

DINES AT WHITE HOUSE

Reception to Prince Henry Culminates in Brilliant Banquet.

ENJOYS VISIT TO CONGRESS.

Kaiser's Brother Observes With Interest Ways of American Lawmakers—Views Dramatic Scene in Upper Body.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The visit of Prince Henry and his suite to the capitol yesterday must have been not only a gratifying experience to the royal visitor on account of the warm and flattering reception he received at both the house and senate, and of the opportunity it afforded of meeting personally the leaders of both houses, but it must have been an extremely interesting experience as well. The prince not only saw the houses of the American parliament at work, but in the senate he witnessed one of these rare and intensely dramatic moments which come in that body occasionally at the conclusion of a great debate. The prince and his party in carriages, escorted by a troop of cavalry and flanked on either side by a bicycle platoon of police, arrived at the eastern entrance of the capitol at 4 o'clock, exactly on schedule time. Prince Henry no longer wore the brilliant uniform and plumed chapeau in which he had appeared earlier in the day. He was attired in the simple dark blue fatigue uniform of the German admiral. In the matter of gold lace and braid General Corbin and Admiral Evans, still in the splendor of full dress uniform, far outshone the prince and his staff.

The prince and his party, under the protection of a half hundred police, were conveyed through solid walls of people packed in the rotunda to the room of Speaker Henderson, who formally welcomed him. The prince thanked the speaker for his courtesy and without further ceremony the party proceeded to the gallery of the house.

An impressive sight met the gaze of the prince as he reached the gallery. The surrounding galleries were crowded to the doors and below on the floor, in the long concentric circles of the vast hall, the members sat at their desks. His appearance at the door of the gallery caused an enthusiastic demonstration. The prince paused, smiled through his blonde beard, and acknowledged the greetings with a slight bow. Then advancing with the German ambassador and Mr. Hitt on either side, he descended to the place reserved for him in the front row of the gallery. Instantly every eye was upon him. He seemed perfectly oblivious of the fact that he was on exhibition at close range. Mr. Gilbert of Kentucky was addressing the house at the time on the Philippine question. Prince Henry seemed interested, listening attentively for several minutes to what Mr. Gilbert had to say and appearing much pleased at the statement of the Kentucky member that the "Anglo-Saxon and German races are one." The demonstration as the prince left the gallery was even more enthusiastic than when he entered. A number of members rose to their feet and cheered. The house at once adjourned to afford the members an opportunity to meet the royal visitor personally.

Dramatic Scene in Senate.

The prince's first view of the senate of the United States hardly could have been more dramatic and thrilling. The chamber was brilliantly illuminated from above, the overhanging galleries were thronged to suffocation, every senator was in his seat, the sides of the chamber were fringed with representatives drawn thither by news of the fierce conflict that was raging on and on the floor the youthful senator from Texas, Mr. Bailey, was hotly engaged with several of the older leaders on the Republican side over the right of the two senators from South Carolina, who are in contempt of the senate, to vote on the Philippine bill. The excitement at the moment was so great that even the entrance of a foreign prince, unwonted as it was, could hardly divert attention from the great debate which was in progress. Senator Frye, with the prince at his side, mounted the rostrum and invited him to be seated. The senators on the floor and spectators in the galleries had arisen at his appearance, but there was no audible demonstration. He watched the scene keenly as the young Texan tried the mettle first of one adversary and then of another. The two South Carolina senators, of whose encounter last Saturday the prince was fully advised, sat on the right of Mr. Bailey, with only a single chair between them. The prince several times glanced at them, but appeared far more interested in the question at issue than the personality of those it affected. For fully 20 minutes he sat completely engrossed by the scene before him. At last the prince departed through the main door, the senators remaining on their feet until he had disappeared. The plaza at the time was filled with people, who cheered as the prince was driven hurriedly away, accompanied by his cavalry escort.

Dinner at White House.

The dinner given to Prince Henry by President Roosevelt at the white house last night closed the honors bestowed on the royal visitor by official Washington. The affair was on an elaborate scale and brought together a most distinguished company. During the dinner the president proposed the health of the German

emperor and the German people, saying: "We admire their great past and great present and we wish them all possible success in the future. May the bonds of friendship between the two peoples ever grow stronger." The president also proposed the health of Prince Henry in these words: "In the name of the people I greet you and extend to you our warmest welcome, with the assurance of our heartiest good will."

