

Syrup of Figs
and
Elixir of Senna
Cleanses the System
Effectually.
Dispels colds and headaches
due to Constipation.
Acts naturally, acts truly as
a Laxative.
Best for Men, Women and Child-
ren—Young and Old.
To get its beneficial effects,
always buy the Genuine,
manufactured by the
CALIFORNIA
FIG SYRUP CO.
SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
One size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

Coming Financier.
The visitor had dropped a penny into
the little 2-year-old boy's bank.
"What do you say now, Jamie?"
prompted papa.
"More!" answered Jamie, to papa's
horror.

RHEUMATISM

HERE IS HOPE
I want every chronic rheumatic to throw
away all medicines, all liniments, all
plasters, and give MURPHY'S RHEUMA-
TISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what
your doctor may say, no matter what
your friends may say, no matter how
long you have been afflicted, try this
remedy, go at once to your druggist
and get a bottle of the RHEUMA-
TISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satis-
faction, I will refund your money.—Murphy
Remember this remedy contains no sal-
icylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine or
other harmful drugs. It is put up under
the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug
Act.
For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

Paxtine
TOILET ANTISEPTIC
NOTHING LIKE IT FOR

THE TEETH Paxtine excels any dentifrice
in cleaning, whitening and
removing tartar from the teeth, besides destroying
all germs of decay and disease which ordinary
tooth preparations cannot do.

THE MOUTH Paxtine used as a mouth-
wash disinfects the mouth
and throat, purifies the breath, and kills the germs
which collect in the mouth, causing sore throat,
bad teeth, bad breath, grippe, and such ills.

THE EYES when inflamed, tired, ache
and burn, may be instantly
relieved and strengthened by Paxtine.

CATARRH Paxtine will destroy the germs
that cause catarrh, heal the in-
flammation and stop the discharge. It is a sure
remedy for uterine catarrh.

Paxtine is a harmless yet powerful
germicide, disinfectant and deodorizer.
Used in bathing it destroys odors and
leaves the body antiseptically clean.

**MOTHER GRAY'S
SWEET POWDERS
FOR CHILDREN.**
A Certain Cure for Feverishness,
Constipation, Headaches,
Croup, Whooping Cough, Stomach
Disorders, and all the troubles
of childhood. It is safe, soothing,
and effective. It is sold in all
drug stores. Price, 10c. per
bottle. Prepared by Dr. W. J. Gray,
New York City.

WESTERN CANADA
More
Big Crops
In 1908

Another 60,000 Settlers from the United States
**NEW DISTRICTS
OPENED FOR SETTLEMENT**
320 Acres of Land to EACH SETTLER—160 Free
Homestead and 160 at \$3.00 Per Acre.
"A vast, rich country and a contented,
prosperous people." Extract from correspond-
ence of a National Editor, whose visit to Western
Canada in August, 1908, was an inspiration.
Many have paid the entire cost of their farms
and had a balance of from \$10.00 to \$20.00 per acre
as a result of the crop.
Spring Wheat, Winter Wheat, Oats, Barley,
Flax and Peas are the principal crops, while the
wild grasses bring to perfection the best Cattle
that have ever been sold on the Chicago market.
Splendid Climate, Schools and Churches in all
localities, railways touch most of the settled dis-
tricts, and prices for produce are always good.
Lands may also be purchased from Railway and
Land Companies. For pamphlets, maps and in-
formation regarding low railroad rates apply to
W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration,
Ottawa, Canada, or E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson
St., St. Paul, Minn., and J. M. MacLachlan, Box
125, Watertown, So. Dakota. Authorized Govern-
ment Agents.
Please say where you saw this advertisement.

PISO'S
Stop Coughing!
Nothing breaks down the health so
quickly and positively as persistent
cough. If you have a cough give
it attention now. You can relieve
it quickly with PISO'S CURE.
Famous for half a century as the
reliable remedy for coughs, colds,
hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma and
kindred ailments. Fine for children.
At all druggists, 25c. each.

TELLS OF IMMIGRANTS
Commission Report to Congress
Shows a Far-Reaching Inquiry
Is Being Made.
NEEDS \$250,000 FOR WORK.

