

The Norfolk News

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W. J. Bryan is building a \$20,000 residence on his farm near Lincoln. He is so busy erecting this monument to republican prosperity that he is devoting little time to politics.

If governor Savage expected to get a third of a million dollars for the state by paroling Joe Bartley, as he told the state convention he did, then why did he not demand the third of a million for the state before he pardoned him?

Here are a few ifs in the Bartley case: If he had not been defiant; if he had told the whole truth about who had our money; if we knew he had none of our money and could get none; if we knew that those working so mightily for his pardon were doing it for love of justice and Joe Bartley; if we knew our money was not inspiring those mighty efforts; if we knew he was at death's door as is claimed; if we knew he had done all he could to restore our money; if we knew this whole pardon business was clean—then we would not kick.

The people who have been talking of the benefits of irrigation know it would be a splendid improvement for the state and country but sometimes lack the facts in proof of their contention. Down in Platte county, where the need of irrigation is not of the greatest, they have secured some practical results that should emphasize the importance of the movement.

Judge Barnes as Commissioner. The appointment of Judge J. B. Barnes of this city to the position of supreme court commissioner, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Sedgwick, who assumes the supreme judgeship to which he was elected last fall, is a recognition of ability as a jurist that is very gratifying to the people of Norfolk and North Nebraska, where he is best known, and they will all unite in extending congratulations to the appointee, and to the court for the wise discretion shown in their selection.

Judge Barnes acquired the title of judge while serving in that capacity for the old Sixth judicial district, from 1879 to 1884, which during the first four years consisted of 16 counties and the unorganized territory on the west, including practically all the state north of the Platte river. Previous to that he had served the Sixth as district attorney for four years. He was appointed to the position of judge by Governor Nance, and was then re-elected and served four years more, at the end of which time he voluntarily retired to continue the practice of his profession. For the past 18 years he has been a resident of Norfolk, moving here from Ponca, where he had resided as many years before.

For years he has been counted one of the ablest practitioners in the northern part of the state and has a professional acquaintance extending throughout the length and breadth of Nebraska. His practice has been chiefly among the more important cases, where his ability and services have been in active demand, and there is probably no county in the northern part of the state in which he has not appeared in district court in the capacity of expert legal counsel.

He brings to the position of supreme court commissioner a comprehensive legal knowledge, based upon extended experience both as judge and practitioner, backed by a broad judicial mind, and every case submitted for his opinion will receive the benefit of a legal opinion that will deal fairly and justly with every litigant. This appointment is not

only an honor to Judge Barnes but is a distinction for one of Norfolk's citizens that will be looked upon by every resident of the community in the light of personal pride.

Probably no stronger commendation was ever given to a public official by the Omaha Bee than was contained in an editorial in that paper this morning concerning the appointment of Judge Barnes, which was as follows:

The selection of Judge J. B. Barnes to fill the place on the supreme court commission made vacant by the promotion of Judge Sedgwick to a position on the supreme court bench will be heartily ratified by all who are interested in maintaining the strength and high standard of the commission. Judge Barnes was one of the prominent candidates favorably considered at the time the original membership of the commission was agreed upon, and was again a leading candidate for the nomination for supreme judge before the republican state convention which went to Judge Sedgwick. His attainments as a lawyer have been amply attested by long practice at the bar and his judicial qualifications demonstrated by service upon the district bench. It can be said, therefore, without fear of disappointment that this addition to the working force of the court may be relied on to maintain its efficiency as well as to inspire popular confidence in its ability to meet all demands made upon it.

TRICKS OF THE TRADE.

Cups, Brushes and Sponges That Are Left in Barber Shops. "What becomes of all the old shaving mugs?" was the question asked the barber.

Neither side seemed disposed to answer the query, and there was an awkward silence. The barber slapped his razor on the victim's mouth so he wouldn't be inclined to interrupt and said in a stage whisper: "Now, I'll tell you, but I don't want it shouted from the housetops. We use the mugs again."

He paused and sighed as he tossed the questioner's head the other way.