Following the toast of the president to the German emperor, Prince Henry arose and addressed himself to the president, proposed a toast to himself and the people of the United States, accompanying it with an expression of good will and hope for the continuation of friendly relations between the Germans and the Americans.

At 10:40 the party dispersed, the prince leaving directly for the railroad station, where his special train awaited him. A troop of cavalry and a squadron of mounted and bicycle policemen acted as escort to the station and saw him safely aboard the train, which left at midnight for New York.

The president withdrew his invitation extended to Senator Tillman to attend the dinner.

YACHT READY FOR THE EVENT.

Emperor's Vessel Awaits the Christening by Miss Alice Roosevelt.

New York, Feb. 25.—The finishing touches on the emperor of Germany's new yacht were given and everything is in readiness for the launching. The union jack was hoisted at her bow, and from a small temporary staff amidship floated the imperial German standard. The American flag flies aft. Directly under the cut water of the yacht is the bunting-decked stand on which Miss Roosevelt, Prince Henry and President Roosevelt and two or three others will stand. In the center of this little platform is a box about three feet high. Into this box are run the steel wire ropes from the yacht's cradle. These are caught by a line which Miss Roosevelt will cut with a specially made silver hatchet. The cutting of this rope will release the weights and the yacht will immediately start down the ways.

President Off for Launching.

Washington, Feb. 25.—President Roosevelt and party left Washington shortly before midnight for New York, where today the president will witness the launching of the yacht Meteor, built for the emperor of Germany. Accompanying the president were Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt, who is to christen the yacht; Secretary Root, Mrs. Root, Miss Root, Secretary Hitchcock, Commander and Mrs. Cowles, Senators Lodge and Spooner, Representative Littauer, Dr. Pickrel, Assistant Secretary Loeb and a stenographer. The president's train pulled out of the station a few minutes before the one occupied by Prince Henry and his escort.

Republican Conference Called.

Washington, Feb. 25.—A conference of the Republican members of the house has been called for tonight to discuss the recommendation of the ways and means committee as to reciprocity with Cuba. There is said to be considerable opposition in some quarters to the action of the committee on this subject. The Michigan members held a caucus and decided unanimously to oppose the recommendations of the committee.

Offers the Office to New.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Harry S. New of Indianapolis has been offered the office of first assistant postmaster general to succeed William M. Johnson of New Jersey, who has resigned. Mr. New has not yet given his final answer. He is a member of the Republican national committee and is the editor of the Indianapolis Journal. The change will occur within the next two months.

President Commutes Death Sentence.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The president has commuted the death sentence in the case of Private Louis Nelson, Ninth cavalry, who was convicted by court martial in the Philippines of embezzlement and desertion with intent to join the enemy, to dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of all pay and allowances and confinement at hard labor in a penitentiary for ten years.

Palma Formally Elected President.

Havana, Feb. 25.—Dr. Tomas Estrada Palma and Senor Estevez were yesterday formally elected by the electoral college respectively first president and vice president of the Cuban republic. Senators were also elected. The day was observed as a holiday throughout Cuba and there was a large parade of school children in Havana.

Lucky Baldwin Seriously Ill.

Los Angeles, Feb. 25.—E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin is reported seriously ill at his Santa Anita ranch. He had an attack of the grip about two weeks ago, which developed into pneumonia. As he is 74 years old, his chances for recovery are regarded as poor.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

According to advices from Skagway the trail to Dawson is in excellent condition, but travel is light, both in and out.

The war department was informed Monday of the death of Major E. A. Ellis, Thirteenth cavalry, at Hot Springs, Ark.

Senator Lodge introduced a bill creating the bureau of drainage, irrigation and highways in the department of agriculture.

The postmaster general has issued a general order announcing the increase of pay of rural free delivery mail carriers \$100 each per annum.

PHILIPPINE BILL WINS

Senate Passes Tariff Measure by Vote of 46 to 26.

PARTY LINES ARE ADHERED TO.

Amendment to Restrict Operation of Sedition Laws is Accepted—Tillman and McLaurin Denied Vote—McComas and Wellington Have a Tilt.

Washington, Feb. 25.—After eight hours of tumultuous debate yesterday the senate, shortly after 7 p. m., passed the Philippine bill—46 to 26—a strictly party vote. Tillman and McLaurin, the two senators from South Carolina, who, on Saturday last, were declared by the senate to be in contempt because of their flight in the chamber, were not permitted by voice or by vote to participate in the proceedings.

