

THESE MONEY BURNERS.



Miss Bordson Stocks (at Monte Carlo)—What luck yesterday?
Miss Billyums—I won twenty thousand or lost twenty thousand, I forget which.

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more. I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but it didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured."

"My brother got his face burned with gunpowder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrl, Forest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of skin and hair, will be sent, postfree, on application to Potter D. & C. Corp., Dept. X, Boston.

Good Definition.

A New York judge, it will be remembered, recently declared unconstitutional the new law that an automobilist, having run over a pedestrian, must stop and leave his name. The judge said that the automobilist had a perfect right to run away and leave the mangled victim to bleed to death alone for the reason that, in criminal cases, no man is obliged to bear witness against himself. James Halden Wilkes, president of the Defense Society of Atlanta, discussed this legal decision at the society's last meeting. "And that," he cried hotly, "is called justice. Well, indeed, was a search after justice once defined as a blind man looking into a dark room for a black hat that isn't there."

The Point of View.

"I notice that you have given up the fight for a cleaner city. You used to be one of the leaders in the opposition to the smoke nuisance."

"Yes, I've come to the conclusion that smoke cannot be abolished. It's useless to keep harping on the question."

"By the way, what business are you in now?"

"Oh, I've quit working for a salary. An uncle of mine left me a valuable interest in one of our biggest machine shops."

Who so neglects learning in his youth, loses the past and is dead for the future.—Euripides.

Makes a Good Breakfast Better—

To have some

Post Toasties

with cream or milk.

For a pleasing change, sprinkle Post Toasties over fresh or stewed fruit, then add cream and you have a small feast.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

SCHEDULE BY SCHEDULE



Congress may see a bi-partisan revision of the tariff. The Democrats will do their duty by the people.

FILCH FROM PEOPLE

ALL ARE PAYING TRIBUTE TO THE STEEL TRUST.

Tariff Reformers Surely May Find Much in the Steel Schedule to Interest Them—Let the People Write Tax Laws.

In January last the import price of tinplate—that is, the price of the imported plate in the foreign market—was \$2.90 a hundred pounds. At the same time the price of the domestic plate was \$3.84 a hundred pounds. The tariff tax is \$1.20 a hundred pounds. The difference between the home and the foreign price was 94 cents a hundred pounds. Thus the home manufacturer got all but 26 cents of the duty—got 94 cents out of the \$1.20. The price has been steadily rising of recent months. In June, 1909, the price in this country was \$3.64; in January last it was \$3.84; by March it had risen to \$3.94. At this figure, had the foreign price remained the same, all but 16 cents of the duty would have been absorbed. Thus it is that we protect the steel trust at the expense of every user of tin in the country. We pay \$3.94 for what costs \$2.90 abroad.

And this suggests that the tariff reformers—of whom we are glad to say there are many—might find much in the steel schedule to interest them. We often hear of the wonderful organization and equipment of the steel trust, of its financial stability, of its industrial power, of its command and ownership of natural resources. In view of all this it does not seem too much to say that there is no competition in the world of which it has any reason to be afraid. It has been shown many times, to take another case, that it can make steel rails as cheaply as they are made anywhere else in the world. Surely there is no reason why it should not do so. Yet it has for years maintained the price at \$28 a ton, far above the foreign price, and has sold its rails abroad much lower than at home. Here is a direct tax on the railroads, which, by the way, sustain the most intimate relations to the trust.

We hope that this steel schedule will not be overlooked. In many cases the people are asked to furnish protection to industries which, if they cannot now stand alone, never will be able to do so. Indeed, the modern protectionists never expect them to do so, for they avow their intention to keep on protecting American industries whether they need it or not. But that is not, we are convinced, the theory held by the American people. It was not the theory of the old protectionists, such as Garfield and Sherman, or to go farther back, Henry Clay. There are many Republicans today who accept the earlier doctrine—and there will be more of them. The fight which has been begun by the interests to defeat reciprocity, and to thwart the tariff reform movement, will make many converts to the reform cause. We are face to face once more with the stupid and stolid opposition to any lowering of duties, to any policy that even squints in that direction. The men who think it right that they should be permitted to levy taxes on the people for the benefit of industries in which they themselves are interested, naturally resent the idea that the people should, through their representatives, rather than through the representatives of the industries to be subsidized, write their own tax laws.—Indianapolis News.

Mr. Bryan has made it known since his arrival in Washington that he disapproves of the presidential candidacy of Governor Harmon.—Despatch from Washington.

Of course, Mr. Bryan was opposed to the re-election of Mr. Harmon as governor of Ohio, but his majority was more than 100,000.