Body Already Has Spent \$344,796 in
Proving Undesirable Aliens En-
ter, Despite the Laws.
Facts showing the far-reaching char-
acter of the work of the joint commis-
sion on immigration, which was ap-
pointed by Congress on Feb. 20, 1907,
were presented to Congress through the
publication of a preliminary report by
practically every phase of the immigra-
tion question, including Oriental aliens
and other excluded classes, passage,
charity among immigrants, white slave
traffic, conditions of steerage, congest-
ion in large cities, alien criminality,
competition of immigrants, schools, ad-
ministration of the immigration laws
and distribution of immigrants.

Asks \$250,000 for the Work.
No conclusions have been reported by
the commission, but the scope of the
work is shown in a manner which pre-
sages extensive legislation in the fu-
ture. The report was printed to show
the necessity for an appropriation of
\$250,000 to carry on and complete the
work. Thus far the expenses of the
commission from April 1, 1907, to Feb.
27, 1909, have been \$344,796. There are
198 persons employed under the com-
mission.
The commission says it is generally
admitted that, notwithstanding that the
present law proposes to provide for
the exclusion of every undesirable im-
migrant, thousands of undeniably un-
desirable persons are admitted each
year. A feature of the work is con-
nected with evasions of the law re-
sulting in the importation of excluded
classes. Notwithstanding the expendi-
ture of about \$500,000 annually to en-
force this law, the commission finds
that it does not prevent the coming of
Chinese laborers in considerable num-
bers.
An extensive investigation is being
made into the importation of women.
The results show that many women
are being constantly imported under
conditions which amount to absolute
slavery. The commission's inquiries
have resulted in a marked decrease in
this importation.

Records of Criminals Kept.
Importance is attached to the in-
quiry into alien criminality. The
higher criminal courts of New York
are, at the request of the commission,
keeping records of each person convict-
ed of crime, and it is intended that a
study of foreign-born criminals and
criminals of the second generation will
be made in that city. The investiga-
tion is not confined to the larger cities.
The most extensive work undertaken
by the commission is the general field
investigation into the economic and so-
cial status of immigrants. The most
important topics covered are the race
of employes in each occupation, years
each race has been employed, hours of
work and discrimination for or against
immigrants in employment, wages and
housing. In taking up the congestion
of immigrants in large cities the com-
mission is observing communities in-
habited principally by members of one
race, as to whether the clinging togeth-
er of members of the same race handi-
caps them in their struggle for ad-
vancement and prevents their rapid as-
similation and Americanization. A
careful inquiry among wage-earners
who are forced to compete with immi-
grant labor is being made.

"COFFEE HABIT" GRIPS AMERICA
United States Leads World in Im-
portation of That Commodity.
In the consumption of coffee and co-
coa the United States leads the world,
while it holds third rank among the
nations in her imports of tea. The im-
ports amount to more than one-third
of the coffee, nearly one-fourth of the
tea and about one-seventh of the tea
entering the world's markets.
The "coffee habit" has evidently
grown upon the people of the United
States, the per capita consumption of
this article in 1878 being 6.24 pounds,
while in 1888 it was 6.81 pounds. In
1898 it had increased to 11.68 pounds,
and in 1908 it was 16.04 pounds, ac-
cording to figures of the bureau of sta-
tistics of the Department of Commerce
and Labor. During the same period
the annual per capita consumption of
tea decreased from 1.33 to 1.07 pounds.

LIBERTY BELL CRACK GROWS.
Sudden Jolt May Rend Relic of the
Revolution in Two.
The discovery that the crack in the
Liberty Bell has extended seventeen
inches beyond its original length caused
the starting of another movement to
prevent the proposed trip of the old
relic to the Pacific coast.
The second crack, which is scarcely
perceptible, extends almost to the top
of the bell, and any sudden jolt may
cause the bell to split in halves. Ac-
cording to those who have charge of
the bell, every trip taken by the relic
has caused a slight increase in the
original crack.