The question as to their right to vote precipitated a sharp debate, lasting nearly two hours. Turner (Dem., Wash.) contended vigorously for the right of the two senators to cast their votes and he was sustained by Patterson (Colo.), Bailey (Tex.) and other Democrats. They held that even though the senators were actually under arrest and in the custody of the sergeant-at-arms, they could demand that they be allowed to vote, as the senate had not passed on their case.

Not Allowed to Vote. Foraker, Aldrich and other Republicans held that the senators clearly could not participate in any of the proceedings of the senate until they had purged themselves of contempt, and the senate had removed the ban placed upon them. The president pro tem., Mr. Frye, held that the two senators could not vote and he was upheld by the senate.

During the debate McComas and Wellington became involved in a controversy, during the course of which the latter declared that if McComas would make his statements outside of the senate chamber he would brand them as a malicious falsehood. He was called to order promptly and resumed his seat.

Many amendments were offered to the Philippine bill, but except those offered by the committee, only one, an amendment restricting the operation of the sedition laws enacted by the Taft commission, was adopted.

The amendment of Foraker fixing the rate of duties on products coming into the United States from the Philippines at 50 per cent of the Dingley rates instead of 75 per cent, as fixed in the bill, was lost, but it received a large Republican vote. Had the Democrats voted for it as a party it would have carried, but many Democrats voted against it.

Provisions of the Bill.

As passed the measure provides that articles imported into the Philippines from the United States shall be required to pay the duties levied against them by the Philippine commission, and paid on like articles imported into the archipelago from foreign countries; that articles imported into the United States from the Philippines shall pay a duty of 75 per cent of the rates fixed by the Dingley law, less any export duty on articles sent from the archipelago. All articles now imported free into the United States shall hereafter be exempt from import duty imposed in the Philippines. The bill exempts the commerce passing between the Philippines and the United States from the navigation laws of the United States until July 1, 1904, and authorizes the Philippine commission to so regard the craft engaged in lightering or exclusively harbor work, provided such craft are built in the United States or the Philippines and owned by citizens of the United States or citizens of the Philippines. Taxes and duties collected in pursuance of this act shall be paid into the treasury of the Philippine islands and used for their benefit.

All articles manufactured in bonded warehouses of imported materials, or material subject to internal revenue in the United States to the Philippines when exempt from the internal revenue and all taxes paid on such articles shipped to the Philippine islands since Nov. 15, 1891, shall be refunded.

FOUR JUDGES FOR TEXAS.

Bill Passed by House Divides State into Judicial Districts.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The house passed a bill to divide Texas into four judicial districts and also the Tawney resolution calling on the secretary for information as to the transfer of sugar lands in Cuba. It then transacted some business pertaining to the District of Columbia, and later took up the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The bill carries an appropriation of \$1,931,678, an increase of \$82,950 over last year. It was made the vehicle for speeches on trusts, coinage and other irrelevant matter.

Irwin (Ky.) delivered his first speech in the house and denounced the remarks of his colleague (Wheeler) regarding the visit of Prince Henry. Gilbert (Ky.) opposed the Republican policy in the Philippines.

National Congress of Mothers.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The National Congress of Mothers convened here in annual session. Yesterday there was a preliminary meeting of the board of management. Mrs. Theodore W. Birney, president, presided. It was devoted principally to a discussion of the by-laws of the organization. An effort will be made at this congress to change the character of the society so as to include the fathers of the country interested in its objects.

BLOW UP ASSAY OFFICES.

Concerted Move Against Leading Firms in Cripple Creek District. Victor, Colo., Feb. 25.—Cripple Creek is in a state of terror, owing to a preconcerted attack upon assay offices doing business in the district. Beginning at 3 a. m. and following in rapid succession six explosions wrecked as many assay offices in the centers, ranging from Victor to Cripple Creek and up to Goldfield. In every instance the object sought by the incendiaries was accomplished by the destruction of the offices with their fine equipment of delicate balances. The raiders did not hesitate to jeopardize life, as all but one of the buildings were also occupied by sleeping families. As it was, men, women and children were hurled out of their beds by the shocks and serious injuries inflicted. The full extent of the damage cannot be estimated.

In this city the Davenport office was wrecked by two explosions, involving a loss of at least \$1,200. At almost the same time the assay offices of Vanderwalker, Morgan and Williams were treated likewise. The loss was approximately as large as at Davenport's. One man, a miner, was severely injured in the explosion at Williams' office.

