

WORDY WAR IN SENATE

Stormy Outbreak on the Philippine Question.

INDULGE IN PERSONALITIES.

Senators in Angry Humor Utter Bitter Taunts and Jeers That Almost Result in Fistic Encounters—Commerce Bill is Passed.

Washington, Jan. 29.—A Philippine storm was central in the senate chamber yesterday for nearly three hours, but was devoid of definite results. At times it looked very serious and the spectators, who thronged the galleries, watched it with breathless interest.

Acrimony in senate debate is not infrequent, but it has been years since there has been such a hurricane of bitter vituperation, of personal taunt, of ugly charges and of unadvised criticism as was witnessed yesterday. Not since the discussion of the recognition pending up to the Hispano-American war has such occurrences occurred in the chamber comparable with yesterday. Even that debate lacked the personal bitterness manifested at times yesterday.

Irritation was aroused on both sides of the chamber, and once or twice personal encounters between senators seemed imminent. Once, when Senator Teller taunted the Republican senators by declaring that they knew the statements made in a recent dispatch from Manila, in which General Wheaton was represented as criticizing the opponents of the government's policy in the Philippines, were true, a half dozen Republicans were on their feet in an instant. Senator Lodge, to whom the taunt seemed aimed particularly, hurriedly crossed from his seat in the center of the Republican side to the center of the main aisle of the senate, and white to the lips, challenged the statement of the Colorado senator and demanded that he withdraw it. Senator Teller modified the statement and further hostilities at that time were averted.

One of the sharpest colloquies was between Senators Spooner and Tillman. The race problem, involving the lynching of negroes, was interjected into the controversy and much feeling was manifested by both senators. In the course of the colloquy Spooner declared that if the same rule were to be applied to the colored people in the Philippines as Tillman referred to in the south then "God help the colored man in the Philippines." "God help him in the Philippines now," shouted the South Carolina senator passionately. "You have already butchered in three years three times as many as the Spaniards did in three centuries."

"It is one thing," retorted Spooner, "to kill men with arms in their hands against the government and against the flag, it is another thing to burn them."

Senators in the excitement seemed to have forgotten the subject of debate.

The chair (Mr. Frye) was able with difficulty to maintain order. When the discussion was ended for the day the chair felt called on seriously to admonish senators that the rules of the body had not been observed and after reading the rule which had been violated he expressed the hope that in the future senators would have a care to observe it. Such admonition has not been made by the presiding officer of the senate in many years.

Prior to the outbreak on the Philippine question the senate concluded the consideration of the bill establishing a department of commerce and passed it. The name of the new department was changed to that of the department of commerce and labor.

Just before the adjournment of the senate Spooner introduced a substitute for the Nicaragua canal bill. The new bill is a practical authorization to the president of the United States to choose between the Panama and the Nicaragua routes.

Millard Introduces Leasing Bill.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Senator Millard introduced a bill providing for the leasing of the public lands. The provision covers the states and territories of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, and it provides that the public lands shall be leased for the uniform rental of 2 cents per acre per annum. Leases are to run ten years, but are to terminate before the expiration of that time if the land passes into private hands under the land laws of the United States.

Reports Irrigation Bill.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The senate committee on public lands yesterday made a favorable report on the irrigation bill recently agreed upon by the senators and members of the house of representatives from the semi-arid states. There was no objection in the committee and the motion to report the bill was carried unanimously, but Senator Berry reserved the right to offer amendments when the bill is taken up in the senate for consideration. No amendment was made in committee. Later in the day the bill was reported by Senator Hansbrough, chairman of the committee.

Government to Build Cable.

Washington, Jan. 29.—By a vote of 8 to 7 the house committee on commerce decided in favor of government construction, operation and maintenance of a Pacific cable and ordered a favorable report on the bill of Representative Corliss of Michigan, providing the details of such a government undertaking.

LOUISVILLE GREET'S SCHLEY.

Stirring Demonstrations at Every Station Along the Route.

