

VALENTINE DEMOCRAT

GEORGE M. SASKILL, Editor and Manager.

A Weekly Newspaper published every Tuesday day at Valentine, Nebraska.

Subscription - \$1.50 Per Year Local Notices, 5c per line per issue

Entered at the Postoffice at Valentine, Neb., for transmission through the mails, as second class matter.

Thursday, January 11, 1912.

Washington News

By C. H. TAVENNER special Washington correspondent.

Coming in with the new year 1912, a year in which the Democratic hosts confidently expect to elect a president and march into the promised land, the Jackson day banquet in Washington Jan. 8, marks a triumph in the ascendancy of the Democracy that has not been signified in any similar gathering in many years.

With an array of leaders at the banquet board such as the party has not boasted of for perhaps a half a century, with 700 prominent party men present from far and wide to add importance and brilliance—this coupled with the knowledge of all that the enemy is hopelessly divided and dumbfounded, makes the Jackson day gathering an auspicious occasion to every democrat.

On the list of speakers are to be found the names of Norman E. Mack of New York, chairman of the National Democratic committee; Champ Clark of Missouri, speaker of the Democratic House; Joseph R. Folk, ex-governor of Missouri; James T. Lloyd, chairman of the National Democratic Congressional committee; William J. Bryan of Nebraska, three times Democratic candidate for President; Woodrow Wilson, governor of New Jersey; John W. Kern, United States Senator from Indiana; William R. Hearst of New York; and United States Senators Chas. F. Johnson of Maine and Atlee Pomeroy of Ohio, with Senator James A. O'Gorman of New York City as toastmaster.

When the banquet was first mentioned it was not expected it would grow to the proportions in importance that it has. Much of the credit is due National Democratic Committeeman Edwin A. Newman of the District of Columbia, who, because of the selection of Washington as the meeting place has been practically wholly in charge of the arrangements.

Mr. Newman, however, has had the assistance of two advisory committees of prominent democrats, one named by Chairman Mack of the National committee, consisting of National Committeeman J. Taylor Edlyson of Virginia, John T. McGraw of West Virginia, J. F. C. Talbot of Maryland and another named by Chairman Lloyd of the Congressional committee, consisting of Senator Wm. Stone of Missouri; Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma; Representative Lincoln Dixon of Indiana; Representative Ed T. Taylor of Colorado and Representative A. J. Peters of Massachusetts.

Already during this session of Congress many of the orators among the Standpat Republicans have tried to explain the prevailing high prices with the argument that the high price wave is world-wide. This is another of the half-truths with the Republicans seek to have the people accept as a whole excuse.

Mr. R. H. Hooker, of London, read a paper before the Royal Statistical society of England recently, in which he showed that the increased cost of "all commodities" was twice as much in high-protection Germany and high-protection United States, as in free trade England. "Comparing food prices for this year with 1899," said Mr. Hooker, "we find there has been an increase of 1 per cent in France; 8 per cent in England; 25 per cent in Germany; 28 per cent in Canada, and 34 per cent in the United States." Why is it that "world wide causes" re-

sult in an increase of 1 and 8 per cent in France and England, and 34 per cent in this country?

High protectionists always address their appeals to farmers and workingmen. "High tariff," they argue, "means high prices for farm products and high wages for the workers."

Last year 145,000 American farmers, all of whom were supposed to be enjoying the fruits of a high tariff, left this country and went to Canada. In the same period approximately a million laborers came to this country from abroad, 81 per cent of them coming from the south of Europe, where wages are low, education almost nothing, and standards of living primitive and filthy. These laborers are taken in by the trusts at wages but little better than they got at home, and under conditions of employment unthinkable to American workingmen. Thus the high tariff drives out good American farmers, and brings in—what?

The reciprocity act passed last summer provided for the removal in part of the duty on paper imported from Canada. This provision did not require Canada's endorsement. Since then more than 80 independent paper companies have started business in opposition to the paper trust.

Notwithstanding the reciprocity act, with the single exception of the paper provision, became dead and defunct when Canada declined to accept it, Senator Heyburn has introduced a bill for the repeal of the whole act. Were this bill to pass unamended it not only would uselessly repeal an inoperative act but would put the duty back on paper. There is a stinger in the Heyburn repealer that will bear watching.

Fourteen million dollars in postal savings banks in the United States, after but one year of operation. This is one of the novelties of the financial reports of the New Year. This record marks the practical success of an experiment about which there was never the slightest doubt. There are now 5,185 postoffices with postal banks. When the system is fully developed and popularized annual deposits of \$900,000,000 are anticipated. Now for a limited parcels post!