In the town of Goldfield, about a mile and a half north of here, almost simultaneously, Boyce's office and another assay establishment were wrecked. Boyce's family occupied an adjoining building. Mrs. Boyce was blown out of bed. A family living in the other assay office was also blown out of bed, but escaped serious injury. The giant powder was blown through the windows at Goldfield. In this city the powder was blown under the building.

The general impression here is that the acts are the result of a general movement to rid the district of all high grade ore-purchasing institutions. For years there has been systematic stealing of rich ore from the mines, amounting to thousands of dollars monthly. It is alleged that more than 50 assayers in the district have made a business of buying such ore. Recently the mine owners' association discovered that shipments of high grade ore had been made by assayers from this district to a smelter at San Francisco and a smelter at Salt Lake City, but all efforts to stop the traffic were unavailing.

ALBANIANS ATTACK TURKS.

Killing of a Chief and Failure to Surrender Murderer the Cause.

Cetinje, Montenegro, Feb. 25.—Sixty-four men are reported to have been killed or wounded during fighting which occurred on the Montenegrin frontier between Albanians and regular Turkish troops. The trouble was due to the recent assassination of an Albanian chief, Mulazeka. The latter's clansmen demanded the surrender of the murderer, falling which they attacked a force of Turkish frontier troops. The fighting continues.

Miss Stone's Release.

London, Feb. 25.—In a dispatch dated Salonica, the correspondent of the Daily Graphic says the brigands escorted Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka to the outskirts of a village called Kharadousan, near Strumitza, and then told them they were free. M. Gargiulo, dragoman of the American legation at Constantinople, has wired the former captives to refrain from any statement regarding their capture or detention until they have seen the United States minister to Turkey.

merger of Lutherans.

Red Wing, Minn., Feb. 25.—The Minnesota conference of the Swedish Lutheran Augustana synod yesterday, by vote, formally invited the English Lutherans of the synod of the north-west to join with it, provided they subscribe to the constitutions of the Augustana conference and synod. A committee, with Rev. L. G. Almen of Balceton as chairman, was appointed to negotiate the merger with the English Lutherans.

Barcelona Trouble Ended.

Barcelona, Feb. 25.—A majority of the business houses resumed yesterday. The factories are working and all the street cars are running. Tranquillity rules, but the precautions taken for the maintenance of order have not been relaxed.

Madrid, Feb. 25.—In the senate General Weyler, the minister of war, announced that tranquillity had been restored in all of the disturbed towns.

Colombian Rebels Gaining.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Feb. 25.—In spite of victories over the insurgents published by the Venezuelan government, advices received here from Caracas indicate that the revolution is gaining ground daily. New uprisings are reported in almost all parts of the country, notably in the Tachira district on the Colombian frontier and in the vicinity of Barcelona, where the insurgents are concentrating.

States General to Appoint Regent.

London, Feb. 25.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at the Hague says in a dispatch that he understands that the physicians of Queen Wilhelmina have recommended her to take a prolonged rest in the south to restore her health. The correspondent also says the states general will be convened to appoint a regent during her absence.

Demands Police Chief's Star.

Clinton, Ia., Feb. 25.—Mayor G. D. McWald yesterday demanded the star of Chief of Police James Cole, who was dismissed from further services. The mayor charges Cole with neglect in enforcing his orders to close gambling institutions operating here. Cole has been chief for four years.

GETS A BANK ON NERVE

Council Bluffs Grocer Victimizes Iowa State Treasurer.

CRENSHAW'S TRICK IN FINANCE.

Solution of His Mysterious Disappearance Transpires in Petition in Bankruptcy Filed by Creditors—Gets \$20,000 in Certificates.

Council Bluffs, Feb. 25.—A petition of intervention filed in the Crenshaw bankruptcy case in the federal court throws light on the mystery surrounding the disappearance of W. H. Crenshaw, the well known grocer of this city, who left here Feb. 19, and whose whereabouts are still unknown. According to the statements made in the petition Crenshaw obtained possession of a bank and practically the greater part of its assets by the use of nothing but sheer nerve as his capital.

