

A CHANGE OF LOCATION.

Private Bilger Writes from Another Post.

INCIDENTS OF THE VOYAGE.

Pleased with the Town of Dapitan. How Christmas was Observed—A Short Dry Season is Anticipated. Weather is like Spring here.

Dapitan, Mindanao, P. I., Jan. 5, 1902.—To THE NEWS: Having changed posts since writing, I will undertake to inform you what kind of a country I traveled through and am now in. Orders were received at Oroquieta on December 7 for one sergeant and 27 privates to proceed to Dapitan. The boat in which we were to travel is a small coast steamer, the Trenton, about 100 feet long, 20 feet wide and with two decks. The upper deck is open, except the fore part, where the crew have their quarters. It does about all the coast work here for the government. It arrived at Oroquieta on the afternoon of the 11th and we loaded our lockers and boarded the same evening. The next morning at 4 o'clock the boat pulled out and went to Langoran, a distance of 25 miles, landing there about 7 o'clock.

Langoran is situated on the coast, about a mile and a half west of a good bay, which is guarded from ocean currents by rocks and sand bars. Troop D, Fifteenth cavalry, is stationed there now. They were at one time at Oroquieta. There was a large amount of supplies for the troop on board and we did not leave until 10 o'clock. We went about three miles but were compelled to return, the water being so rough that it would be a risk to proceed. We remained until the day following and the men had orders not to leave the boat. The next morning at about 6 o'clock we left and arrived at our destination about 1 o'clock. The sea was rough all day, but not as rough as on the day before. Two of the boys were seasick but not seriously. The coast along the way was very rugged. In many places the hills came clear to the water's edge, while at others they left good places for rice paddies and hemp fields by receding to a considerable distance. Upon our arrival at the bay the first building we noticed was the church, which is about a quarter of a mile inland, and the American flag flying from the front of headquarters, nearby. The water was very rough when the boat anchored and the boatmen thought we could not land our lockers soon so the sergeant ordered three of us to remain until everything was taken off and we proceeded to land about 4 o'clock, having the pleasure of riding some heavy breakers on the way in. We landed about half a mile from the quarters, to which we walked passing through a well laid out street, but the houses were mostly built of nipa, which gave the impression that we were getting into the worst we had yet experienced, but found out different afterward.

The town is situated on a small island of about three square miles, and is separated from the main island by a stream of salt water varying in width from six feet to 100 yards. There is a hill on the island the sides of which are almost perpendicular and is more than 150 feet high. There is but one way to get to the top and that is by ladders and steps out in the rock. The top is a plateau of about five acres in extent and was at one time used for a Spanish fort, but now gone to ruins. There are a few Spanish cannons lying around, the butts of which are rotten. The Spanish soldiers occupied this fort for fear the natives would kill them if they remained in the town or quarters below. At the foot of the hill is the main part of town, also the well from which all the water for the command is procured. The church is the finest building in the town and is built of galvanized iron, the inside being in good condition and painted in colors and has some fine scroll work. The altar is as fine as any I have seen in the states and the church is said to be the finest finished of any on the lower islands.

There are two Catholic school houses here that are well built of plaster and wood and from appearances there are about 200 children attending. The headquarters and men's quarters are built of the same material. They are opposite the school houses and face a plaza. The headquarters is the largest building and is used both for office and residence by the officers of the command, the lower portion being a store-room. The quarters are slightly crowded with 50 men and the mess hall is in a separate building made of nipa. Most of the native houses are constructed of this material although there is an abundance of timber here to build of wood; the people, however, cannot afford to buy the necessary tools.

The people are about the same here as elsewhere. They do not like the Americans very well, but they dare not rebel, for they know what would happen if they did. They treat us with respect when we are around, but are very shy. They are organizing a native band here, having just received a full set of French instruments to replace their old ones. They make pretty fair music now. There are fewer prisoners here than at any station on the island,

there being but nine on the guard house list, and two of them are on parole and another is crazy and only waiting to be sent away. Tuba is a scarce article here. Very few of the natives use the drink and the law keeps it away from the soldiers. Beer, whisky and wines are unknown, there being no canteen here and the Chinese stores, four in number, are not allowed to keep liquor of any kind.

Chicken fighting is the only excitement we have here, but that is very plentiful. There are fights nearly every day and some of the finest roosters are used. The holidays were well celebrated here. Christmas was church day, there being services all day. New Year's day was also a great feast day and the band played about all the time. There were also some changes made in the government of the district. The president was made governor and the vice president was advanced to his place.

