

DEATH IN STORM'S PATH

Seven Persons Known to Have Been Killed in Oklahoma.

NO LET UP IN THE HOT WAVE.

Mercury Ranges From 90 to 100 Degrees in Kansas and Missouri, While Minnesota is Not Left in the Cold. Early Crops Damaged.

Guthrie, O. T., April 22.—The storm in southwestern Oklahoma killed seven persons. Near Leger, Mrs. James Johnson was killed by a house being blown against a tent she occupied. Contractor Reed and wife of the Frisco construction corps were suffocated by a tent falling on them. Three persons are reported killed at Mountain Park, and at Lone Peak lightning killed Adolph Foutz. The Frisco camp near Leger was entirely demolished, all the field notes and profiles being lost. Every building in Hedrick was leveled to the ground and at Fazton several stores were wrecked.

Reaches 90 at St. Paul. St. Paul, April 22.—The weather has seldom been so warm in St. Paul during the month of April as it was yesterday. The official thermometer at the weather bureau registered nearly 90 degrees before noon. In spite of St. Paul's warm weather it snowed at noon in the central Dakotas and there was a rain in the Red river valley. South Dakota is suffering for rain, as is this section of Minnesota, and still there is none promised.

Praying for Rain. Leavenworth, Kan., April 22.—The need for rain in Kansas has become so dire that Bishop Fink, whose diocese consists of the eastern district of Kansas, has ordered prayers said daily by every Catholic under his jurisdiction. Under the orders from the bishop the prayers will be continued until rain falls.

Early Crops Damaged. St. Joseph, Mo., April 22.—The highest temperature yesterday was 90, two degrees short of the record of Sunday. The hot winds continue day and night and the damage to crops will be severe if no rain falls within the next three days. Reports from a radius of 300 miles are very favorable to early crops.

Hot Wind Sweeps Kansas. Topeka, April 22.—The dry, hot wind of Sunday was not in the least abated in force yesterday. While cooler, the wind blew at the rate of 35 miles an hour. No rains of any consequence are reported. The ground is very dry. Temperatures yesterday ranged from 100 degrees down to 90.

DEATH LIST MAY REACH 100.

Impossible to Tell Just How Many Perished in Burning Steamer. Cairo, Ill., April 22.—A careful estimate by those who were aboard the burned City of Pittsburg puts the loss of life at 63 as the lowest, and the opinion of some is that the list will approximate 100. Of this appalling death list, only three bodies have been recovered and identified. Inquiries confirmed the report that Harlow Dowe of Ashland, Ky., was among those who perished. All of the injured are doing well and are being well cared for. All who escaped from the burning boat without their effects have been clothed and made comfortable, and most of them have departed for their homes. No attempt to recover bodies has been made yet in either the wreck or the river. James Criss is in charge of the wreck, watching for bodies that may come up. Survivors of the disaster state that a passenger and his two sons were driven back by the heat to the stern of the boat, and stepping off the end, all three dropped into the river, saying: "We will all die together." They were all drowned.

Fatal Explosion of Soda Fountain. Shelbyville, Ind., April 22.—W. S. Robertson was so badly hurt that he died in an hour and two children were terribly mangled by the explosion of a soda fountain in Robertson's confectionery shop at Fairland yesterday. Wilbur Pell had his right leg blown off and Ida Trean had her right foot crushed. Robertson was attempting to charge the fountain when the explosion occurred.

Five Die From Starvation. Memphis, April 22.—The death of five children from starvation is the story that comes from Haywood county, about 40 miles north of Memphis. They were the children of Jim Mills, who deserted them several weeks ago, ostensibly to find work. The family lived in an isolated spot and their condition was not discovered until they were beyond help.

Death of Dr. Cyrus Brooks. St. Paul, April 22.—Dr. Cyrus Brooks, one of the pioneer Methodist ministers of the northwest, and at one time one of the most eloquent preachers in his church, died here yesterday, in his 91st year. For many years he was presiding elder of various Minnesota conferences.

Murder in First Degree. Lake Charles, La., April 22.—The jury in the case of Edward Batson, charged with the murder of the Earl family, has returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. The penalty is death.