The petition is filed by State Treasurer Gilbertson and his business partner, C. J. Thompson, who allege in effect that Crenshaw made a contract with them about Feb. 3, 1902, for the purchase of the Crystal Lake, Ia., bank, which was one of a number they owned; that they turned the assets of the bank over to him, although he had not paid anything; that he ordered the cashier to issue to him seven certificates of deposit ranging in amount from \$3,000 to \$7,000, and that he was successful in some, and unsuccessful in other attempts to borrow money from other banks by giving these certificates as collateral. Crenshaw's flight was discovered by local creditors Feb. 11, and they immediately took steps to protect their claims against him by filing involuntary bankruptcy proceedings. Their claims aggregated about \$2,000.

As soon as Gilbertson & Thompson discovered the sort of deal they had gotten into they elected to rescind the contract with Crenshaw and with this end in view they ask the court to order that the bank be declared their property, or, if it cannot do this, to decree that the contract with Crenshaw be declared null and void on the grounds that the transaction on his part was fraudulent and that he had no real intention to engage in the banking business.

FIFE CONFIDENT OF ACQUITTAL.

Trial of Murder Case Against Him Now Under Way at Savannah, Mo.

Savannah, Mo., Feb. 25.—The case of Stewart Fife, charged with complicity in the killing of Frank W. Richardson, a well-to-do merchant, was called here yesterday. Fife was a young society man and an associate with Richardson in business. Mrs. Addie B. Richardson, widow of the dead man, was charged jointly with Fife with the murder, and in her trial last month the state endeavored to show that her alleged relations with Fife served as a motive for the crime. The jury acquitted Mrs. Richardson in half an hour. Fife, who was arrested at North Yakima, Wash., two months ago, is confident of being set free and says: "I was nowhere near the Richardson home on the night of the murder and my arrest and incarceration is a criminal outrage."

Wanted for Bank Robbery.

Wichita, Kan., Feb. 25.—The governor of Arkansas has sent a requisition to Kansas for John Dunn and George Dunham, under arrest here for the robbery of a bank at Clarksville, Ark., four weeks ago. Dunn came to a hospital here ten days ago to have a bullet wound in the groin taken care of. He would give no information about himself except that a jealous woman shot him. The wound seemed to be two weeks old. Dunham followed here to take care of him, and was arrested. His attendance upon Dunn aroused suspicion and he was also placed in custody.

Ships Lost in Storm.

New York, Feb. 25.—The barge Lichtenfels Brothers, formerly the bark Ceres, 1,136 gross tonnage, lies sunken in the main ship channel here, one mile north of the Southwest spit, and it is believed Captain Walter Grandle and the crew of three men were drowned while asleep in their berths. The coal barge Cardenas, with a crew of five men besides her captain, and the barge Junjata, from which the crew was taken by the tug Mars, which had her in tow, are drifting about the ocean somewhere.

Killed by Premature Blast.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 25.—By an explosion of dynamite on the grading of the Colorado railroad at Bobbtown, 25 miles south of this city, Archibald Johnson of this city and C. Andrews of Marshalltown, Ia., were killed. They thought the fuse was frozen and went to examine it, when the shot went off, killing them.

Bride Held for Poisoning Husband.

Marianna, Ark., Feb. 25.—Mrs. George Wooten, a bride of five weeks, is held on \$3,000 bond to answer to the charge of poisoning her husband. The couple lived in the country. It is said they had a quarrel about some property. The husband took a drink of whisky and lay down to sleep. He never awoke.

Date of Woodward Hanging.

Casper, Wyo., Feb. 25.—Charles Woodward, convicted of the murder of Sheriff William C. Ricker, the Natrona county official who was shot down at Woodward's ranch in the Rattle Snake mountains last month, is to be hanged on Friday, March 28. Judge C. W. Bramel passed sentence yesterday.

Pretty Children

"We have three children. Before the birth of the last one my wife used four bottles of MOTHER'S FRIEND. If you had the pictures of our children, you could see at a glance that the last one is healthiest, prettiest and finest-looking of them all. My wife thinks Mother's Friend is the greatest and grandest remedy in the world for expectant mothers."—Written by a Kentucky Attorney-at-Law.



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prevents nine-tenths of the suffering incident to childbirth. The coming mother's disposition and temper remain unruffled throughout the ordeal, because this relaxing, penetrating liniment relieves the usual distress. A good-natured mother is pretty sure to have a good-natured child. The patient is kept in a strong, healthy condition, which the child also inherits. Mother's Friend takes a wife through the crisis quickly and almost painlessly. It assists in her rapid recovery, and wards off the dangers that so often follow delivery.

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