I had a good time on Christmas, going up the river in a canoe with two other boys. We rowed until we were tired and then went to a spring which is about a mile from the beach and about 100 feet above the sea level. The water is cool and comes from the side of the mountain among large rocks and in the shade. Several years ago the Spanish banished a well educated native from Manila to this island and he, having nothing else to do, built a brick pipe on top of the ground from the spring to the beach where a fountain was made, intending that the people of the town should use the water. He was taken to Manila and executed shortly after he finished the work and it was not taken care of and is now of no use, being broken in many places. Several of us boys spent the evening in walking about the streets and singing American songs.

We have very good officers here. I do not know what states they came from but do not think they are westerners. They are West Point men. The doctor is a married man and has his wife with him, she being the only American woman in the town. There are only 50 men in the detachment and no native soldiers, they going to Oroquieta when we came. The duty is not very hard. The men only get three nights in but there are no prisoners to chase and wear them out and walking post is not burdensome. I am on special duty as clerk in the adjutant's office at present, but do not know for how long as changes are frequent.

The weather is fine, being as cool as it is during the spring at home. There is not as much rain as there was two weeks ago, but the roads are not very dusty. The rainy season has lasted longer this season than it has for years. The dry season will be very short if the rainy season begins when it did last year. The natives have gathered all their rice and are waiting for the dry weather to kill out the corn so they can gather it. I have received several copies of THE NEWS since I have been here and think them very interesting.

AMROZ J. BILGER, Co. L., 10th Infantry.

OLD FIRM, NEW STOCK.

Baum Bros. Now Deal Exclusively in Clothing and Ladies' Garments.

While the exterior appearance of Baum Brothers' store is the same as it has always been, that is as far as the similarity goes. The interior has been changed so that it bears very little resemblance to the store that has been known by its many customers in years gone by. The center partition has been removed, throwing the large room all into one, which is well lighted, commodious and attractive, giving greatest opportunity to show goods. The firm now deals exclusively in clothing and ladies' ready to wear garments, waists, suits, cloaks and furs, the dry goods department having been entirely eliminated when the stock was sold to R. M. Rosenthal a short time ago.

With the large additional room now afforded, Baum Brothers are increasing their stock of clothing and expect soon to make it the largest in the city. They will carry all the finer grades of goods, so that a customer wanting something either for common wear or in the best grades will be able to be fitted out.

This firm has been doing business in Norfolk 17 years, during which time it has built up a reputation for honesty and fair dealing second to no concern in the northern part of the state. When it is announced that they were going out of the dry goods business it was feared that this meant their removal from the city, and their friends and customers will be glad to learn that this is not so. They will devote their attention exclusively to clothing and ladies' wear, and expect in a short time to make theirs the most popular store of its character in this section of the state. J. Baum left for the east this morning to purchase a new stock of goods, which will commence to arrive in a week or ten days. They will do a big business from the start, as the firm is well and favorably known through the whole of north Nebraska.

SPRING RUSH BEGINS.

Norfolk Foundry and Manufacturing Company Has Much Work on Hand.

With the approach of spring a genuine air of business bustle is apparent at the shops of the Norfolk Foundry and Manufacturing company and, under the direction of the manager, John

Cronk, there is something doing. Perhaps the most evident improvement is the erection of a sheet-iron covered building 24 by 50 feet and 14 feet in the clear, which is being built to protect the machinery of the Port Huron Engine and Threshing company of Michigan from the elements, the foundry people having the agency for that company. Of this company's manufactures their Norfolk agency will handle engines, separators, corn huskers and shredders, corn shellers, feed grinders, hay presses and the excellent "dirt handler" made by that company. This is an elevating grader with a spreader run by a traction engine. They also make a dump car to go with the "dirt handler." The doors of the warehouse are 10 feet wide by 14 feet high to admit the large separator made by them. A sample separator and engine made by this company has already been received and those who have had experience with such machinery pronounce them ideal. They are certainly of the latest make. The separator is 36-60 and perhaps one of the largest ever received in this section of country. It is fitted with a Person self feeder and new Port Huron wind stacker. The engine is as large and complete as the separator. It is an 18-horse compound, with a loco cab and fitted with a bell and whistle, until it closely resembles a railroad engine. It has immense and broad drive wheels and is a powerful machine. The brass fittings, to the value of about \$50 were stolen enroute, but when these are received the machine will make some exhibition runs Saturdays.

Besides this line, the foundry people will handle the J. I. Case engines and separators, also the engines and separators made by Nichols & Shepard.

