

PRINCE IN MILWAUKEE

Six Hours Devoted to Reception, Drive and Banquet.

BIG CROWDS CHEER VISITOR.

Royal Guest Acclaimed by Two Hundred Thousand—City is a Blaze of Light—Leaves for Niagara and New England.

Milwaukee, March 5.—Milwaukee was host to Prince Henry of Prussia for six hours last evening and gave a reception that was highly enthusiastic and an entertainment that was unique.

The special train came at 4 o'clock and at 10 was away again on the long run to Niagara and New England. The intervening time was all given over to the reception and entertainment of the royal visitor. It began with a drive through the business and residential districts in review before a crowd that numbered 200,000. Then there was a public reception, at which Governor Robert La Follette and Mayor David S. Rose voiced the welcome and the united singing societies raised their voices in mighty chorus. There was also a splendid illumination and a thrilling night run of the Milwaukee fire department. Later there was a banquet, at which the prince met the leading citizens of the city and state. The thousands of Germans resident in Milwaukee joined heartily in the welcome of the young prince, to whose house they once owed allegiance, and veterans of the German war gathered from throughout the state to assist in the reception.

Coming of the Prince.

The special train bearing the prince and his party ran up from Chicago over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, and there was an enormous crowd at the depot awaiting its coming. There was a cheer as the prince appeared and another louder than the first when he entered his carriage outside the depot grounds. Mayor Rose and Admiral Evans entered his carriage and, flanked by police and guarded by troopers of the First Wisconsin cavalry, the drive through the city began. Just outside of the depot 1,000 veterans of the German wars were drawn up. They had come here from Green Bay, Stevens Point, Port Washington, Appleton, Plymouth, Fond du Lac, Racine and other distant points in the state and they gave the prince a volley of cheers as he passed them. The streets were blockaded with people and the police had to fight to keep a driveway clear.

Prince Henry was given the honor of riding in the first carriage to roll across the new Grand avenue-Wisconsin street bridge, and as this point was reached battery A stationed on the lake front, fired a salute of 21 guns.

The reception of the prince as he drove through the streets was wildly enthusiastic and there was an ovation when he entered the exposition building for the public reception. As he appeared on the stage escorted by his staff and the reception committee, the mass chorus of 600 voices sang a German song. There were 10,000 persons packed in the exposition building. After the address of welcome, the great chorus sang again and as the prince arose to leave the hall the crowd broke into cheers. He touched his cap in salute and smiled as he turned to leave the stage. The fire run followed the public reception and it made a spectacle that was novel and exciting. Thirty-two pieces of apparatus, marshaled by Fire Chief Foley, were raced for a mile at high speed. They ran two abreast and 200 feet apart. Darkness had come and the engine lights made the picture all the more inspiring. The prince was then driven through illuminated streets to the Hotel Pfister, where the banquet was served.

There was a great display of bunting and under the glare of hundreds of electric lights it looked even more attractive than in the daylight. Crowds thronged the streets during the evening, with the Hotel Pfister as the common objective, and the night scene was a brilliant one.

Prince Henry left for the east at 10 o'clock on a special train. A large crowd greeted him as he took his farewell.

George Gould Also Held.

David City, Neb., March 5.—The preliminary hearing of George Gould, charged with being an accomplice of A. H. Gould in the forging of notes and mortgages which resulted in wrecking the Platte Valley State bank of Bellwood, was concluded in the county court yesterday. Gould was held for the district court under bonds of \$20,000, which he did not give. He is now in the county jail.

Air Line to Cripple Creek.

Denver, March 5.—President Trumbull of the Colorado and Southern railroad has written Arthur Francis, secretary of the Cripple Creek chamber of commerce, that his company will build a cutoff from Platte canyon to Divide, making practically an air line of railroad between Denver and Cripple Creek.

Alleged Murderer Arrested.

Cedar Falls, Ia., March 5.—John Wilson, alias J. B. Farwell, wanted in Spink county, South Dakota, on the charge of killing Frank Nobel in a saloon fight last September, was arrested here yesterday while taking mail addressed to J. B. Farwell from the postoffice.

BLAZE AT MARSHALLTOWN.

Half Block of Buildings Burned, Including Tremont Hotel.