Depew's Peculiar Idea.

Speaking at a dinner in his honor at the Republican club, ex-Senator Depew said:

"During my twelve years' experience I know of no measure of importance which has failed because the senate has no rules to limit debate."

Evidently the ex-senator thinks that the McCall bill, carrying into effect the administration's reciprocal trade agreement with Canada, which failed at the last session, was of no importance.

HAVE MADE GOOD BEGINNING

Democratic Party Should Be Satisfied With the Action of Its Representatives Up to Date.

While the country waits it can be said that the new Democratic house starts out well. We have commented on its ending of the censorship or speaker's autocracy that had changed the house of representatives from a representative body to a mere registering machine of a coterie. Whatever it shall be under the new regulations it will be what its members make it of their own free will. We have spoken also of the retrenchment that has cut useless offices, which were mere excuses for drawing a salary. So we think it will be admitted that the Democrats have begun well. It becomes now a question whether they will go on well.

The program announced by Speaker Clark is one that will appeal to the country. It means a redemption of platform pledges and it is to be preceded, according to reports, by the passage of the reciprocity agreement. This we should urge as of the utmost importance. The proposition has been sufficiently long before the country to be well understood. And there is such a thing as having a thing considered too long. Nothing is perfect, and interested opposition can work up objection to the best mortal effort. The New York World says that political farmers are being heard from and that the political fisherman will enter solemn protest. The friends of the folk that control the lumber and paper trust will also want to be heard, while last, but not least, the perfectionists who seek to regenerate the earth will try to make a diversion. If we grant that this all be so we shall, we think, also agree with the World that that American sentiment is in truth very nearly a unit on this subject. In other words, as we see it, the subject is ripe, and where the great body of the people stand concerning it needs no further statement. Therefore, action is due. The new order at Washington could not help itself nor help the country more than by a prompt passage of the reciprocity measure.

Turn on the Light.

The Associated Press reports that Mr. Roosevelt "smiled broadly" when his attention was called to the house resolution calling for an investigation of the methods by which the canal zone was acquired and referring the dispute with Colombia to the Hague tribunal. The Associated Press dispatch adds: "Whenever Mr. Roosevelt has mentioned the Panama canal on the present trip he has declared himself quite willing to be the subject of investigation or debate with regard to it."

We welcome the change in Mr. Roosevelt's attitude toward the Panama matter. When he was president he resisted with all the power of his office the effort to get at the truth, declaring in a message to congress, December 15, 1908, "As a matter of fact there is nothing whatever in which this government is interested to investigate about this transaction."

Now that Mr. Roosevelt is "quite willing to be the subject of investigation" we trust he will use his influence to secure the adoption of the Rainey resolution.

Wood's Position Well Known.

William M. Wood writes to the Boston Transcript that he did not make the remarks about the destructive effects any reduction of the wool and woolen tariff would have on manufacturing which were attributed to him in a dispatch from Los Angeles. Our comments on that dispatch, however, do him no real injustice, for he is on record as approving of the present tariff and regarding a reduction as disastrous, and the difference between his opinions when a manufacturer of carded wool principally and a manufacturer chiefly of combed wool is supported by his testimony before the ways and means committee at different dates.

Guess Again.

It is apparent even to a tyro that the American troops were sent into Texas for the purpose of playing a war game, or for the invasion of Mexico on behalf of Diaz, or for an invasion to protect American property, or for the purpose of starting a war with Mexico that will give the Republican party a new campaign issue, or with a view to directing public attention away from politics, or in the hope of pleasing a mighty man named Morgan, or—Woman's National Daily.

WHEN MEAT IS COSTLY

SEVERAL WAYS IN WHICH CHEAP CUTS CAN BE PREPARED.

Mock Chicken and Beef Loaf Made From Round Steak—Breakfast Dish of Liver and Pork—Meat Pie.

Here are some ways in which cheap cuts of meat can be prepared:

Mock Chicken.—One and a half pounds of round steak, cut into small pieces about two inches square; roll in flour, put in roasting pan and fry in butter till brown. Then remove from stove, cover with cold water, add a little flour, set in the oven and simmer for three hours; stir occasionally, and add more water as needed to keep the meat covered. When the meat is cooked it tastes surprisingly like chicken. Thicken the gravy more if necessary. Add salt about an hour before it is done.

Beef Loaf.—Three pounds round steak, one-half pound salt pork, four or five soda crackers, one-half cup of milk. Add more salt if desired. Season with one-half teaspoon of ground sage, or clove or garlic, or a few drops of onion extract. Mix into a loaf and bake in oven. Baste occasionally.