In the regular foundry work they are about two months behind on orders. There are now three traction engines at the shop undergoing repairs and another is expected in a few days. Besides there are two gasoline engines on hand to be overhauled and repaired.

This, in addition to the regular line of jobbing work which is picking up at this season, will keep the force unusually busy. It is an industry that amounts to a great deal to Norfolk and the people will be pleased to know it is prosperous and growing in importance.

Northern Wisconsin Railway Farm Lands For Sale.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway has for sale in Northern Wisconsin, at low prices and easy terms of payment, about 350,000 acres of choice farm lands.

Early buyers will secure the advantage of locations on the many beautiful streams and lakes, which abound with fish and furnish a never ending and most excellent water supply, both for family use and for stock.

Land is generally well timbered, the soil fertile and easy of cultivation and this is rapidly developing into one of the greatest sheep and cattle raising regions in the northwest.

Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Superior, Ashland and other towns on "The Northwestern Line" furnish good markets for stock and farm produce.

For further particulars address: GEO. W. BELL, Land Commissioner, Hudson Wis., or G. H. MACRAE, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. Ag't, St. Paul, Minn.

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and your grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clear out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Get Green's Prize Almanac. Asa K. Leonard.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at O'Neill, Neb., December 18, 1901.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before clerk of the district court at Madison, Nebraska, on February 1, 1902, viz: Emma J. Ferguson, H. E. No. 16565, for the w 1/2 ne 1/4, sec. 14, T. 23 N., R. 1 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Boyd, John Eberly, A. N. McGinnis of Waverly, Neb., Wm. T. Ferguson, Norfolk, Neb. S. J. WEEKS, Register.

If You Were Scared

easily you might suppose that the pain in the lower part of your back meant kidney trouble. But being a person of sense you know it is only muscular stiffness, from cold, and that prompt treatment with Perry Davis' Painkiller will prevent it from growing into lumbago. Act accordingly and you will be glad you saw this. There is but one Painkiller, Perry Davis'.

Gardner & Seiler deal in improved and unimproved lands. Ranches and town property for sale in Pierce, Cedar, Knox, Wayne and Holt counties, also lands and ranches in North and South Dakota.

THE NEWS keeps its job department up-to-date with the latest faces of type and does its work in approved style.

DEATH BY SHOOTING.

S. B. Cain Lives Fifty-Four Hours and Succumbs to His Wounds.

A Newman Grove correspondent of the State Journal, under date of the 13th, gives the following account of the suicide of S. B. Cain of that place, mention of which was made a few days ago: "Singleton B. Cain, a holder of large real estate interests in and around this city, lies dead at his home, in the eastern part of town, the result of his own rash act. Last Monday night, about 8 o'clock he came down town, having promised his family that he would meet them at church, where revival services were being held. He had passed the church two blocks, and was in the heart of the business section, at the intersection of Fremont and Hale streets, when he raised his right hand with a .38-calibre revolver and sent a bullet into his head. A few seconds elapsed and the shot was repeated. The few people who were on the street were attracted by the first shot, but could not locate the direction on account of the echo. When the second shot occurred the man was seen to stagger and fall, and before any of those nearest could reach him, he with his left hand bracing his body in a sitting posture, fired two more shots in quick succession only one of which probably took effect.

"The man was picked up for dead and carried to Anderson's drugstore. Physicians were summoned and two of the bullets extracted, after which he was carried to his home, where he partially regained consciousness, enough to recognize the members of his family, but from the time he fired the first shot until he expired he uttered no sound, not even a groan. Any of the three shots that entered his head were sufficient to cause death. The third bullet was extracted yesterday morning by trephining, the operation being done by Drs. Frink and McMahon, the ball being removed from the opposite side of the head from where it entered.

"Mr. Cain stood well in this community, was a prominent church and Sunday school worker, ardent in politics and temperance, a leader in fraternal societies, having membership in the I. O. O. F., M. W. A., the Rebekahs and Royal Neighbors.

"He leaves a large family in comfortable circumstances. He has left no word, written or spoken, that would in any way explain his rash act. If anything was on his mind, worrying him, he gave no sign. He was rather reticent regarding his affairs, keeping his own counsel. He was born in Ohio, March 14, 1856."

Real Estate Transfers.