Rathbone Released on Bail. Havana, April 22.—Former Director of Posts Estes G. Rathbone has been released on bail.

TWO CITIES ARE DESTROYED.

Earthquake Shock Devastates Quesaltenango and Amatitlan, Guatemala.

New York, April 22.—The three earthquakes on Friday night reduced to ruins Quesaltenango, the second city of importance in Guatemala and having 25,000 population, and completely destroyed the town of Amatitlan, says a Guatemala dispatch to the Herald. Both of these towns were capitals of the departments of the same name each bears.

It is reported that 500 persons were killed in Quesaltenango, but the rumor lacks confirmation. The exact loss of life cannot now be ascertained. News of the destruction, which extended 100 miles along the western part of the republic, is coming in slowly, because all the telegraph wires are down.

It is known that Amatitlan exists no more as a town, the seismic disturbance having been so great. The inhabitants, that is, those of the 10,000 residents who escaped death in the cataclysm, are now camping in the open air for safety, not daring to return to the ruined confines of the town. Some of the inhabitants are building temporary mud huts.

More news has been obtained about the condition of affairs at Amatitlan than at Quesaltenango. Couriers say earthquake shocks are still being felt at short intervals in the neighborhood of Quesaltenango. There have been serious seismic disturbances along the Cordillera, affecting towns.

ALLOTMENTS TO THE BRITISH.

Fail to Get as Much Stock in Steamship Combination as Desired.

London, April 22.—The allotments of stock in the new shipping corporation were all taken up by British members of the syndicate at noon. What proportion was given to Europe the Morgans decline to announce, but evidently it was not nearly so large as desired by the British interests. J. P. Morgan is now in Paris, but from other members of the firm the Associated Press learns that the corporation will be run almost exactly on the same lines as the United States Steel corporation, each branch retaining its individuality, but being subject to the control of the directing body.

Regarding the defection of the Cunard, Allan, Anchor and French steamship lines, the Morgan views are as follows: "It remains to be seen whether they will come in. We think it is rather a good thing, in some respects, not to get everybody in at the beginning, the idea being that the present combine is quite big enough to start with, and it is better to get it down to a practical, working basis before being too anxious to make a clean sweep."

QUEEN MAKES NO PROGRESS.

Wilhelmina's Physicians Cannot Predict Date of Crisis.

The Hague, April 22.—The condition of Queen Wilhelmina is unchanged. Her physicians say it is impossible to predict the date of the crisis in her illness. An extraordinary cabinet council was called yesterday. The meeting engendered numerous rumors regarding the regency, but it is said on good authority that this matter was not discussed at the council. It was reported that one of the maids of Queen Wilhelmina's household has been attacked with typhoid fever. The queen mother burst into tears when she was first told her daughter had typhoid fever. She seldom leaves the sick chamber.

WOMAN PREVENTS A WRECK.

Flags Passenger Train Just Before It Reaches a Burning Bridge.

Marshalltown, Ia., April 22.—Mrs. T. A. Watson, wife of a farmer living near Searsboro, saved an Iowa Central passenger train from going through a burning bridge yesterday afternoon. A long wooden bridge, three miles north of Searsboro, on a curve, took fire, presumably from coals dropped by a freight engine. The smoke was noticed by Mrs. Watson, who, knowing the passenger train from the south was nearly due, ran to a point south and flagged the train just in time. The crew fought the flames two hours.

Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters.

Chicago, April 22.—The Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters, in convention here, yesterday elected a medical examiner and attorney after one of the sharpest struggles ever known in the order. The successful candidates were Dr. Anne Dwyer, a Chicago physician, and Francis A. McDonnell, a Chicago attorney. Minneapolis will be the next meeting place. The convention will be held in August, 1904.

Stabbed by Negro Toughs.

Emporia, Kan., April 22.—Professor Charles S. Huey, assistant in the department of physical training of the Kansas state normal school, was stabbed in the right breast and had the upper portion of his jaw bone crushed yesterday by young negro ruffians. Both wounds are serious. Sam Harrison, the negro who did the stabbing, was arrested.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Dr. L. Bard, brother of United States Senator Bard, is dead at his home in Ventura, Cal.

The will of the late Rev. Dr. DeWitt Talmage was filed at Washington Monday. It leaves an estate valued at more than \$300,000.