Breakfast Dish.—Take five cents' worth of liver and ten cents' worth of a cheap cut of pork and put in a kettle together; cover with four quarts of water, cook slowly for an hour, salt after it has commenced to boil, and stir occasionally. Drain off half of the liquid and use for soup stock; it is splendid. Place the remainder on the fire and stir in enough yellow cornmeal to make as thick as mush. Run the pork and liver through a meat chopper, or chop fine. Season with more salt, sage and pepper, and stir into the meal mush. Turn out into a pan and set in a cool place. Fry for breakfast; it will keep for a week.

Meat Pie.—Get a ten-cent neck cut of meat; trim, place in kettle, cover with cold water, let come to a boil, then simmer till done, keeping the same amount of water on it. When it is cooked, remove the meat, break it up in small pieces, season and cover with stock. Thicken with flour. Then pour the mixture in a basin. Make a dough as follows: Two cups flour, one heaping teaspoon of baking powder, a pinch of salt, three round tablespoons of lard, or butter; mix well together, add enough milk to make a dough that can be shaped with the hands, press into a flat shape and cover the meat in the basin. Bake until done, about half or three-quarters of an hour. Half of the amount of meat and stock will be enough for four people. If all of the meat and stock is used, double the quantities for the dough. If only half of the meat is used, the balance may be made into meat cakes for breakfast or luncheon as follows: Chop the meat, roll three crackers, chop one small onion, salt and pepper to taste, one tablespoon of butter and one egg. Beat the egg without separating, melt the butter, mix all together, make into flat cakes and fry in meat drippings.

Russian Patties.

One pint of oysters; parboil, strain and reserve liquor; there should be about one cupful. Make a sauce of three tablespoonfuls of butter, four and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour, one-half cupful of chicken stock, the half cupful of oyster liquor and one-half cupful of cream, all the yolks of two eggs, one tablespoonful of grated horseradish, two tablespoonfuls of capers, three-quarters of a tablespoonful of lemon juice and from one-half to one level teaspoonful of salt, according to saltiness of oysters. Stir in one saltspoonful each of white pepper and paprika, then add the drained oysters. As soon as the oysters plump and their edges curl fill into patty shells and serve very hot.

Spiced Beef.

A ten-pound roast beef. Rub into this half a teacup of salt, one tablespoon of black pepper, two tablespoons each of ground allspice and cloves. Then put the beef into a vessel that will fit it. Pour two quarts of vinegar on it, and let it remain in the vinegar one week, turning it every day. Cover tight to keep the flavor in the meat. Then take it out and tie up tight in a clean cloth. Put it to cook with all the juice, adding one quart of water and let it boil two hours and a quarter. Let it be cold when taken out of the cloth. Slice thin. It is excellent for luncheons and parties.

Raised Doughnuts.

One cup warm milk, one cup sugar, two cups melted lard, one cup yeast, a level teaspoon salt, half a nutmeg, two eggs and enough flour to make a sponge; let raise over night; add more flour, mold and cut with small jelly glass, the dough being rolled about half an inch thick; put in greased pan and set near stove to raise; when very light put in large kettle of hot hard and cook from seven to eight minutes; take from kettle and put on brown paper to drain and drop two or three drops of lemon on each.

Luncheon Sandwiches.

Butter slightly slices of white bread, chop fine four stalks of celery and the same quantity of cold meat. Make a mayonnaise dressing, stir it into meat and celery, spread on the bread, put a plain slice of bread and butter on top.

ED GEERS. "The grand old man," he is called for he is so honest, handling horses in races. He says: "I have used SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE for 12 years, always with best success. It is the only remedy I know to cure all forms of distemper and prevent horses in same stable having the disease." 50c and \$1 a bottle. All druggists, or manufacturers, Spohn Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind.

Home Training.

Mother—Robert, come here to me instantly!
Robert—Aw, shut up!
Mother—Robert, how dare you talk to me like that! Say: "Mamma, be quiet."

Garfield Tea, invaluable in the treatment of liver and kidney diseases!

The ship in which many fond hopes go down is courtship.

Household Remedy

Taken in the Spring for Years.

Ralph Rust, Willis, Mich., writes: "Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a household remedy in our home as long as I can remember. I have taken it in the spring for several years. It has so equal for cleansing the blood and expelling the humors that accumulate during the winter. Being a farmer and exposed to bad weather, my system is often affected, and I often take Hood's Sarsaparilla with good results." Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to Itself. There is no "just as good." Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C., books, law, high-class references. Best results.
W. N. U. SIOUX CITY, Mo. 17-1911.