Nebraska
Legislature

The senate passed the following
bills Thursday:
By Dolozal of Saunders—Prohibiting
the sale of dynamite firecrackers and
pistols for shooting blank cartridges
after 1910.
By Laverty of Saunders—The board
of irrigation to be the state highway
commission.
By King of Polk—For the parole of
first offenders convicted of felonies, or
other convicted persons, if the district
judge sentencing them be convinced
their degree of moral turpitude war-
rants such action.
By Tibbets of Adams—Giving black-
smiths a lien on horses for shoeing
them.
By Fuller of Seward—Compelling
telegraph, telephone and express com-
panies to make a full exhibit of their
books to the county assessors.
The senate, on recommendation of
the committee on judiciary, indefini-
tely postponed S. F. 202, by Klein
of Gage, prescribing a system of fees for
clerks of the district court and placed
on general file the judiciary commit-
tee S. F. 196, by Ransom of Doug-
lass, the district clerk's bill providing
a new system of fees for clerks in
Gage, Lancaster and Douglas counties.
The bill as originally drawn applied
only to Douglas county, but was
amended to include the two smaller
counties.
S. F. 142, by Ollis, regulating the
practice of urining and, S. F. 237, by
Tibbets, for the same purpose, were in-
definitely postponed on recommenda-
tion of the committee on medical so-
cieties, and a house bill for the same
purpose was put on general file and
will doubtless be passed.
The last bill was introduced in the
house Thursday night unless the gov-
ernor makes a special request for the
introduction of others. The total num-
ber introduced was 577, of which 94
were introduced Thursday. Two years
ago the bills in the house numbered
558. The senate has three days more
in which to introduce bills. The last
bill introduced was by Shoemaker of
Douglas, providing for Sunday baseball
in Omaha between the hours of 3 and
5 o'clock, after the proposition has been
submitted to a vote of the people. Sev-
eral of the bills affect Omaha corpo-
rations and Omaha directly.

Gov. Shallenberger Saturday signed
the emergency bill making it possible
for a district judge to suspend the
death sentence of a man whom he be-
lieves to be insane until an investiga-
tion can be made of his sanity. The
bill was passed with the emergency
clause in order that it might have a
hearing on the case of R. Mead Shum-
way.
This measure provides that when
a person has been condemned to death
and the question of sanity is raised the
matter shall be referred to the district
judge from the district in which the
condemned person was convicted. Should
the judge upon making investiga-
tion find that the prisoner might be
mentally deranged he shall summon
the superintendents of the three state
insane hospitals, who shall pass upon
the case. Should they report that the
convict is insane, sentence will be sus-
pended, otherwise it will be carried out.
PETS BAN ON TREATING.
Radical Measure May Be Passed by
Nebraska Legislature.
The anti-treating bill has been rec-
ommended for passage by the house.
The measure prohibits all free ex-
changes of drinks in saloons and severe
penalties are prescribed.
Senator Miller's blackmail bill was
recommended for passage. The exist-
ing statute for bidding blackmail was
recently declared unconstitutional by
the supreme court.
The house has recommended for
passage two bills to legalize the collec-
tion of marriage and divorce statistics.
The legislation is designed to secure
information on the influence of crime
and disease on matrimony. Ex-Gov.
Sheldon in his message urged that leg-
islation be enacted to provide for the
physical examination of applicants for
marriage licenses.
Jerry Howard's South Omaha charter
bill was recommended for indefinite
postponement by the committee on
cities and towns Saturday and the
Tanner charter was considered, but no
action taken.
Mayor Brown, of Lincoln, submit-
ted to Senator Miller a new charter
bill for Lincoln, that does not embody
the commission form of government,
which the executive of Lincoln is fight-
ing. The new measure reduces the
number of councilmen in Lincoln to
seven and changes provisions with re-
gard to appropriations. The bill pro-
vides the mayor shall not be a mem-
ber of the excise board, which shall
consist of three members, who shall
be elective. The mayor shall retain his
veto power.
Thomas of Douglas got through his
bill aimed to put the loan sharks
where they will do the least harm. It
provides that no salary assignment
shall be made except for salary al-
ready earned and with the permission
of the employer. In case of a married
man the wife must sign the note.
After scrapping and indulging in
rough house tactics throughout Tues-
day afternoon, Johnson's daylight saloon
bill was indefinitely postponed by
a vote of 46 to 41. Taylor, of Custer,
and a colleague voted against the
bill in order to be in line for a scrap
to get a reconsideration. The bill was
first recommended for passage by a
vote of 40 to 38. A call of the house
roll ventured this. The bill pro-
vides that saloons may be open from
7 a. m. to 7 p. m.
Six employes of the house bill room
struck Tuesday. They claimed that
they were being overworked. They re-
fused the speaker for relief and two
were discharged. The others walked
out with their companions.
In the senate a bill forbidding the
circulation of adverse rumors concern-
ing the solvency of banks was passed.
The senate passed Killen's pure
paint bill, forbidding adulterations in
paints. This has already passed the
house.
In spite of the violent opposition of
the Omaha delegation, the house pass-
ed the Taylor bill limiting the prices to