Twenty-five leading laundrymen from Missouri, Iowa and Illinois met in Chillicothe, Mo., Monday and organized a tri-state association.

John Glynn Joyce, founder of the Joyce Surveying company, and an expert in his line, favorably known to engineers all over America, died at his home in St. Louis Monday of appendicitis, aged 63 years.

OLD FEUD IS FOUGHT OUT

Cattlemen Engage in Street Fight With Pistols.

FATAL END OF BITTER HATRED.

William Phillips Killed and Jess Skidmore, Lige Johnson and William Mayfield Mortally Wounded in Clash at Collinsville, I. T.

Vinita, I. T., April 22.—In a fight between cattlemen west of Collinsville, in the Cherokee nation, William Phillips was killed instantly and William Mayfield, Jess Skidmore and Lige Johnson were mortally wounded. All are prominent cattlemen, who own pastures near Oologah, not far from Collinsville. The fight was the result of an old feud between Skidmore and Mayfield, which had its origin in a court contest over some grazing land.

All four men were in Collinsville during the day, heavily armed, and apparently expecting trouble. Late in the afternoon Skidmore and Johnson left for Oologah, and a few miles west met Mayfield and Phillips awaiting them by the roadside. Without any preliminary words, Mayfield levelled his shotgun and fired at Skidmore, who received the lead in the right breast. As the wounded man reeled from his saddle, he turned his gun on Phillips, who had also raised his gun to fire at him and shot him through the heart. As Skidmore fell from his horse, Mayfield turned his gun on Johnson, and both men fired simultaneously. Mayfield was wounded in the shoulder and Johnson in the side. Though desperately wounded, the men fired again and again, each man's shot taking effect. Friends who had feared trouble and who had followed Skidmore and Johnson from Collinsville, arrived at this point and prevented the wounded men from finishing their fight. Though fatally wounded they were attempted to reload their guns. The wounded men and the body of Phillips were taken into Collinsville. Skidmore's wounds were pronounced fatal, and little hope is given for the recovery of the others. The presence in Collinsville of a large number of armed men, friends of both sides, has led the authorities to take precautions to prevent a possible clash between them.

FAMILY OF SEVEN FOUND DEAD.

Bodies Lie in House Eight Days Before They Are Discovered.

Chicago, April 22.—Dead in a stuffy bedroom in a crowded tenement quarter of State street the bodies of an entire colored family, numbering seven persons, were found last night gnawed by rats and in an advanced stage of decomposition. The police incline to a theory of murder and suicide by poison. The family is that of Jones Butler, an upholsterer, and consisted of Butler, his wife and five children. They had been dead for eight days. It is thought that despondency, due to brooding over the conditions surrounding his family, who were in utter poverty, caused Butler to go insane and take the lives of all seven.

Sensation in Howard Trial.

Frankfort, Ky., April 22.—The most sensational witness in the Berry Howard trial yesterday was Anthony Broughton of Pineville. Broughton said that while here with the mountain army on Jan. 25, Caleb Powers talked with him and his brother, Sheriff Broughton, and asked who would be a good man to do the shooting of Goebel. His brother suggested either Frank Cecil or Zack Steele, County Clerk Broughton, who was sheriff of Bell county when Berry Howard was arrested, during his cross-examination, corroborated the testimony of his brother that he suggested several persons who would kill Goebel.

Coffert Jury Unable to Agree.

Winfield, Kan., April 22.—The jury in the case of O. W. Coffert, charged with the murder of G. C. Montgomery, a Santa Fe detective, reached a disagreement yesterday after having been out 46 hours and was discharged. The last ballot stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal. Montgomery was assassinated at his home here last winter as he sat in his parlor, being killed by a shot fired through the window by some one on the outside.

Embalmers in Session.

St. Louis, April 22.—Embalmers from all over the United States are here to attend the annual convention of the American Embalmers' association, which convened yesterday. The convention will be in session until Friday. Officers are to be elected for the ensuing year, and other business of routine character transacted, but the object of the meeting is largely for the purpose of a school of instruction.

Dallas Crowded With Confederates.