Marshalltown, Ia., March 5.—Fire yesterday destroyed half a block of buildings in the heart of the city, entailing a loss of \$75,000, resulting in injuries to several guests and employees of the Tremont hotel.

The injured: Lulu Stephens, waitress, back severely sprained, internal injuries, serious; Mrs. Bessie Madden, waitress, leg broken; Byrdie Myers, waitress, ankle broken; J. H. Jayne, landlord, feet burned; Jacob Kunkle, cook, hands and face burned, serious.

Forty guests of the hotel had but little time to escape, as the flames spread rapidly, cutting off avenues of escape. Many of the employees jumped from the first floor balcony to the pavement in their night clothes. The three injured girls jumped from the third story to the front balcony and others jumped to the rearway and escaped uninjured. The fire caught at the base of the elevator in the hotel.

SHOOTS WIFE AND SELF.

Husband Commits Suicide After Attempting His Companion's Life.

Sargent, Neb., March 5.—The little town of Taylor, eight miles north of here, was the scene of a shocking tragedy last night, the result of which is that Ira J. Lundy is dead and his wife wounded, with very slight chance for her recovery.

Mrs. Lundy was living at her home with her little boy. Lundy had not lived with his wife for over a year, owing to domestic differences. It seems that he suspected her of improper conduct with another man. In all five shots were fired, three took effect in Mrs. Lundy and two in Lundy. Mrs. Lundy was shot in the breast. Lundy and his wife were middle-aged people with three grown children.

In Memory of McKinley.

Albany, N. Y., March 5.—The memory of the late President McKinley was observed by the legislature of the state yesterday. The exercises were held in the assembly chamber and were presided over by Governor Odell. The speaker of the evening was the Hon. Charles Emory Smith, formerly postmaster general. The address was a careful review of the eventful life of the late president dwelling upon his career as a soldier, lawyer and statesman, with more than passing reference to his home life and eloquent tribute to his noble qualities as son and husband.

Irish Voice Grievances.

Chicago, March 5.—The woes of Ireland and the wrongs of the Boers were kindred subjects for last night at a meeting of the Irish Nationalists, held in this city. The meeting was primarily held to pay tribute to the memory of Robert Emmet, but the South African war occupied almost an equal space with the Irish patriot in the addresses that were made. The chief address of the evening was made by ex-Congressman J. J. Lentz of Ohio. Judge Edward F. Dunne of Chicago presided and made a stirring address on Robert Emmet.

Trouble Over Color Line.

Topeka, Kan., March 5.—Much ill-feeling is being manifested between the negroes and white people in the Lowman Hill district of this city over the refusal of the school board to permit colored children to attend the white school. It is understood that some of the negro teachers of the city are trying to keep the trouble alive. The school board expresses its intention of immediately discharging these teachers, and this may start more trouble.

Wind Sweeps Texas.

Austin, Tex., March 5.—Texas was wind-swept yesterday from the Panhandle to the gulf. At times the wind attained a speed of 80 miles an hour. During the afternoon the wind attained such a force as to absolutely retard the progress of trains on the prairies and several trains entering this city were nearly an hour late. In many places along the railroad the wind piled sand high on the tracks.

South Omaha Cavalry Troop.

Lincoln, March 5.—Adjutant General Colby has given orders to Captain Eli Hodgins of Omaha to muster the South Omaha troop of cavalry into the state service on Friday evening. The temporary officers of the organization are: Captain, W. L. Holland; Lieutenants, Bruce McCulloch and Harry Tagg.

Flood Damage at Passaic.

Passaic, N. J., March 5.—The flood is slowly receding. A conservative estimate of the damage in this city alone is placed at \$600,000.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Palmer Box and Stave factory at Poplar Bluff, Mo., was entirely destroyed by fire Tuesday, entailing a loss of \$300,000.

Frank P. Jacobs, aged 25, shot and killed his wife, aged 18, and then cut his own throat with a razor at Lynchburg, Tex., Tuesday.

The directors of the United States Steel corporation met Tuesday and re-elected President Schwab and all other officers whose terms expired.

John Mohun, 70 years old, for many years confidential agent of J. B. Haggin, the California silver king and horseman, dropped dead of apoplexy in New York Tuesday.