Louisville, Jan. 29.—Rear Admiral Schley, who under the chaperonage of the board of trade and the Knights Templar, will be Louisville's guest until next Friday, arrived here last evening. He was greeted by an admiral's salute and a shouting crowd of many hundreds at the depot. He was escorted to his carriage by the full committee representing his hosts and driven to the residence of Marion E. Taylor, president of the board of trade. Here the admiral and Mrs. Schley spent a quiet evening. The trip from Chicago was one long ovation and so vigorous were some of the handclaps which the distinguished seaman received en route that his right hand was "nearly out of business," as the admiral explained. The admiral made no speeches on the trip, although at some of the stops he spoke a few words of greeting. Telegrams from every station along the line, many of them stating that the schools had been closed to allow the children to see the admiral, were received. They asked that the admiral appear on the platform if only for a moment.

MOURNERS KILLED BY TRAIN.

Carriage Returning from Funeral is Struck at a Crossing.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—Three persons were instantly killed and four seriously injured by a Michigan Central train at a crossing at West Hammond, Ind., late yesterday. The dead are: Mrs. Mary Pojek, Joseph Pojek and Joseph Swisak. The party was in a closed carriage, returning from a funeral. Six persons were inside, and one on the seat with the driver. The locomotive struck the carriage in the side with great force, demolishing it and throwing the occupants in all directions. The driver escaped uninjured.

Chanler Declared Sane.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 29.—A decree has been entered in the circuit court regarding the mentality of John Armstrong Chanler, the divorced husband of Amelia Rives, in which Chanler is declared to be sane. The court decrees that there is no further need of a commissioner for Chanler's person or property, and gives him possession of his Virginia estates. It is understood measures will be instituted for the recovery of Mr. Chanler's property.

Miners Adopt Wage Scale.

Indianapolis, Jan. 29.—The mine workers in executive session, after two hours' debate, adopted the scale as reported by the scale committee. This provides for a general advance for bituminous mining of 10 per cent on a run of mine basis, with a differential of 7 cents—the old figure—between pick and machine mining; 15 cents a day increase for inside drivers and a uniform scale for all outside labor.

Verdict Against Dead Man.

Onawa, Ia., Jan. 29.—In the case of Mary Christianson against John Spalding, administrator of the Frank Crum estate, for breach of promise of marriage the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff of \$6,000. The defendant, Frank Crum, has been dead for several months, and the case has attracted considerable attention on account of the novelty of the suit.

Bradley Elected President.

Marshalltown, Ia., Jan. 29.—Rev. Daniel S. Bradley of Grand Rapids, Mich., was elected president of Iowa college at Grinnell by unanimous vote at the meeting of the trustees yesterday afternoon. President Bradley is well known in the northwest, having formerly been acting president of Yankton college at Yankton, S. D.

Discover Mine of Pure Silver.

Neihart, Mon., Jan. 29.—Two prospectors, Dave Llewellyn and W. H. Harman, have struck near here what is believed to be a mine of pure silver. They have secured 13 tons of the ore, which is almost malleable. An average assay of 18,000 ounces gives a value to the ton of nearly \$8,000 in the white metal.

Blaze at Davenport.

Davenport, Ia., Jan. 29.—The Bettendorf Steel Axle and Car Bolster company's plant was partly destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is \$75,000; fully covered by insurance.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

Owen Fesler, living near Greenup, Ill., was instantly killed in a fight with Amos Dove over a woman.

Eugene Dupont of the great powder firm died at his home at Christiana, Del., Tuesday, from pneumonia, aged 61.

Thomas Middleton, chief accountant for the Yukon territory, has committed suicide rather than suffer arrest for embezzlement of \$10,000.

The Pan-American conference Tuesday practically finished the real work before it by approving the international sanitary measures and the court of claims project.

A central board of examiners to supervise the civil service work of the rural free delivery service of the post-office department will be established in Washington on Feb. 1.

The British survey steamer Egoys sailed from Esquimaux Tuesday to search for the missing Condon. She is the fourth vessel to sail, the Grant, McCulloch and Phacton being already out.

Promoters of the boxing clubs of Chicago have banded to bar pugilists who have fallen into the habit of breaking contracts. A pugilistic blacklist was established and as a starter the names of ten boxers were placed among the number of those barred.