The following are the transfers of real estate in Madison county for the week ending March 15, 1902, as reported by D. J. Koenigstein, official abstractor:

Ernest Fisher and wife, Martha, to Ida Schultz, wd lot 10, block 3, Pasewalk's 3rd add to Norfolk, \$1820. Ole Johnson to Esau Johnson, wd 1/2 of nw 1/4 7-21-3, and sw 1/4 6-21-3, \$5000. Battle Creek Valley bank to Joseph Severa, wd lot 3, block 16, Battle Creek, \$350. Commercial bank, Columbus, to Michael Gaspers, qd 1/2 of 36-21-4. Mary A. Weber to Ella L. Robinson, wd 1/2 of w 1/2 of lot 5, block 3, Pasewalk's add to Norfolk, \$1400. Phebe Barnes to John Peters, qd 1/2 of vacated street lying w of block 56, R. R. add to Madison.

G. W. Shippee to William Ullrich, wd lot 2, block 1, McCombs suburban lots to Burnett, \$1550. William G. Smith to W. C. Pugh, wd lots 5, 6, 7, S. block 2 and lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, block 9, Battle Creek, \$500. Gilbert H. Nimmerstein to J. H. and L. B. Milligan, wd ne 1/4 11-23-2.

Theresa Jorgens to Charles Knapp, wd 1/2 of ne 1/4 21-24-1, \$900. Lottie A. Taylor to Frank L. Watson, wd ne 1/2 2-24-1, \$2380. Anna B. Holm to John H. Eickhoff, wd lot 2, block 2, McCombs suburban lots to Burnett, \$650. Manchester Trust, Ltd. to Silvester Lewis, Sp., wd 1/2 of ne 1/4 27-24-4, \$750. William Beswick to Pearl E. McCoy, wd pt. of lot 7, block 7, Haase's suburban lots to Norfolk, \$900. Frieda Carlein Nimmerstein to Garoline Bask, wd lots 1 and 4, block 19, F. W. Barnes add to Madison, \$500. F. J. Hale to Orange Bower, wd w 1/2 24-24-4, except small parcel in no corner, \$12800. Charles Knapp to Ernest Fenske, wd sw 1/4 and s 1/2 ne 1/4 24-24-2. Christ Kranch to Harry Tannehill, wd s 1/2 of s 1/2 26-23-1, \$3000. Amanda V. Tannehill to Christ Krench, wd pt. of lots 1 and 2, block 11, Haase's sub. lots to Norfolk, \$1500. Abram White to James Blair, wd sw 1/4 of nw 1/4 and sw 1/4 36-24-1, \$8500. B. Peter Thomsen to W. H. Avery, wd pt. of ne 1/4 of sw 1/4 18-24-4, \$20. Robert W. Gillespie to Daniel S. Mook, wd ne 1/4 18-24-4, \$4800. George B. Johnson to G. N. Thiele, wd sw 1/4 24-22-4, \$4800. Thomas G. Ostrem to Christ J. Simonsen, wd s 1/2 nw 1/4 17-21-4, \$1900. Hans P. Sandell to D. A. Ommerman, wd s 1/2 of ne 1/4 8-23-1. State of Nebraska to Michael Gaspers, deed n 1/2 26-21-4, \$3288. William N. Huse to S. T. Napper, wd lot 3, C. S. Hayes choice add to Norfolk, \$3000. William H. Butterfield to S. T. Napper, se 1/4 17-24-2, \$3000 wd. Mark M. Coad to S. T. Napper, wd sw 1/4 and s 1/2 of nw 1/4 and s 1/2 of se 1/4 20 and sw 1/4 21, and e 1/2 of ne 1/4 and ne 1/4 of se 1/4 30-24-2, \$11500. G. M. Gilchrist to Emil Winter, wd s 1/2 of nw 1/4 17-23-3, \$940.

Perpetuating Our History. This office was visited Saturday by A. E. Sheldon, director of field work of the Nebraska State Historical society, who with his son Philip was here on a trip in the interest of that society. Mr. Sheldon took photographs of historical

points touching on early records from Lewis and Clark's expedition in 1804, the Astor expedition in 1810, Catlin's visit in 1832, the Mormon quarters in 1836, Dr. Shelley's first location of Niobrara in 1856 and the present status of the town. He was fortunate also in securing the portrait of William Lamont, the oldest living resident of Knox county, who came to Niobrara in 1857. Frank Landak had in his possession the Sherwin plat of Niobrara, made in 1857, which shows the entire valley from the Niobrara river nearly to the Bazile one continuous townsite, with a comparative outline map from the Great Lakes to the mountains and Niobrara the central figure. This was loaned to Mr. Sheldon for the purpose of taking a copy. Portraits of some of Knox county's early settlers were loaned or donated by E. A. Fry, together with several documents of historical value. Mr. Lamont will loan the society the old Harney cannon he has in his possession for exhibition at St. Louis as a silent witness of the Louisiana purchase. There are other valuable trophies of the early history which Mr. Sheldon's limited time compelled him to omit until a later visit. He says that Niobrara furnishes more points of valuable history than many of the old prosperous towns farther down the river.—Niobrara Pioneer.