Commissioners Proceedings.

June 22, 1911

The following claims were allowed on the road fund:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes items like 'Lumber Co. Material', 'Jack J. J. surveying', 'W. B. Turner work on Laramie bridge'.

Road Work.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes items like 'Charles Lowry', 'Ed Sears', 'C. F. Williams'.

The following amounts were allowed on the bridge fund:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes items like 'L. J. Shoen bridge work', 'A. M. K. Stone'.

The claim of J. W. McLameli, sheriff of Cheyenne County, Nebraska for sheriff fees in the case of the State vs. Allen, amounting to \$5 50 was rejected for the reason that said claim was filed in duplicate.

The claim of George Hender-shot for caring for pauper, Mrs. Lydia Thompson, amounting to \$42 00 was rejected for the reason that the same was not authorized.

The resignation of G. H. Folsom as Road Overseer of District No. 15 was accepted.

Whereupon the Board adjourned to June 23, 1911.

June 23, 1911.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes items like 'The following claims were allowed on the general fund', 'Webb & Co supplies', 'Day and night supplies pauper'.

The following claims were al-

lowed on the road fund: Road work.

June 24, 1911— The following amounts were deducted from the claims allowed heretofore in this session, and ordered applied on delinquent taxes:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'Frank Ashburn', 'Irvin H Emery'.

In the matter of the application for the appraisal of school land, namely the NE 1/4 of sec. 16, twp. 34, range 29, same being made by Max E Viertel, upon viewing the said lands the Board of Commissioners made an appraisal on same of \$7 00 per acre.

In the matter of the application of J. W. Stetter for the appraisal of school land, namely SE 1/4 of sec. 36, twp. 34, Range 28, said lands were viewed by the Board of Commissioners and an appraisal of \$7 00 per acre was made on same.

County warrant No. 360 for the year 1911, ordered drawn in favor of the Sunshine Cemetery Association of Merriman, Nebraska, amount \$10 00 in payment for a lot in said cemetery for the burial of a county pauper, was ordered placed to the credit of the county general fund said expense having been paid by relatives of the deceased.

The following claims were allowed on the general fund:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'Witness fees—State vs Brown', 'Ed J. Seale', 'Noah Hahn'.

Co. Court fees—State vs Hybray

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'Walter Gauder', 'Olas Duncanson'.

Witness fees—State vs Goforth

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'W. S. Bray', 'T. P. Aspinwall'.

Witness fees—State vs Hall

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'J. M. McIntosh', 'Henry J. Lewis'.

Juror fees—Adj. April 1911 term.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'P. H. Clark', 'C. E. Potts', 'James Bradshaw'.

Coroner Jury Fees.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Includes 'W. S. Gillison', 'Rollin Polak'.

Order of Hearing on Petition for Appointment of Administrator.

In the County Court of Cherry County Nebraska, STATE OF NEBRASKA vs COUNTY OF CHERRY. To the heirs and all persons interested in the estate of William Butler, deceased: On reading the petition of George Crook praying that the administration of said estate be granted to George O'Keefe as administrator...

Notice to Creditors.

THE STATE OF NEBRASKA vs IN THE COUNTY COURT OF CHERRY COUNTY. In the matter of the estate of Anna J. J. deceased. To the Creditors of said Estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court Room in Valentine in said county on the 27th day of January, 1912, to receive and examine all claims against said estate with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limit for the presentation of claims against said estate is six months from the 27th day of July, A. D. 1911, and the time limit for payment of debts is one year from said 27th day of July, 1911.

HUMOROUS QUIPS

Walter Beckman 21 00 Ernest Beckman 28 00 James H. Lynn 21 00 Harry V. Downing 27 25

The Three Fishers.

Three fishers went tramping away to the town. Away to the west as the sun went down. Each thought of all fishermen he was the best— Each thought of the fish he'd bring back to the town. For men will fish, and women must wait, Though the bait be good and they stay out late. Then ho for the calm waters lying!

Three fishers came wandering back to the town. Back home to the town in the morning light. Each one, disappointed, is wearing a frown. For they haven't caught any, though one had a bite. And the few that they carry of boys have been bought. But think of the big ones they all might have caught. And hark to the three fishers lying! —Walter G. Doty in Fack.

No Room For Doubt.