GUESTS ROUTED BY FIRE

Panic in St. Louis Hotel Threatened by Flames.

ADJOINING STRUCTURE BURNS.

Over Two Hundred People Driven From Their Rooms in the Lindell Hotel into the Sleety Streets—Loss is Over \$300,000.

St. Louis, Jan. 29.—Two hundred and thirty guests of the Lindell hotel were driven from their apartments into the sleety streets at 10 o'clock last night by raging flames which wrecked the adjoining building at the corner of Seventh street and Washington avenue, and for 30 thrilling minutes threatened to sweep away the hostelry. Women were carried from the upper floors by elevators and down the stairways in fainting condition. Mothers with infants in their arms groped their way through suffocating smoke. Men dragged their trunks after them down the broad stairway of the hotel, and clerks in the office hastily procured the valuables of the guests from safes and vaults and carried them to places of greater safety.

The structure in which the fire originated was a five-story brick affair, known as the O'Neill building. It was an ancient and inflammable structure. There were a dozen or more firms occupying it, of which the largest concern was the L. Bauman Jewelry company. The losses suffered by these concerns will approximate \$300,000. The Lindell hotel was damaged by smoke and water about \$25,000.

The blaze was the most spectacular thing of the sort ever witnessed in this city and it drew an immense throng of spectators. The inflammability of the O'Neill building and its contents was of such nature that the structure was within 15 minutes after the fire originated a seething furnace from cellar to roof. The night was extremely cold and quite a high wind prevailed, which carried the flames 100 feet into the air and across the streets to the south and west. Several buildings opposite the burning structure ignited, but prompt action on the part of the firemen saved any great damage.

About half an hour after the alarm was given the fire communicated to the roof and top of the Lindell hotel and the most imperturbable of the guests, a number of traveling men, began their exit. Under the direction of Proprietor Shaughnessy, the entire force of porters and bellboys were ordered to all the floors above the office to assist in carrying out the heavy sample trunks.

Crackling casements, which ignited momentarily from the great waves of fire, driven by the high wind against the hotel, were extinguished as fast as the flames communicated themselves. Blistered with intense heat and driven at last from their positions, Mr. Shaughnessy and his fire fighters returned again and again to battle with the blaze. Finally the fire department succeeded in getting half a dozen lines of hose to the upper floors and roof of the hotel, where play was made on the flames on the O'Neill building, and Marshal Swingle sent a dozen men with fire extinguishers to reinforce the hotel corps. These reinforcements made themselves felt at once and the hotel was soon out of danger.

EIGHT PERSONS PERISH IN FIRE.

Bodies Found in Burning Tenement House in Boston.

Boston, Jan. 29.—Eight persons dead, three probably fatally burned and three seriously hurt in jumping from windows and others more or less hurt, was the result of a fire just before 2 o'clock this morning in an Italian tenement on Fleet street. Several of the dead are adults, two of them women and one a child. The building was four stories in height, at 6 to 10 Fleet street. The fire was not seen until it was at such headway that those in the upper stories were cut off. Before the firemen got to the scene two women and one man were seen to throw themselves from the windows of the third floor to the street below. After the firemen had succeeded in checking the flames they began a search of the rooms and found eight bodies.

Business Part of Iowa Town Burns.

Des Moines, Jan. 28.—Fire broke out in the town of Rippey, Greene county, at 1 a. m. and destroyed the business portion of the place, entailing a loss of \$50,000. The principal losers are: Willett & Cramer, general merchandise stock, \$6,000; Dr. H. G. Lovejoy, building and furniture, \$4,000; Rippey Mercantile company, building and stock, \$18,000; Commercial bank building and fixtures, \$5,000.

Big Blaze at Crab Orchard.

Crab Orchard, Neb., Jan. 29.—The main part of Crab Orchard was destroyed by fire last night, the origin of which has not been discovered. The Bank of Crab Orchard, A. O. U. W. hall, Richardson Mercantile company, F. M. Sharrett Hardware company, postoffice and numerous smaller buildings were ruined. The loss is estimated from \$30,000 to \$50,000; partly covered by insurance.