be charged stockmen by the stock
yards company.
The house voted to abolish high
school fraternities, Miller's senate bill
being passed and sent to the governor.
The senate recommended for pas-
sage an act to allow the senate to pay
and employ as many helpers as the
members desire. At present the num-
ber is limited to forty-nine under the
Sheldon law.
Tuesday was the last day for intro-
duction of bills in the senate. The total
number was 407, as against 445 intro-
duced last year ago. The total
number of bills in the house this year
is 577, making a total of measures in
both houses of 984, as against 1,004
two years ago.
Senator Ollis introduced a bill Tues-
day which amends the entire ware-
house law and provides practically en-
tirely new regulations for the storing
and inspection of grain in elevators
of Nebraska. The bill provides for
the appointment by the governor of a
state weighmaster in every city where
there are public warehouses and a
state inspector of grain and establish-
es a method for grading grain. The
railway commission is given the power
to administer the law and must estab-
lish what are known as Nebraska
grades of grain each year. An elabo-
rate plan is outlined for handling grain
and charges for the same are specified.
The bill follows the Minnesota law.
The bill applies to grain and other
commodities stored by the public, but
it applies in the main to grain. It is
possible the storage of wool might
come under the provisions of the act.
The Ollis bill providing for the phys-
ical valuation of railroads was placed
on general file and recommended for
passage by the railroad committee of
the house Wednesday.
The Ollis and Ketchum primary bill,
passed by the senate, amends the pre-
sented primary law by changing the date
of the state primary from the first
Tuesday in September to the second
Tuesday in August.
The senate indefinitely postponed the
bill by Henry, of Colfax, raising the
salaries of county superintendents and
one by Miller, of Lancaster, giving the
regents the power to establish new de-
partments at the state university, the
latter because a house bill similar in
every particular is already in the sen-
ate having passed the lower body.
The house appointed a committee to
go to Wayne and investigate the nor-
mal school there with a view of pur-
chasing it for the state. The commit-
tee is composed of the following:
Holmes, Brown, Fogarty, McCall, Net-
tleton and Bushiee.
The entire day in the house Wednes-
day was taken up with the future con-
sideration of the bank guaranty bill.
The bill was adopted by the commit-
tee of the whole with some minor
changes and reported by that body to
the house for passage.
Eastman, aided by Wilson, of Polk,
got an amendment passed which re-
duces the amount of stock a director
must hold from one-tenth of the
whole capitalization to 1 per cent. It
was said the reason for this was that
a man might own but \$1,000 in a
small bank and still be eligible. That
would allow many farmers to get on
boards of directors. The amendment
was not seriously opposed.
Taylor, of Custer, asked for the re-
consideration of the daylight saloon
bill that was indefinitely postponed.
He had voted with the opposition so
that he could so move when the com-
mittee, which was out of the city,
would be placed on record. Shoemaker
in vain called for a motion to
table. Wilson, of Polk, asked him to
let the measure be called up again
because he had an amendment to ex-
empt Omaha from the provisions of
a dry state after dark. "What about
South Omaha?" asked the anxious
resident of the metropolis with visions
of thirsty men running around the
streets with their tongues hanging out
looking for something to quench the
thirst. The motion to reconsider lost
by a vote of 53 to 43.
The claims committee investigated
the coal mine in southeastern Nebraska
Tuesday and report that they
found a mine there with a drift sunk
to a distance of three feet, with a
total of about thirty inches, coal,
good coal that will burn. Several years
ago the state offered a reward for the
discovery of coal in certain quantities
and appropriated \$4,000 for the pur-
pose of paying it. The law by which
the reward was offered still exists but
the appropriation has long since
lapsed. The committee will report
that three men, among whom is A.
M. Prost, are entitled to the money.
The claim will go in with the others on
the miscellaneous bill.
The committee on finance, ways and
means of the senate which is consid-
ering H. R. No. 18, by Bushiee, appro-
priating \$15,000 for an experimental
"dry" farm in the western part of the
state, was informed by Bushiee that
the government had offered to give
land and water and \$9,500 if such a
farm can be established in the reclamation
territory of Nebraska and the state
gives \$5,000 additional. Bushiee
said he preferred the house bill, but
called attention to the fact that Sen-
ator Raymond, of Scotts Bluff, has a
bill in the senate for an irrigated ex-
periment farm. Bushiee said both dry
and irrigated farming could be prac-
ticed on the same farm if the govern-
ment offer were accepted. He urged
the committee to accept it if it does
not care to approve the house bill.
If the offer is accepted the farm will
be located somewhere on the North
Platte river, either in Morrill, Scotts
Bluff or Sioux county.
Ekwarden Leidigh, now representa-
tive from Otoe county, urged the
committee to accept the house appro-
priation for a twine factory at the
penitentiary.
The following bills were passed by
the senate Wednesday:
By Ollis of Valley—For liens on
windmills, wells and pumps.
By Cain of Richardson—To reduce
the number of members of library
boards from 9 to 5.
By Randall of Madison—To give
the railway commission power to re-
quire railroad companies to make
train connections daily.
By Brown of Lancaster—Provides
that the members of the Lincoln city
council shall constitute a board of
sanitary trustees.
By Brown of Lancaster—For non-
partisan election of school board in
Lincoln.
By Howell of Douglas—To repeal
the law limiting the number of senate
officers and employes.