James Donaldson and William Broadbent, two of the best known wool growers of eastern Montana, were found guilty of stealing sheep and sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary.

SALSBURY PLEADS GUILTY

Grand Rapids Attorney Admits Violation of Banking Law.

WAS INVOLVED BY SPECULATION.

Former City Official Who Figured in Water Works Deal Obtains Money on Fraudulent Checks—MacLeod Also Pleads Guilty.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 5.—Ex-City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury and Stilson V. MacLeod yesterday afternoon pleaded guilty in the United States circuit court to the charge of violating the United States banking law. It was charged that they obtained something more than \$10,000 from the old National bank on fraudulent checks. The amount was afterward paid back. MacLeod was formerly teller of the bank and manager of the local clearing house and was aided in the fraud by his official position. The discovery of the crime came as an outcome of the municipal heater supply scandal.

Salsbury, in entering his plea of guilty, read a statement of his connection with the water scandal. He says that he became involved in debt to the extent of \$12,000 by stock and grain speculations, and was extended financial accommodations at the bank by S. V. MacLeod. Later, he felt obligated to assist MacLeod and they resorted to further speculation, increasing the indebtedness \$10,000 through overdrafts. This was in December, 1899. In the early part of 1900 he met R. A. Cameron, the alleged water contract promoter, and planned to get through him \$25,000 to settle the bank accounts. He declares that it was never his purpose to use any of this money for the bribery, and that he did not even promise Cameron a contract from the city. He failed to get the \$25,000 and then secured the \$75,000, which was sent here as a boodle fund, arranged with MacLeod to take care of the bank obligations and turn the remainder over to him. He declares MacLeod gave him something over \$50,000 and that he obtained enough from other sources to again make up the \$75,000 and that it was returned to Mr. Gates, H. A. Taylor's agent.

In conclusion, he denies that he ever, directly or indirectly, offered money or other inducements to any city official for the support of any water proposition.

NO UNEASINESS IS FELT.

San Francisco Sub-Treasury Is Able to Accommodate Gold Demands.

Washington, March 5.—Secretary Shaw has received a number of applications from New York bankers, asking for permission to deposit gold in the New York sub-treasury and withdraw equal amounts from the sub-treasury at San Francisco.

Although these applications amount to \$50,000,000 or \$60,000,000, the treasury officials feel no uneasiness in consequence, as it is said the actual amount of gold needed in San Francisco will hardly exceed \$20,000,000 and that applications in excess of this amount were made with a view to ascertaining what the treasury would do in case the aggregate should reach the larger sum. Secretary Shaw will grant the requests for transfer so far as the actual business requires.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

Question of Its Classification Again Occupies the House.

Washington, March 4.—The house spent another day in discussion of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. No vote was reached and it is doubtful whether one will be had today, as the list of speakers is still large. The fate of the bill is in doubt, although the impression prevailing is that it will be defeated. The speakers were Smith (Dem., Ky.), Gardner (N.J.) and Williams (Miss.) in favor, and Landis (Ind.), Maddox (Ga.) and Hill (Conn.) against the measure. Before debate began the conference report on the Philippine tariff bill was adopted. The vote was on party lines, except that McCall (Mass.), Littlefield (Me.) and Heatwell (Minn.), voted with the Democrats against adopting the report.

Debate on Subsidy Bill.

Washington, March 5.—The ship subsidy bill was further discussed in the senate yesterday by Frye. His remarks were directed principally to the Republican senators, and he gave further expression to his views that the subsidy bill was a logical response to the demands of the Republican party, and that in its preparation he had obviated the objections entertained by senators friendly to the measure. No other senators desiring to speak, the bill was laid aside and a number of other bills were passed.

Killed by Electricity.

Missoula, Mont., March 5.—Andrew Nelson, a contractor, was instantly killed by electricity. He went into a shed near his house and reached above his head to turn on the electric light. As his hand touched the switch the electric circuit was completed and he fell to the ground dead.

Two Die of Injuries.

Muncie, Ind., March 5.—Elmer Newkirk and Bert Lee, the victims of the explosion at DeSoto yesterday, which destroyed the \$50,000 natural gas pumping station of the American Window Glass company's plant, died of their injuries. Both men had inhaled the gas, being burned internally.