Timber Swept Out of River.

Huntington, W. Va., Jan. 29.—Half a million dollars' worth of timber was swept out of Guyandotte river yesterday by the breaking of booms. Much damage is reported along that stream by the unusually high condition of the water.

POLES VOICE A PROTEST.

Hold Mass-Meetings in Chicago and Denounce Prussia.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Representatives of the 200,000 Poles living in Chicago met in five mass-meetings in different parts of the city last night to protest against the alleged cruelties of Prussia in her Polish provinces. Nearly all of the speakers maintained that the final effort of the Prussian officials was to crush out even the language of Poland, and that this culminating effort of the German officials in Poland was imbued solely with hatred and contempt for the people they ruled. It was told how children, flogged by their German teachers for saying their prayers in their native language, had been arrested and thrown into prison, together with their parents, who voiced a protest. These and other indignities recited, caused the deepest feeling and strong words against Prussia were voiced on every hand.

Resolutions of protest were adopted at each meeting and will be forwarded to the Prussian government.

CATTLE SUFFERING IN KANSAS.

Much Less Anticipated if Condition of Weather Does Not Change.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 27.—The weather throughout Kansas was many degrees colder last night. Clear, calm and very cold was the condition over the entire state, as ascertained by reports received here. Cattle on the western ranges are suffering, and much less is likely to ensue unless the situation improves. However, very little wind accompanies the cold and this makes the conditions more favorable than it otherwise would be. The coldest portion of the state was the northern tier of counties. Phillipsburg reported the mercury as reading 10 below. It is clear along the Union Pacific and Rock Island west. In the country around Goodland, Hutchinson and Newton the cold spell is moderating, the mercury being from 8 to 14 above zero. In the eastern portion of the state the weather is below the zero mark. The snow, which fell Saturday, is packed tight and the wheat will, therefore, be well protected.

HUNTER FAILS TO RETURN.

Montana Man is Thought to Have Perished in Storm.

Thompson, Mon., Jan. 27.—The mystery of the strange disappearance of A. Goodchild, a prominent citizen of Thompson, remains unsolved. W. E. Lindenbaum, his partner in the milling business, has had a party of ten men on day wages engaged in the search, but so far without success. Goodchild has been missing since last Tuesday, when he left home, taking his dog and gun and going on a hunt. Goodchild was familiar with the country and it is considered hardly likely that he could have lost his way and grave fears are entertained that he has met with an accident and lost his life. A severe blizzard, with intense cold, has swept the mountains and it is feared that if Goodchild did lose his way he could hardly have survived the storm.

Coal Operators to Meet.

Des Moines, Jan. 27.—Coal operators of Iowa will meet in mass convention at the Kirkwood Feb. 18. The attention of the convention will be devoted to determining the position which this body will take in the meeting of the joint committee of operators and miners, which it is expected will be held in March, previous to the mass convention of miners and operators to be held March 11, at which time the scale fixed will probably be ratified. The Iowa scale will be affected by the Illinois scale. The Illinois miners are expecting an increase of from 5 to 10 cents and the Iowa miners will try to secure some advance.

Frigid in Oklahoma.

Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 27.—The coldest weather of the winter, with the thermometer at zero and a howling north wind, covers all Oklahoma. Possibly nowhere else in the southwest will its severity be so great. There are large cattle interests that suffer greatly no matter what provision had been made to protect them. The wheat crop will also suffer loss, as not enough snow has accompanied the blizzard to protect the rank outgrowth. In the new country settlers, and especially those in moving wagons, of which there are hundreds, will suffer.

last Friday evening. The young man had started for his father's ranch, 12 miles distant. When near the summit of the range of mountains his horse refused to face the storm and young Locke started to travel the remaining distance on foot. He had gone only a short distance when he fell face downward in the snow. His body was found yesterday in this position by searching parties.

State Poultry Show.

Mitchell, S. D., Jan. 27.—The state poultry show will open in this city tomorrow evening and a large exhibit is promised. Judge Russell of Ottumwa, Ia., has again been secured to score the birds, making his third call by the association. Secretary Brass states that a number of entries have already been received from Iowa and Nebraska fanciers and the show promises to be a great success.