Convict 411 (in the penitentiary be-
stealing)—I'm from Teuro. Where are
you from?
Convict 411 (serving a term for per-
jury)—I'm from—er—Falsa Row, I
guess.

3000 Per Acre.
S. H. Rodger, Ordino, New Pierce
Co., Idaho, has this to say regarding
onion seed obtained from the John A.
Salzer Seed Co., Box C, of La Crosse,
Wis.:
"I bought garden seeds of you last
year and was more than pleased with
same, especially the onion seed. I
raised some of the finest Silver King
Onions that I ever saw, being over
5 1/2 inches in diameter, and Salzer's
Prizetaker were, if anything, even
finer. They paid me over \$600 per
square rod, or figuring it by the acre,
it would be \$900.00 per acre."

Not Kicking.
Hick Jayset—Nocker says you spend
the best part of your life in eating.
Heck Dostet—Hub! The time any man
spends in eating is the best part of his
life.
Singers and Speakers use Brown's
Bronchial Troches for Hoarseness and
Throat Troubles. They give instant
relief. In boxes 25 cents. Samples mailed
free. John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

Nearer Home.
"Brother Hardesty, have you contrib-
uted for the benefit of the heathen this
year?"
"I certainly have, Dr. Fourthly. My
gas bills have averaged \$10 a month."

Those Dear Friends.
Nan—I always know when Jack is at
the front door. He gives just one little
ring.
Fan—Yes—just like that one on your
finger.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach
the diseased portion of the ear. There is
only one way to cure deafness, and that is
by constitutional remedies. Deafness is
caused by an inflamed condition of the
mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When
this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling
sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is
entirely closed, deafness is the result, and
unless the inflammation can be taken out
and this tube restored to its normal con-
dition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine
cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh,
which is nothing but an inflamed condition
of the mucous surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any
case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that
cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Send for circulars, free.
E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Every German soldier's equipment
includes a Bible and a half-pound cake of
chocolate.
FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any
case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Prolu-
ent Files in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.
50c.