ETRURIA LOSES PROPELLER.

Cunard Liner Nearing Azores in Tow of Another Steamer.

New York, March 5.—The Evening World prints a dispatch from one of its reporters who is a passenger on the Etruria. The dispatch, which was taken to the Azores by the oil tank Ottawa, which spoke the Etruria on Friday, is as follows:

The Etruria lost its propeller and steering gear in mid-Atlantic on the evening of Feb. 26. Drifted helpless in a heavy sea all night, making continuous signals. Too much cannot be said for the bravery and coolness of Captain Stephens, whose example filled the passengers and crew with courage. They are trying to tow Etruria to the Azores. As I write we are now in tow of the steamer William Cliff, but are making no headway. Wind and sea against us and Cliff not strong enough to do more than hold us steady. All are well on board and after the first excitement everything is quiet. They are trying to lash spars to make a rudder. Captain of oil steamer Ottawa, from Philadelphia, has promised to file this at first port touched. Captain Stephens wishes to assure all that there is no danger.

EXPLAINS SAMAR MASSACRE.

General Hughes Thinks It Due to Overconfidence in Native Troops.

Washington, March 5.—In his testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines yesterday General Hughes related the particulars of the massacre at Balangiga, Samar, last September. He took upon himself the responsibility for the sending of troops to that post and for the selection of the officer who was placed in command. "I had known him for years," he said. "He was a fine officer, and I had every confidence in him."

General Hughes said, however, that he was convinced the disaster was due to overconfidence and he had since heard that the officer in command had repented too great trust in the natives while serving in Luzon, but he was not aware of this trait of the man's character before giving him the post at Balangiga.

Speaking of the native soldiers, General Hughes said they generally did well, but should not be trusted except under command of American superiors.

REPRISALS ON THE BOERS.

Australian Troops Said to Be Under Death Sentence.

New York, March 5.—A strange story is exciting much discussion among military men, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, although it has been kept out of both press and parliament. It relates to alleged reprisals taken by Australian troops for Boer outrages in firing upon wounded, and draconian measures adopted by Lord Kitchener for enforcing discipline. It is stated that the Australian officers and men who took the Lex Talionis into their own hands were tried by court-martial and some of them were sentenced to be shot. Nothing official has been obtained on the matter at London.

ADVISES FROM COLOMBIA WAR.

Reports Are Meager, but Government Is Thoroughly Aroused.

Washington, March 5.—Advices from the seat of war in South America are meager. Nothing has been heard of the reported insurgent naval operations on the coast of Venezuela. But reports from Colombia show that the government is thoroughly awakened to the formidable character of the revolutionary outbreak near the capital and that a large body of troops has been hastily ordered from the north to assist in the defense of the capital. This withdrawal may have a considerable influence on the campaign on the isthmus of Panama.

STRIKERS PAY THE PENALTY.

Dispatches From Madrid Are to Effect That Labor Riots Are Shot.

London, March 5.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that a number of the strikers arrested for participation in the recent riots at Barcelona were shot at Fort Monjuich yesterday morning.

A brother of General Moode, the Carlist leader, has been arrested for complicity in the Barcelona riots and will be tried by court-martial. Papers seized at the houses of anarchists in Barcelona indicate that a widespread plot existed. Strikes were declared at Cadiz and Ferrol, Spain.

Miners Killed in Mysterious Manner.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., March 5.—Three miners employed at the Standard mine were instantly killed yesterday afternoon in a mysterious manner. The men were on the cage, which was conveying them to the top, when suddenly they were seen by their companions to fall. A miner who was on the cage at the time said that one of the men had lost his holding and in an endeavor to save himself pulled the others down. Alexander Seibert, aged 45 years, was the only one of the victims whose name could be obtained.

Crisis in Diamond Trade.

London, March 5.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Mail says in a dispatch that 4,000 men in the diamond trade there are idle. It is declared, says the correspondent, that unless the diamond cleavers abandon their strike soon every Antwerp and Amsterdam factory will be closed.

Charged With Opening Mail.

Clinton, Ia., March 5.—Deputy United States Marshal Healy arrested and brought here yesterday from Maquoketa Dr. G. A. Larkey, charged with opening mail belonging to Dr. Bernadom. He was taken before United States Commissioner Keefe, and bound over to the federal grand jury.