"Yes," he continued, "we use them again. We don't like to lose customers; but, if we must lose them, why, we don't mind if they leave their cups, etc., behind. It's surprising how many do; but, then, barbers do mostly a 'shifting trade.' It's no secret that we urge customers to have their own cup. Most of them are satisfied if they have a private cup, brush and sponge. We supply them with the man's name on the cup for \$1.50, and our profit on the transaction is 50 cents. When a man has a razor and comb and brush besides the other tools, he generally takes the whole lot away when he's leaving, but countless cups, brushes and sponges are left behind in every barber shop.

"The cups are always good. Many of them contain such common names as John Smith, William Jones, etc., and when some other John Smith or William Jones orders a cup we simply supply him with the cast off one. Sometimes they need a little touching up with gilding; but, on the whole, it's very profitable.

"The brushes and sponges? Oh, we use them on the transients."—New York Telegram.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Ducks and geese need no grain when they have plenty of grass.

Chicken fatten faster on cooked food than on raw because it is more easily digested.

When soft feed is given to either young or old fowls, it should never be thrown on the ground.

When closely confined, the loose grain fed to fowls should be scattered among litter of some kind, so that they can scratch it out.

There is nothing so bad for the health and well being of poultry as confining them in close quarters and preventing them from taking needed exercise.

One of the most important items to insure success in the hatching of chickens in winter is to get the eggs from a flock of healthy and vigorous fowls.

There is better health among roving fowls because they get the food that is best for digestion and get the necessary grit to help the gizzard do its work.

When necessary to administer medicine by placing it in the drinking water, keep the birds from drink for several hours. They are then thirsty and more apt to get a good swallow.

An Interesting Belle.

In the matter of diminutive bank notes a correspondent sends an account of a curious note which he has in his possession. It is a card measuring 2 by 2 1/2 inches, on one side of which is twice printed the word "Two-pence," while on the other the sum is printed in words and figures round the border. In the middle is the following: "I promise to pay the bearer, on demand, two-pence. By order of the Corporation of the City of New York, Feb. 20, 1790. D. Phoenix, City Treasurer."

Shoots Granddaughter and Self.

Macedonia, Ia., Jan. 10.—William Tompkin, a pioneer farmer and stock breeder of southwestern Iowa, proprietor of the Macedonia Breeding farm, shot and killed himself here shortly after noon yesterday, after wounding his granddaughter, Nora Miller, a young woman about 23 years old.

Shunway is President.

Omaha, Jan. 10.—With the election of the following officers the annual convention of the Nebraska and Western Iowa Implement Dealers' association came to an end: H. P. Shunway, Wakefield, president; Neil Brennan, O'Neill, vice president; N. L. Maloney, Essex, Ia., director.

BANQUET TO GOV. SHAW

Farewell Reception to Secretary Gage's Successor.

TELLS OF HIS NEW WORK.

Responds to Toast at Banquet and Outlines Some of His Responsibilities—Governor-Elect Cummins Does Honors at the Board.

Des Moines, Jan. 10.—Governor Leslie M. Shaw was given a public reception last night by the Grant club in honor of his elevation to the secretaryship of the United States treasury. The reception was held at a banquet, at which covers were laid for 350 guests, which included nearly all the leading Republicans in the state and city. Governor-elect A. B. Cummins presided and delivered a brief but eloquent address in honor of his distinguished predecessor. Senators Allison and Dooliver were unable to be present.

Hon. Charles A. Clarke of Cedar Rapids spoke in place of Senator Allison on "The President." Judge Smith McPherson of Red Oak spoke instead of Senator Dooliver on "The Senate." Other toasts and response were: "The House of Representatives," George D. Perkins; "The Cabinet," L. F. Young; "The Secretary of the Treasury," Leslie M. Shaw; "Nebraska," Edward Rosewater; "Iowa," George E. McLean of the State university.

Governor Shaw's Response. Governor Shaw expressed profound gratitude for the many kind and gracious things said of and to him and for the kindness beyond measure of the people of Iowa.