The afternoon was warm, holidays were approaching, and the teacher was almost worn out in trying to drum the elements of grammar into the wooden craniums of her pupils. "Now, Johnny," she said wearily, "tell me, would it be proper for you to say 'You can't learn me nothing'?" Johnny looked thoughtful for a moment and then replied in a tone of conviction: "Yes, mum." The teacher sighed. "Why, Johnny?" she asked. "Tell me why." "And now the answer came quick and pat: "'Cause yer can't," said Johnny triumphantly.—London Answers.

Natural History.

"I don't suppose," remarked Gregg Holloway, grinning ruefully, "that I'll ever have the nerve to call my son down again." "What went wrong?" we asked him. "It was this way. We were invited out, and the kid exhibited his worst table manners. I leaned over to him and whispered—in a stage whisper—"You're a little pig!" "The kid just grinned. "Do you hear?" I hissed. "You are a little pig! Do you have sense enough to know what a little pig is?" "Yes, papa," answered the child, trying to look innocent. "Well, then, what is it?" "A pig is a hog's little boy!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Ladies Fair.

All blonds are not light headed. Girls with liquid voices should be careful not to strain them. Some women are a delight to the eye and a drug to the mind. Never tell a grass widow that she is in the heyday of life. If woman's age counts against her she knows enough to keep down the count. The girl who marries for a lark often finds out that she was a jay. The idea of marrying will haunt a woman if she has the ghost of a chance. Girls feel proud of having many new admirers, but one old one is really more to her credit.—Boston Transcript.

Prepared For the Worst.

"Out in the cyclone district," confides a man who is just back from an automobile vacation trip, "I saw a farmer building a stone wall around his place. Believe me, that was some wall. It was four feet high and six feet wide. I asked him about it, and he said, 'I'm buildin' this here wall to stick.' 'It won't do you any good,' says I. 'An cyclone will tumble it over.' 'Let it,' says the farmer. 'Thy wall will be two foot higher if it does fall over!'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Teaching by Example.

William Dean Howells is a stout opponent of those novelists who, under the pretext of reforming their readers, write books about vice. "Such writers," said Mr. Howells at a luncheon at Kittery Point, Me., "remind me of a lad whose mother said to him: "'Why, Johnny, I do believe you're teaching that parrot to swear.' "'No, I'm not, mother,' the boy replied. 'I'm just telling it what it mustn't say.'—Los Angeles Times.

Approved.

Philip was a conceited youth. One evening he called upon some friends and picked up the new Webster's Unabridged Dictionary which lay on the table. "What do you think of it, Philip?" asked the host. "Well," was the reply, "so far as I have looked, it seems to be correct."—Success Magazine.

His Oversight.

"He asked her when he proposed if she knew how to keep house." "That was a happy thought." "Yes, and still he overlooked a bet." "How was that?" "He forgot to ask her if she knew how to keep still."—Houston Post.

Cutlery Family.

"I call 'em the cutlery family." "Why so?" "Well, the daughter spoons, the father forks out the money, and the mother knives the other guests."—Washington Herald.

Scott's Libel on Woman.

"O woman, in our hours of ease Uncertain, coy and hard to please"—So wrote Sir Walter Scott, 1792. But how, pray, could he really know? If woman fair be strove to please, Where did he get his "hours of ease?"—Lippincott's

Not Selling Out

We desire to announce that we are not closing out, but are still selling the very best goods at reasonable prices.

Our line of John Deere Implements, Velie Buggies, Moline and Davenport Roller Bearing Wagons and Samson Windmills is complete and priced right.

We also have a large stock of lumber, lime, Wall Plaster, Cement, Brick, Sash, Doors, etc.

Is it not good policy to patronize a firm who expects to continue in business and intends to handle the same line of goods for years to come.

We never advertise so-called bargains because we have always had our goods priced right.

Valentine Lumber Co.

A. E. Morris. W. W. Morrissey. Dr. C. W. Noyes

Advertisement for 'For Whiskey' featuring 'Stock Exchange Saloon' and 'Valentine's Pure Liquor Center' by Walther F. A. Meltendorff, Prop.

Advertisement for 'No More Cold Hands' featuring 'PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER' and 'Standard Oil Company Incorporated'.

Advertisement for 'Rosebud Stage Line' featuring 'D. A. WHIPPLE, Prop.' and 'Valentine Headquarters at the Chicago House Rosebud'.

If in need of wind mills or water tanks call on E. Breuklander None better made. 42-tf Dr. M. F. Meer has decided to visit Wood Lake the first Monday and Tuesday of each month to do dental work. 19tf