge Torrance announced that as a matter of law he was satisfied that it had been shown that libel had been perpetrated and that the plaintiff is entitled to recover compensatory damages. This statement from the bench is construed by counsel as tantamount to an announcement that the court will charge the jury in line with the above remark.

Home for Drunkards' Wives.

Kansas City, Jan. 8.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, the temperance reformer, closed negotiations for a large residence at Kansas City, Kan., to be used as a home for drunkard's wives. The price paid was \$7,500, and it is understood that Mrs. Nation will spend several thousand dollars in improving the property, which will be turned over to her within three months. The money to establish the home was raised by Mrs. Nation on her recent trip east.

Bribery Cases Are Submitted.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 8.—In the supreme court yesterday the cases of Harry A. Faulkner and Julius Lehmann, members of the St. Louis house of delegates, convicted of perjury in connection with street railway franchise deals, was argued and submitted. A decision is expected next month.



MOTHERS, DO YOU KNOW

the many so-called birth medicines, and most remedies for women in the treatment of her delicate organs, contain more or less opium, morphine and strychnine?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not take internally any medicine for the pain accompanying pregnancy?

Do You Know that Mother's Friend is applied externally only?

Do You Know that Mother's Friend is a celebrated prescription, and that it has been in use over forty years, and that each bottle of the genuine bears the name of The Bradford Regulator Co.?

Do you know that when you use this remedy during the period of gestation that you will be free of pain and bear healthy, hearty and clever children?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts. Of druggists at \$1.00. Don't be persuaded to try a substitute. Our little book "Motherhood" free.

THE BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Legislature Canvasses Vote.

Lincoln, Jan. 8.—The legislature did nothing of importance yesterday except to canvass the vote on state officers and formally declare the election of all the Republican candidates. The hour of 2 today was fixed for the joint session to hear the messages of outgoing and incoming governors, and to induct the new officers into their positions.

Decides in Favor of Bartley Bondsman.

Lincoln, Jan. 8.—The supreme court yesterday handed down a decision in the famous Omaha National bank case, which involves nearly three-quarters of a million dollars embezzled by former State Treasurer Bartley, releasing Bartley's bondsmen from all liability.

Her Decision.

"Whatever my daughter decides upon, sir, I will abide by."

"Good! She has decided that she will marry me if you will supply the means."—Detroit Free Press.

She Has Cured Thousands

Given up to Die.

DR. CALDWELL

OF CHICAGO

Practicing Aleopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by request, visit professionally

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, PACIFIC

HOTEL, FRIDAY, JANUARY 16,

ONE DAY ONLY.

returning every four weeks. Consult her while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. CALDWELL limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, female diseases, diseases of children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature. Early consumption, bronchitis, bronchial catarrh, chronic catarrh, headache, constipation, stomach and bowel troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, Bright's disease, kidney diseases, diseases of the liver and bladder, dizziness, nervousness, indigestion, obesity, interrupted nutrition, slow growth in children, and all wasting diseases in adults, deformities, club-foot, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, paralysis, heart disease, dropsy, swelling of the limbs, stricture, open sores, pain in the bones, granular enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases.

Pimples, blotches, eruptions, liver spots, falling of the hair, bad complexion, eczema, throat ulcers, bone pains, bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, psoriasis, too often. The effects of constitutional skin diseases, or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of the womb, bearing down pains, few or no menses, lack of sexual tone, etc. Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to become cured.

Cancers, Gout, Flatulency, Piles

an enlarged gland treated with the subcutaneous inject on method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific method of this advanced age.

Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing diseases of women, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha, Nebraska, where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice, one dollar to those interested.

DR. ORA CALDWELL & CO.

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