MARTIAL LAW IN NORFOLK

Mob of Strikers Defy Police and Soldiers.

PITCHED BATTLES ON STREETS.

Military Guards and Strike Sympathizers Clash at Frequent Intervals and Keep Town in Uproar—Whole Regiment on Duty.

Norfolk, Va., March 5.—A mob of 500 strike sympathizers yesterday held the streets of Norfolk on which the main line of the Norfolk Railway and Light company's cars are run and the police were unable to cope with it from noon until after dark, when the cars, which were guarded by detachments of military and had run with difficulty all day, were hauled in their barns. Cars were repeatedly derailed, wagonloads of stones were piled on the tracks and free fights between the military guards and the crowds occurred at frequent intervals. In one difficulty a sergeant ran a bayonet into the arm of H. H. Harman, a barber. Mrs. Harman, who was struck by the bayonet, was thrown through the windows of the car. A number of arrests have been made, both by the police and military.

Martial law will be declared in Norfolk today. Four more infantry companies, making the entire Seventy-first regiment have been ordered out. The strikers last night cut a mile of trolley wire in the city. The troops are now guarding the power plant. A detachment of the Newport News company, under Captain Glickerson, is on duty.

Digs Out of Snowdrifts.

Telluride, Colo., March 5.—J. D. Cedarberry, who was listed among those killed in the snowslide at the Liberty Bell mine last week, is reported alive and well. He was caught by the avalanche, but managed to dig his way out and reach a place of safety. It is thought no more lives will be lost here, as men will not be allowed to venture upon the dangerous hillsides, and all mines in the path of expected slides have been deserted. The only mine in the vicinity of Telluride that continues in operation is the Tomber and 500 miners are out of employment.

Farmers Capture Robbers.

Belvidere, Ill., March 5.—After a pitched battle with revolvers and shotguns, eight farmers trailed James Miller and Daniel Butler through the darkness by means of their tracks in the snow for eight miles and finally captured them. The men were found in a pumping station on the railroad, which was surrounded and besieged for four hours before they were induced to surrender. The two men had been discovered looting a general store and the postoffice at Herbert, a small village near here.

Jail Break Frustrated.

Oswego, Kan., March 5.—Mrs. Carrie Kearney was arrested yesterday, charged with aiding prisoners in the county jail to make a plot to escape. It is alleged that she gave a pistol to Will Geary, in jail for burglary, and Dr. G. A. Calhoun, who will shortly begin a penitentiary sentence for the murder of his wife. The plot was discovered and Mrs. Kearney was arrested. She was sent to the county jail in default of \$500 bond, which she refused to give.

Mrs. Carolina Clark Dead.

Fort Scott, Kan., March 5.—Mrs. Carolina Clark, said to have been the oldest white woman resident of Kansas, died at her home near Hammond yesterday, aged 81 years. She came to Kansas in 1838, locating at Fort Leavenworth, where she married a noncommissioned officer in the regular army. During the civil war she accompanied the Sixth Kansas cavalry and served water and coffee to the men on the battle line.

Ore Thieves Found Guilty.

Cripple Creek, Colo., March 5.—Kirch Kuykendall and Hartley J. Lake were yesterday found guilty of having attempted to kill the officer who caught them stealing high grade ore in the underground workings of the Independence mine about six weeks ago. John B. Friedenstein, who was indicted with Kuykendall and Lake, gave testimony for the prosecution, which resulted in the conviction.

Kills Wife, Then Shoots Himself.

Evansville, Ind., March 5.—William Cox shot and instantly killed his wife late last evening and then put a bullet into his own brain. He cannot live. Cox had, it is said, threatened to kill his wife on several occasions. Mrs. Cox was a beautiful woman and came from Kentucky, where she is well connected. The tragedy took place in the presence of their little daughter.

Shot in Drunken Row.

Kansas City, March 5.—Flo Freeman shot and killed Peter McCaffrey, a saloonkeeper, in a quarrel at the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets yesterday. When arrested the woman admitted the shooting, but said that she had fired in self-defense. McCaffrey having first struck her. Both were under the influence of liquor.

Stricken in the Pulpit.