Nebraskan Held for Murder.

Wood River, Neb., Jan. 27.—Charles Blanch Bullock, for many years living at Wood River, is in jail in Edmonting, Manitoba, on the charge of killing Leon Stanton. The crime is alleged to have been committed in the latter part of last August.

Frozen to Death in Blizzard.

Huntington, Or., Jan. 27.—Grover F. Locke, aged 13, son of S. Locke, a stockman and broker of Huntington, was frozen to death in the blizzard

THIS WEEK IN CONGRESS

Philippine Tariff Bill Will Be Kept Before Senate.

REVENUE TAXES IN THE HOUSE.

Reduction of War Schedule Comes Before the Ways and Means Committee—No Measures of Importance Pressing for Attention.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The senate will devote its principal attention this week to the Philippine tariff bill. It is the purpose of Senator Lodge, who is in charge of the bill, to keep it before the senate persistently until it is disposed of. He does not count on final action for some time. It is not the present purpose of the friends of the bill to debate it, but the attacks which will be made on it and upon the entire administration of Philippine affairs inevitably will bring replies from many of the Republican senators. It is understood that a majority of the senators on the Democratic side of the chamber will be heard before the bill is passed. Senator Nelson will take advantage of every chance to have the bill creating a department of commerce considered, with the hope of securing action upon it during the week, if possible.

The house leaders have made no program for the work of the present week, as there are no measures of importance pressing for attention, although the anti-oleomargarine bill and the Hill bill for the exchangeability of gold and silver are both on the calendar and may be taken up before long. The chief interest of the week centers in the opening of hearings by the ways and means committee on the reduction of war revenue taxes. The committee gives today to this subject, hearing the bear interest this morning and the tea interests in the afternoon. Tomorrow the committee returns to the subject of Cuban reciprocity, hearing more of the representatives of beet sugar and also several Cuban planters, who have come to the United States to present their view of the case.

PRESIDENT UPHOLDS BULLOCK.

Says Supervisor is Right in Selection of Black Hills Rangers.

Washington, Jan. 27.—President Roosevelt had a talk Saturday with Captain Seth Bullock, the first supervisor of the celebrated Black Hills forest reserve, and Representative Martin of South Dakota. The conference related to the appointment of rangers in the Black Hills reserve. These rangers have been appointed by the secretary of the interior without consulting the supervisor and Captain Bullock desires authority to select his own rangers. He told the president that the reserve was the most important in the country, largely by reason of the great value of the timber, and he would not like to be wholly responsible unless he could name his own subordinates. There are 17 to 30 rangers under Captain Bullock.

The president agreed that Captain Bullock was right and the secretary of the interior will be asked to appoint such men as the supervisor can select.

Conference at White House.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Secretary Long was in conference with the president for over an hour last night, presumably in regard to the appeal of Rear Admiral Schley from the findings of the court of inquiry, which was referred by the executive to the navy department for comment. The secretary was accompanied by Judge Advocate General Lemly and Solicitor Hanna, who conducted the case before the court. The meeting with the president followed a gathering of the three gentlemen at Secretary Long's apartment and when they departed for the white house they had with them bundles of papers which had the appearance of legal documents.

Trees on the Sand Dunes.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Senator Millard is opposed to setting apart three forest reserves in Nebraska, as contemplated by the department of agriculture. He has refused to join the members of the Nebraska delegation in recommending the action proposed by the department upon the ground that the sand hills of Nebraska are fitted only for grazing purposes. He is, however, in favor of setting apart 20,000 to 50,000 acres for the purposes of demonstrating whether small trees can be grown on the sand dunes which are now sought to be isolated in the forest reserves.

Admiral Schley in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Visitors were denied Admiral Schley yesterday and he was given ample time to rest after Saturday's arduous program. After breakfast, in the apartments at the Auditorium, Admiral and Mrs. Schley attended services at Trinity Episcopal church. As their place of worship had not been made public, only the usual congregation was present. When the service ended the congregation stood in line at the door and as Admiral Schley passed out he shook hands with them right and left.