As to his new position in the cabinet, he said, in part: "I think I need not say that the responsibilities which I am about to assume came unsought and unexpected. I had planned and hoped to return to my home and to pursuits to me far more congenial than public service. When in obedience to the summons received through the courtesy of Senator Allison I left for Dubuque on the evening of Dec. 23, it was with the fixed understanding with Mrs. Shaw that I would decline. The sequel is but an illustration of how little we know of what we will do in a given emergency. When a father tells his son to stand in the gap while he drives the herd past, filial loyalty demands obedience without questioning the wisdom of the order and when the president of the United States makes a similar request there should be no alternative.

"Concerning policy, I have nothing to say. Concerning the duties of the treasury department, I might say much. At this time I shall content myself, however, and content you, by saying little. Theoretically, I am told, there is little for the secretary of the treasury to do. The work is so systematized as to be mostly performed by subordinates. Unfortunately, however, almost anything is liable to come before him for ultimate determination, and in practice he has many and as diversified questions to decide as the average man cares to consider. In other words the treasury department is the 'bloody angle' of an administration. All I can crave is the same indulgence from the people whom I love as has been shown me in the past."

TO MAINTAIN THE PARITY.

Increase of Subsidiary Silver Approved by House Committee.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The first financial measure of importance to be reported to the house is that agreed upon by the committee on coinage, weights and measures, providing for the maintenance of the legal tender silver dollar at a parity with gold and for an increase of the subsidiary silver coinage. The measure was introduced by Representative Hill (Conn.). It was considered last year in congress and attracted widespread attention among bankers and financial authorities.

Mr. Hill urged immediate action in order that the bill might be brought before the house at an early day. This was opposed by the Democratic members, who were against the bill on its merits and protested against what they alleged to be undue haste. Mr. Shaforth of Colorado sought to have the vote deferred one week in order that Alexander Delmar, a writer on economic subjects, might be heard. This was voted down, as were all other motions to defer action, and the committee, by a party vote, ordered the bill reported. It authorizes the coinage of subsidiary silver coin without regard to limit and as public necessity may require.

The most important feature of the bill for the parity of gold and silver dollars is as follows: "The secretary of the treasury is hereby directed to maintain at all times at a parity with gold the legal tender silver dollars remaining outstanding and to that end he is hereby directed to exchange gold for legal tender silver dollars when presented to the treasury in the sum of \$5 or any multiple thereof."

Dairy Cattle Breeders Combine.

Freeport, Ills., Jan. 10.—One of the most important results of the State Dairyman's convention, now in session here, was a secret conference between the owners of the several breeds of dairy cattle. A committee, composed of one representative of each of five breeds of milkers, was appointed to work up sentiment toward joining issues in the dairy business.

KNOX REVIEWS SCHLEY CASE.

Attorney General Will Pass Upon Alleged Illegality. Washington, Jan. 10.—The Post says: "The case of Rear Admiral Schley is now being considered by the attorney general for the purpose of discovering whether there was any illegality in connection with the court of inquiry."

It is understood that at the recent conference between the president and Rear Admiral Schley the latter pointed out some alleged violations of law in regard to the court and these matters have been deemed worthy of examination.

The attorney general is not to pass upon the merits of the case, but will deal solely with its legal phase. If he shall find that the court was properly constituted, that the precept was legally drawn and that the rules of law were followed, as to the evidence, it will then be within the province of the president to consider the case upon its merits. If the attorney general decides that there were illegalities, as claimed by Admiral Schley, the verdict of the court would be vitiated. It is understood that Admiral Schley's future course concerning a formal appeal in writing to the president will depend largely on the decision of the attorney general.

POWDER MILL BURNS.

Two Men Perish in Flames and a Third Will Die. Clearfield, Pa., Jan. 10.—The Rickett Non-explosive Powder company's mill near here was destroyed by fire yesterday. Two men were burned to death, a third will die from his injuries and two others were seriously burned, but it is thought will recover.