Dallas, Tex., April 22.—Visitors are crowding into the city for the 12th annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which officially begins today. It is estimated that there are 45,000 visitors in the city. Of these it is said 4,000 are ex-Confederates, and the remainder are sons of veterans, sponsors and maids of honor and sons' wives and daughters of veterans.

Adventists Elect Officers.

Topeka, Kan., April 22.—The general conference of the Seventh Day Adventists yesterday elected the following officers for the central conference: President, G. G. Rupert, Oklahoma City; secretary treasurer, C. N. Woodward, Dallas, Tex.

HELPED TO GIVE THE CURE.

Another Witness Testifies as to Torture of Natives in Philippines.

Washington, April 22.—The senate committee on the Philippines resumed the examination of witnesses in connection with the investigation of affairs in the Philippine islands. Grover Flint of Cambridge, Mass., who served as first lieutenant in the Thirty-fifth volunteer infantry, testified that early in May, 1900, he had been a witness to the water cure, as administered to the natives by the Macabebes scouts and that this was done to get information as to the whereabouts of their guns. The guns were delivered. The following day some men of his own regiment applied the cure, but their act was without authority of their commanding officers.

Flint had been, he said, a witness to at least 20 cases of water cure. He never had seen anyone die as a result of the cure, but had seen a hospital corps man working on a native who had been rendered unconscious.

The witness then described the method of administering the water cure and said that in some cases where it had been given to old men he had seen their teeth fall out.

Mr. Flint, in response to a question by Senator Dietrich, said he was present upon these occasions "to draw the line on excesses." He did not recommend to his major that the practice cease nor did he give any orders to his men to stop the torture.

TO UNITED STATES BY LAND.

Expedition From Paris Is in Eastern Siberia on Way to Bering Strait.

London, April 22.—Letters were received here from Harry De Windt, leader of the expedition which is attempting to make its way overland from Paris to New York, dated Verkhoyansk, east Siberia, at the end of February. In spite of the forebodings of the officials of Yakutsk, who strongly urged Mr. De Windt not to continue his journey, saying the conditions were worse this year than ever, the expedition reached Verkhoyansk, 699 miles north of Yakutsk, Feb. 28.

The members of the expedition had a terrible experience while crossing the Verkhoyansk mountains. The cold was intense, 63 degrees below zero being registered. All the travelers were frostbitten. Otherwise they were well and in good spirits and were leaving the same day for Sredne Kolymsk, a town of east Siberia, 900 miles further on, which the party hoped to reach about the middle of March. Then it was their intention to push on 1,500 miles to East Cape, on the Bering strait. Probably the next news of the expedition will be its arrival in the United States via Bering strait.

Do Windt mentions a report that Baron Toll's expeditionary ship Zaria was stranded on the Siberian islands, with only seven tons of coal on board.

BRITISH NOT ALARMED.

General Stewart Says Shipment of Mules Will Continue.

Chicago, April 22.—"Mules will continue to be shipped to South Africa as long as the Almighty rules America," declared General Sir Robert Stewart, an officer of high rank in the artillery branch of the British army, who arrived in Chicago yesterday. "England is not at all alarmed over the investigation at New Orleans," continued General Stewart. "There is no denying that mules and horses are shipped to South Africa by our government and it is nonsense to talk of stopping it. We probably will begin shipping your American mustangs to South Africa also."

When General Stewart returns to London, he will report favorably on the adaptability of the mustang for the British army. While here he has arranged for the purchase of hundreds of the wiry little animals should his government act favorably on his report.

TRIAL FOR GENERAL SMITH.

Court-Martial Is Ordered to Convene in Manila on Thursday.

Manila, April 22.—A court-martial has been ordered for the trial of General Jacob H. Smith, who was in command of the United States troops on the island of Samar.

Generals Lloyd Wheaton, Samuel S. Sumner, James M. Bell and William H. Bisbee and Colonels Chambers McKibben, William A. Rafferty, William E. Dougherty, Alfred C. Markley and Jesse M. Lee compose the court. The judge advocate is Major Harvey C. Carbaugh. Colonel Charles A. Woodruff will appear for the defense.

The charge brought against General Smith is conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline. The trial will begin Thursday.

Palma on Cuban Soil.