BABY HORRIBLY BURNED
By Boiling Grease—Skin All Came
Off One Side of Face and Head
—Thought Her Disfigured for Life
—Used Cuticura—No Scar Left.
"My baby was sitting beside the
fender and we were preparing the
breakfast when the frying-pan full of
boiling grease was upset and it went
all over one side of her face and head.
Some one wiped the scald with a towel,
pulling the entire skin off. We took
her to a doctor. He tended her a week
and gave me some stuff to put on. But
it all festered and I thought the baby
was disfigured for life. I used about
three boxes of Cuticura Ointment and
it was wonderful how it healed. In
about five weeks it was better and
there wasn't a mark to tell where the
scald had been. Her skin is just like
velvet. Mrs. Hare, 1, Henry St., South
Shields, Durham, Eng., March 22, 1908."
Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole
Props. of Cuticura Remedies, Boston.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

For Lameness in Horses
Much of the chronic lameness in horses is due to neglect.
See that your horse is not allowed to go lame. Keep Sloan's
Liniment on hand and apply at the first signs of stiffness.
It's wonderfully penetrating—goes right to the spot—relieves
the soreness—limbers up the joints and makes the muscles
elastic and pliant.

Sloan's Liniment
will kill a spavin, curb or splint, reduce wind puffs and swollen
joints, and is a sure and speedy remedy for fistula, sweeney,
founder and thrush.
Price, 50c. and \$1.00.
Dr. Earl S. Sloan, - - Boston, Mass.
Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free.

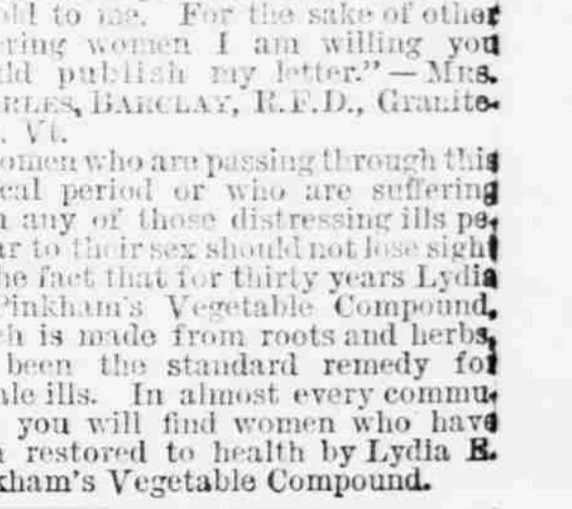
For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic, Shipping
Fever and Catarrhal Fever
Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are
infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the Blood and
Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in
Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy.
Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and
\$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 a dozen. Keep it. Show it to your drugg-
ist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."
Special agents wanted.
Spoon's Medical Co. "Chemist and Bacteriologist Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

**HER
PHYSICIAN
ADVISED**

**Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound**
Columbus, Ohio.—"I have taken
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-
pound during a change of life. My
doctor told me it
was good, and since
taking it I feel so
much better that I
can do all my work
again. Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Com-
pound a fine remedy
for all women's
troubles, and I
never forget to tell
my friends what it has done for me."
—Mrs. E. HANSON, 304 East Long St.,
Columbus, Ohio.

Another Woman Helped.
Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing
through the Change of Life and suffered
from nervousness and other annoying
symptoms. Lydia E. Pinkham's Veg-
etable Compound restored my health and
strength, and proved worth mountains
of gold to me. For the sake of other
suffering women I am willing you
should publish my letter."—Mrs.
CHARLES BARCLAY, R. E. D., Granite-
ville, Vt.

Women who are passing through this
critical period or who are suffering
from any of those distressing ills pec-
uliar to their sex should not lose sight
of the fact that for thirty years Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,
which is made from roots and herbs,
has been the standard remedy for
female ills. In almost every commu-
nity you will find women who have
been restored to health by Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



For 16c.
Everybody loves earliest vegetable
and brilliant flowers. Therefore,
gain you as a customer we offer:
1000 Krimhine Fine Onion Seed.
1000 Rich Carrot Seed.
1000 Early 109 Parsley.
1000 Ruby Radish Seed.
1000 Buttery Lettuce Seed.
1000 Tender Turnip Seed.
1000 Sweet Rutabaga S. D.
1500 Melons, 100 Tomato.
1200 Bellflower Seeds.
In all 10,000 kernels of warranted
northern grown seeds, well worth
\$1.00 and your money back (if
big catalog) all postage for but 16c.
And if you send 25c we add a pack
age of Fertilizer for Potatoes, the
Big Plant, Tool and Seed Catalog
free to intending buyers. Write for
same today.
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