ANALYSIS OF FLOUR.

Test Shows Nebraska Flour Better than that of Minnesota.

Ernest Bridge took with him to Lincoln a sample of Norfolk flour and submitted it for analysis to Prof. H. H. Nicholson, department of chemistry of the state university. The result of the analysis, as compared with the analysis of the best Minnesota spring wheat flour, is very interesting and shows a product of which Norfolk may be proud. The analysis of the Minnesota wheat was made by the bureau of chemistry of the U. S. department of agriculture.

The comparison shows: Per cent of moisture, Minnesota 10.29, Norfolk 6.98; of starch, Minnesota 76, Norfolk 75.68; of fat, Minnesota .67, Norfolk .94; of gluten, Minnesota 12.38, Norfolk 15.70; of ash, Minnesota .66, Norfolk .70.

Chemical comparison in every particular shows Norfolk flour superior. This should be gratifying, not only to the Sugar City Cereal mills, but to the people of Norfolk, and to those who have farm lands in this vicinity. The reason for the richness in gluten is the abundance of gypsum in the soil of lands surrounding Norfolk. This is becoming better known every year and North Nebraska wheat is held in very high esteem and is in great demand.

FOR SALE.—A fresh milch cow. Inquire at this office.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for at the postoffice March 17, 1902:

Miss Mollie Anderson, Dr. August Anderson, G. W. Anderson, Mrs. Cate Curtis, Miss Dott Garver, Dave Hall, A. W. Lintecum, Net Loury, Mrs. Monip, Clarence Powell, Miss Margaret Reimert, W. Riehon, Mrs. A. C. Smith, R. J. Torp, W. C. Wells, Miss Ionna Weaver.

If not called for in 15 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

Parties calling for any of the above please say advertised.

P. F. SPRECHER, P. M.

Colonist Excursion Rates.

Every day during the months of March and April, 1902, the Union Pacific will sell colonist excursion tickets at the following one way rates:

Missouri river to Butte, Anaconda and Helena, \$20. Missouri river to Spokane, \$22.50. Missouri river to points on Great Northern railway, Spokane to Wenatchee, inclusive via Huntington and Spokane, \$22.50. Missouri river to points on Great Northern railway west of Wenatchee via Huntington and Spokane local over Wenatchee, not to exceed \$25. Missouri river to Portland, Tacoma and Seattle, \$25. Missouri river to Ashland, Ore., and intermediate points, including branch lines on S. P. Co. south of Portland, via Portland, \$25. Corresponding low rates from intermediate points on the Union Pacific.

Write for rates to points not given above. J. B. ELSEFFER, Agent.

F. E. & M. V. R. R. Low Colonist Rates.

to Pacific coast, and intermediate points in California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, etc. Commencing March 1 and continuing every day until April 30, 1902, very low, second class, colonist, one way tickets will be sold to points in above named territory. For further particulars please call on the undersigned. H. C. MATRAU, Agent.

Does it Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but always inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. Asa K. Leonard.

The Grocer who neither sands his sugar nor waters his milk—who believes in the best, and is particular to please his patrons. That's the grocer who recommends and sells Lion Coffee. Coffee that is coffee—unglazed—unadulterated.

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It traverses a territory rich in undeveloped resources; a territory containing unlimited possibilities for agriculture, horticulture, stock raising, mining and manufacturing. And last, but not least, it is

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Full information as to route and rates cheerfully furnished upon application to any representative of the Company, or to

Passenger Traffic Department, Commercial Building, Saint Louis.

HEADACHE DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS. At all drug stores. 25 Doses 25c.

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HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

On November 5th, and 19th, and December 3rd, and 17th, the Missouri Pacific Railway will sell tickets to certain points in the South, Southeast, and Southwest, at the rate of one fare for the round trip, plus \$2.00. Final return limit 21 days from date of sale.

Fast Time and Superior Through Service. Reclining Chair Cars (seats free). Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

For further information or land pamphlets, address, W. O. BARNES, T. P. A., Omaha, Neb.

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