Honored by Women

When a woman speaks of her silent secret suffering she trusts you. Millions have bestowed this mark of confidence on Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Everywhere there are women who bear witness to the wonder-working, curing-power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—which saves the suffering sex from pain, and successfully grapples with woman's weaknesses and stubborn ills.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

Labrador's Future.
According to statements made the other day by Dr. Grenfell of Labrador, the Cimeterella of British possessions has a brilliant future before it. Dr. Grenfell, who has lived twenty years in that snowy country, says that in days to come it will carry a population as easily as Norway does today. It is, he says, a better country than Iceland, and to be greatly preferred to Lapland, Finland, Siberia and Northern Alaska.

Avoid the Cheap and "Big Can" Baking Powders.

The cheap baking powders have but one recommendation: they certainly give the purchaser plenty of powder for his money but it's not all baking powder; the bulk is made up of cheap materials that have no leavening power. These powders are so carelessly made from inferior materials that they will not make light, wholesome food. Further, these cheap baking powders have a very small percentage of leavening gas; therefore it takes from two to three times as much of such powder to raise the cake or biscuit as it does of Calumet Baking Powder. Therefore, in the long run, the actual cost to the consumer of the cheap powders is more than Calumet would be.

Why not buy a perfectly wholesome baking powder like Calumet, that is at the same time moderate in price and one which can be relied upon? Calumet gives the cook the least trouble.

Justified.

Wagge—Why did Henpeck leave the church?
Jaggs—Somebody told him marriages were made in heaven.—Judge.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Powder, the Antiseptic powder for Tired, aching, swollen, nervous feet. Gives rest and comfort. Makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere. 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Not Possible.

"Is there a good parting scene in that play?"
"No; the hero's bald."

A pin scratch may cause blood poison, a rusty nail cut is very apt to do so. Hamlin's Wizard Oil used at once draws out all infection and makes blood poison impossible.

One of the loudest of the many strange cries which fill the air today is the cry for universal independence.—Mrs. H. R. Hawels.

Your Druggist Will Tell You
Murdine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain. Try it in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

The truth is that the love of dress is, next after drink and gambling, one of the curses of our country.—Mrs. Humphrey.

Nature's laxative, Garfield Tea, overcomes constipation and is ideally suited to tone up the system in the Spring.

If you move to another flat this spring you will have to get used to a new set of noises and neighbors.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

To be conscious that you are ignorant is a great step to knowledge.—Benjamin Disraeli.

To enjoy good health, take Garfield Tea; it cures constipation and regulates the liver and kidneys.

No man becomes a jailbird just for a lark.

EATS WHAT HE LIKES

AFTER TAKING FREE SAMPLE

It will be welcome news to dyspeptics to learn of a remedy that, in the opinion of thousands, is an absolute cure for indigestion and all forms of stomach trouble, and, better still, it is guaranteed to do so. The remedy is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

We all know the value of pure pepsin in indigestion, and add to this some exceptional laxative ingredients and you have a truly wonderful remedy. Mr. T. W. Worthing of Forsythe, Ga., got to the point where he could not even eat or digest vegetables and after many years of seeking for relief and the cure in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Mr. Rudy Kaemer of Moline, Ill., was in the same bad predicament with his stomach, took Syrup

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thrasher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that area as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada. This excellent showing came prior to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts. 160-acre homesteads at \$5.00 per acre with certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement. Climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful. For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive literature, send for "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
J. M. MacLachlan, Denver 197, Waterman, S. R.
(Use address nearest you.) 39

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.

Stop after dinner—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary C as to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.
Miss Knapp and Miss Wilkes, Riverside Avenue, near 251st St., West, A. R.

Readers

of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcer Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bores, Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Sore Throat, Mercantile Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Let, Fever Sores, skin eruptions, Pustules, etc. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A7, St. Paul, Minn.

Pettit's Eye Salve

MAKES SORE EYES WELL

NEEDASILK DRESS? 10 yards 24 in. silk for of latest silks for 25c postage. NEEDASILK CO. 906 S. Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Make Your Own Will

Lawyer's fees unnecessary. Our "Will-Form" legal in all states, with "Instruction Book" mailed for \$1.00. Dept. 888 "Make-Your-Own-Will-Form Co., St. Paul, Pa.

DAIRY FARMS

Cattle, sheep, poultry; clover, grain, truck. Midway between St. Paul and Duluth. Write for booklet. HICKLEY LAND CO., Hickley, Minn.