White Cloud, Kan., March 5.—Rev. Mr. Bauserman of Milledam, Mo., who has been holding revival services in the Christian church here, suffered a paralytic stroke while delivering a sermon last night and had to be carried from the pulpit. He is in a critical condition.

SEEKS TO REPEAL CHARTER.

Bill to Dissolve Corporate Existence of Northern Securities Company.

Trenton, N. J., March 5.—Senator Gerhardt, Democrat of Hunterdon, introduced a bill in the senate to repeal and dissolve the charter and corporate existence of the Northern Securities company. The bill has a long preamble, in which it is stated, among other things, that the company was organized to enable the Northern Pacific Railroad company and the Great Northern Railroad company to violate the laws of the several states and interfere with their revenues, and also to destroy the competition in passenger and freight rates that existed between these railroads. The preamble goes on to say that the organization has aroused great public indignation and that the governor of Minnesota has already instituted suit to prevent the consummation of the illegal and injurious purposes sought to be accomplished by the formation of the Securities company. The bill was referred to the committee on corporations.

CATTLE GROWERS IN SESSION.

President Lusk's Address Deals Principally With Land Leasing.

Denver, March 5.—The American Cattle Growers' association, embracing all cattlemen's associations west of the Missouri river, assembled at the Tabor opera house yesterday for its second annual convention. F. C. Lusk, president of the association, called the convention to order. Several hundred delegates were present. Addresses of welcome were made by Governor Orman and Mayor Wright of this city and a response by A. C. Cleveland of Nevada. President Lusk's annual address was devoted largely to the question of leasing the public domain. He advocates the enactment by congress of a law to regulate the matter. "Untold harm is being done to cattlemen," he said, "by the free use of the public lands for grazing purposes."

Freight Bureaus Dissolved.

Chicago, March 5.—The dissolution of the Chicago-Kansas City, Chicago-Omaha-St. Louis City and Chicago-St. Paul freight bureaus was decreed yesterday by the executive officers of the western roads. No action was taken in regard to the western freight bureau. It was contended that this was not a pool or organization that could be construed as being illegal, but simply a statistical bureau for the compiling of records and the issuing of tariffs. It is probable it will be kept intact and that some traffic manager will be elected chairman.

Surveyors Ordered to Wyoming.

Billings, Mont., March 5.—The crews of Burlington surveyors who have been at work for the past several months running lines for the Great Falls-Billings extension, have been withdrawn and ordered to Garland, Wyo., where a line will be run for the new branch of the Burlington up Wood river to Meeteetse and Camp Irwin. Ties and rails for this branch have been unloaded at Garland and grading crews are in Camp Irwin.

Beecher's Open Hand.

An old member of Plymouth church who knew Henry Ward Beecher and his family tells a story about the great preacher. "No one ever knew what he did with the vast sums of money he earned as a lecturer," he said. "He used to give money away with both hands, and he was as likely to give a street beggar a twenty dollar bill as a dollar; but his salary from Plymouth church went direct to Mrs. Beecher intact. He never drew any money from the church until the end of the year. Then he received a check for \$20,000, his full year's salary, and handed it to his wife. When he died, he did not leave much of an estate, although he had earned millions of dollars in his life, but Mrs. Beecher had always received her \$20,000 a year, and she lived in comfort and even luxury in Brooklyn till she died. He was a great man was Henry Ward Beecher."

Where the Color Line Ends.

There may be mulattoes, quadroons and octoroons, but the eighth blooded negro is the last possibility in that progression. No one has ever seen, as far as we can learn, a human being of one-sixteenth negro blood. No pure blooded Caucasian and octoroon have been known to have issue. Many years ago, just after the close of the civil war, when Bishop Newman was advocating the amalgamation idea in New Orleans, one of the most famous physicians and ethnologists of that city offered a reward of \$1,000 to any person who would bring to his knowledge a human being of one-sixteenth negro blood. No one ever claimed the reward. That particular product no man has ever yet found on earth. From the octoroon the reversion to type is the only available direction.—Atlanta Constitution

Kodol

Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it.

Cures all stomach troubles.
Prepared only by E. O. Dewitt & Co., Chicago
Each 25¢ bottle contains 3 1/2 times the 10¢ size.