Havana, April 22.—President-elect Estrada Palma and his party left Gibara yesterday afternoon for Holguin. In an interview, Senor Estrada Palma said he would combine the Cuban postal and telegraph services under one head and make General Fernando Figueroa director general of the department. He has decided to appoint Juan Rio Rivera, chief of Cuban customs; Carlos Zalzo, secretary of state, and Senor Yero, secretary of instruction.

Congress to Thank Hay.

Washington, April 22.—Representative Grosvenor of Ohio yesterday favorably reported the resolution giving the thanks of congress to Secretary Hay for his oration on President McKinley at the memorial exercises in congress.

Baseball Games Yesterday.

National League—New York, 6; Boston, 3. Philadelphia, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3.

QUARTER OF MILLION LOSS

Woman Killed During Costly Blaze at Quincy, Ills.

BIG SAWMILLS FIRST TO GO.

Lumber Yards, Bridges, Fire Steamers, Horses, Cars and Residences Prey of Flames—Burlington Railroad Loses Heavily.

Quincy, Ills., April 22.—Fire which originated yesterday afternoon in the Gem City sawmills plant destroyed property valued at \$250,000 and caused the death of one woman from shock. After consuming the sawmill and planing mill, the fire burned over nearly ten acres filled with lumber. Two of the city fire steamers were abandoned in the flames by the firemen and converted into molten metal. The fire also burned parts of two bridges on the Carthage branch of the Burlington road, together with several freight cars, and destroyed Western Union and Illinois district poles and wires for half a mile along the Burlington road. The stables of the sawmill, with several horses, were burned, also a large ice house and contents belonging to A. Cavanaugh of St. Louis and a number of residences.

Several firemen were overcome by the heat and flames, but all were saved. The sawmill gave employment to about 300 hands.

The loss on sawmill is \$60,000; on planing mill, \$10,000; on lumber, \$140,000. Other losses amount to \$20,000. The property was insured for more than 80 per cent of its full value.

BIG BLAZE IN LONDON.

Worst Fire Since Cripplegate Destroys Vast Amount of Property.

London, April 22.—London firemen, under Commander Walls, fought a conflagration on Barbican last night. The fire was one of the biggest since the famous Cripplegate fire of November, 1897. It began in MacQueen's hat manufactory and spread to the opposite side of the street, the wind fanning the flames and the burning embers falling in all directions. Three hundred firemen and 50 fire engines were engaged at midnight in preventing the further spread of the flames. Altogether three large warehouses on the south side of Australian avenue, two on the north side and buildings on both sides of New Zealand avenue were gutted. Twenty firms and shops were burned out. Two firemen were injured.

Shaffer Scores Gompers.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 22.—The feature of yesterday's meeting of the Amalgamated association was the report of President Shaffer. Mr. Shaffer recited the history of the strike from beginning to end. He was severe in his criticisms of the American Federation of Labor and of Samuel Gompers, president of that body, for their failure to aid the association in the great struggle. The national organization of the United Mine Workers, he said, was equally lukewarm. However, he said, the resolution received much assistance from the local lodges of many organizations, and these he hoped would never be forgotten by the Amalgamated association.

Dietrich Has Cuban Bill.

Washington, April 22.—Senator Dietrich yesterday introduced a bill to authorize the president to enter into a reciprocal agreement with the permanent government of Cuba respecting trade between the United States and Cuba. The bill provides that the agreement may be abrogated by mutual consent or by the withdrawal therefrom of either party upon reasonable notice. The senator said the bill is intended as a substitute for the house Cuban reciprocity bill. It proposes to rebate duties on goods imported into the United States, Cuba in return to grant tariff concessions.

Overdue Vessel Arrives.

San Francisco, April 22.—The French bark Oliver de Clisson, long ago given up for lost, arrived here yesterday, 100 days from Cardiff, Wales, with a cargo of coal. The bark had not been heard from since she was obliged to put in at Cayenne with a mutinous crew, last August. Seafaring men were greatly surprised when she appeared off the Golden Gate. The vessel was delayed by head winds and adverse ocean currents. The stores ran low and three men died of scurvy.

Agricultural Appropriation Bill.