The dead: John C. Stewart, Roy Smith. Injured: G. B. Roseberry, will die; James Blacker, F. K. Zentmeyer. It is supposed an explosion preceded the fire. Stewart's body was found in the ruins of the burned mill, the limbs having been burned from the body. The other four men escaped from the mill with their clothing burning. They ran into the river nearby to extinguish the flames and when persons attracted by the fire arrived at the scene the men were found on the river bank suffering severely from their burns. Smith died a few hours later and Roseberry, it is thought, cannot recover.

INVESTIGATES CUSTOM FRAUDS.

Government Prepares to Prosecute Alleged Irregularities.

Washington, Jan. 10.—General H. L. Burnett, United States attorney at New York; W. W. Smith, attorney for the Merchants' association of New York, and S. C. Mead, secretary of the association, had a conference with the attorney general yesterday and later with the secretary of the treasury in regard to the alleged custom frauds in connection with the importation of Japanese silks at New York. Smith received his commission from Attorney General Knox as special assistant United States attorney at New York to assist General Burnett in the prosecution of any parties believed to be guilty of fraud in this connection and it is expected that work on the case will be begun at once.

MINE CONTINUES TO CAVE IN.

Surface Gives Way and Delays Work of Recovering Buried Bodies.

Neganuee, Jan. 10.—The surface of the Neganuee mine is still caving in, going direct to the drift where the bodies of the workmen were covered. The blacksmith shop west of the opening went down last night and from present indications the dry house west of the opening will go down. It is now problematical when the bodies of the buried miners will be recovered, as with water pouring in and the surface giving way, the work cannot be carried on with any degree of safety.

Thirty Days Without Food.

Boulder, Colo., Jan. 10.—J. D. Choate of New York city is at the Colorado sanitarium here. For 30 days Mr. Choate has eaten absolutely nothing. His fast has been self-imposed and because of a stomach trouble which would not yield to medical treatment. His mental and physical condition, aside from the weakness of the latter, due to his protracted fast, has not suffered in the least.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Union League club of New York elected Cornelius N. Bliss president. Dr. J. W. Hoyt, one of the most prominent divines of the United Brethren church, died at Dayton, O., Thursday.

Percy Charlton, traveling passenger agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, died Thursday in Chicago.

Notice was given Thursday by the Wabash that its passes for 1901 would be honored all over the system until Jan. 30.

Negotiations for a settlement of the long strike at the machine shops of the Allis-Chalmers company, Chicago, were declared off Thursday.

In honor of Liberty Bell day the city schools and many of the stores at Charleston Thursday were closed and citizens observed the day as a general holiday.

Creascens, the world's champion trotter, with George H. Ketchum, his owner, arrived home at Toledo Thursday from a tour of the southwest. During his trip he broke 22 track records.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the National Municipal League Thursday, it was decided to hold the next meeting in Boston, May 7. The Improvement society of Lincoln, Neb., was admitted to affiliated membership in the league.

ALL MILLINERY GOODS At Greatly Reduced Prices at Miss E. J. Bender's.

The Citizens National Bank. Capital, \$50,000. Surplus, \$5,000.

C. W. BRAASCH, DEALER IN HARD COAL AND GRAIN. Exclusive agent for the Celebrated Sweetwater Rock Spring Coal the best in the market.

SUGAR CITY CEREAL MILLS, Manufacturers of the Bon Ton and Sun-Shine Flours. Every Sack Guaranteed.

Railroad and Business Directory. R. R. TIME TABLE. C. S. HAYES, Fine Watch Repairing. MISS MARY SHELLY DRESSMAKER.

STITT & WHITE. Satisfaction Guaranteed. First door west of Ahlman's Bicycle Shop.

J. R. ELDER, Sioux City Florist. A awarded first premium on Funeral Designs.

Pacific Hotel. Special rates made to boarders by week or month. Rooms Steam Heated and Electric Lighted.

THE NEWS. UP-TO-DATE PRINTING.

MILLARD GREEN, DRAY and TRANSFER LINE. Piano Moving a Specialty.

G. R. SEILER, Sale and Boarding Barn. Horses Bought and Sold on Commission.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. F. H. & M. V. R. R., is the best to add from the SUGAR BEET FIELDS of North Nebraska