McKinley Day in Pulpits.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Services in memory of the late President McKinley were held in many churches in Chicago yesterday, and were made the occasion for contributions for a fund for the monument for the late president to be erected at Canton. The sum secured will not be known until the returns from the churches have been made.

CONTINUE SUGAR HEARINGS.

Ways and Means Committee Hears Colorado Interests.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The Cuban reciprocity hearings were resumed yesterday before the ways and means committee, with delegations representing the beet sugar industry of Colorado and a number of Cubans, representing the planters of the island, in attendance.

F. E. Carey of Colorado spoke of the development of the beet sugar industry of Colorado and its bright prospects, if not endangered by Cuban concessions, which would redound to the great advantage of the American Sugar Refining company. The great movement, he said, was only another chapter in the inevitable conflict between domestic sugar producers of this country and the refining company, the latter seeking to crush the former.

Representative Hopkins of Illinois questioned the witness as to whether any concessions to Cuba would injure the beet sugar industry.

Mr. Carey declared that injury in such case was inevitable.

BOY PERISHES IN SNOW.

Body, Guarded by Dogs, is Found by Farmers Near Winfield, Kan.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 29.—Two days of very cold weather in Kansas were followed by another severe snow storm. The snow commenced in western Kansas and traveled westward. In some places the storm is approaching the proportions of a blizzard. Two farmers found the body of a 12-year-old boy on the banks of a small creek seven miles from Winfield, Kan. He had evidently wandered off, lost his way and then been frozen to death in the snow. His body was being guarded by two dogs. No clue to the boy's identity can be found.

Pythians Acquit Hinsey.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—After 23 sessions a committee of five past chancellors of Inter-Domain lodge, Knights of Pythias, has unanimously voted to acquit John A. Hinsey of the charges brought against him. Mr. Hinsey is the former head of the Insurance department of the Knights of Pythias. Charges of mismanagement and misappropriation of the department's funds were made against him at the meeting of the supreme lodge in Chicago last July.

Extension From Verdigris.

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 29.—The Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley road yesterday filed with the secretary of state a resolution of an extension of its line from Verdigris, Neb., into Gregory county, South Dakota, locating its terminus on section 3, township 95, range 69, which will establish its new town about two miles west of Bonsteel in that county.

Iowa's White Blanket.

Burlington, Ia., Jan. 29.—A heavy storm of snow began here last evening, extending generally over Iowa.

Must Give a Horseshoe.

An old manorial rite exists at Oklahoma, in Rutlandshire, England, where every peer of the realm is bound the first time he enters the town to present a horseshoe to be nailed on the old portal, which is well hidden covered with these tributes. It is said that in case any contentious peer should refuse to pay this tax the authorities have a right to stop his carriage and levy blackmail by unshoeing one of the horses. To avert so serious an annoyance the tribute shoe is generally ready, some being of enormous size and inscribed with the name of the donor.

Amusing Superstitions.

If you count warts, you will increase their number, or to handle a toad will cause warts. If two persons wash in the same water or dry their hands on the same towel, they will shortly quarrel. To bore a hole in the door frame and put in it the hair of a colored person is supposed to cure whooping cough. The rattle of a rattlesnake, if caught in the pocket, will prevent rheumatism or, if placed in the bureau drawer, will keep away moths.

The Shrew.

The shrew was originally the shrew mouse, which, when her young were helpless, would fight desperately in their defense, and so well known was the courage of this little animal, which would even go out of its way to seek an enemy at times when the best need protection, that the word became applied to a woman who was ever ready to seek a quarrel.

He Objected.

"No, suh, Mistah Doctahman," objected the gentleman of color—"no, suh; doan' yo' go ahead en vaccumate dat ole 'ooman er mine. Doan' yo' do hit. Des plunk dat air stuff in my bofe arms, but doan' fix huh so she gwine hab er so' er arm en ca'n' ten' ter de white folks' washin', kase er yo' do I'ze 'pintedly got ter go ter wuk!"—Baltimore American.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it.

Cures all stomach troubles Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The full bottle contains 24 times the dose.