Washington, April 22.—The agricultural appropriation reported to the house yesterday carries about \$5,200,000, an increase of approximately \$650,000 over the appropriations last year and a decrease of about \$300,000 from the estimates. The bill contains little general legislation and is confined mainly to the regular expenditures of the agricultural establishment.

San Francisco Strike.

San Francisco, April 22.—Mayor Schmitz made an effort to bring the officials of the railway and a committee of the strikers together, but was unable to do so, the railroad people refusing to consult with the strikers' committee. The mayor will continue his efforts to bring the opposing forces together.

Fire Chief Hale Ousted.

Kansas City, April 22.—George C. Hale, chief of the fire department in this city, was removed from office by the city council last night upon the recommendation of Mayor Reed. Edward Trickett, first assistant chief, was chosen as Hale's successor.

TAKES UP WEST POINT BILL.

House Completes Consideration on Most of Appropriation Measures.

Washington, April 22.—The house yesterday entered upon the consideration of the military academy appropriation bill. In addition to the regular items, it contains provision for the extensive improvement of the grounds and buildings at West Point. These improvements are to cost \$6,500,000, of which \$3,000,000 is appropriated in the bill. Twenty-four of the 30 pages of the bill were completed. During the general debate on the military academy bill Gilbert (Ky.) precipitated a discussion on the race question, which was participated in by Gillett (Mass.), Blackburn (N. C.), W. W. Kitchin (N. C.) and Gaines (Tenn.). Cochran (Mo.) and Gillett discussed the question of the alleged violation of the neutrality laws in connection with the shipment of mules and horses to South Africa.

TO FILE INJUNCTION SUIT.

State Is Granted Permission to Begin Proceedings Against Merger.

Washington, April 22.—The United States supreme court yesterday granted leave to the state of Washington to file an original bill for an injunction against the Great Northern Railroad company, the Northern Pacific Railroad company and the Northern Securities company, in accordance with the petition of that state recently filed in the court.

The opinion in the case was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller, who stated that the court had always exercised the utmost care in its proceedings in original cases, and that the present decision to grant leave to file was intended to be entirely without prejudice to either party at interest.

PASS RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

Goes Through the Senate Without a Word of Debate.

Washington, April 22.—Without a word of discussion of the merits of the measure, the senate yesterday passed the river and harbor bill, carrying in appropriations about \$70,000,000. So thoroughly had the bill been considered by the commerce committee that that body passed as reported from the committee.

Elevator at Murray Burns.

Ottumwa, Ia., April 22.—A propitious change in the wind saved the town of Murray from possible destruction by fire last night. A grain elevator and extensive corn cribs of O. F. Hubert, & Co. caught fire and were destroyed, together with several freight cars. A high wind swept the flames toward the business part of the town, but after destroying a portion of the stock yards the wind shifted and the fire was soon under control. The loss is estimated at nearly \$40,000.

Eskimo Mourning Customs.

All Eskimos are superstitious about death, and although they hold festivals in memory of departed friends, they will usually carry a dying person to some abandoned hut, there to drag out his remaining days without food, medicine, water or attendance. After the death of a husband or a wife the survivor cuts the front hair short and fasts for twenty-five days.

A Contractor.

"What does your father do?" asked the teacher of the new boy. "He's a contractor," was the reply. "A railway contractor?" "No, ma'am; a sausage contractor. He ties up the ends after another man has flayed them."

Different Methods.

"Whatever became of Lamb?" "Oh, he played the markets and went broke." "And Wolff, what became of him?" "Oh, he worked the markets and got rich."—Puck.

Sweet Consolation.

She—Oh, dear, I found a gray hair in my head this morning! He—You ought to be glad of it. If your hair should turn gray, it would soften the effect of those wrinkles you are getting.—Indianapolis Press.

None Too Liberal.

"Mr. Linger spends a great deal of time with you, Molly," said Mr. Kitchin to Miss Frocks. "Yes, but that's all he does spend."—Detroit Free Press.

No man can be brave who considers pain the greatest evil of life or temperate who regards pleasure as the highest good.—Cicero.

By the time we get what we want in life we want something else a great deal more.—Saturday Evening Post.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digestals all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. Cures all stomach troubles. Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. No. 11, bottles contain 24 times the dose.